

## **1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION**

Product Name:	Dissolvine <sup>®</sup> E-Zn-15
Chemical Name:	Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, zinc disodium salt
Synonym:	Zinc disodium EDTA
C.A.S. Registry No.:	14025-21-9
Chemical Formula:	$C_{10} H_{12} N_2 O_8 ZnNa_2 / [(COO - CH_2)_2 - N - CH_2 - CH_2 - N - (CH_2 - COO)_2]. ZnNa_2$
Product Use:	Chelating agent, plant nutrient

### Manufacturer / Supplier

Akzo Nobel Functional Chemicals LLC Chelates Americas 525 West Van Buren St., Chicago, IL 60607 Tel. 1-800-906-7979

#### Emergency Telephone Numbers

**FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY** (Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident)

- CHEMTREC (24-hr): (800) 424-9300 (Toll-free in the U.S., Canada, and the U.S. Virgin Islands) (703) 527-3887 (For calls originating elsewhere / collect calls are accepted)
- CANUTEC (Canada): (613) 996-6666

FOR MEDICAL / HANDLING EMERGENCIES: 1-914-693-6946 [AkzoNobel - USA]

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Revision Date:	November 24, 2008	Changes:	Sections 1, 2, 15, 16 Logo / Format

## **2. HAZARDS INFORMATION**

### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard [29 CFR 1910.1200].

#### WARNING !

- May cause eye and respiratory tract irritation.
- Contains an impurity that may cause kidney damage and cancer in laboratory animals.

**Fire and Explosion Hazards:** This product is not defined as flammable or combustible. However, potential for dust explosion may exist. Depending upon conditions, dusts may be sensitive to static discharge. Avoid possibility of dry powder with friction causing static electricity in presence of flammables. (See NFPA-77, Chap. 6).

Appearance and odor: white odorless micro-granular powder.

#### **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS** [See section 11 for additional information] **Primary Route(s) of Exposure:** Eye contact and inhalation.

#### Acute Exposure

- **Eye Contact:** This product may cause mild physical irritation.
- Inhalation: Inhalation of dust may cause discomfort and/or irritation of the respiratory system.
- Skin Contact: This product is not irritating to rabbit skin.
- **Ingestion:** This product has a low order of acute toxicity.

### 2. HAZARDS INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

**Carcinogenicity:** IARC, NTP, ACGIH and OSHA do not classify this material as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen. However, nitrilotriacetic acid (NTA) and its salts were determined to be "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B) by IARC, a compound which "may reasonably be anticipated to be a human carcinogen" by NTP and a "select carcinogen" by OSHA. Nitrilotriacetic acid is listed on California's Proposition 65 as a chemical known to cause cancer.

**Chronic Effects:** EDTA and its sodium salts have been reported to cause birth defects in some animal studies in the presence of maternal toxicity.

**Medical conditions aggravated:** Zinc deficiency may be aggravated by systemic exposure to EDTA and its sodium salts.

**<u>POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS</u>** [See section 12 for additional information] This product is not expected to be harmful to aquatic life, based on available data.

## **3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

<b>INGREDIENTS</b> [See section 8 for exposure limits]	<u>% (w/w)</u>	CAS Number
Zinc disodium EDTA	≈ 88 - 92	14025-21-9
Nitrilotriacetic acid (NTA)	0.8 – 1.4	139-13-9
Disodium EDTA	0.5 – 1.0	139-33-3
Sodium Glycolate	1.5 – 2.5	2836-32-0
Water	0 – 10	7732-18-5

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation:** Inhalation of dust may affect respiratory system and cause symptoms of bronchitis. Remove victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and equipment. Wash all affected areas with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation occurs or persists.

**Eye Contact:** Flush eyes with large quantities of running water for a minimum of 15 minutes. If the victim is wearing contact lenses, remove them. Hold the eyelids apart during the flushing to ensure rinsing of the entire surface of the eye and lids with water. Get medical attention if eye irritation occurs.

**Ingestion:** ONLY induce vomiting at the instructions of a physician. If victim is conscious, rinse mouth and give water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if health effects occur.

Note to Physician: Attending physician should treat exposed patients symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Conditions of Flammability:	n
Flash Point (Method):	n
Upper Flammable Limit (% by volume):	n
Lower Flammable Limit (% by volume):	n
Auto-Ignition Temperature:	n

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**Extinguishing Media:** This product is not flammable or combustible. If involved in a fire, use water fog or spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide extinguishing agents.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES (CONTINUED)

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from the fire area. Fire fighters should wear full-face, self-contained breathing apparatus and impervious protective clothing.

**Fire & Explosion Hazards:** This product is not defined as flammable or combustible and should not be a fire hazard. Under fire conditions, it does not contribute any unusual hazards. However, potential for dust explosion may exist. Depending upon conditions, dusts may be sensitive to static discharge. Avoid possibility of dry powder with friction causing static electricity in presence of flammables. (See NFPA-77, Chap. 6).

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Thermal decomposition products may release toxic and/or hazardous fumes and gases, including nitrogen oxides and carbon oxides.

NFPA Hazard Rating – Health:1Fire: 0Instability: 0Other: None[0 - Minimal1 - Slight2 - Moderate3 - High4 - Extreme]Other: None

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spill / Leak:** Safely stop source of spill. Restrict non-essential personnel from area. All personnel involved in spill cleanup should avoid skin and eye contact by wearing appropriate personal protective equipment.

**Cleanup:** Sweep up spilled solid material, being careful not to create dust. Return sweepings to stock or, if contaminated, place into a chemical waste container for disposal according to regulations. Flush remainder with water.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling:** Avoid inhalation and prolonged and/or repeated skin and eye contact. Avoid dust generation. In certain concentrations, the product may form an explosive dust-air mixture.

**Storage:** Keep containers closed and dry as product is hygroscopic. This material is suitable for any general chemical storage area. Isolate from strong oxidizers. Store in PVC, PE, stainless steel or bituminized tanks. Avoid contact with aluminum, copper, copper alloys and nickel.

Maximum Storage Temperature: Store in a cool and dry place at ambient temperature (below 25°C / 77°F).

**General Comments:** Containers should not be opened until ready for use. It is recommended to re-test the product after three years in storage.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Exposure Limits:** Exposure to this product should be controlled below limits established for "Particulates Not Otherwise Classified (PNOC)": OSHA  $- 15 \text{ mg/m}^3$  (total dust) ;  $5 \text{ mg/m}^3$  (respirable fraction)

Chemical Name		a – PELs g / m³)		– TLVs / m³)		l – RELs   / m³)	AIHA – WEELs (mg / m <sup>3</sup> )	
Chemical Name	TWA	STEL / CEIL(C)	TWA	STEL / CEIL(C)	TWA	STEL / CEIL(C)	TWA	STEL / CEIL(C)
Zinc disodium EDTA	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
NTA	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
Disodium EDTA	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
Sodium glycolate	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D
Water	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION (CONTINUED)

[Ref: ACGIH Guide to Occupational Exposure Values, 2008 Edition]

Legend:						
CEIL:	Ceiling Exposure Limit	PEL:	Permissible Exposu	ıre Limit	REL:	Recommended Exposure Limit
STEL:	Short Term Exposure Limit	TLV:	Threshold Limit Val	ue	TWA:	Time-Weighted Average
N/D:	Not Determined	WEEL: Y	Workplace Environmen	tal Exposure	Levels	
ACGIH:	American Conference of Govern	nmental Ind	ustrial Hygienists	AİHA:	America	n Industrial Hygiene Association
NIOSH:	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health			OSHA:	Occupat	ional Safety and Health Administration

**Engineering Controls - Ventilation:** Special ventilation is usually not required under normal use conditions. However, ensure that existing ventilation is sufficient to prevent the circulation and/or accumulation of dust in the air.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

- Respiratory Protection: If handling operations generate dust, wear a NIOSH-approved half-mask, air
  purifying respirator with dust, mist and fume filters to reduce potential for inhalation exposure. When using
  respirator cartridges or canisters, they must be changed frequently (following each use or at the end of the
  work shift) to assure breakthrough exposure does not occur.
- Skin Protection: Skin contact with the product should be minimized or prevented through the use of suitable protective clothing, gloves (100% nitrile gloves recommended for permanent or full contact use) and footwear selected according to use condition exposure potential.
- Eye Protection: Dust-tight goggles should be worn when handling this product.

**Other Protection – General Hygiene Considerations:** All food and smoking materials should be kept in a separate area away from the storage/use location. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where there is a potential for significant exposure to this material. Before eating, drinking and smoking, hands and face should be thoroughly washed.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State / Appearance / Odor:	white odorless micro-granular powder
Boiling Point:	not applicable
Bulk Density:	$850 - 950 \text{ kg/m}^3$ (untapped)
Cloud Point:	not determined
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):	not determined
Melting Point:	decomposes without melting
Odor Threshold:	not determined
pH:	6 - 7 (1% solution)
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water):	log $P_{ow} < 0$
Pour Point:	not determined
Solubility in water:	1000 g/L ( $68^{\circ}\text{F} / 20^{\circ}\text{C}$ ); 1200 g/L ( $176^{\circ}\text{F} / 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
Solubility in other solvents:	not determined
Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O = 1):	not determined
Vapor Density (Air = 1):	not determined
Vapor Density (Air = 1):	not determined
Vapor Pressure:	not determined
Viscosity:	not determined
Volatiles (% by weight):	not determined
Other – Decomposition temperature:	s $572^{\circ}\text{F}$ ( $300^{\circ}\text{C}$ )
Conditions of Flammability:	not flammable or combustible
Flash Point (Method):	not applicable
Upper Flammable Limit (% by volume):	not applicable
	••

< : less than > : greater than ≈ : approximately

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Stability:** This product is stable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressures. It is not self-reactive and is not sensitive to physical impact.

**Incompatibilities / Conditions to avoid:** This product is incompatible with strong oxidizers. Avoid contact with aluminum, copper, copper alloys and nickel. Avoid prolonged storage at elevated temperatures. Avoid humid conditions as product is hygroscopic. Product layer on hot surface might cause glowing or autoignition.

**Polymerization:** Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur under normal temperatures and pressures.

**Decomposition Products:** Under fire conditions the product may support combustion and decomposes to give off carbon oxides fumes (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides and water vapor.

### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### INHALATION

**Acute exposure:** The acute LC<sub>50</sub> for this product is not available. Inhalation of dust may cause discomfort and/or irritation of the respiratory system.

Chronic exposure: No known effects for the mixture.

#### SKIN

Acute contact: Dermal toxicity for this product is not available. However, it is not considered to be irritating to skin based on tests with chemically similar products.

Chronic contact: No known effects for the mixture.

**EYES:** While this product has not been tested, it is expected that it would be minimally irritating to eyes based on tests with similar products.

#### INGESTION

**Acute exposure:** Ingestion toxicity data is not available for this product. The oral LD<sub>50</sub> is expected to be greater than 2000 mg/kg in rats, based on data from components and/or structurally related products. **Chronic exposure:** No known effects for the mixture. Chronic ingestion of NTA has been shown to cause kidney toxicity. Repeated oral administration of Sodium glycolate caused kidney toxicity in cats.

**SENSITIZATION:** No known effects for the mixture.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** IARC, NTP, ACGIH and OSHA do not classify this material as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen. However, nitrilotriacetic acid (NTA) and its salts were determined to be "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B) by IARC, a compound which "may reasonably be anticipated to be a human carcinogen" by NTP and a "select carcinogen" by OSHA. Nitrilotriacetic acid is listed on California's Proposition 65 as a chemical known to cause cancer.

**MUTAGENICITY:** No data available for the mixture. NTA and its sodium salts were not genotoxic in experimental systems in vivo. Neither the acid nor its salts were genotoxic in mammalian cells in vitro and they were not mutagenic to bacteria.

**REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:** No data available for the mixture. EDTA and its sodium salts have been reported, in some studies, to cause birth defects in laboratory animals only at exaggerated doses that were toxic to the mother. These effects are likely associated with zinc deficiency due to chelation. Exposures having no effect on the mother should have no effect on the fetus. NTA is not teratogenic and did not induce reproductive toxicity.

### OTHER TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS: None

TARGET ORGANS: Eyes, kidney and bladder.

### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity:** No data available on the mixture.

**Chemical Fate / Distribution:** The substance is not expected to enter the atmosphere significantly due to its high water solubility. C.O.D. is approximately 555 mg/g.

**Biodegradation:** This product is not expected to be readily biodegradable based on tests with structurally related products.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Disposal:** In its unused condition, this product is not considered to be a RCRA-defined hazardous waste by characteristics or listings. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristic or listing. Dispose in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations. NOTE – State and local regulations may be more stringent than federal regulations.

**Container Disposal:** Containers should be cleaned of residual product before disposal or return. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be disposed of or shipped in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations.

### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Shipping Information: Not regulated for transport.

Required Labels: No transport label required

Environmentally Hazardous Substances [49 CFR 172.101, Appendix A]: None

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**Regulatory Lists:** The components are subject to the following regulatory lists and inventories:

Chemical Name	CAA	CERCLA	IARC	US STATE RIGHT-TO- KNOW LISTS	CA PROP 65	SARA
Zinc disodium EDTA	N/R	N/R	N/R	<b>CA / IL / NJ</b> (as Zinc Compounds)	N/R	X 313 <sup>1</sup>
ΝΤΑ	N/R	N/R	X (Gr. 2B)	CA/FL/IL/MA/MN /NJ/PA	x	X 313
Disodium EDTA	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R
Sodium Glycolate	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R
Water	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R	N/R

1. The zinc compound in this product is subject to SARA Title III, Section 313 supplier notification/release reporting requirements under the zinc compounds category. This product contains approximately 15% zinc.

Substance	US	Canada		EU	Australia	New	Japan	Korea	Philippines	China
Name	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	EINECS	AICS	Zealand NZIoC	ENCS	KECI	PICCS	IECSC
Zinc disodium EDTA	x	Х		X	x	X				Х
NTA	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х
Disodium EDTA	X	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Sodium glycolate	х	Х		x	x	x	х	х	х	Х
Water	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

#### **National Chemical Inventories Status:**

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Legend AICS CA List CA Prop 65 CAA CERCLA DSL EINECS ENCS FL List IARC IECSC IL List KECI LA List MA List MA List	Clean Air Act, Section 112 CERCLA Hazardous Substances Domestic Substances List – Canada European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances Florida – Substance List International Agency for Research on Cancer – Carcinogens – Groups 1, 2A or 2B China – Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employees Act Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory Louisiana Right-to-Know Reporting List Massachusetts – R-T-K Substance List
MA List	Massachusetts – R-T-K Substance List
MN List NDSL	Minnesota – Hazardous Substance List Non-Domestic Substances List – Canada
NJ R-T-K NZIoC PA List PICCS RI List SARA TSCA	New Jersey – R-T-K Hazard List New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances Rhode Island – Hazardous Substance List SARA Title III, Section 302 / 313 Toxic Substances Control Act – USA

#### Canada – WHMIS (Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System)

• D2A [Materials causing other toxic effects] This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the *Controlled Products Regulations* (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### Other Regulatory Information:

 California Proposition 65: WARNING ! This product contains Nitrilotriacetic acid which is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

#### **Micronutrient Approvals / Registrations**

- California Department of Food and Agriculture (CDFA): Dissolvine E-Zn-15 is approved for sale and distribution in California.
- Canadian Food Inspection Agency (CFIA): Dissolvine E-Zn-15 is a registered micronutrient in Canada under the Fertilizers Act [Registration Number 980102B]

### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

HMIS RATING	- Health: 1*	Flammability:	1	<b>Physical Hazards:</b>	0 Other:	none
[ 0 – Minimal	1 - Slight	2 - Moderate	3 - High	4 - Extreme	* - Chronic Health Hazard	(see Section 11)]

**Other Information:** Dissolvine<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Akzo Nobel Chemicals B.V.

Prepared by: AkzoNobel [Technology & Engineering, SHERA - Regulatory Toxicology] Tel. 613.273.8095

Changes: Sections 1, 2, 15, 16 / Logo / Format

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