

LOCTITE[®] 3336™

February 2009

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE[®] 3336™ provides following product the characteristics:

Technology	Ероху	
Chemical Type (Resin)	Acrylated epoxy	
Chemical Type	Amine	
(Hardener)		
Appearance (Resin)	Colorless to slightly greenish liquid ^{LMS}	
Appearance (Hardener)	Colorless to slightly yellowish liquid ^{LMS}	
Appearance (Mixed)	Colorless liquid	
Appearance (UV Cured)	Colorless to slightly yellowish solid ^{LMS}	
Components	Two component - requires mixing	
Viscosity	Medium	
Mix Ratio, by volume -	4:1	
Resin : Hardener		
Cure	Ultraviolet (UV) light & heat cure	
Application	Bonding	

LOCTITE[®] 3336[™] is a medium viscosity, two part epoxy adhesive which cures when exposed to medium intensity ultraviolet of suitable wavelength. Cure properties are enhanced by application of heat to bonded parts. LOCTITE® 3336™ is designed for potting, bonding, sealing and laminating applications where excellent structural, mechanical and electrical insulating properties along with product clarity are required. The product has excellent chemical resistance as well as superior weatherability. The product has good environmental resistance.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C 1.2 Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):

Spindle 6, speed 20 rpm 8.000 to 12.000^{LMS} Refractive Index 1.575

Flash Point - See MSDS

Hardener:

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C 1.1 Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):

Spindle 6, speed 20 rpm 1,000 to 3,000^{LMS}

Flash Point - See MSDS

Viscosity, Brookfield - RVT, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP): Spindle 6, speed 20 rpm 14.500 Working life, minutes 15

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

LOCTITE® 3336™ can be cured by exposure to UV light @ 365 nm. To obtain full cure on exposed surfaces, irradiation at 220 to 260 nm is also required. Both speed and depth of cure will depend upon the UV intensity and spectral distribution of the light source, the exposure time and the light transmittance of the substrates.

Fixture Time

UV fixture time is defined as the light exposure time required to develop a shear strength of 0.1 N/mm².

UV Fixture Time, Glass microscope slides, seconds: 30 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm 7 50 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm <5 100 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm <5

Surface Cure

Tack Free Time is the time required to achieve a tack free surface

Tack Free Time, seconds:

Lamp Type, Irradiance

Metal halide bulb (Iron):

30 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm >300 50 mW/cm2, measured @ 365 nm 270 to 300 Hg Arc: 50 mW/cm2, measured @ 365 nm 5 to 10 100 mW/cm2, measured @ 365 nm <5 Electrodeless, D bulb:

50 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm 10 to 20 100 mW/cm², measured @ 365 nm 5 to 10

Depth of Cure vs Intensity @ 365 nm, mm

	10	30
Metal Halide, 30 mW/cm ²	5.0	13.0
Metal Halide, 50 mW/cm ²	7.0	13.0
Hg Arc, 50 mW/cm ²	4.5	7.5
Hg Arc, 100 mW/cm ²	7.5	12.0
Electrodeless, D bulb, 50 mW/cm ²	7.0	≥13
Electrodeless, D bulb,	13.0	≥13



Exposure Time, seconds

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

Cured @ 60 mW/cm2, for 60 seconds followed by 7 days @ 22 °C

Physical Properties: Tensile Strength, at break, ISO 527-3

Tensile Modulus, ISO 527-3

N/mm² (5,900)(psi) N/mm² 1.870 (272,000)(psi)

Elongation, at break, ISO 527-3, % Shore Hardness, ISO 868, Durometer D 79 Glass Transition Temperature, ASTM E 1640, °C 55

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

Cured @ 30 mW/cm2, for 60 seconds, plus 16 hours post UV Cure @ 65 °C

Torsional Shear Strength, ASTM D 3658:

Aluminum hex button to glass N·m >176 (lb.ft.) (>130)

Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:

Steel pin to Glass N/mm² 217 (3,160)(psi)

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Steel to Glass N/mm² 17.5 (psi) (2,500)G-10 Epoxy to Glass N/mm² 11 (1,600)(psi) N/mm² Aluminum to Glass 9.6 (1,400)(isq) Polybutylene N/mm² Terephthalate (PBT) to Glass (psi) (770)Polycarbonate to Polycarbonate N/mm² 6 (psi) (915)Polycarbonate to PVC N/mm² 3.7 (psi) (540)

Cured @ 30 mW/cm2, for 60 seconds, plus 7 days post UV Cure @ 22 °C

Torsional Shear Strength, ASTM D 3658:

Aluminum hex button to glass 133 N·m (lb.ft.) (98)Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:

Steel pin to Glass N/mm² 15.3 (psi) (2,215)

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Steel to Glass N/mm² 7.7 (psi) (1,100)N/mm² G-10 Epoxy to Glass 5.5 (psi) (800) N/mm^2 Aluminum to Glass 6 (psi) (1,400)Polybutylene N/mm² Terephthalate (PBT) to Glass (psi) (620)Polycarbonate to Polycarbonate N/mm² 5.9 (850)(psi) Polycarbonate to PVC N/mm² 2.6 (psi) (380)

Cured for 2 hours @ 65 °C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

≥0 7^{LMS} Aluminum (acid etched) N/mm² (psi) (≥100)

TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

Cured @ 30 mW/cm2, for 60 seconds plus 7 days @ 22 °C Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Steel to Glass

Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

		% of initial strength		
Environment	°C	500 h	1000 h	
Air	87	200	190	
Motor oil	87	170	135	
Water/glycol	87	0	0	
Salt fog	22	130	90	
95% RH	38	110	130	
Acetone	22	90	60	
Water	22	110	70	
Isopropanol	22	80	55	

GENERAL INFORMATION

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

Directions for use:

- 1. This product is light sensitive. Exposure to daylight, UV light and artificial lighting should be kept at a minimum during storage and handling. UV Cure rate is dependent on lamp intensity, cure time, light transmission of the substrates and spectral output of the lamp.
- 2. For high strength structural bonds, remove surface contaminants such as paint, oxide films, oils, dust, mold release agents and all other surface contaminants.
- 3. Use gloves to minimize skin contact. DO NOT use solvents for cleaning hands.
- 4. Dual Cartridges: To use simply insert the cartridge into the application gun and start the plunger into the cylinders using light pressure on the trigger. Next, remove the cartridge cap and expel a small amount of adhesive to be sure both sides are flowing evenly and freely. If automatic mixing of resin and hardener is desired, attach the mixing nozzle to the end of the cartridge and begin dispensing the adhesive. For hand mixing, expel the desired amount of the adhesive and mix thoroughly. Mix for approximately 15 seconds after uniform color is obtained.

Bulk Containers: Mix thoroughly by weight or volume in the proportions specified in Product Description section. Mix vigorously, approximately 15 seconds after uniform color is obtained.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated November 20, 2009. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 8 °C to 21 °C. Storage below 8 °C or greater than 28 °C can adversely affect product properties. Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

 $(^{\circ}C \times 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}F$ $kV/mm \times 25.4 = V/mil$ mm / 25.4 = inches $\mu m / 25.4 = mil$ $N \times 0.225 = lb$ $N/mm \times 5.71 = lb/in$ $N/mm^2 \times 145 = psi$ $MPa \times 145 = psi$ $N \cdot m \times 8.851 = lb \cdot in$ $N \cdot m \times 0.738 = lb \cdot ft$ $N \cdot mm \times 0.742 = oz \cdot in$ $mPa \cdot s = cP$

Note

The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. We cannot assume responsibility for the results obtained by others over whose methods we have no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for the user's purpose of any production methods mentioned herein and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and of persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use thereof. In light of the foregoing, Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties expressed or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Henkel Corporation's products. Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits. The discussion herein of various processes or compositions is not to be interpreted as representation that they are free from domination of patents owned by others or as a license under any Henkel Corporation patents that may cover such processes or compositions. We recommend that each prospective user test his proposed application before repetitive use, using this data as a guide. This product may be covered by one or more United States or foreign patents or patent applications.

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Reference 1.3