

DESCRIPTION: EasyFlo Series Liquid Plastics are excellent for casting decorative objects, sculpture reproductions, production parts, tools, models, duplicate masters and more. EasyFlo are mercury-free systems that consist of two parts (A and B) that, after mixing, quickly cure to tough polyurethane plastics. Since Parts A and B are super-low viscosity liquids, they are easy to mix, provide excellent detail penetration, and make bubble-free castings without vacuum degassing or pressure casting techniques. Rapid demold times make EasyFlo ideal for high-volume, fast-cast applications. All EasyFlo products can be easily color-cast, painted or machined. Most EasyFlo products can be filled for various cold-cast techniques such as cold-cast bronze, marble, etc. Thin-walled castings made from EasyFlo have surprising strength and lack the brittleness typical of other low viscosity, fast polyurethane resins.

Choose the EasyFlo Liquid Plastic that's best for your application:

EasyFlo 60 pours like water, so making bubble-free parts is easy and fast (2 to 2.5 min. working time, 15 to 30 min. demold).

EasyFlo 90 and EasyFlo 95 are useful when longer working time (5 min.) is needed to complete a pour. For thin parts, demold time is longer and molds may need to be preheated (100-120°F) to reduce surface bubbles and speed demold.

EasyFlo 120 is best for rotocasting or slush casting to create hollow parts. This is a tough plastic - hollow parts are nearly unbreakable.

EasyFlo Black cures to a black color without the addition of PolyColor Dyes.

EasyFlo Clear cures to a pale amber color and is often used with PolyColors to make transparent, colored castings. Also, it's excellent in applications using fillers (e.g., bronze powder) intended for visual appeal.

EasyFlo 100FR & Spray FR are pourable (100FR) and sprayable (Spray FR), UL-94 (V-0) fire-retardant plastics. Use the portable Plas-Pak sprayer or high-volume spray equipment to apply hardcoat over foam or for sprayed-up hollow castings.

MOLD PREPARATION: These products reproduce minute detail from a mold or pattern but may stick or foam when poured on improperly prepared surfaces. A trial casting on a surface finish similar to the final mold should be made to avoid damaging a valuable mold. Polyethylene and silicone rubber molds (e.g., TinSil® and PlatSil® silicone rubber) do not require a release agent.

Low-Viscosity, Fast-Curing, Liquid Polyurethane Plastics

Why Choose EasyFlo Series Plastics?

- Easy 1A:1B mix ratios, by volume
- Very low viscosities
- Rapid demold
- Reproduces finest detail
- Tough, non-brittle formulas
- Excellent bubble release
- Reduced need for pressure or vacuum
- Pourable & sprayable versions

When casting EasyFlo plastics in silicone molds, the use of an appropriate primer sprayed in the mold and allowed to dry before casting, will result in a pre-primed cast part and will help additional paint adhere to the part. Latex, polyurethane rubber (e.g., 74- and 75-Series rubbers) or metal molds must be dry and require a coat of a suitable release agent (i.e., Pol-Ease® 2300 Release Agent).

MIXING: All EasyFlo Liquid Plastics have 1A:1B mix ratios by volume (100A:90B by weight, except for EasyFlo Clear and EasyFlo 100FR). Before use, be sure that Parts A and B are at room temperature and that all tools are ready. Surface and air temperatures should be above 60°F during application and for the entire curing period.

Read product labels to determine if pre-mixing of Part A or Part B component is required. Use metal or plastic mixing vessels and spatulas to avoid introducing moisture (paper or wood tools can introduce moisture). Measure equal volumes of A and B into a mixing container such as a polyethylene pail. Mix immediately, thoroughly scraping sides and bottom for one minute. Pour mix into mold cavity as quickly as possible.

Once the containers of Parts A and B are opened, they should be used or resealed tightly since atmospheric moisture contamination may cause foaming of the plastic. PolyPurge, a dry gas product, can be sprayed into opened containers of EasyFlo Series plastics to displace moist air before resealing containers to extend shelf life.

SPRAYING: Consult the "Plas-Pak Spray Systems" Technical Bulletin before

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

EasyFlo Series Product	EasyFlo 60	EasyFlo 90	EasyFlo 95	EasyFlo 120	EasyFlo Black	EasyFlo Clear	EasyFlo 100FR	Spray FR
Mix Ratio By Volume	1A:1B	1A:1B	1A:1B	1A:1B	1A:1B	1A:1B	1A:1B	1A:1B
Mix Ratio By Weight	100A:90B	100A:90B	100A:90B	100A:90B	1A:1B	100A:85B	1A:1B	100A:90B
Shore Hardness	D65	D70	D65	D65	D70	D72	D65	D75
Pot Life (min) (1 lb mix)	2-2.5	5	5	2-2.5	1.5-2	2-2.5	2-2.5	N/A (Spray)
Demold Time (min)*	15-30	60-120	30-60	15-30	10-15	15-30	15-30	5-10
Specific Gravity	1.03	1.06	1.03	1.03	1.05	1.08	1.10	1.16
Cured Color	White	White	Off-White	White	Black	Amber	Off-White/Tan	Off-White
Initial Mixed Viscosity (cP)	60	200	95	120	200	110	120	250
Specific Volume (in ³ /lb)	26.9	26.1	26.9	26.9	26.4	25.5	25.2	23.9
Maximum Exotherm (°F) (1 lb mass)	230	175	206	200	245	208	200	199
Linear Shrinkage (in/in) [^]	0.0041	<0.001	0.0074	0.0065	0.008	0.0154	0.0065	-

*Demold time varies with thickness of casting and the amount of accelerator used. [^]Shrinkage is primarily caused by gelling while hot then cooling.

spraying EasyFlo Spray FR.

CURING: Castings should be allowed to remain in the mold until thoroughly cured. Parts demolded too soon may be subject to deformation. Use of pre-warmed molds will hasten curing. Low temperatures will slow the curing and extend demold time. Thin castings or thin sections of castings will take longer to cure than thick castings or thick sections of castings. Refer to the Physical Properties table for individual product pour and demold times.

ADDITIVES: Poly 15 Part X Accelerator is a powerful catalyst that increases the speed of curing. Stir Poly 15 Part X into the Part B before adding Part A. A few drops in a one-pound mix speeds the cure significantly. Exotherm (heat of reaction) and thus shrinkage on cooling may be increased. Experiment to determine the right amount of Poly 15 Part X to use but never use more than 1% of the total weight of the mix or the final physical properties may be affected.

Fillers can be added to EasyFlo products to vary appearance, density and cost. It is imperative that any filler be thoroughly dried before mixing with resin. Fillers should be added after Part A and Part B are mixed. Add PolyFiber II to thicken the uncured mix to make a paste-like consistency. Microballoons can be added to create a lower density material. Bronze powder, calcium carbonate or other dry fillers can be added for varying effects. PolyFil ND, a neutral-density filler, can be added to reduce the cost of castings and lower the exotherm, thereby reducing shrinkage. Experiment by adding fillers at varying levels up to ~50% by weight of the mixed resin.

FINISHING: EasyFlo Plastics yellow and chalk when exposed to sunlight and should be painted or sealed for exterior use. The adhesion of this coating should be checked carefully over a period of time to determine that it is satisfactory for the intended use. If all mold release is removed by detergent washing, most oil paints work well. An auto body primer sprayed onto the clean casting and allowed to cure for at least 24 hours can help paint adhere better. EasyFlo Plastics can be easily drilled, sanded and machined.

CLEAN UP: Tools should be scraped clean before the plastic is hard. Denatured alcohol is a good cleaning solvent, but must be handled with extreme caution owing to its flammability and health hazards. Work surfaces can be coated with wax or release agent so that cured plastic can be easily removed.

SAFETY: Before use, read product labels and Safety Data Sheets. Follow safety precautions and directions. Contact with uncured products may cause eye,

skin and respiratory irritation and dermal and/or respiratory sensitization. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. If skin contact occurs, remove with waterless hand cleaner or alcohol then soap and water. In case of eye contact, flush with water for 15 minutes and call physician. Use only with adequate ventilation. Polytek plastics are not to be used where food or body contact may occur. Plastics burn readily when ignited. Care should be taken with sanding dust and other easily ignitable forms of these products.

STORAGE LIFE: For best results, store products in unopened containers at room temperature (60-90°F/15-32°C). Use products within six months.

DISCLAIMER: The information in this bulletin and otherwise provided by Polytek® is considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of the data, the results to be obtained by the use thereof, or that any such use will not infringe any patent. Before using, the user shall determine the suitability of the product for the intended use and user assumes all risk and liability whatsoever in connection therewith.

Accessories:

Bronze Powder - 2 lb, 10 lb, 110 lb
PolyFil ND - 22 lb

Thickeners
PolyFiber II - 0.5 lb, 3 lb, 15 lb

Accelerator
Poly 15 Part X Accelerator - 1 oz, 1 lb, 8 lb, 40 lb

Sealers & Release Agents
Pol-Ease® 2300 Release Agent - 12-oz can, case of 12
Pol-Ease® 2500 Release Agent - 12-oz can, case of 12
PolyCoat Semi-Permanent Sealer/Release - 1qt, 1 gal
Poly PVA Solution (Green or Clear) - 2 lb, 40 lb

Product Life Extender
PolyPurge Aerosol Dry Gas - 10-oz can, case of 12

Colors
PolyColor Dyes - 0.25 lb, 1 lb, 8 lb
Black - Brown - Blue - Green - Red - Yellow - White - Fleshtone

PACKAGING

Product(s)	Kit Size (lb)	Part A		Part B	
		Weight (lb)	Volume*	Weight (lb)	Volume*
EasyFlo 60, EasyFlo 90, EasyFlo 95, EasyFlo 120	3.8	2.0	1 qt	1.8	1 qt
	15.2	8.0	1 gal	7.2	1 gal
	76	40	5 gal	36	5 gal
	855	450	55 gal	405	55 gal
EasyFlo Black	4.0	2.0	1 qt	2.0	1 qt
	16.0	8.0	1 gal	8.0	1 gal
	80	40	5 gal	40	5 gal
	450	450	55 gal	45	55 gal
EasyFlo Clear	3.7	2.0	1 qt	1.7	1 qt
	14.8	8.0	1 gal	6.8	1 gal
	74	40	5 gal	34	5 gal
	833	450	55 gal	383	55 gal
EasyFlo 100FR	4.5	2.25	1 qt	2.25	1 qt
	18.0	9.0	1 gal	9.0	1 gal
	90	45	5 gal	45	5 gal
	1,000	500	55 gal	500	55 gal
EasyFlo Spray FR	95	50	5 gal	45	5 gal

*Volume measurements are approximate.