

# NATHAN AIRCHIME INSTALLATION MANUAL

#### **ULTIMATE NATHAN AIRCHIME KIT**



WARNING: To ensure the longevity of your system, reading and following these instructions are recommended. Make sure to change filters and to drain the moisture from your tank on a regular basis.



#### **HornBlasters Nathan Airchime K5LA Ultimate Kit Contents**



1x Safety Blowoff Valve



4x 1/2" PTC Fitting



6x Reducer Bushing



1x 1/2" Solenoid Valve Kit



3x 1/4" Brass Run Tee



1x Pressure Switch



1x Analog Pressure Gauge



4x 40A 12v Relays



4x
HornBlasters 1NM
Compressor



4x 22' Roll of 8 & 18 Gauge Wire



4x 8-Gauge Universal Wiring Kit



1x Electric Drain Valve Kit



1x Digital Air Pressure Gauge



1x Tire Inflation Kit



1x Nathan Airchime Mounting Bracket



1x Nathan Airchime K5LA Train Horn



12-Gallon Air Tank



4x
Compressor
Mounting Bracket



# Safety Tips and Important Information IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

#### **Caution: To prevent the risk of electric shock or electrocution:**

- Do not disassemble any electrical components of this horn kit (air compressor, air valve, pressure switch).
- Do not attempt repairs or modifications of any component. Please refer to qualified service agencies for all service and repairs.
- Do not operate any component where it can fall or be submerged into water or any kind of liquid.
- Do not reach for any component that has fallen or been submerged into water or any kind of liquid.
- Use the included components with 12 volt DC systems only.
- Do not leave the air system unattended during use.

#### **WARNING:** To prevent injury:

- Never allow children to operate the compressor or air horn. Use close supervision when operating this
  equipment near children or animals.
- The air compressor will become very HOT during and immediately after operation. Do not touch any part of the compressor with your bare hands during or immediately after use.
- Do not use this product near open flames or explosive materials or where aerosol products are being used.
- Do not operate this product where oxygen is being administered.
- Do not pump anything other than atmospheric air.
- Never use this product while sleepy or drowsy.
- Do not use any tools or attachments with the supplied air source unit without first determining maximum air pressure for that tool or attachment.
- Never point any air nozzle or air sprayer toward another person or any part of your body.
- The included compressor is equipped with an automatic reset thermal protector and can automatically restart after the thermal protector resets. Always cut off power source when thermal protector becomes activated.
- Use only in well ventilated areas.
- Do not sound the air horn(s) in close proximity to another person's or your own ear(s).
- Do not fill the included air tank above 150 PSI. Doing so may result in death or serious injury.
- Disconnect the battery negative cable before doing anything. Failure to disconnect this terminal can lead to damaged electrical components.
- Use eye protection when operating drills or other power tools during the install.
- Ensure the parking brake is engaged before you get underneath the vehicle.
- Do not wire the system without the fuse holder.
- Do not allow the compressor to run when the vehicle is off.



#### **Recommended Tools + Addons**

#### **Recommended Tools**



- 1/2" Wrench
- 9/16" Wrench
- Hole saw (2") [Digital Gauge]
- 1" Adjustable Wrench
- KB1 Mounting Template (included)
- 10mm Wrench or Socket (Air Compressor)
- 12mm Wrench
- Wire Cutter / Stripper / Crimper
- Teflon Tape

#### Optional Install Items (Not required but will make your install easier)

- Add-a-fuse<sup>®</sup> Great for tapping into a key-power source from your fuse-box. Can also be used for the horn activation if your vehicle qualifies.
- **Self-Tapping Screws-** These can be used for ground points on the pressure switch, compressor, and valve.
- Zip Ties® Used to keep your air line looking clean and organized. Handy for the runs of wire too.
- Heat Shrink Tubing Can be used over the terminal connectors to better seal them up against the elements.
- Loctite 545 Thread Sealant Can be used instead of Teflon to seal fittings.

#### **Hardware Specifications**

- K5LA Hardware
  - o Bell to Manifold
    - > 3/8"-16 x 1-1/2" Bolt
  - Bell Back-cap
    - > 1/4"-20 x 7/8" Bolt
  - K5LA Horn to Mounting Pedestal
    - > 3/8"-16 x 1-1/2" Bolt
- Compressor Hardware
  - Compressor Mounting Hardware
    - #10-32 x 1" Bolt (A longer bolt can be used)
  - o Compressor Mounting Bracket (bolts used to mount to vehicle)
    - > 3/8"-16 x 1-1/2" Bolt

To get started on the assembly process for this kit, locate the 5 horn bells and manifold for the K5LA. The bells can be installed onto the manifold in any orientation of your choice. All 5 bells can be mounted facing forward, or with a combination of 2 facing backward and 3 facing forward. It's entirely up to you. The next page will detail how the hardware is used to assemble the bells to the manifold.



#### **Assembling the Horn**

Start by locating the manifold for the horn assembly. A picture of the manifold is shown below. This manifold will hold all five horn bells together in a flat configuration. The order in which the horns are assembled to the bracket does not matter. You can have a couple facing forward with the rest backward, in any order.



Each horn bell will use two bolts and two split lock-washers to mount to the manifold. The bolt/washer can be seen to the right.

Before you mount the bells to the manifold, make sure to insert an O-ring into each bell's inlet to ensure a proper seal. The image below on the left shows this step.

Make sure that the O-ring is firmly seated into the groove on the bell. This prevents excess air from escaping before it enters the horn and makes a sound.

Secure each horn bell to the manifold using a bolt/lock-washer on each side of the horn bell. Tighten each bolt down with a 9/16" wrench until the lock washer is crushed. Do not leave these bolts loose!

START EACH BOLT BY HAND. DO NOT START THESE BOLTS WITH A WRENCH AND RUN TH RISK OF CROSS-THREADING THEM, RENDERING THE MANIFOLD UNUSABLE.





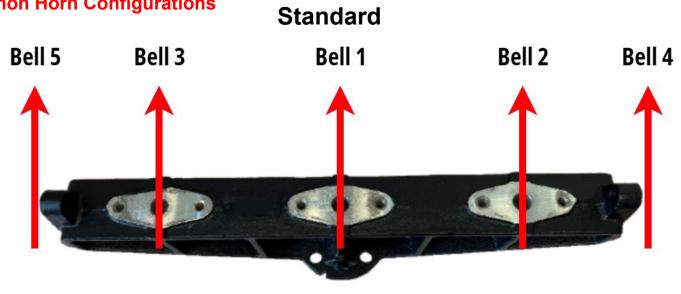
Mounting Hardware



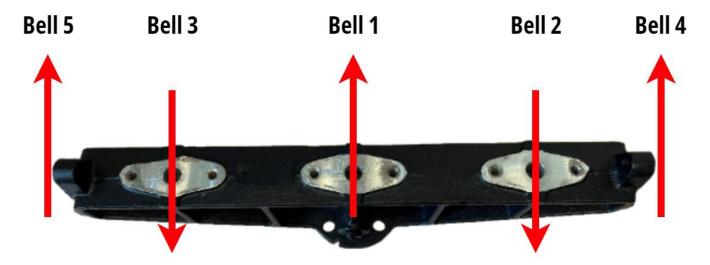


# **Assembling the Horn**

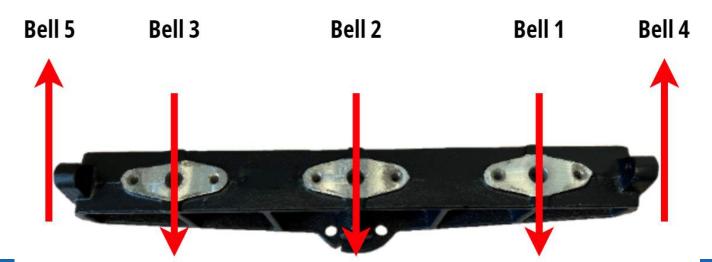
**Common Horn Configurations** 



#### 2 Bells Reversed



#### 3 Bells Reversed





#### **Preparing the Air Compressors**

Start by locating the hardware that was packaged with your air compressors. You should have a set of mounting bolts, two barb fittings, and an air filter housing for each. A picture of each is shown to the left for reference.

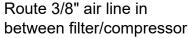


Barb Fittings (Male & Female)

Let's start by taking the fitting on the left with the male thread and inserting it into the compressor inlet. The other fitting (female end) can be threaded onto the filter housing directly. Your compressor/filter should look like the image below. At this point, you can use the supplied air line that was packaged with the compressor to connect the compressor and filter together. **Repeat this for all 4 compressors.** 

\*This line is not meant to hold pressure. Do not use this for anything other than the filter.

Connect fittings to compressor & filter





**Filter Housing** 



**Relocation Air Line** 





#### Filter Placement

Your compressor is fully sealed against the elements. If the compressor is mounted outside with the air filter on the end of the compressor, the filter will get wet and water will get pulled into the compressor. To prevent this, the filter must be relocated to an **ENCLOSED AND DRY** location. If your compressor is mounted in the bed of your truck or underneath the bed, the filter could be relocated into the cab of the vehicle. The filter must be relocated to an area where it will not be exposed to debris or moisture.

If the air filter is not relocated, the compressor <u>will</u> pull in water/dirt and <u>will</u> stop working properly. <u>9</u> <u>out of 10 compressors that fail within the first year have pulled in water/debris from the intake.</u>

WE DO NOT WARRANTY COMPRESSORS THAT HAVE FAILED DUE TO WATER/DEBRIS BEING PULLED INTO THE INTAKE/FILTER



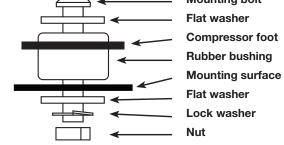
#### **Prepping The Compressors**

Let's set the compressors up with their respective brackets. Locate the four L-shaped compressor brackets that were packed with your air compressors. Each bracket will hold one compressor.

- 1. Position the air compressor mounting feet over the bracket so that the four feet line up with the slots on the bracket.
- 2. Locate the supplied mounting hardware that was packed with the air compressor.

3. Secure the air compressor to the bracket with the hardware from step 2. The diagram below shows how the hardware needs to be assembled.

Mounting bolt



- 4. Tighten down each nut/bolt combination with the Phillips-head screwdriver and wrench. Repeat this step for all four air compressors/brackets.
- 5. Check and ensure that the air line used to re-route the air filter is not kinked on the bracket. The compressor can be moved around the slots to ensure a proper fit.

#### **Compressor Placement Notes**

- Make sure all four compressors are mounted close enough to the tank so that the leader hoses from each
  compressor can connect into the tank. If you need to mount the four compressors further away from the
  tank, we sell fittings that can be used to extend the hose on the compressor.
- Try to mount the compressors in a dry area if possible, this helps the compressors last longer and prevents
  the finish from tarnishing over time.
- Be careful when handling the compressors. Do not use the head (part with fins) as a carry handle.
   The head can crack/break off due to the weight of the compressor. Always handle the compressor by the cylinder/crank case.
- The compressors will get hot as they run. This is normal but take this into consideration when installing your compressors.
- Make sure the compressors have air flow at their install location as they will generate heat as they run.
- Do not under any circumstance mount the air filter directly to the compressor if it is mounted outside the vehicle. The filter will get wet and the compressor will pull in water. This is not good for the compressor!
- Mount the compressors in an upright position when possible. The compressors will still work if mounted sideways, but gravity will pull the piston to one side of the cylinder and it will wear quicker on that side.



#### **Recommended Tank Assembly**





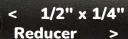
This assembly show a fitting configuration if you plan to mount the tank upright. If you plan to mount the tank upside down, an elbow will be need to relocate the pressure switch. When mounting upside down, the pressure switch and elbow fitting on the bottom will be reversed (switch sides) and the pressure switch is too tall to clear the legs of the tank, if you mount this on a flat surface.

1/2" x 1/4" Reducer + 1/4" Run Tee

Pressure Switch + 1/2" x 1/8" Reducer

Tire Inflation Kit Outlet







1/4" Run Tee



Air Gauge + Dig. **Gauge Sending Unit**  **Electric Drain Valve** Outlet

3/4" x 1/2" Reducer + 1/2" x 1/4" Reducer



Outlet

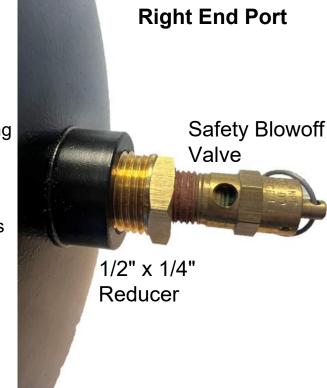


The fittings on each end of the tank can be reversed to opposite ends if needed.

Make sure to use teflon tape

on ALL fittings when plumbing them into the tank!

The fitting on the bottom of the tank (between the legs) must be threaded in as far as you can get it. This fitting will not clear the mounting surface unless it is threaded in ALL THE WAY.



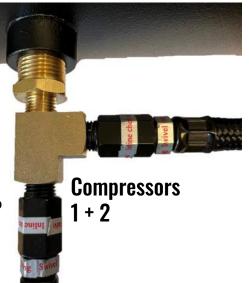
POOR CUT



#### Plumbing the Compressors Into the Tank

Route the leader hose from each compressor into each run tee as shown to the right. Make sure to HAND-TIGHTEN ONLY! If these fittings are over-tightened, they will leak constantly. You can tighten these with an 1/8" turn from a wrench after hand-tight. Do not tighten any further!

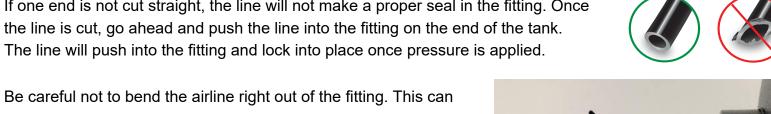
Do not use Teflon tape on the compressors fittings. They will need to thread directly into the run tee's as shown to the right.





#### Plumbing the Air Valve to the Tank

Now that the compressor's are plumbed into the tank, let's get the horns connected. Locate the roll of 1/2" air line that was supplied with your kit. Make sure both ends are cut straight/flush. If one end is not cut straight, the line will not make a proper seal in the fitting. Once the line is cut, go ahead and push the line into the fitting on the end of the tank.



cause the fitting to leak over time. Take a larger bend further away from the fitting to prevent the line from stretching the fitting out. These fittings can be re-used with the same line multiple times. If you need to remove the line, follow these steps: 2. Press plastic collar





fitting

www.hornblasters.com

support@hornblasters.com



#### **Plumbing the Valve to the Tank (Continued)**

Locate the solenoid valve for your horns. Take note of the arrow on the side of the body of the valve. This arrow must point TOWARDS your horns. If the valve is mounted with the arrow pointing towards the tank, the valve will not hold air pressure and leak instantly.

Locate two of the four 1/2" NPT x 1/2" PTC fittings that came with your kit. Plumb each fitting into the air valve. Use a wrench to tighten the fitting snug. Be careful not to apply pressure to the plastic portion of the fitting. It can break.

Grab the 1/2" line that we plumbed into the tank and route it up to this valve. Insert the line into the 1/2" fitting on the inlet portion of the valve.



#### Securing the horn to the Mounting Bracket

Locate the horn mounting bracket as we need to secure the horn to this mount before it can be plumbed to the solenoid valve. The image below shows what the hardware looks like when assembled.



Start by positioning the horn manifold over the bracket so that the four mounting holes line up. You will need the following hardware:

- 4x 3/8" Threaded Bolt
- 8x 3/8" Flat Washer
- 4x 3/8" Split Lock Washer
- 4x 3/8" Nut

Start by feeding a bolt through one of the flat washers (figure 1). Move the washer all the way up to the head of the bolt. Route the bolt/washer combo down through the horn manifold and horn bracket.

On the bottom of the bracket, feed a flat washer and split lock washer over the bolt thread. Make sure the split lock washer is on the bottom of the stack (figure 2).

Figure 1



Figure 2

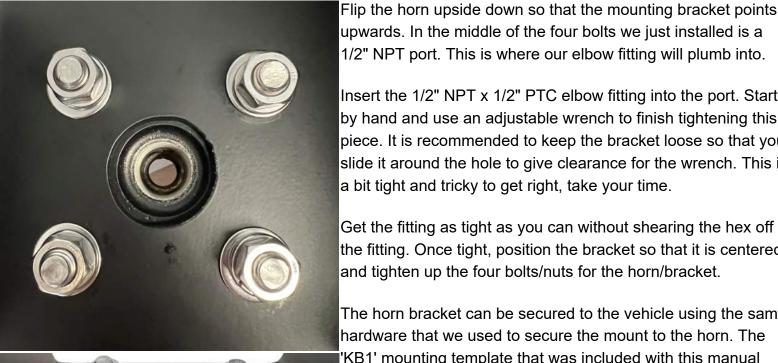


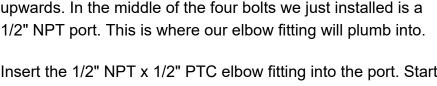
Flat washer - Split Washer - Nut

Thread the nut onto the bolt and use a 9/16" wrench to tighten it up. You will need another wrench on the bolt head to tighten the nut up later. The split lock washer will compressor when full tightened. Repeat this process for all four mounting points to secure the horn to the mounting bracket. Leave these bolts loose for now, as we still need to plumb the inlet fitting into the horn. Leaving the bracket loose makes the next step much easier.



### **Plumbing the Inlet Fitting Into the Horn**





Insert the 1/2" NPT x 1/2" PTC elbow fitting into the port. Start it by hand and use an adjustable wrench to finish tightening this piece. It is recommended to keep the bracket loose so that you slide it around the hole to give clearance for the wrench. This is a bit tight and tricky to get right, take your time.

Get the fitting as tight as you can without shearing the hex off the fitting. Once tight, position the bracket so that it is centered and tighten up the four bolts/nuts for the horn/bracket.

The horn bracket can be secured to the vehicle using the same hardware that we used to secure the mount to the horn. The 'KB1' mounting template that was included with this manual lines up with the four holes on the bracket. You can use this to drill the necessary holes on the vehicle and install the bracket.

If you source your own hardware for this install, we would recommend a minimum bolt size of 3/8" for this horn.



Once the horn has been mounted to the vehicle, you can plumb the horn to the air valve from page 11. Simply press the line into the PTC portion of the elbow fitting. Makes sure the line is routed carefully and away from any heat sources. The line will melt if it is too close to your exhaust.

Make sure the line doesn't rub against a metal surface while driving the vehicle. A small rub can lead to a blown line later on down the road. Use zip ties to secure the line so that it doesn't move around or rub when driving the vehicle.

At this point, you will need to install the electric drain valve kit and digital gauge to finish the assembly process. If you want to test the horns before installed the digital gauge, you will need to install the drain valve kit first. The tank will not build pressure without the drain valve kit installed. Take a look at page xx for the drain valve kit instructions. Once installed, you can confirm that the compressors/pressure switch/relay are wired properly.

If the compressors do not turn on when you turn the key on the first time, double-check the key-power source that was ran to the pressure switch.



+1 (877) 209-8179 Fax: +1 (813) 783-2407

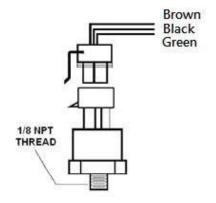
## **ELECTRIC AIR PRESSURE GAUGE**

- A Units type: Pressure Per Square Inch (PSI)
- B. Air pressure gauge display: digital type 0 ~ 200 psi; analog led 0 ~ 200 psi
- C. If pressure exceeds the display range, digital display will show psi of 200 psi
- D. If air pressure PSI is higher than 200 psi for 3 sec or more, the digital number will flash for warning
- E. LED analog indicator (there are 20 pcs of led light around the side)

0~100 psi	101~150 psi	151~200 psi
Red led x 10 pcs	Yellow led x 5 pcs	Green color x 5 pcs

#### **Function:**

- Turn on and turn off the engine: red, yellow, and green led will scan once.
- Display voltage of battery fuction: Turn ignition key to run, display battery voltage for 60 sec.
- Display fucton: Display air pressure value, number and led color will correspond.



#### **Air Pressure Sensor**

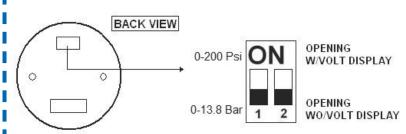
#### **Installation instructions:**

Black - air press sensor wire (black)

Green - air press sensor wire (green)

Brown - air press sensor wire (brown)

Do not over tighten sensor (12-14 ft/lbs)



Left switch up: US (psi) - <u>If your gauge only reads 10-13 PSI, it is likely set to read BAR instead.</u>

Left switch down: Metric (bar)

Right switch up: voltage display ON Right switch down: voltage display OFF

#### **Air Pressure Gauge**

#### Installation instructions:

Red - Connect to 12V Ingition Positive (Keyed Power On)

Yellow - Connect to Battery Positive (+)

Black - Connect to Ground (-) (Splits into two separate leads, ground both to the same point)

Green - Connect to air pressure sensor green wire

Brown - Connect to air pressure sensor brown wire



#### **Plumbing the Drain Valve Kit**

Locate the stainless steel 3/8" valve that was packed with your kit. The box reads 'SV-777-10'. Take a look at each port on the valve and locate the arrow. It should be directly above the female port on one side of the valve.

Take note of this arrow as it indicates the direction of flow for the valve. Go ahead and locate the roll of 3/8" DOT air line that was included with the kit, as well as the baggy containing a push button, wire, and a brass fitting.

Start by threading the 3/8" NPT x 3/8" PTC fitting into the inlet side of this solenoid valve. The outlet is the port the arrow faces towards, so this fitting will be plumbed on the port opposite the direction the arrow faces.

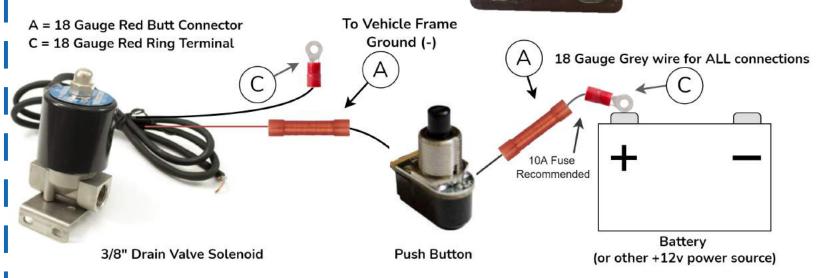
Locate the 3/8" NPT x 1/4" FNPT reducer bushing that was packed with the other drain valve components. Go ahead and thread this fitting into the outlet of the valve, or the side the arrow points towards. This will slow down the flow of air so that you don't dump all of the air through this valve.

Finally, locate the roll of 3/8" line that was packed with the drain valve components. Run this line from the elbow fitting on the bottom of the tank to the inlet side of this valve. Make sure each end of the line is cut straight and flush. (refer back to page 10)

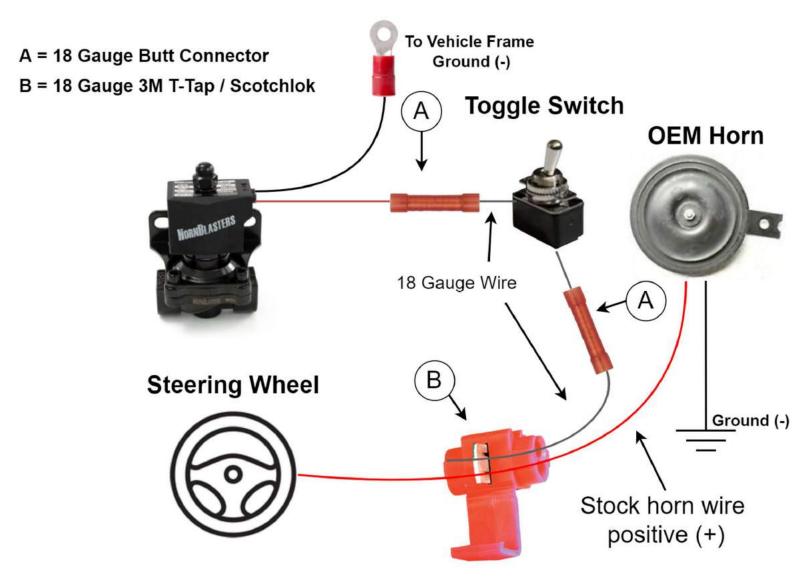




Inlet



# 18ga Wire Dage 15 Into Tank To Ignition Power Source (only on when key is on) 86 Compressor 1 Relay 1 87 85 40A Fuse **Quad Compressor Wiring Diagram** 86 Compressor 2 Relay 2 85 Pin 86 together on all 4 relays. Use 18ga wire 40A Fuse to connect <u>-</u> 86 Compressor 3 Relay 3 85 40A Fuse + 86 Compressor 4 Relay 4 87 40A Fuse



#### **Connecting the Train Horns to a Push Button**

