

PRODUCT NAME BORIC ACID

Product Code 006/03\_US

Date of issue: October 2012 Supersedes: May 2008

# 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier Boric acid (generic name)

**QBoric Acid** 

**Recommended uses:** Formulation of borates into mixtures

Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of

intermediates)
Use of fertilizers

**Restrictions on uses:** Restricted to industrial and professional users

**Supplier** SQM North America

2727 Paces Ferry Rd, Bldg Two, Suite 1425

Atlanta, GA 30339

**Company Telephone/Fax** (770) 916 9400 / (770) 916 9404 **Emergency Telephone Number** (800) 424 9300 (CHEMTREC)

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the chemical in accordance with 29CFR §1910.1200

Hazard classes and Hazard categories Hazard statements

Toxic to reproduction cat. 1B May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

#### **Label elements**

# **Hazard pictograms**



Signal word Danger

Hazard Statements May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

## **Precautionary Statements**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Dispose of contents/container according to local/state/federal regulations.

#### Other hazards

None

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance nameCAS NoEINECS NoConcentrationBoric acid10043-35-3233-139-2> 99.5%

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

# Description of first aid measures

## **General information**

In case of persisting adverse effects consult a physician.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps.

#### In case of inhalation

If symptoms such as nose or throat irritation are observed, remove to fresh air

# In case of skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

# In case of eye contact

Use eye wash fountain or fresh water to cleanse eye. If irritation persists for more than 30 minutes, seek medical attention.

#### In case of ingestion

If larger amounts are swallowed, give two glasses of water to drink and seek medical attention.



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## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The following symptoms may occur:

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In case of inhalation May be irritant to the respiratory tract

In case of skin contact

No effects are expected

No effects are expected

No effects are expected

In case of ingestion The following effects have been described: Nausea, vomiting, gastric

discomfort, skin flushing, excitation, convulsions, depression and vascular

collapse.

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### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Maintain adequate kidney function and force fluids.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### **Extinguishing media**

Boric acid is not flammable, combustible or explosive. The substance is a flame retardant.

Suitable extinguishing media: Use any suitable mean for extinguishing surrounding fire.

Unsuitable material: None, but attention should be paid to compatibility with chemicals

surrounding

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Thermal decomposition can lead to the escape of toxic/irritating gases and vapours.

Decomposition products: By heating, loose of water occurs, with final formation of boron oxide.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# **Personal precautions**

Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid substance contact. Wear personal protection equipment.

# **Environmental precautions**

Avoid contamination of water bodies during clean up and disposal

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Land spill: Vacuum, shovel or sweep up and place in containers for disposal in accordance with applicable local regulations.

Water spill: Remove any intact containers from the water. Advise local water authority that none of the affected water should be used for irrigation or for the abstraction of potable water until natural dilution returns the boron level to its normal environmental background level.

Unsuitable material for taking up: None specified

Other information

Refer to section 8 for recommended personal protection equipment.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## **Precautions for Safe Handling**

Avoid generation of dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuff. Good hygiene practices and housekeeping measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Reseal carefully any opened container and set upright to avoid leakages.

Keep/store only in original container. Keep the product tightly closed in a dry, in well-ventilated and cool place.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Guidelines** 

Occupational exposure limits

**Boric Acid and Borate compounds** 

OSHA PEL Not Established

STEL/ceiling Not Established

ACGIH TWA 2 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction) (2012 TLVs® and BEIs®)

STEL/ceiling 6 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction) (2012 TLVs® and BEIs®)



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Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL) suggested by the manufacturer

Workers (industrial/professional):

DNEL Human, dermal, long term:

4800 mg B/day (systemic)

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL) is the level of exposure to the substance above which humans should not be exposed.

#### **Engineering controls**

Use local exhaust ventilation (LEV) to control the dispersion of airborne dust towards the worker.

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

Eye/face protection Safety glasses or goggles. Skin Protection Overall and gloves.

Respiratory Protection Where LEV does not reduce inhalation exposure to boron below the inhalation DNEL, P2/P3

respirators (with a good face-fit) must be worn.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearence White powder or cristals

Odor Odourless
Odor Threshold Not applicable

Physical state Solid

pH value 4 - 5 (5% aqueous solution)

Melting point / freezing range Decompose 336°F / 169°C (Transform to HBO<sub>2</sub>)

Boiling temperature / boiling range Not applicable (decomposes)
Flash point Not applicable (inorganic substance)

Vapourisation rate / Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability Non flammable (UN Test N.1)

Explosion limits (LEL, UEL)

Vapor pressure

Vapour density

Relative Density

No data available

1.49 at 73°F / 23°C

Solubility 49.2 g/L at 68°F / 20°C (water)
Partition coefficient n-octanol /water -1.09 at 22 °C, pH 7.5 (Log Pow)

Auto Ignition temperature (AIT)

Decomposition temperature (°F/°C)

Viscosity

Not applicable

Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

Not oxidizing

Other information

Saturated boric acid solutions may be corrosive to metals.

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

## **Chemical stability**

Stable under normal storage and temperature conditions.

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reaction with strong reducing agents such as metal hydrides or alkali metals will generate hydrogen gas which could create an explosive hazard.

#### **Conditions to avoid**

Contact with incompatible materials.

## Incompatible materials

Acetic anhydride, strong alkalis, strong reducing agents.

# **Hazardous decomposition products**

By heating, loose of water occurs, with final formation of boron oxide.



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# 11. TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

# Likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact)

Eye contact, skin contact and inhalation. Exposure by ingestion is not expected to occur through normal industrial use. For the inhalation route a 100% absorption of borates is assumed as worst case. Dermal absorption through intact skin is very low. A dermal absorption for borates of 0.5% is assumed as worst case.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

May be irritant to the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting, gastric discomfort, skin flushing, excitation, convulsions, depression and vascular collapse.

## Information on toxicological effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity Species: Method:

Acute oral toxicity LD50: 3765 mg/kg bw Rat. EU Method B.1/OECD Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity LD50: > 2000 mg/kg bw Rabbit

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50: > 2.03 mg/L air Rat. OECD Guideline 403
Assessment / classification: Based on available data, the classification criteria is not met

Irritant and corrosive effects

Primary irritation to the skin Result: Species:

Not corrosive Rabbit

Not classified Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Irritation to eyes Result: Species:

Not irritating Rabbit (New Zealand White)

Equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405

Assessment / classification Based on available data, the classification criteria is not met

Skin and respiratory sensitization Result:

Skin sensitization Not sensitizing OECD Guideline 406

Respiratory sensitization No information available

Assessment / classification: Based on available data, the classification criteria is not met

**Genetic effects** 

In-vitro mutagenicityMethod:Result:Bacterial reverse mutation assayEquivalent or similar to OECD 471NegativeMammalian cell gene mutationEquivalent or similar to OECD 476NegativeCytogenicity studiesChromosome aberrationsNegative

In vivo mutagenicity

Micronucleus assay Equivalent or similar to OECD 474 negative
Assessment / classification: Based on all available data, the classification criteria is not met

**Reproductive toxicity**Adverse effects on fertility

Multigeneration study NOAEL(fertility, male rats): 17.5 mg B/kg bw/day

Boron has been shown to adversely affect male reproduction in laboratory animals, however, male reproductive

effects attributable to boron have not been demonstrated in studies of highly exposed workers.

Adverse effects on developmental toxicity

Benchmark dose (BMDL05) 10.3 mg B/kg bw/day

Developmental effects have been observed in laboratory animals. The critical effect is considered to be decreased fetal body weight in rats. There is no evidence of developmental effects in humans attributable to boron in studies of populations with high exposures to boron.

Assessment / classification: Boric acid is classified and labelled as **Presumed human reproductive toxicant**,

Category 1B, in accordance with Appendix A to 29CFR section 1910.1200.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Practical experience / human evidence

No relevant effect have been observed after single exposure to the substance. No reliable study supports the designation of boric acid as a respiratory irritant.

Assessment / classification: Based on available data, the classification criteria is not met



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## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

NOAEL(chronic, rat): 17.5 mg B/kg bw/day Target organs: urogenital: testes

A number of studies on boric acid or disodium tetraborate decahydrate in diet or via drinking water for periods of 30

days to two years in rats, mice and dogs are available. Most studies support that boron can cause adverse

haematological effects and that the main target organ of boron toxicity is the testis.

Assessment / classification: Boric acid is classified and labelled as **Presumed human reproductive toxicant**,

Category 1B, in accordance with Appendix A to 29CFR section 1910.1200.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Physicochemical and toxicological data does not indicate a potential aspiration hazard.

Assessment / classification: Based on available data, the classification criteria is not met

Carcinogenicity

NOAEL: 201 mg B/kg bw/day (mice)

A 2 year carcinogenicity study, equivalent to OECD Guideline 451, in mice is available. The study showed that boric

acid was non-oncogenic by the oral route.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

29 CFR part 1910, subpart Z

Prop 65 (California)

Not listed

Not listed

Assessment / classification: Based on all available data, the classification criteria is not met

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Ecotoxicity**

## **Aquatic Toxicity**

#### **Acute Toxicity**

96-h LC50 74 - 725 mg B/L Fish (literature information)
48-h EC50 45 - 1376 mg B/L Aquatic invertebrates (literature information)
72-h EC50 40 mg B/L Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata EU C.3/OECD guideline 201

Long-term toxicity

NOEC/EC102.89 - 16.65 mg B/LFish(literature information)NOEC/EC104 - 50 mg B/LHigher plants/Alga/Clorophita(literature information)NOEC/EC105.67 - 40.62 mg B/LCrustacea/Amphibian(literature information)3-h EC50> 175 mg B/LAquatic micro-organismsOECD guideline 209Assessment / classification:Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

# Persistence and degradability

The chemical species present in soil solution depend on concentration and pH being boric acid and borate ions the predominant forms. Boron as a natural element is not biodegradable. However, boron compounds are subject to chemical transformation processes (adsorption, complexation, precipitation, fixation).

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is not expected.

# Mobility in soil

Based on its high water solubility, relatively low sorption, low vapour pressure, partition coefficients and environmental distribution, boric acid is considered to be relatively mobile in the environment. Boron may leach or dissolve from solids, but rates will vary depending on the matrix.

#### Other adverse effects

None specified.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable federal and state laws.

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal method in compliance with applicable Boric acid is not listed as a dangerous waste in Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.



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# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**US DOT (49CFR part 172)** 

UN-No. Non dangerous good
Proper Shipping Name Not applicable
Hazard class Not applicable
Packing group Not applicable
Marine pollutant No

Hazard label Not applicable International Maritime Organization (IMDG Code)

UN-No. Non dangerous good Proper Shipping Name Not applicable Hazard class Not applicable Packing group Not applicable

Marine pollutant No

Hazard label Not applicable

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) and International Air Transport Association (IATA)

UN-No. Non dangerous good
Proper Shipping Name Not applicable
Hazard class Not applicable
Packing group Not applicable
Hazard label Not applicable

Special handling procedure

None

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

Regulations 4.1.3 and 6.1.2.1 of MARPOL Annex V

This product is not considered harmful to the aquatic environment (HME).

Other special precautions

None

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **US Federal**

SARA Title III Rules

Section 311/312 Hazard Classes
Acute Health Hazard No
Chronic Health Hazard Yes
Fire Hazard No
Release of Pressure No
Reactive Hazard No

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals

Not listed

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS)/CERCLA Hazardous Substances

Not listed

NFPA 704: National Fire Protection Association HMIS® III
Health 1 Health 1
Fire 0 Flammability 0
Reactivity 0 Physical hazards 0

Special -

0=minimal, 1=slight hazard, 2=moderate hazard, 0=minimal hazard, 1=slight hazard, 2=moderate hazard, 4=severe hazard, 4=severe hazard hazard, 3=serious hazard, 4=severe hazard

Canada

WHMIS Classification D2A Very Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects

Ingredient Disclosure List Listed

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.



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## **European Union**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [EU-GHS/CLP]

Hazard classes and Hazard categories Hazard statements

Repr. 1B H360FD Concentration limit  $\geq 5.5 \%$ 

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**Chemical Inventories** 

United States TSCA Listed
Canada DSL Listed
European Union (EINECS) Listed
Japan (METI) Listed

**Product Code** 

**US State Regulations** 

California Proposition 65 Not listed

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

This SDS complies with 29 CFR part 1910 subpart Z (2012), Canada Controlled Products Regulations (2010) and ANSI Standard Z400.1-2004

Prepared by Regulatory Affairs Department, SQM

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# **Indication of changes**

All sections were reviewed and modified to comply with 29CFR part 1910 subpart Z (2012).