

GIY Ireland CLG

(A company limited by guarantee, without a share capital)

Directors' Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2017

GIY Ireland CLG

(A company limited by guarantee, without a share capital)

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GIY Ireland CLG

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DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Directors

Feargal O'Neill
Gary Graham
Tim Holmes
Trevor King
Aileen O'Malley (Resigned 4 August 2017)
Sarah Furno (Resigned 4 August 2017)
Paul Sweetman
Catherine McMullen (Resigned 4 August 2017)
Naomi Cody - Sexton (Appointed 4 April 2017)
Karen Hand (Appointed 4 April 2017)
Helen Cunningham (Appointed 4 April 2017)
Aisling Farrelly

Company Secretary

Paul Sweetman

Company Number

477525

Registered Office and Business Address

Grow HQ
Farronshoneen,
Dunmore Road
Waterford
X91NX30

Auditors

Mark Kennedy & Co
2 St Patricks Terrace
Waterford
X91 AE95

Bankers

AIB PLC
The Quay
Waterford

GIY Ireland CLG

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the year ended 31 December 2017

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal Activity and Review of the Business

The principal activity of the company is the promotion of growing food and the health, environmental and community benefits of growing your own food.

The Company is limited by guarantee not having a share capital.

There has been no significant change in these activities during the year ended 31 December 2017.

Financial Results

The surplus/(deficit) for the year after providing for depreciation amounted to €11,363 (2016 - €(967)).

At the end of the year, the company has assets of €163,849 (2016 - €106,048) and liabilities of €160,391 (2016 - €113,953). The net liabilities of the company have decreased by €11,363.

Directors and Secretary

The directors who served throughout the year, except as noted, were as follows:

Feargal O'Neill
Gary Graham
Tim Holmes
Trevor King
Aileen O'Malley (Resigned 4 August 2017)
Sarah Furno (Resigned 4 August 2017)
Paul Sweetman
Catherine McMullen (Resigned 4 August 2017)
Naomi Cody - Sexton (Appointed 4 April 2017)
Karen Hand (Appointed 4 April 2017)
Helen Cunningham (Appointed 4 April 2017)
Aisling Farrelly

The secretary who served throughout the year was Paul Sweetman.

There were no changes in shareholdings between 31 December 2017 and the date of signing the financial statements.

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the directors retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Future Developments

The company plans to continue its present activities and current trading levels. Employees are kept as fully informed as practicable about developments within the business.

Post Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year-end.

Auditors

The auditors, Mark Kennedy & Co have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

GIY Ireland CLG

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the year ended 31 December 2017


Accounting Records

To ensure that adequate accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are located at the company's office at Grow HQ, Farronshoneen, Dunmore Road, Waterford, X91NX30.

Signed on behalf of the board



Trevor King
Director



Tim Holmes
Director

Date: 08 Mar 2019

GIY Ireland CLG

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DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 December 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy and enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board



Trevor King
Director



Tim Holmes
Director

Date: 08 Mar 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of GIY Ireland CLG

(A company limited by guarantee, without a share capital)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of GIY Ireland CLG ('the company') for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2017 and of its surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- in our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion, the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report. The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT to the Members of GIY Ireland CLG

(A company limited by guarantee, without a share capital)

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to the going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

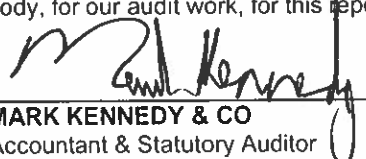
Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 9, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.


MARK KENNEDY & CO
Accountant & Statutory Auditor
2 St Patricks Terrace
Waterford
X91 AE95

Date: 8/3/19

For and on behalf of

GIY Ireland CLG

APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

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INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 €	2016 €
Income		418,765	230,471
Expenditure		(407,402)	(231,438)
Surplus/(deficit) before tax		11,363	(967)
Tax on surplus/(deficit)		-	-
Surplus/(deficit) for the year		11,363	(967)
Total comprehensive income		11,363	(967)

Approved by the board on 8/3/19 and signed on its behalf by:


Trevor King
Director


Tim Holmes
Director

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BALANCE SHEET

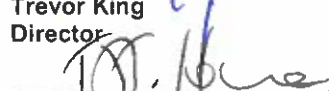
as at 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 €	2016 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	6	42,251	9,496
Investments		100	100
		<u>42,351</u>	<u>9,596</u>
Current Assets			
Debtors	8	121,508	96,452
Cash and cash equivalents		(10)	-
		<u>121,498</u>	<u>96,452</u>
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	9	<u>(130,098)</u>	<u>(95,977)</u>
Net Current (Liabilities)/Assets		<u>(8,600)</u>	<u>475</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u>33,751</u>	<u>10,071</u>
Creditors			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	10	<u>(30,293)</u>	<u>(17,976)</u>
Net Assets/(Liabilities)		<u>3,458</u>	<u>(7,905)</u>
Reserves			
Income and expenditure account		<u>3,458</u>	<u>(7,905)</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u>3,458</u>	<u>(7,905)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

Approved by the board on 08 Nov 2019 and signed on its behalf by:


Trevor King
Director


Tim Holmes
Director

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RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' FUNDS

as at 31 December 2017

	Retained surplus/(defi cit)	Total
	€	€
At 1 January 2016	(6,938)	(6,938)
Deficit for the year	(967)	(967)
At 31 December 2016	(7,905)	(7,905)
Surplus for the year	11,363	11,363
At 31 December 2017	3,458	3,458

GIY Ireland CLG

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2017

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

GIY Ireland CLG is a company limited by guarantee incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. Grow HQ, Farronshoneen, Dunmore Road, Waterford, X91NX30, is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2017 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014. These are the company's first set of financial statements prepared in accordance with FRS 102.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

Consolidated accounts

The company and its subsidiaries meet the size exemption criteria for a group and the company is therefore exempt from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements by virtue of meeting the requirements in section 293(1A) of the Companies Act 2014. Consequently, these financial statements deal with the results of the company as a single entity.

Income

Turnover represents the income receivable for the year.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery	- 12.5% Straight Line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	- 12.5% Straight Line
Motor vehicles	- 12.5% Straight Line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value. Income from other investments together with any related withholding tax is recognised in the income and expenditure account in the year in which it is receivable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the year ended 31 December 2017

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable income for the year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income and Expenditure Account.

3. ADOPTION OF FRS 102

This is the first set of financial statements prepared by GIY Ireland CLG in accordance with accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A (Small Entities). The company transitioned from previously extant Irish and UK GAAP to FRS 102 Section 1A as at 1 January 2016.

4. OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	2017 €	2016 €
Operating surplus/(deficit) is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	8,577	3,772
Amortisation of Government grants	(4,275)	-

5. EMPLOYEES

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2017 Number	2016 Number
Admin	8	4

GIY Ireland CLG

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2017

continued

6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	€	€	€
Cost			
At 1 January 2017	7,810	-	7,810
Additions	-	47,807	47,807
At 31 December 2017	7,810	47,807	55,617
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2017	6,414	-	6,414
Charge for the year	976	5,976	6,952
At 31 December 2017	7,390	5,976	13,366
Net book value			
At 31 December 2017	420	41,831	42,251
At 31 December 2016	9,496	-	9,496

	Group loans	Total
	€	€
Investments		
Cost		
At 31 December 2017	100	100
Net book value		
At 31 December 2017	100	100
At 31 December 2016	100	100

8. DEBTORS

	2017	2016
	€	€
Trade debtors	15,400	-
Amounts owed by group companies	104,862	92,116
Taxation	1,246	-
Prepayments	-	4,336
	121,508	96,452

9. CREDITORS

Amounts falling due within one year	2017	2016
	€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions	14,687	7,107
Trade creditors	9,747	-
Taxation	39,658	13,135
Other creditors	-	7,620
Accruals	25,490	7,965
Deferred Income	40,516	60,150
	130,098	95,977

GIY Ireland CLG

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the year ended 31 December 2017

10. CREDITORS	2017	2016
Amounts falling due after more than one year	€	€
Bank loans	30,293	17,976
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

11. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no material capital commitments at the year-ended 31 December 2017.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company charged a management Fee to its Subsidiary the amount was €60,000. At the year end there was a balance due to the company by the subsidiary of €104,862

13. POST-BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year-end.

15. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on

8/3/19