RASPBERRY FIELD Shawl by Rudoska



"Raspberry Field" is an asymetric, triangle-shaped shawl knited with 5 colors in a combination of garter stitch knitting and lace pannel.

Materials

Merino DK by LANEUM (100% hand dyed merino, 230m/100g):

You need 1 skein of each colour:

Colour A: Raspberry – 100g

Colour B: Baby Pink – 100g

Colour C: Pink Spray – 100g

Colour D: Grass and Strawberries – 70g

Colour E: Grass - 65g

Total amount of yarn is 435g (app. 1000m)

5 mm circular needle, 80 or 100 cm long, 4 markers.

Sizes

One size

Measurements

Width: 270 cm

Length at center: 170cm





Gauge

18 sts and 30 rows in garter stitch after blocking = 10x 10 cm (4 inc).

Special abbreviations

YO- yarn over the right needle

K- knit

K2tbl- knit 2 together through the back loop

K2tog – knit 2 together

K3tog – move 1 sts to right needle, K2tog, lift moved stitch over

M - marker

Dec- decrease

RS – right side

WS- wrong side

Directions for knitting

This shawl is knit from one corner to the widest part. Gauge is not crucial for this project.

Garter stitch

K in RS, K in WR

Set up section – garter stitch

Using colour A, cast on 8 sts.

Row 1 (RS): K2, YO, K2tog, place M, K2tbl, YO, K2. (8sts)

Row 2 (WS): K to the last 2 stiches, YO, K2. (9 sts)

Row 3 (RS): K2, YO, K to the last 2 sts before M, K2tog, M, K2tbl, K to the last 2 sts ,YO,

K2 (9sts) -row 3 is the same as row 1.

Row 4 (WS): K2, YO, K to the last 2 sts, YO, K2. (11 sts)

Each 4 rows = increasing of 3 sts (2 sts on the right side of shawl, 1 st on the left side after marker - see from the RS view)

Repeat these 4 rows.

Changing of colours

Colour A -104 rows.

Now you have 104 rows and 78 sts + 8 sts (cast on) = 86 sts

Colour B - 8 rows

Colour A - 8 rows

Colour B - 8 rows

Colour A - 8 rows

 $Colour \ B-8 \ rows$

Colour A - 8 rows

Colour B - 8 rows

Colour A - 8 rows

Colour B - 8 rows

Colour A – 8 rows

Now you have 184 rows and 146 sts.

Colour B -24 rows

Colour C – 8 rows

Colour B-8 rows

Colour C – 8 rows

Colour B - 8 rows

Now you have 240 rows and 188 sts (124 sts on the right side and 64 sts on the left side).

Starting of decreasing

Row 241 (RS): K2, YO, K to the last 2 sts before M, K2tog, M, K2tbl, K to the end (187 sts).

Row 242 (WS): K to the last 2 sts, YO, K2. (188 sts)

Repeat these 2 rows until the end of work..

It is not, in fact, decreasing but transfer. ...:o)You have still the same amounth of sts on the needles (188 sts) but each 2 rows transfers 1 st from the left side to the right side (before marker). So you need to knit 128 rows to transfer all the sts before marker (at the begining of decreasing we have 64 stst on the left side, after 128 rows we have 0 sts on the left side).

Changing of colours (starting with row 241)

Colour C-30 rows with lace pattern - see diagram. I tis not necessary to knit this lace pannel, you can knit just garter stitch pattern with colour C.

Colour D - 8 rows

Colour C - 8 rows

Colour D – 24 rows

Colour E - 8 rows

Colour D-8 rows

Colour E - 8 rows

Colour D – 8 rows

Colour E - 26 rows

Now you have 368 rows and 188 sts (188 sts on the right side).

Ending

Last row - bind off loosely all sts. Wash up, gently wring and block the fabric.



Chart of lace pattern

Repeat sts in red line of the chart. 1 sts of chart is in fact 4th st of row. You start RS row with K2, YO, then place marker and then you have first st of chart. Marker is an indicatin for beginning of the second repeat od lace patt. (13th row), because you increase 1 st each row, so after 12 rows of pattern you have 12 sts more before your marker. At 13th and 23th row place another marker marker at the beginning of the chart (K2, YO, place the marker).

| | K2tog – knit 2 together |
|---|---|
| 0 | YO- yarn over the right needle |
| | K2tbl- knit 2 together through the back loop |
| A | K3tog - move 1 sts to right needle, K2tog, lift moved stitch over |
| | K - knit in the WS and RS |

