INSTRUCTIONS-PARTS LIST



308685K

ENG



Important Safety Instructions

Read all warnings and instructions in this manual. Save these instructions.

GM3000

GASOLINE-POWERED AIRLESS LINESTRIPER

LineLazer 3000

3000 psi (210 bar, 21 MPa) Maximum Working Pressure

Model 232650, Series A Model 233010, Series A

Patent Pending



A CAUTION

Always use a minimum hose length of 25 foot (7.5 m) 1/4 inch ID. An undersized hose may result in poor equipment performance and damage to the clutch.

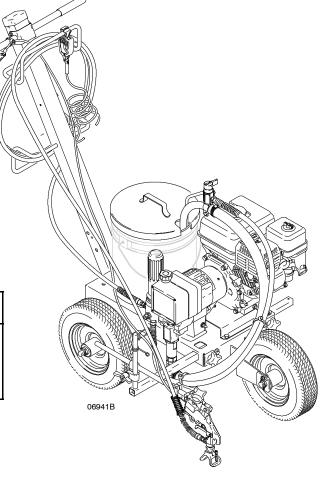




Table of Contents

. 26
. 27
. 28
. 30
. 31
. 31
. 31
. 32
. 35
. 37
. 38
. 39
. 42
43
. 43
. 44
. 44
. 44

Symbols

Warning Symbol

A WARNING

This symbol alerts you to the possibility of serious injury or death if you do not follow the instructions.

Caution Symbol



This symbol alerts you to the possibility of damage to equipment if you do not follow the instructions.

▲ WARNING



INSTRUCTIONS

EQUIPMENT MISUSE HAZARD

Equipment misuse can cause the equipment to rupture or malfunction and result in serious injury.

- This equipment is for professional use only.
- Read all instruction manuals, tags, and labels before operating the equipment.
- Use the equipment only for its intended purpose. If you are not sure, call your Graco Distributor.
- Do not alter or modify this equipment. Use only genuine Graco parts and accessories.
- Check equipment daily. Repair or replace worn or damaged parts immediately.
- Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the lowest rated system component. Refer to the Technical Data on page 43 for the maximum working pressure of this equipment.
- Use fluids and solvents which are compatible with the equipment wetted parts. Refer to the Technical Data section of all equipment manuals. Read the fluid and solvent manufacturer's warnings.
- Do not use hoses to pull equipment.
- Route hoses away from traffic areas, sharp edges, moving parts, and hot surfaces. Do not expose
 Graco hoses to temperatures above 82°C (180°F) or below -40°C (-40°F).
- Do not lift pressurized equipment.
- Comply with all applicable local, state, and national fire, electrical, and safety regulations.
- Wear hearing protection when operating this equipment.
- Do not use 1,1,1-trichloroethane, methylene chloride, other halogenated hydrocarbon solvents or fluids containing such solvents in pressurized aluminum equipment. Such use could result in a chemical reaction, with the possibility of explosion.

A WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

Spray from the gun, leaks or ruptured components can inject fluid into your body and cause extremely serious injury, including the need for amputation. Fluid splashed in the eyes or on the skin can also cause serious injury.

- Fluid injected into the skin may look like just a cut, but it is a serious injury. Get immediate medical attention.
- Do not point the gun at anyone or at any part of the body.
- Do not put your hand or fingers over the spray tip.
- Do not stop or deflect leaks with your hand, body, glove or rag.
- Do not "blow back" fluid; this is not an air spray system.
- Always have the tip guard and the trigger guard on the gun when spraying.
- Check the gun diffuser operation weekly. Refer to the gun manual.
- Be sure the gun trigger safety operates before spraying.
- Lock the gun trigger safety when you stop spraying.
- Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure on page 17 if the spray tip clogs and before cleaning, checking or servicing the equipment.
- Tighten all fluid connections before operating the equipment.
- Disconnect gun trigger cable before servicing spray gun.
- Check the hoses, tubes, and couplings daily. Replace worn or damaged parts immediately. Do not repair high pressure couplings; you must replace the entire hose.
- Fluid hoses must have spring guards on both ends, to help protect them from rupture caused by kinks or bends near the couplings.



TOXIC FLUID HAZARD

Hazardous fluid or toxic fumes can cause serious injury or death if splashed in the eyes or on the skin, inhaled, or swallowed.

- Know the specific hazards of the fluid you are using.
- Store hazardous fluid in an approved container. Dispose of hazardous fluid according to all local, state and national guidelines.
- Always wear protective eyewear, gloves, clothing and respirator as recommended by the fluid and solvent manufacturer.



FUEL HAZARD

The fuel used in this unit is combustible and when spilled on a hot surface can ignite and cause a fire.

Do not fill the fuel tank while the engine is running or hot.



EXHAUST HAZARD

The exhaust contains poisonous carbon dioxide which is colorless and odorless.

• Do not operate this equipment in a closed building.

WARNING



FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD



Improper grounding, poor ventilation, open flames or sparks can cause a hazardous condition and result in a fire or explosion and serious injury.

- If there is any static sparking or you feel an electric shock while using this equipment, stop spraying immediately. Do not use the equipment until you identify and correct the problem.
- Provide fresh air ventilation to avoid the buildup of flammable fumes from solvents or the fluid being sprayed.
- Keep the spray area free of debris, including solvent, rags, and gasoline.
- Disconnect all electrical equipment in the spray area.
- Extinguish all open flames or pilot lights in the spray area.
- Do not smoke in the spray area.
- Do not turn on or off any light switch in the spray area while operating or if fumes are present.
- Do not operate a gasoline engine in the spray area.
- Ground the sprayer to a true earth ground with the ground wire and clamp (supplied).
- Use only electrically conductive hoses.



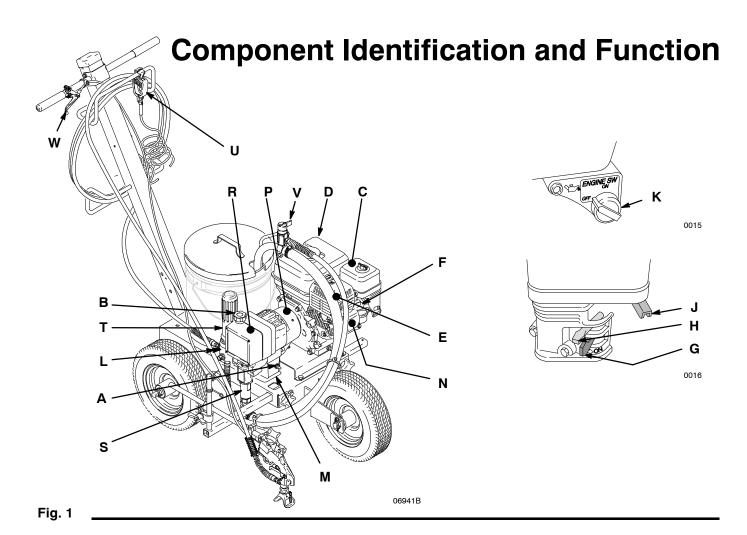
MOVING PARTS HAZARD

Moving parts can pinch or amputate your fingers.

- Keep clear of all moving parts when starting or operating the sprayer.
- Before servicing the equipment, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 17 to prevent the equipment from starting unexpectedly.

NOTE: This is an example of the DANGER label on your sprayer. This label is available in other languages, free of charge. See page 37 to order.

DANGER **FIRE AND** SKIN INJECTION **EXPLOSION HAZARD HAZARD** Spray painting, flushing or cleaning equipment with flammable Liquids can be injected into the body by high pressure airless liquids in confined areas can result in fire or explosion. spray or leaks - especially hose leaks. Use outdoors or in extremely well ventilated areas. Ground Keep body clear of the nozzle. Never stop leaks with any part of the equipment, hoses, containers and objects being sprayed. body. Drain all pressure before removing parts. Avoid accidental triggering of gun by always setting safety latch when not spraying. Avoid all ignition sources such as static electricity from plastic drop cloths, open flames such as pilot lights, hot objects such as Never spray without a tip guard. cigarettes, arcs from connecting or disconnecting power cords In case of accidental skin injection, seek immediate or turning light switches on and off. "Surgical Treatment". Failure to follow this warning can result in death or serious injury. Failure to follow this warning can result in amputation or serious injury. READ AND UNDERSTAND ALL LABELS AND INSTRUCTION MANUALS BEFORE USE



_	Pressure Control Switch	ON/OFF anables/disables slutch function
Α		ON/OFF, enables/disables clutch function
В	Pressure Adjusting Knob	Controls fluid outlet pressure
С	Air Cleaner*	Filters air entering the carburetor
D	Fuel Tank*	Holds 0.66 gallons (2.5 liters) of [(R+M)/2]; 86 octane gasoline
Е	Muffler*	Reduces noise of internal combustion
F	Spark Plug Cable*	Routes electrical current to spark plug
G	Fuel Valve*	On/off valve to regulate fuel flow from gasoline tank to carburetor
Н	Choke*	Enriches air/gasoline mixture for cold starting
J	Throttle*	Adjusts engine speed for large or small orifice spray tips
K	Engine Switch*	Enables/disables engine operation
L	Fluid Outlet	Hose and spray gun are connected here
М	Pressure Control	Controls clutch cycling to maintain fluid pressure.
N	Engine*	4.0 HP gasoline engine
Р	Clutch	Transfers power from engine to drive assembly
R	Drive Assembly	Transfers power from clutch to displacement pump
S	Displacement Pump	Provides fluid to be sprayed through spray gun
Т	Fluid Filter	Filters fluid between source and spray gun
U	Grounding Clamp and Wire	Grounds sprayer system
٧	Pressure Drain Valve	Relieves fluid pressure when open
W	Spray Gun Actuator Handle	Turns spray gun on and off.
*	For more detailed explanations of	these controls, refer to the Honda engine manual; supplied

Setup

A CAUTION

To avoid damaging the pressure control, which may result in poor equipment performance and component damage, follow these precautions.

- Always use nylon spray hose. Never use a wire braid hose; it is too rigid to act as a pulsation dampener.
- 2. Always use a minimum hose length of 25 foot (7.5 m) x 1/4 inch ID or 25 foot (7.5 m) x 3/8 inch ID hose.
- 3. Never install any shutoff device between the filter (120) and the main hose. See Fig. 2.
- 1. Connect hose and gun. (Refer to Fig. 2.)
 - a. Remove the plastic cap from the 1/4 npsm (m) filter outlet nipple (A). Screw the main fluid hose onto the nipple. Read the CAUTION, above.
 - b. Connect the hose between the main fluid hose and the inlet adapter of the gun.
 - c. Do not use thread sealant, and do not install the spray tip yet!

A WARNING

If you replace your hoses and spray gun, be sure the hoses are electrically conductive, that the gun has a tip guard, and that each part is rated for at least 3000 psi (207 bar, 21 MPa) Maximum Working Pressure. This is to reduce the risk of serious injury caused by static sparking, fluid injection or over-pressurization and rupture of the hose or gun.

- Fill packing nut/wetcup. Fill the packing nut/wetcup (B) 1/3 full with Graco Throat Seal Liquid (TSL), supplied. See Fig. 2.
- Check the engine oil level. Refer to the Honda engine manual, supplied. This is a summary of the information: Remove one of the oil fill plugs (M); the oil should be almost overflowing. See Fig. 3. Add oil as necessary.

Recommended lubrication oil: Use a high-quality, detergent oil, SAE 10W-30, classified "FOR SERVICE SG or SF", for regular use and for breaking-in a new engine.

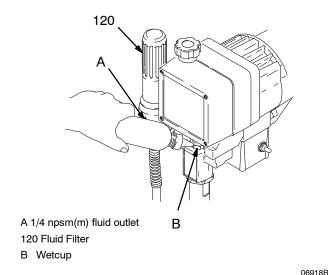
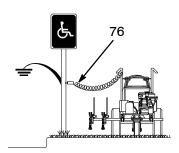


Fig. 2 _____

Setup

4. GROUNDING. Be sure your system is properly grounded before flushing or fueling it. Connect the sprayer to a true earth ground with the grounding wire and clamp (76); for example, a cold water pipe, a metal fence post or a metal rod driven into the earth. A typical sprayer grounding is shown below.



- 5. Fill the gas tank. See Fueling, page 8.
- Flush the pump to remove the lightweight oil which was left in the pump to protect it from corrosion.
 - Before using water-base paint, flush with mineral spirits, followed by soapy water, and then flush with clean water.
 - b. Before using oil-base paint, flush with mineral spirits, only.
 - c. See **Flushing** on page 17 for the flushing procedure.
- 7. **Prepare the paint** according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
 - a. Remove any skin that may have formed.
 - b. Stir the paint to mix the pigments.
 - Strain the paint through a fine nylon mesh bag (available at most paint dealers) to remove the particles that could clog the filter or spray tip. This is probably the most important step toward trouble-free spraying.

A CAUTION

Close the black fuel shutoff lever whenever you are transporting the sprayer to prevent fuel from flooding the engine.

Keep the sprayer upright and level when operating it and when transporting it. This prevents crankcase oil from leaking into the combustion chamber, which makes startup very difficult.

8. **Keep the sprayer upright and level** during operation and whenever it is being transported. Set the fuel valve (G, Fig.1) to OFF.

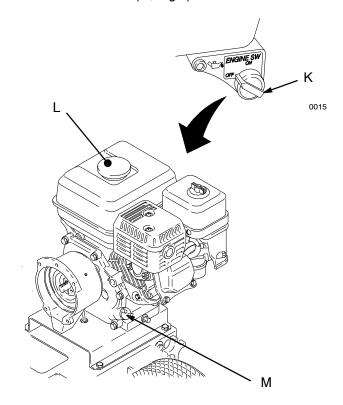


Fig. 3 06919B

Fueling

A WARNING



FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

Gasoline is extremely flammable and explosive under certain conditions.



Always turn the engine switch (K) to off before refueling. (Fig. 3)

Refuel in a well-ventilated area.

Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in the area where the engine is refueled or where the gasoline is stored.

Do not overfill the tank. Make sure the gas fill cap (L) is securely closed after refueling. (Fig. 3)

Be careful not to spill fuel when fueling. Fuel vapor or spilled fuel can ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.

 Fuel specifications. Use automotive gasoline with a pump octane number of 86 or higher, or a research octane number of 91 or higher. Unleaded fuel minimizes the combustion chamber deposits. Gasolines containing alcohol (gasohol). Do not use gasohol which contains methanol, if the gasohol does not contain cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors for methanol. Even if it does contain such additives, do not use the gasohol if it contains more than 5% methanol or 10 % ethanol.

NOTE: The Honda engine warranty does not cover the damage resulting from the use of gasolines containing a higher percentage of alcohol than mentioned in step 2. See the Honda engine manual for more information.

- General. Do not use any oil and gasoline mixtures or contaminated gasoline. Avoid getting any dirt, dust or water in the fuel tank.
- 4. **Tank Capacity.** 0.66 gallons (2.5 liters). Always leave at least 1/2 in. (13 mm) at the top of the tank for expansion.
- 5. Shut off and cool the engine before refueling (Fig 3).
- 6. After refueling, tighten the fuel tank cap firmly.

Startup

Before You Start the LineLazer

- 1. **See Flushing** on page 17 to determine if you should flush the LineLazer.
- 2. Be sure the gas tank is full.
- 3. Check the engine oil level.

NOTE: The engine stops automatically, or will not start, if it is low on oil. Refer to the oil fill procedure in the Honda engine manual or to step 3, page 6.

4. Be sure the spark plug cable is firmly pushed onto the plug.

Starting the LineLazer

NOTE: Refer to Fig. 1 as you start the sprayer.

- 1. When starting a sprayer that IS NOT PRIMED, remove the spray tip.
- 2. Place the suction tube into the paint, water or solvent container, depending on whether you are flushing or are ready to spray.
- Detach pressure drain valve (V, Fig. 1) from suction tube and place pressure valve drain tube in another bucket.
- 4. **Open the black fuel shutoff lever** by pushing it in the direction of the arrow.

A CAUTION

Never try to start the engine unless fluid pressure is relieved and the pressure control switch is OFF. Trying to start the engine when it is pressurized could damage the recoil system.

5. Move the pressure control switch to OFF.

6. To start the engine:

- Turn the pressure adjusting knob all the way counterclockwise to the lowest pressure setting.
- b. Slide the metal throttle lever away from the fuel tank to maximum position (fully left).
- c. If the engine is cold, close the choke by moving the gray lever to full choke.
- d. If the engine is warm, close the choke by moving the gray lever only half way or not at
- e. Turn the engine switch to ON.

A WARNING



MOVING PARTS HAZARD

A rope which recoils too quickly may hit someone and cause serious injury. The rope could also jam in recoil assembly.

- f. Hold the frame of the sprayer with one hand and pull the starter rope rapidly and firmly. Continue holding the rope as you let it return. Pull and return the rope until the engine starts.
- g. Open the choke as soon as the engine starts, except in cold weather. In cold weather, leave the choke closed for 10 to 30 seconds before opening it to keep the engine running.
- 7. Unlock the gun trigger safety.
- 8. Release the trigger cable and engage the gun trigger safety latch.
- 9. Remove the gun from the holder by unscrewing the gun holder knob and lifting out the gun.

Startup

10. Prime the pump:

- Place the suction tube in the bucket of paint, water, or solvent.
- Detach pressure drain valve (V, Fig. 1) from suction tube and place pressure valve drain tube in another bucket.
- c. Open the pressure drain valve.
- d. Set engine speed to idle.

WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

Operating sprayer with the pressure drain tube plugged will cause a back pressure that may rupture the tube. Sprayed fluid from the ruptured drain tube may cause serious injury from splashing fluid into the eyes and/or skin injection.

- e. Check that the drain tube is clear. Clean and/ or replace as necessary.
- f. Move the pressure control switch to ON. Turn the pressure adjusting knob slowly until the pump starts.
- g. Run the pump until fluid is flowing smoothly from the pressure drain valve tube, indicating the pump is primed.
- h. Move the pressure control switch to OFF.

- If the pump was primed with water or solvent, remove the suction tube from the water or solvent and place it in the paint. Repeat steps c. through g. until paint flows from the pressure drain valve tube.
- j. Close the pressure drain valve.

11. When the pump is primed:

- a. Remove the spray tip.
- Set the engine speed to maximum.
- Move the pressure control switch to ON. Turn the pressure adjusting knob slowly until the pump starts.
- d. Unlock the gun trigger safety.
- e. Trigger the gun into the pail until fluid flows from the gun. If pumping solvent or solvent-based paint, hold a metal part of the gun firmly against a grounded metal pail.
- f. Release the gun trigger and lock the gun trigger safety.
- g. Move the pressure control switch to OFF.
- h. Relieve pressure by opening the pressure drain valve.
- Close the pressure drain valve.

A WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury from fluid injection, never operate the spray gun with the tip guard removed.

Startup

12. **Install the spray tip in the gun.** Sprayer is supplied with tip LL5317. For additional applications, use the tip selection table as follows:

LineLazer Tip Selection Table

Tip Size	Line Width	Used For
286211*	2 inches	Sport court - light film build
LL5213*	2 inches	Sport court - heavy film build
LL5215*	4 inches	Alkyd paints only - light film build
LL5217	4 inches	Alkyd paints only - medium film build
LL5219	4 inches	Alkyd paints only - heavy film build
LL5315	4 inches	Most traffic paints - light film build
LL5317	4 inches	Most traffic paints - medium film build
LL5319	4 inches	Most traffic paints - medium film build
LL5321	4 inches	Most traffic paints - heavy film build
LL5323	4 inches	Most traffic paints - heavy film build
LL5417#	4 - 8 inches	All paints and high solids traffic paints - light film build
LL5419#	4 - 8 inches	All paints and high solids traffic paints - medium film build
LL5421#	4 - 8 inches	All paints and high solids traffic paints - heavy film build
LL5621	8 - 12 inches	All traffic paints - light film build
LL5623	8 - 12 inches	All traffic paints - medium film build
LL5625	8 - 12 inches	All traffic paints - medium film build
LL5627	8 - 12 inches	All traffic paints - heavy film build

^{*} May require 100 mesh filter to minimize tip plugging.

- 13. Place the gun in the gun holder. Secure the gun in the holder by screwing down the gun holder knob.
- 14. Engage the gun trigger safety latch and set the trigger cable.
- 15. Move the pressure control switch to ON.

A CAUTION

Always use the lowest needed fluid pressure and the lowest needed throttle setting, to increase the life of the sprayer. Higher settings cause excessive clutch cycling, premature tip wear and premature pump wear.

Close the black fuel shutoff lever whenever you are transporting the sprayer to prevent fuel from flooding the engine.

Keep the sprayer upright and level when operating it and when transporting it. This prevents crankcase oil from leaking into the combustion chamber, which makes startup very difficult. 16. Adjust the engine speed and pump pressure. Unlock the gun trigger safety. Trigger the gun onto a test paper to check spray pattern and atomization. Turn pressure adjusting knob until you get a good pattern. Slowly lower the throttle setting as far as you can without changing the spray pattern.

A CAUTION

Operating the sprayer with the pump not primed can lead to premature packing wear and/or damage to the pump.

Loss of Prime to Pump

Introduction of air into the pump, either by changing fluids or due to a suction leak, may result in the loss of prime to the pump. If the pump loses prime, no fluid is pumped.

To prime the pump, relieve the pressure on the system by opening the drain valve and following the instruction on **Prime the pump**, page 10.

[#] Best for cold weather applications.

Spray Techniques

These spray techniques discuss how to use and adjust the features of the LineLazer. You must also consider operator technique, job site conditions and weather.

- Use water rather than paint to practice spraying technique and positioning the gun. Slight readjustment may be required when switching from water to paint.
- Be sure the RAC IV Tip Guard is always parallel to the ground and the "wings" of the spray tip guard face the front and back of the unit, as shown in Fig. 4.

A WARNING

To reduce the risk of a fluid injection injury, always disengage the remote trigger cable to the gun and engage the gun trigger safety latch before moving or adjusting the spray tip guard, gun, or gun arm.

- 3. Use the lowest pressure necessary for good atomization. High pressure may cause excessive paint buildup and overspray.
- 4. Start moving the LineLazer before triggering the gun to prevent a build up of paint at the beginning of the line. Release the trigger a second before stopping the LineLazer. Move at an even rate of speed.
- 5. Always check your gun adjustments on cardboard or paper before starting each job. When painting curbs, paint first in an area that is less frequently seen.
- Keep in mind that many factors affect the straightness of a line, including uneven surfaces, potholes, rocks and other debris and a clogged or worn spray tip. See manual 308235 for how to clear or change a spray tip.

- To minimize the effect of bumps on the spray pattern, keep the spray tip guard centered with the front wheel axis.
- 8. The spray tip size and the rate at which you move the unit affect the coating thickness. Generally, the faster you move the unit, the larger the spray tip orifice should be. The fan width of the spray tip indicates approximately how wide the line will be.
- 9. Position the gun to suit your requirements. See the section below and pages 13 to 14.
- 10. Traffic paints may be formulated for air spray, airless spray or have no formulation description. Generally, air spray formulas are pre-thinned, and will work well in the LineLazer, but there may be more overspray. Non-air spray formulas tend to deliver more lineal feet of line per gallon with less overspray, since they are less easily absorbed into the pavement.
- 11. If you use fast-drying traffic paint on a hot day, float compatible solvent on top of the paint to prevent skin from forming on it.

Line Width Adjustment

Several factors affect line width: vertical distance of the spray tip to the spraying surface, spray tip fan pattern, paint pressure, and a worn or clogged spray tip.

The typical conditions for a 4 in. wide line are: 317 size LineLazer Tip (supplied), the gun positioned one inch from the lowest vertical position, and just enough pressure to atomize the paint. Depending on the fan pattern of the spray tip, the gun can paint 2 to 12 in. wide lines.

<u>To decrease line width</u>, lower the gun (if possible) or use a tip with a narrower fan pattern.

<u>To increase line width</u>, raise the gun, or use a tip with a wider fan pattern.

Positioning the Gun Arm Assembly

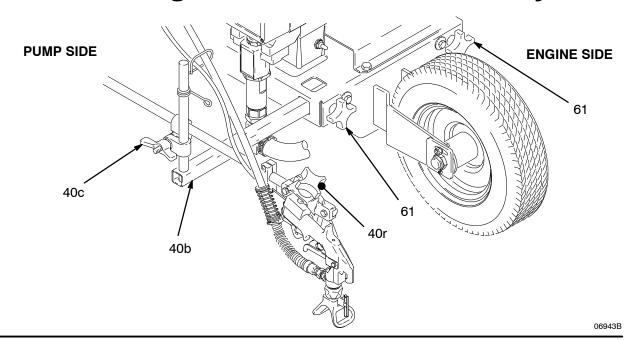


Fig. 4

The gun arm can be positioned for a variety of spraying needs. The drawings on page 14 show the gun mounted on the pump side of the Linestriper. However, the gun may be mounted on the engine side.

Whenever You Move the Gun

A CAUTION

Do not kink the cable, which could prevent it from properly triggering and untriggering the gun.

Disengage the trigger cable and engage the gun trigger safety latch first. Do not kink the trigger cables. Pull out more of the 25 (7.5 m) ft. hose, if necessary.

After moving the gun, reposition the spray tip guard so it is parallel to the ground and its "wings" face the front and back of the unit. Disengage the gun trigger safety latch and engage the trigger cable.

Vertical Position of the Gun

Loosen the arm clamp (40c) and move the gun up or down. Tighten the clamp. Engage the trigger cable.

Horizontal Position of the Gun

Loosen the knobs and slide the gun support bracket (40b) in or out, so the gun will be outside the tire path. Tighten the knobs.

Mount Gun on the Engine Side of the Cart

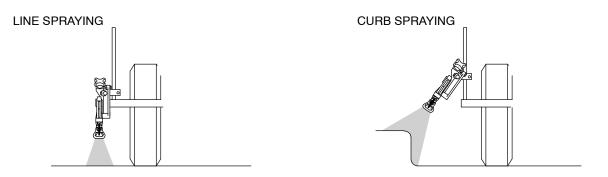
1. Disengage the trigger cable and engage the gun trigger safety latch.

- 2. Loosen the gun holder knob (40r) and remove the gun. Lay the gun out of the way.
- 3. Loosen the knobs (61) and slide the gun support bracket (40b) out.
- 4. Slide the gun support bracket (40b) in from the engine side and tighten knobs (61, making sure not to kink the cable or hose.
- 5. Loosen the arm support clamp (40c) and slide the gun forward. Retighten the clamp.
- Install the gun. Route the hose and cable to prevent kinking. Position the spray tip guard. Disengage the gun trigger safety latch. Engage the trigger cable.

Remount Gun on the Pump Side of the Cart

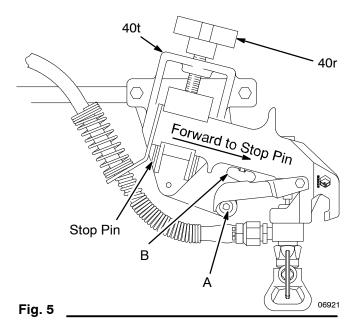
- Disengage the trigger cable and engage the trigger safety latch.
- 2. Loosen the gun holder knob (40r) and remove the gun. Lay the gun out of the way.
- 3. Loosen the knobs (61) and slide the gun support bracket (40b) out.
- 4. Slide the gun support bracket (40b) in from the pump side and tighten knobs (61), making sure not to kink the cable or hose.
- 5. Loosen the arm support clamp (40c) and slide the gun forward. Retighten the clamp.
- 6. Install the gun. Route the hose and cable to prevent kinking. Position the spray tip guard. Disengage the gun trigger safety latch. Engage the trigger cable.

Gun Arm Positions



How To Mount the Gun

- Relieve pressure. See page 17.
- Disengage the trigger cable. See page 14. Engage the gun's trigger safety latch (B).
- 3. Loosen the gun holder knob (40r).
- 4. Position the gun so the gun trigger is resting on the remote trigger lever (A) and the stop pin.
- 5. Be sure that the gun is mounted straight and then tighten the knob (40r) firmly.
- 6. Disengage the gun safety latch. Engage the trigger cable. See page 15.



How to Release the Gun Selector Cable

06920

WARNING

The gun is remotely triggered with a gun selector on the handle bar.

To reduce the risk of an injection injury due to remotely triggering the gun by accident, always disengage the trigger cable from the block before handling the gun. See Fig. 6, DETAIL A, . **The gun will trigger briefly when releasing the cable!** Before you remove the gun from the holder, engage the gun trigger safety latch.

- To disengage the cable, grasp the cable (40a) just behind the block (40n). Pull the cable back about 1/2 inch (13 mm) and then up and out of the block. The gun will trigger briefly! See Fig. 6.
- To engage the cable, slide the cable (1) into the block (48), making sure the end of the cable jacket seats firmly in the seat of the block. The gun will trigger briefly! See Fig. 6.

A CAUTION

Keep the seat in the gun cable block (40n) and the end of the cable jacket clean at all times to be sure the cable functions properly.

A CAUTION

A loose cable prevents the gun from being fully triggered causing premature wear of the gun needle. A tight cable prevents the gun from being fully untriggered resulting in dripping and premature tip wear. Follow **Trigger cable tension adjustment**, page 15.

How To Mount the Gun

Trigger Cable Tension Adjustment See Fig. 6

- 1. Relieve pressure. See page 17.
- 2. Be sure the gun is properly mounted in the holder as instructed on page 14.
- 3. Pull the actuator lever (40s) forward and hold it. Lift up on the gun trigger (A) until there is <u>slight</u> resistance. Visually check to see if there is about 1/32 to 1/16 in. gap between the trigger lever (B) and where the gun trigger touches the bar.
- 4. To adjust the tension, loosen the screw (C) in the block (40n). Slide the block forward to increase the gap and backward to decrease the gap. Tighten the screw.
- 5. Recheck the gap and adjust as needed.

A CAUTION

Do not allow the cable (40a) to rub against the outside edges of the slot (H) in the block (40n), to prevent premature wear of the cable. Rotate the block slightly to eliminate rubbing. See Fig. 6, DETAIL A.

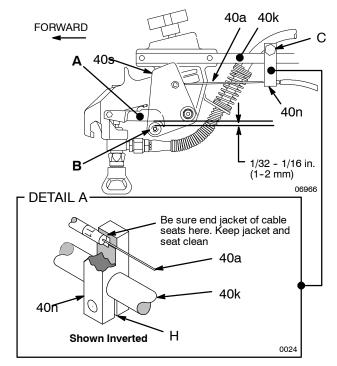


Fig. 6

Maintenance

WARNING

INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the **Pressure Relief**

Procedure on page 17.

DAILY: Check the engine oil level and fill as neces-

sary.

DAILY: Check and fill the gas tank.

AFTER THE FIRST 20 HOURS OF OPERATION:

Drain the oil and refill with clean oil.

WEEKLY: Remove the cover of the air filter and clean the element. Replace the element, if necessary. If operating in an unusually dusty environment, check the filter daily and replace it, if necessary.

Replacement elements may be purchased from your local Honda dealer.

A CAUTION

For detailed engine maintenance and specifications, refer to the separate engine manual, supplied.

WEEKLY: Check the level of the TSL in the displacement pump packing nut. Fill the nut, if necessary. Keep TSL in the nut to help prevent fluid buildup on the piston rod and premature wear of the packings.

MONTHLY: Remove the front cover (9) and fill the cavity in the connecting rod with non-detergent motor oil 1/4 in. below the surface. See Fig. 7.

AFTER EACH 100 HOURS OF OPERATION:

Change the oil. Refer to the engine manual for additional maintenance instructions.

SPARK PLUG: Use only an (NGK) BPR6ES or a (NIPPONDENSO) W20EPR-U plug. Gap the plug to 0.028 to 0.031 inch (0.7 to 0.8 mm). Use a spark plug wrench when installing and removing the plug.

06922B

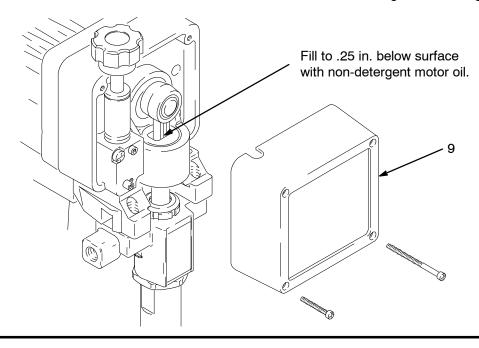


Fig. 7

Pressure Relief Procedure

A WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

The system pressure must be manually relieved to prevent the system from starting or spraying accidentally. Fluid

under high pressure can be injected through the skin and cause serious injury. To reduce the risk of an injury from injection, splashing fluid, or moving parts, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** whenever you:

- are instructed to relieve the pressure,
- stop spraying,
- check or service any of the system equipment,
- install or clean the spray tip.

- 1. Engage the gun safety latch.
- Turn the engine switch to OFF.
- Move the pressure control ON/OFF switch to OFF.
- Disengage the gun safety latch. Hold a metal part of the gun firmly to a grounded metal pail. Trigger the gun to relieve pressure.
- 5. Engage the gun safety latch.
- Open the pressure drain valve. Leave the pressure drain valve open until you are ready to spray again.
- 7. Disconnect the spark plug cable.

If you suspect that the spray tip or hose is completely clogged, or that pressure has not been fully relieved after following the steps above, VERY SLOWLY loosen the tip guard retaining nut or hose end coupling to relieve the pressure gradually, then loosen completely. Now clear the tip or hose.

Flushing

When to Flush

 New Sprayer. This sprayer was factory tested in lightweight oil, which was left in to protect the pump parts.

Before using water-base paint, flush with mineral spirits, followed by a soapy water flush, and then a clean water flush.

Before using oil-base paint, flush with mineral spirits.

- 2. <u>Changing Colors.</u> Flush with a compatible solvent such as mineral spirits or water.
- 3. <u>Changing from water-base to oil-base paint.</u> Flush with warm, soapy water, then mineral spirits.
- 4. Changing from oil-base to water-base paint. Flush with mineral spirits, followed by warm, soapy water, and then a clean water flush.

A CAUTION

To prevent pump corrosion or damage to pump components, never leave water or any type of paint in the sprayer when it is not in use. Pump the water or the paint out with mineral spirits.

5. Storage.

Water base paint: flush with water, then mineral spirits and leave the pump, hose and gun filled with mineral spirits. Set the ENGINE SW (K) to OFF, remove the spark plug cable, and open the pressure drain valve to relieve the pressure. Leave the drain valve open.

Oil base paint: flush with mineral spirits and leave the pump, hose and gun filled with mineral spirits. Shut off the sprayer, remove the spark plug cable, and open the pressure drain valve to relieve the pressure. Leave the drain valve open.

6. Startup after storage

Follow the **Startup** procedures on page 9.

Before using water-base paint, flush out the mineral spirits with soapy water, and then with clean water.

When using oil-based paint, flush out the mineral spirits with the paint to be sprayed.

Flushing

How to Flush

A CAUTION

When changing fluids, do not drain all of the first fluid from the suction tube before inserting the suction tube into another fluid. Not doing so may introduce excessive air into the pump and cause the pump to lose prime.

After moving the suction tube to a new fluid, pump the first fluid and any trapped air, out through the drain valve and into another pail before beginning to pump the new fluid to the gun.

NOTE: The word solvent refers to water or oil-based solvent.

- 1. Follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure**, page 17.
- Remove the filter bowl and screen; see instruction manual 307273, supplied. Install the bowl and support, without the screen, to flush. Clean the screen separately.
- 3. Close the pressure drain valve.
- 4. Put the suction tube in a grounded pail of solvent.
- 5. Remove the spray tip from the gun.

A WARNING

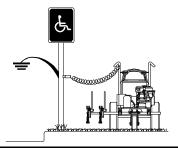


FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD

To reduce static sparking and splashing, always remove the spray tip from the gun, and hold a metal part of the gun

firmly to the side of a grounded metal pail when flushing.

Ground the sprayer to a true earth ground with the ground wire and clamp (supplied). Typical sprayer grounding is shown below.



Follow **Startup** on page 9. Keep the gun triggered until clean solvent comes from the nozzle.
 Release the trigger and lock the gun trigger safety.

A CAUTION

Operation with the pump not primed can lead to premature packing wear and damage to the pump.

- Check all fluid connections for leaks. Relieve the pressure before tightening any connections. Start the sprayer. Recheck the connections for leaks.
- Remove the suction tube from the solvent pail.
 Unlock the gun trigger safety. Trigger the gun to
 force solvent from the hose. Do not let the pump
 run dry for more than 30 seconds, to avoid damag ing the pump packings. Relieve the pressure.
- 9. Unscrew the filter bowl and reinstall the clean screen. Reinstall the bowl, hand tight only.
- 10. Follow Storage or Changing Colors, on page 17. Relieve the pressure.

Troubleshooting

WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 17.

Check everything in the chart before disassembling the sprayer. See pages 40 through 43 for description of referenced parts

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION		
The engine or sprayer won't	The engine switch is not on.	Turn on the switch.		
start.	The engine is out of gas.	Refill the gas tank. See page 8.		
	The engine oil level is low.	Try to start the engine. Replenish the oil, if necessary. See Step 3, page 6.		
	The spark plug cable is disconnected or it is damaged	Reconnect the spark plug cable or replace the spark plug.		
	There is frozen water in the sprayer.	Allow the sprayer to thaw completely before starting it.		
The engine won't "pull over". Oil is seeping into the combustion chambe		Remove the spark plug. Pull the starter rope 3 or 4 times. Clean or replace the plug. Try to start the engine. Keep the sprayer upright to avoid oil seepage.		
The engine operates, but the displacement pump does not	The pressure control switch is turned off.	Turn on the switch.		
operate.	The pressure setting is too low.	Turn the pressure adjusting knob clockwise to increase pressure.		
	The fluid filter (120) is dirty.	Clean the filter. See page 18.		
	The tip or the tip filter is clogged.	Clean the tip or the tip filter. See the gun instruction manual.		
	The displacement-pump rod is stuck due to dried paint.	Repair the pump. See page 35.		
	The connecting rod is worn or damaged.	Replace the connecting rod. See page 21.		
	The drive housing is worn or damaged.	Replace the drive housing. See page 21.		
	The electrical power is not energizing the field.	Check the wiring connections. See page 30.		
		With the pressure control switch turned on and the pressure turned to maximum, use a test light to check the power at the black and white wires from the pressure control.		
		Have the pressure control checked by an authorized Graco dealer.		
	The clutch is worn, damaged, or incorrectly positioned.	Replace the clutch. See page 28.		
	The pinion assembly is worn or damaged.	Repair or replace the pinion assembly. See page 26.		

Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION	
The pump output is low on the upstroke.	The inlet screen (86) is clogged.	Clean the screen.	
the upstroke.	A piston ball (121) is not seating.	Service the piston ball-check. See page 35.	
	The piston packings are worn or damaged.	Replace the packings. See page 35.	
	An o-ring (119) in the displacement pump is worn or damaged.	Replace the o-ring. See page 35.	
The output of the pump is low on the downstroke or on	The inlet screen (86) is clogged.	Clean the screen.	
both of the strokes.	The piston packings are worn or damaged.	Replace the packings. See page 35.	
	An intake valve ball is not seating properly.	Clean the intake valve. See page 35.	
	The engine speed is too low.	Increase the throttle setting. See Step 16, page 11.	
	The clutch is worn or damaged.	Replace the clutch. See page 28.	
The paint leaks into the wetcup.	The wetcup is loose.	Tighten the wetcup just enough to stop leakage.	
	The throat packings is worn or damaged.	Replace the packings. See page 35.	
	A displacement rod is worn or damaged.	Replace the rod. See page 35.	
The fluid delivery is low.	The inlet screen (86) is clogged.	Clean the screen.	
	The pressure setting is too low.	Increase the pressure. See Step 16, page 11.	
	The engine speed is too low.	Increase the throttle setting. See Step 16, page11.	
	The fluid filter (120), the tip filter or the tip is clogged or dirty.	Clean the filter. See page 18. Or, see the gun instruction manual.	
	There is a large pressure drop in the hose.	Use a larger diameter hose.	
Fluid is spitting from the gun.	There is air in the pump or the hose.	Check and tighten all the fluid connections. Reprime the pump. See page 10.	
	The tip is partially clogged.	Clear the tip. See the gun instruction manual.	
	The fluid supply is low or empty.	Refill the fluid supply. Prime the pump. See page 9. Check the fluid supply often to prevent running the pump dry.	
The pump is difficult to prime.	There is air in the pump or the hose.	Check and tighten all the fluid connections.	
		Reduce the engine speed and cycle the pump as slowly as possible during priming.	
	The intake valve is leaking.	Clean the intake valve. Be sure ball seat is not nicked or worn and that the ball seats well. Reassemble the valve.	
	The pump packings are worn.	Replace the pump packings. See page 35.	
	The paint is too thick.	Thin the paint according to the supplier's recommendations.	
	The engine speed is too high.	Decrease the throttle setting before priming the pump. See Step 16, page 11.	

Drive Housing, Connecting Rod, Crankshaft

A WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 17.

Removal

NOTE: Inspect parts as they are removed. Replace parts that are worn or damaged.

- 1. Remove the displacement pump. See page 35.
- 2. Remove the pressure control (25). See page 23.
- 3. Remove the three drive housing screws and lock washers (15, 16). See Fig. 8 on page 22.
- 4. Remove the two pinion housing screws (69) and lock washers (16). See Fig. 8 on page 22.
- 5. Tap the lower rear of the drive housing (6) with a plastic mallet to loosen the drive housing. Pull the drive housing straight off the pinion housing.

A CAUTION

Do not allow the gear (19) to fall; it may stay attached to the drive housing or to the pinion housing.

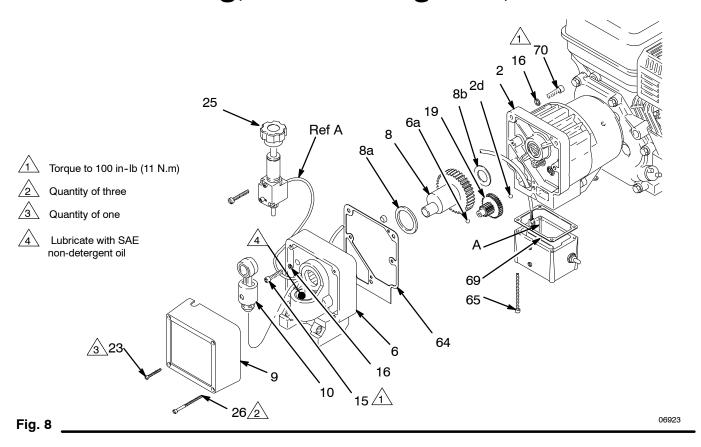
Do not lose the thrust balls (6a and 2d) or let them fall between the gears, which will damage the drive housing if not removed. The balls, which are heavily covered with grease, usually stay in the housing recesses, but could be dislodged. If the balls are not in place, the bearings will wear prematurely.

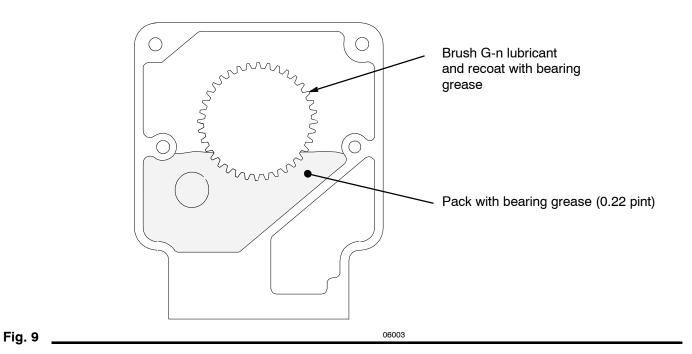
6. Remove and inspect the crankshaft (8) and the connecting rod (10).

Installation

- Lubricate the inside of the drive housing bronze bearing with SAE non-detergent oil.
- Install the connecting rod.
- 9. Place the large washer (5) and then the small washer (3) on the crankshaft (8).
- 10. Insert the crankshaft into the bearing in the drive housing (6) and connecting rod (10).
- 11. If replacing the complete drive housing assembly (6), brush G-n lubricant (supplied) on all gear teeth. Then recoat the gear teeth with bearing grease (supplied). Pack the remaining bearing grease into the bottom part of the drive housing. Use 0.22 pint of the grease. See Fig. 9.
- 12. Install gear (19).
- 13. Install new gasket (64).
- 14. Work backwards from step 4 to reassemble.

Drive Housing, Connecting Rod, Crankshaft





Pressure Control

WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 17.

NOTE: See Fig. 10 for this procedure.

NOTE: The pressure control (25) cannot be repaired or adjusted. If it has malfunctioned, replace it.

- Remove the front cover (9). Remove the screws (65) and lock washers (37). Lower the junction box (63).
- 2. Disconnect the harness connector (A) from the control module inside the box (63).
- 3. Remove the screws (34). Pull forward on the pressure adjusting knob and tip the pressure control (25) forward and up to detach it from the drive housing (6).
- 4. Guide the harness (A) through the pinion housing and drive housing and remove the pressure control.
- Guide the harness of the new pressure control through the drive housing and pinion housing passages.
- 6. Install the new pressure control. Tip the pressure control down and back into the drive housing (6). Do not pinch or damage the harness (A).

- 7. Loosely install the screws (34) and then torque them to 21 in-lb (2.4 N.m).
- 8. Install the front cover (9). Connect the harness (A) to the control module leads (B).
- Install the junction box. Be sure no leads are pinched against the mounting face of the pinion housing.

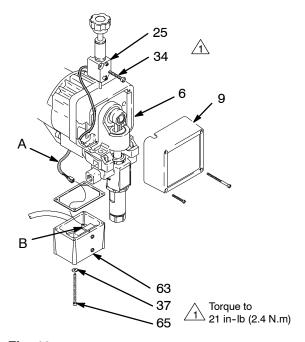


Fig. 10 ______

Control Module

A WARNING

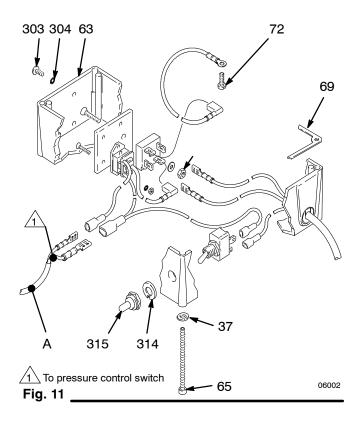


INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 17.

NOTE: See Fig. 11 for this procedure.

- Relieve pressure.
- 2. Remove the junction box screws (65) and lock washers (37) and lower the junction box (63).
- 3. Remove screw (72) and disconnect harness connector (A) from the control module in the junction box.
- 4. Remove screws (303) and lock washers (304), disconnect all wires.
- 5. Install new control module. Reconnect all wires.
- 6. Work backwards from step 3 to reassemble.



ON/OFF Switch

WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 17.

- 1. Relieve pressure.
- 2. Remove the junction box screws (65) and lock washers and remove the junction box (63).
- 3. Remove the ring (314) and rubber boot (315).

- 4. Disconnect the red wires from the ON/OFF switch and remove the switch.
- Install the switch so the internal tab of the antirotational ring engages with the vertical groove in the threads of the switch and the external tab engages with the blind hole of the junction box.
- Powder the inside of the rubber boot (315) with talcum, then shake the excess out of the boot. Install the nut and rubber boot and tighten.
- 7. Reconnect the ON/OFF switch red wires.
- 8. Install the junction box. Be sure no leads are pinched against the mounting face. Also be sure the gasket (69) is installed.

Pressure Transducer

WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure on page 17.

NOTE: See Fig. 12 for this procedure.

- Remove the displacement pump. See page 35.
- 2. Use a pull-twist motion to remove the transducer (22) from the pump manifold.
- 3. Clean paint residue from the hole in the manifold; do not scratch the surface of the hole.
- 4. Lightly apply oil to the o-ring of the new transducer.
- 5. Install the transducer in the pump manifold, while guiding the o-ring and backup ring into place.
- 6. Align the holes in the transducer as shown by the arrows in Fig. 12.
- 7. Install the displacement pump. See page 36.

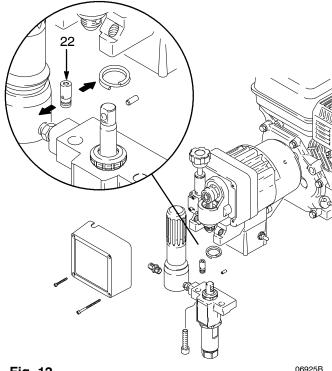


Fig. 12

Suction Tube

WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

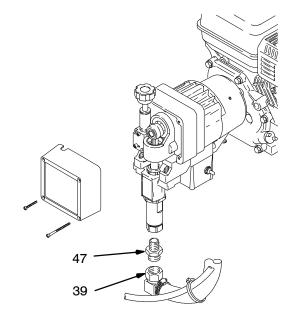
To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure on page 17.

- 1. Put a wrench on the fitting (47) and another on the suction tube (39).
- 2. Unscrew the suction tube (39) from the fitting.



CAUTION

Misaligning or cross-threading the suction tube to the fitting may damage the threads and/or create shavings causing the fitting and/or suction tube to leak.



06926B Fig. 13

Pinion, Clutch, Clamp, Field, & Engine

If servicing clutch components only, see page 28.

If no service is needed for internal parts of pinion housing, remove drive assembly (drive and pinion housing) from clutch housing. See page 28.

Pinion Housing Removal

WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the Pressure Relief Procedure on page 17.

NOTE: Refer to Fig. 14 for Steps 1 to 5.

- 1. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 17.
- If the drive housing has not yet been removed, follow steps 1 through 5 of DRIVE HOUSING, on page 21.
- 3. Remove the two bottom screws (31) and lockwashers (16) first, then remove the top three screws (31) and lockwashers (16).
- 4. Pull the pinion housing (2) away from the clutch housing (1). The armature (51b) will come with it.
- 5. Pull the armature (51b) off the hub (2h**) of the pinion housing. Also see Fig. 15.
- 6. If replacing the complete pinion housing assembly (2), brush G-n lubricant (supplied) on the pinion shaft teeth. Then recoat the pinion shaft teeth with bearing grease (supplied). Pack the remaining bearing grease in the bottom part of the pinion housing. Use 0.08 pint of the bearing grease.
- 7. Install new gasket (64, Parts) (supplied).

8. Reassemble to drive housing.

CAUTION

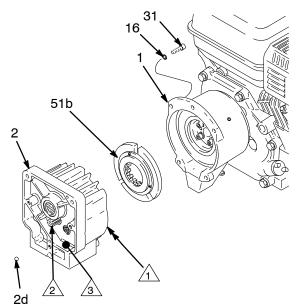
Do not lose the thrust ball (2d). Refer to the CAU-**TION** on page 21 for more information

NOTE: To disassemble the pinion, go to page 27. To disassemble more of the sprayer, go to page 28. To reassemble the sprayer from this point, skip ahead to Reassembly, page 34, Step 8.

√1 See page 27.

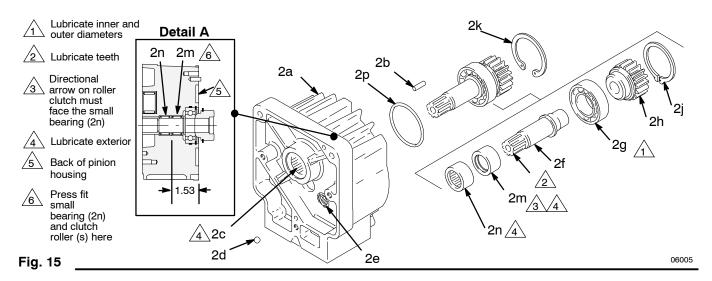
Brush with G-n lubricant.

 $\sqrt{3}$ Pack with bearing grease (0.08 pint)



06927

Pinion Housing



Repairing the Pinion (Fig. 15)

NOTE: Use a hydraulic press if you purchase the pinion parts individually. Otherwise, use Repair Kit No. 223189, which includes the shaft and bearings pre-assembled and lubricated.

If using Repair Kit 223189, follow Steps 1 to 7, below.

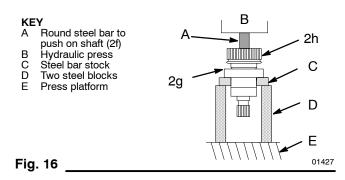
- 1. Remove the small ring (2j) from the hub (2h) and the large ring (2k) from the bearing recess of the housing (2a).
- 2. Push on front of the shaft (2f) to force the bearing and hub assembly out of the housing (2a).
- Press the small bearing (2n) and roller clutch (2m) out of the pinion housing (2a). Remove the new bearing and roller clutch from the shaft of the kit and press it into the housing to the dimension shown. Directional arrow of roller clutch (2m) must face bearing (2n). See Detail A.
- 4. Inspect o-ring (2p) and replace if necessary.
- 5. Install the shaft assembly, pushing it to the shoulder of the housing (2a).
- 6. Install rings (2k and 2j). Ring (2k) must be installed with bevel facing back of pinion housing.
- 7. Go to **Reassembly**, page 34, Step 7, or continue on page 28.

If you purchased parts separately, follow steps 1 to 9, below. Disassemble only as far as needed for the parts being replaced.

NOTE: The old bearing (2g) will be damaged as it is removed. Have one on hand if you need to remove it for any reason. Always replace bearing 2g if installing a new hub 2h.

1. To replace small bearing (2n) or roller clutch (2m), press the old one out of the pinion housing (2a).

2. Remove the small ring (2j) from the hub (2h). Remove the snap ring (2k) from the bearing recess of the housing (2a).



- 3. Push on the front of the shaft (2f) to force the bearing and hub assembly out of the housing (2a).
- Using a hydraulic press, place pieces of steel bar stock on the inner race of the large bearing (2g) and press the shaft through the hub and bearing. See Fig. 16.
- 5. Apply lubricant to the parts as shown in Fig. 15.
- 6. Press fit the following parts:
 - Small bearing (2n) and then the roller clutch (2m), with the directional arrow facing the small bearing, into the rear of the housing (2a).
 See Detail A in Fig. 15.
 - Large bearing (2g) to shoulder of shaft (2f).
 - Hub (2h) onto the shaft (2f) all the way to the large bearing (2g).
- 7. Install the shaft assembly, pushing it to the shoulder of the housing (2a).
- Install the rings (2k and 2j).
- Skip ahead to **Reassembly**, page 34, Step 7, or continue on page 28.

Clutch

NOTE: The engine must be removed before the clamp and clutch housing can be removed.

WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 17.

NOTE: The clutch assembly (51) includes the armature (51b) and rotor (51a). The armature and rotor must be replaced together so they wear evenly. A new hub (2h) should be installed as well to ensure long clutch life.

NOTE: If the drive assembly (D) is not yet separated from the clutch housing (1), follow Steps 1 to 4. Otherwise, start at Step 5.

NOTE: Refer to Fig. 17 for this procedure.

- 1. Follow the Pressure Relief Procedure, page 17.
- 2. Remove the two bottom screws (31) and lockwashers (16) first, then remove the top three screws (31) and lockwashers (16).

A CAUTION

The sprayer may become out of balance with the drive housing and pinion housing removed. Support the rear of the cart to prevent the partially disassembled sprayer from falling over.

- 3. Pull the drive assembly (D) away from the clutch housing (1).
- 4. The armature (51b) will move with the drive assembly. Remove the armature from the pinion hub (2h).

A CAUTION

Examine the splined hub (2h**, Fig. 15, page 27) for wear. Replace as needed. Follow the Pinion Housing instructions, page 27.

- 5. There are two ways to remove the rotor (51a).
 - a. Remove the four socket head capscrews (56) and lockwashers (16). Install two of the screws in the threaded holes (E) in the rotor. Alternately tighten the screws until the rotor comes off. See Fig. 17.
 - b. You can use a standard steering wheel puller (A). However, two 1/4-28 x 3 or 4 in. long screws (B) are also needed. Replace the short screws of the steering wheel puller with the longer screws (B). Turn the screws (B) into the threaded holes (E) of the rotor (51a). Tighten the capscrew (C) of the tool until the rotor comes off. See the Detail in Fig. 17.
- 6. Skip ahead to **Reassembly**, page 34, Step 6, or continue on page 30.

Clutch

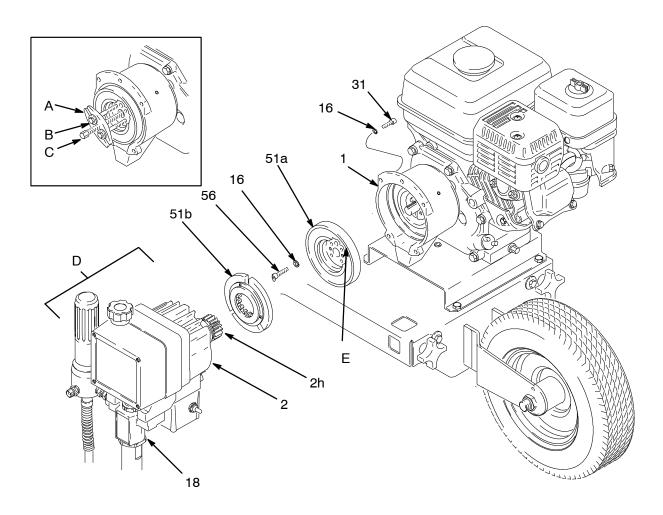


Fig. 17 ______

Engine

NOTE: The engine must be removed before the clamp and clutch housing can be removed.

A CAUTION

The sprayer will be out of balance when the engine, clutch housing, drive housing and pinion housing are removed. Support the rear of the cart to prevent the partially disassembled sprayer from tipping back.

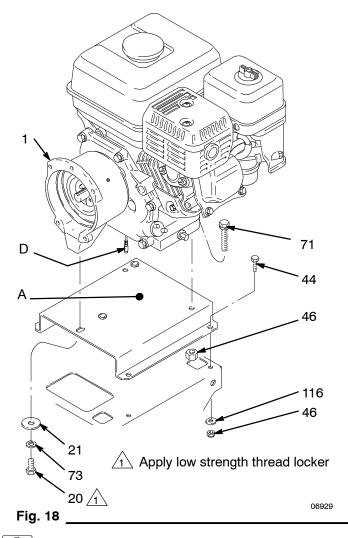
A CAUTION

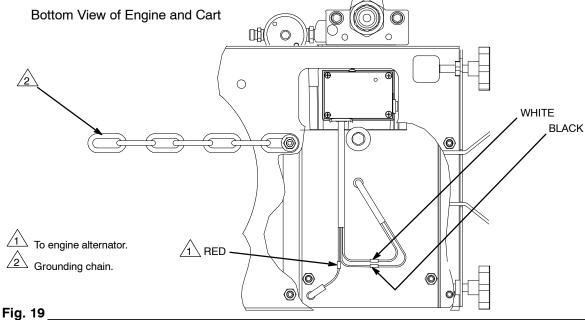
The engine for this sprayer is manufactured by Honda to a special Graco specification. The sprayer will experience poor clutch life, not work at all, or burn up the clutch coil if a replacement engine is purchased from another vendor. Do not use an alternate motor.

- 1. Remove the four mounting plate screws (44), washers (116), and nuts (46).
- Place the engine and drive assembly on a work bench.
- 3. Disconnect the red wire from the engine lead at the connector. Disconnect the black and white wires from the field at the connectors.
- 4. Remove the screw (20), lockwasher (73) and washer (21). Remove two screws (71) and nuts (46).

5. Remove the **Field and Wiring Harness, Clamp** and **Clutch Housing**, as instructed on page 31.

NOTE: All service to the engine must be performed by an authorized Honda dealer.





06930B

Field & Wiring Harness

NOTE: Refer to Fig. 20.

- Back out the four setscrews (30) holding the field (53) to the clutch housing (1) approximately 3 turns.
- 2. Pull out the field. The field fits closely to the clutch housing and must be removed carefully to prevent jamming.
- 3. Pull the plastic caps (B) off the wire screws (74) in both places on the field. Remove the screws and remove the wire (A).
- 4. Skip ahead to **Reassembly**, page 32, Step 4 or continue on page 31.

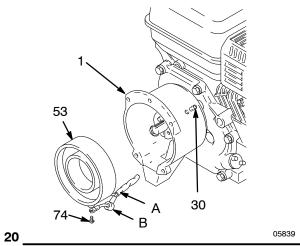


Fig. 20

Clamp

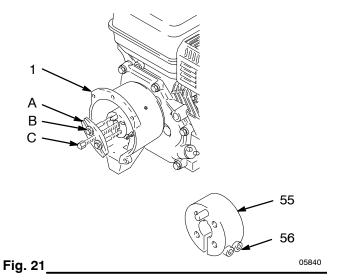
Clutch Housing

NOTE: The engine must be removed before the clamp and clutch housing can be removed.

NOTE: A steering wheel puller and two 1/4-28 x 3 or 4 in. screws are required to remove the clamp.

NOTE: Refer to Fig. 21.

- 1. Loosen the two screws (56) on the clamp (55), working through the slot at the bottom of the clutch housing (1).
- 2. Install two screws (B) of the tool (A) in two of the threaded holes in the clamp (55). Tighten the screw (C) until the clamp comes off.
- Skip ahead to **Reassembly**, page 32, Step 2, or continue below.



NOTE: The engine must be removed before the clamp

NOTE: The engine must be removed before the clamp and clutch housing can be removed.

CAUTION

If the clutch housing is removed from the engine a special alignment tool is required to reinstall it.

- 1. Fig. 22. Remove four capscrews (57) and lockwashers (58) holding clutch housing (1) to engine.
- 2. Remove the engine key (29).
- 3. Pull off the clutch housing (1).
- 4. Skip ahead to **Reassembly**, page 32, Step 1.

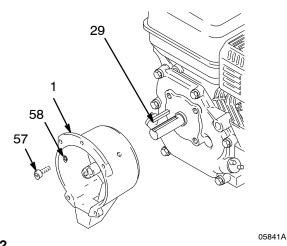


Fig. 22

Reassembly

A CAUTION

The sprayer will be out of balance when only the engine and clutch housing are installed. Support the rear of the cart to prevent the sprayer from falling over.

- 1. Install the **clutch housing (1)**, capscrews (57) and lockwashers (58) on the engine. Use special alignment tool to position clutch housing on engine. Torque screws (57) to 200 in-lb (22 N·m).
- 2. Install the engine shaft key (29). See Fig. 23.
- 3. Press the **clamp (55)** onto the engine shaft (A). Maintain the 1.41 inch \pm 0.01 (35.8 \pm 0.25 mm) dimension shown in Fig. 24.

To check the dimension, place a rigid, straight steel bar (B) across the face of the clutch housing (1). Use an accurate measuring device to measure the distance between the bar and the face of the clamp. Adjust the clamp as necessary. Torque the two screws (56) to 120 in-lb (14 N.m).

4. Connect the wires of the harness (D) with the screws (74) in both places on the field (wires can be attached to either connection). Pull the plastic caps (C) up and snap them over the screws. Install the field in the clutch housing. Push the wire harness through the slot in the clutch housing. Align the setscrew holes in the field and the clutch housing (1). Hand tighten the setscrews (30) oppositely and evenly. See Fig. 23.

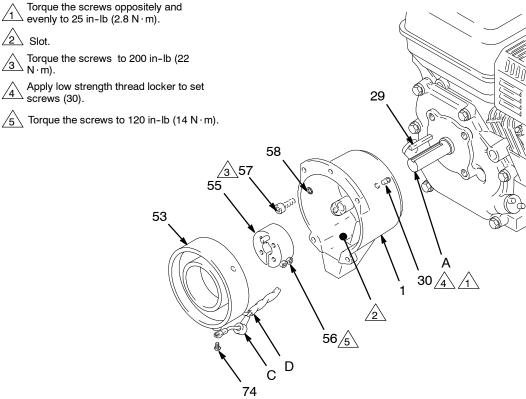


Fig. 23

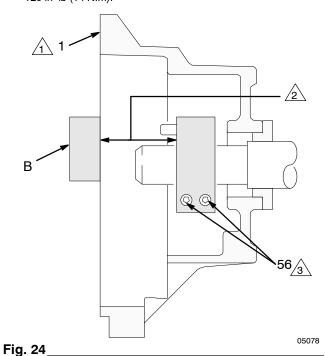
05842A

Reassembly

 \uparrow_1 The face of the housing.

2 1.41 ± .010 inch (35.8 ± .25 mm).

Torque the screws to 120 in-lb (14 N.m).



A CAUTION

The sprayer will be out of balance when only the engine and clutch housing are installed. Support the rear of the cart to prevent the sprayer from falling over.

5. Place the **engine (59)** and drive assembly on the mounting plate. Align the mounting holes. Carefully guide the engine wire and wiring harness (E) from the field, through the appropriate grommets (24) in the mounting plate (A). Install the flange screws (71) and locknuts (46). Install the screw (20), lock washer (73), and washer (21). Tighten all three screws. Connect the engine wire to the red wire (B), and connect the black and white wires as shown in the Detail drawing in Fig. 19. Place the engine and drive assembly and mounting plate on the cart. Install the four mounting plate screws (x), washers (Y), and nuts (Z).

Reassembly

- 6. Be sure the face of the **rotor** (51a) and the clamp (55) are free of all burrs. Install the rotor, lockwashers (16) and capscrews (56). Torque the capscrews to 7 ft-lb (9.5 N.m). See Fig. 25.
- 7. After installing the rotor (51a) the air gap must be adjusted between the rotor and the field (53). Tighten the setscrews (30) oppositely and evenly. Pull the engine recoil rope to assure that the engine turns freely, and there is no contact between the rotor and the field. If there is contact, loosen the setscrews and reposition the field.

NOTE: With the autogap style armature, the gap between the rotor and the armature is critical for proper operation. The clutch kits with an autogap style armature include a cardboard spacer (186857) to set the proper gap. This spacer is for use **only** during installation.

8. Clean the face of the **armature (51b)**. With the flat side of the armature facing the rotor (51a), slide the armature onto the hub (2h) in the drive/pinion assembly (D) just until the chamfered end of the hub (2h) protrudes through the armature. See Detail B, Fig. 25. There will be significant resistance. Attach the cardboard spacer, supplied with the clutch kit, to the face of the armature. Bend tabs over outside diameter of armature.

Brace the cart against a wall to keep it from rolling. Push the drive/pinion assembly onto the clutch housing (1). There will be significant resistance. When the mating surfaces of the drive/pinion assembly and the clutch housing (1) are flush, remove the drive/pinion assembly. **Remove the** cardboard spacer.

 Assemble the drive assembly (D) to the clutch housing (1), using the capscrews (31) and lockwashers (16). See Fig. 25.

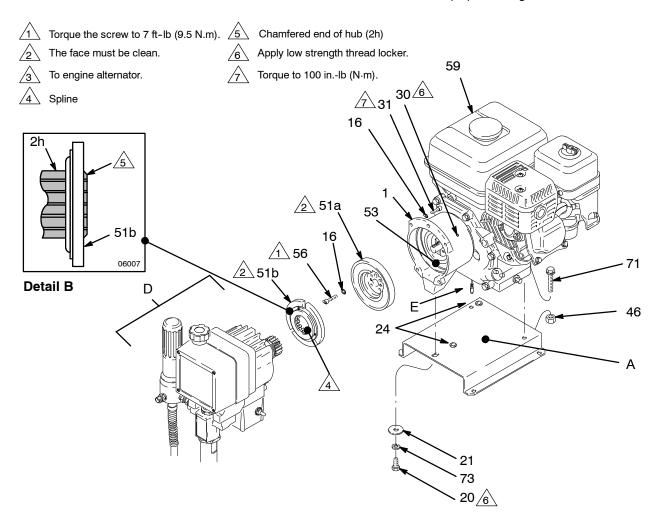


Fig. 25

Displacement Pump Repair

A WARNING



INJECTION HAZARD

To reduce the risk of serious injury, whenever you are instructed to relieve pressure, follow the **Pressure Relief Procedure** on page 17.

NOTE: Packing Repair Kit 235703 is available. Reference numbers of parts included in the kit are marked with an asterisk, i.e., (121*). For the best results, use all the new parts in the kit, even if the old ones still look good.

NOTE: To minimize down time, and for the best sprayer performance, clean the transducer (see page 25) whenever you repack the pump. Replace these parts as needed.

Removing the pump (See Fig. 26.)

- 1. Flush the pump, if possible. Relieve pressure. Stop the pump with the piston rod (107) in its lowest position, if possible.
- 2. Remove suction tube (39) and adapter (47). (See **Suction Tube**, page 25).
- 3. Use a screwdriver to push the retaining spring (12) up and push out the pin (11).
- 4. Loosen the screws (17). Remove the pump (18).

Repairing the pump

Refer to Displacement Pump Manual 308190, supplied, for pump parts and repair information.

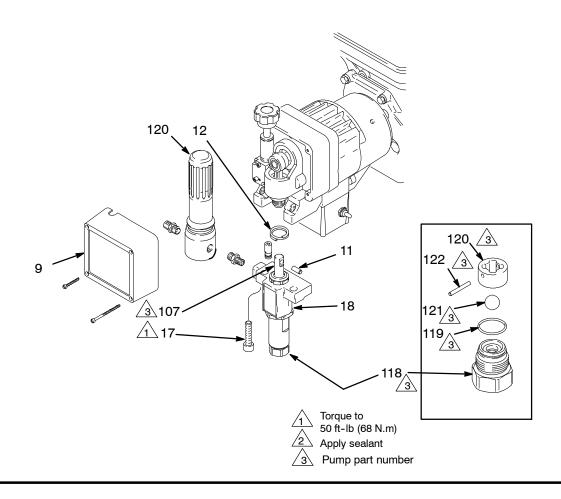


Fig. 26

06933

Displacement Pump Repair

Installing the pump (See Fig. 26 and 27.)

5. Mount the pump on the drive housing. Tap it into the alignment pins with a soft hammer. Tighten the screws (17) to 50 ft-lb (68 N.m).

A WARNING



MOVING PARTS HAZARD

Be sure the retaining spring (12) is firmly in the groove all the way around, to prevent the pin (11) from working loose

due to vibration. See Fig. 27.

If the pin works loose, it or other parts could break off due to the force of the pump action. These parts could be projected into the air and result in serious injury or property damage, including the pump connecting rod or drive housing.

- Align the hole in the rod (107) with the connecting rod assembly (10). Use a screwdriver to push the retaining spring (12) up and push in the pin (11). Push the retaining spring (12) into place around the connecting rod.
- 7. Reconnect the suction and drain hoses. Install the front cover (9).
- 8. Tighten the packing nut (102) just enough to stop leakage, but no tighter. Fill the packing nut/wet-cup 1/3 full with Graco TSL. Push the plug (123) into the wet-cup.

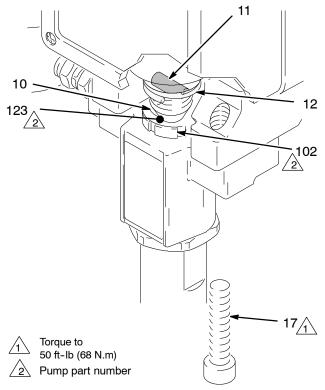
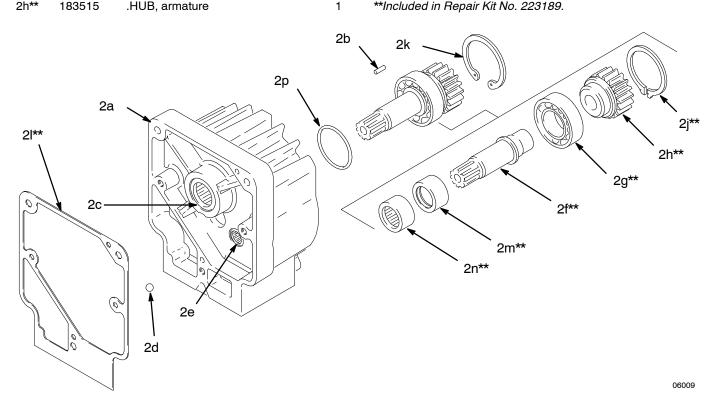


Fig. 27

Pinion Assembly Parts List and Drawing

Assembly 238684

Ref				Ref			
No.	Part No.	Description	Qty	No.	Part No.	Description	Qty
2a	191208	.PINION HOUSING	1	2j**	108880	.RETAINING RING, small	1
2b	105489	.PIN	2	2k	113094	.RETAINING RING, large	1
2c	102873	.BEARING	1	21**	191258	.GASKET, housing	1
2d	100069	.BALL	1	2m**	110607	.CLUTCH, roller	1
2e	107394	.BEARING	1	2n**	109001	.BEARING, needle	1
2f**	185916	.PINION SHAFT	1	2p**	165295	.O-RING	1
2g**	109002	.BALL BEARING, large	1	·			
0h**	100515	LILID armeture	4	**!no!!!	dad in Dana	ir Kit No. 222100	



Accessories

Displacement Pump Repair Kit

23570

Replacement parts for the repair of the displacement pump.

Pointer Kit

239512

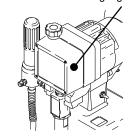
Line indicator accessory for consistently straight lines.

DANGER LABELS

The English language DANGER label shown on page 4 is on your sprayer. If you have painters who do not read English, order one of the following labels to apply to your sprayer. The drawing below shows the best placement of these labels for good visibility.

Order the labels directly from Graco, free of charge. Toll Free: 1-800-328-0211 Apply other language here

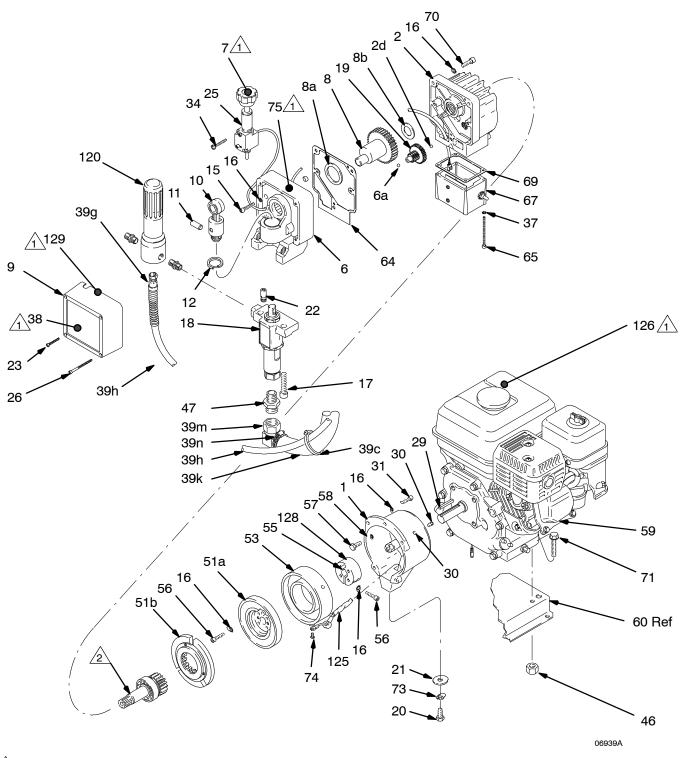
French 187784
Spanish 185962
German 186042
Greek 186046
Korean 186047
English 187791



06944B

Sprayer Parts Drawing

Model 232650



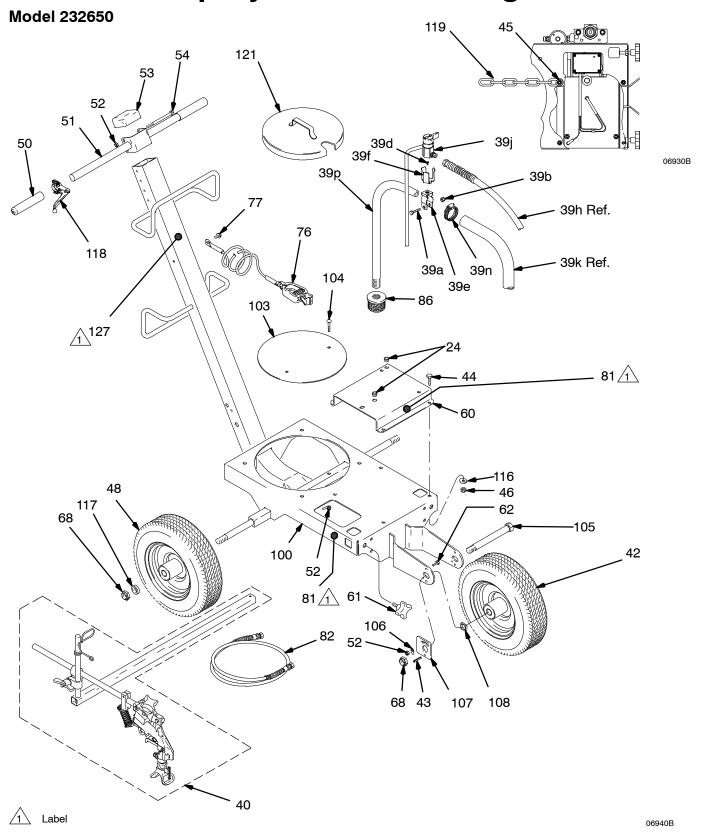
See page 37 for the parts.

Sprayer Parts List

Model 232650, Series A

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty.	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description C	Qty.
1	191207	HOUSING, clutch	1	47	157191	ADAPTER	1
2	238684	HOUSING, pinion	1	51	238798	CLUTCH ASSEMBLY	1
_ 2d	100069	BALL	1	51a		ROTOR, clutch	1
6	238691	DRIVE HOUSING	1	51b		ARMATURE, clutch	1
7	176904	LABEL, designation	1	53	238803	FIELD, clutch	1
8	235558	CRANKSHAFT	1	55	188426	CLAMP, mounting, rotor	1
8a	180131	BEARING, thrust	1	56	108803	CAPSCREW, hex sch, 1/4-28 x 1.0 in	n. 6
8b	107434	BEARING, thrust	1	57	109031	CAPSCREW,1/2 sch, 5/16-24 x 1 in.	
9	187789	COVER, front, blue	1	58	104008	LOCKWASHER	4
10	218359	CONNECTING ROD	1	59	108879	ENGINE, gasoline	1
11	176818	PIN, headless, 3/8 in. dia. x 1 in.	1	60	191705	PLATE, mounting	1
12	176817	SPRING, retaining	1	64	191258	GASKET, housing	1
15	103345	SCREW, socket head,	3	65	111703	SCREW, filh, 10-24 x 3 in.	4
		1/4-20 x 1-1/4 in.		67	238672	PRESSURE CONTROL	1
16	105510	LOCKWASHER, 1/4 in.	16	69	187963	GASKET	1
17	111706	CAPSCREW, 7/16-14 x 1-3/4 in.	2	70	100643	SCREW, socket head, 1/4-20 x 1 in.	2
18	241320	PUMP, displacement	1	71	110837	SCREW, serrated flange, hex hd,	
		See parts in Manual 308190				5/16-18 unc-2a x 1.5 in.	2
19	238802	GEAR REDUCER	1	72	110637	SCREW, machine	1
20	100469	CAPSCREW, hex hd, 3/8-16 x 3/4	in. 1	73	100133	LOCKWASHER, spring, 3/8 in.	1
21	108851	WASHER, plain, type "B", 3/8 in.	1	74	109033	SCREW, bdgh, 6-32 x 3/16 in.	2
22	235009	PRESSURE TRANSDUCER	1	75	290228	LABEL, caution	1
23	114415	SCREW, filh, 8-32 x 1-1/4 in.	1	120	241317	FILTER, fluid	1
25	238799	SWITCH, pressure control	1			See Manual 307273 for parts	
26	111705	SCREW, filh, 8-32 x 2-1/2 in.	3	125	221183	CONDUCTOR, electrical	1
29	183401	KEY, parallel, $3/16$ in. sq x $7/8$ in.	1	126	181867	LABEL, warning	1
30	108801	SETSCREW, 1/4 in.	4	128	108800	PIN, dowel, 5/16 x 1 in.	1
31	100644	CAPSCREW, sch, 1/4-20 x 3/4 in.	5	129	188360	LABEL, warning	1
34	114416	SCREW, filh, 10-24 x 1-5/8 in.	2	130†	102814	GAUGE, pressure, fluid	1
37	100020	WASHER	5	131†	237475	UNION, swivel	1
38	290330	LABEL, identification, front	1	132†	183461	NIPPLE, 3/8 in. x 1/4 in.	1
39	238961	SUCTION/DRAIN ASSY (includes		133†	164672	NIPPLE, 1/4 in. x 3/8 in.	1
		items 39a thru 39p)	1	134†	192025	PLATE, bucket, 13 in.	1
39c	103473	STRAP, tie, wrap	2	135†	238819	HOLDER, pail, 13 in.	1
39g	162453	NIPPLE, 1/4 npsm x 1/4 npt	1	136†	101566	NUT, lock	4
39h	238959	HOSE, coupled,	1	137†	100731	WASHER	4
		3/16 in. x 4.5 ft		138†	240926	COVER, pail	1
39k	188150	HOSE, suction	1				
39m	110229	UNION, swivel	1				
39n	103927	CLAMP, hose	1			bels available free of charge.	
46	110838	LOCKNUT, heavy hex, 5/16-18	6	† Mod	el 233010 on	lly (no parts shown)	

Sprayer Parts Drawing



Sprayer Parts List

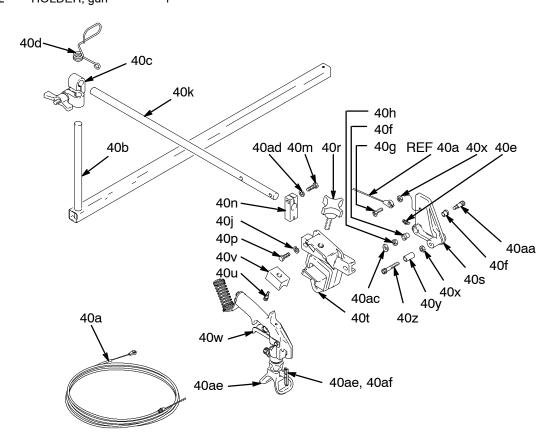
Model 232650, Series A

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty.	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description (Qty.
24	114678	BUSHING, snap	2	62	100022	CAPSCREW, hex head	2
39	238961	SUCTION/DRAIN ASSY (includes	2	66	100022	WASHER, lock	4
09	200901	items 39a thru 39p)	1	68	112405	NUT, lock, 3/4-16	3
39a	100014	SCREW, cap, hex head, .	i	76	237686	CLAMP, grounding	1
oou	100014	1/4-20 x 1-1/4 in	'	77	112798	SCREW, thread forming	1
39b	102040	NUT, lock, hex, 1/4-20 unc-3b	1	80	186821	LABEL, warning	2
39d	113789	SCREW, machine,	1	81	290215	LABEL, danger	1
		8-32 X 1/2	•	82	240794	HOSE, 50 ft x 1/4 in.	1
39e	113790	HANGER, conduit, 3/4 in.	1	83	LL5317	TIP, spray, linestriping	1
39f	191874	BRACKET, drain valve	1	84	237859	GUARD, RAC, (Performance Series)	
39h	238959	HOSE, coupled,		85	206994	FLUID, TSL, 8 oz (not shown)	1
		3/16 in. x 4.5 ft	1	86	183770	STRAINER	1
39j	238960	VALVE, drain, pressure relief	1	100	238969	CART, linestriper	1
39k	188150	HOSE, suction	1	102	290302	LABEL, identification	1
39m	110229	UNION, swivel	1	103	192020	PLATE, bottom, cart	1
39n	103927	CLAMP, hose	1	104	116630	BOLT, carriage,	2
39p	183769	TUBE, suction	1			1/4-20 x 1-1/2 in.	
40	239273	ARM, gun, pivoting	1	105	114978	SCREW, cap, hex head	1
		See page 42 for parts		106	100086	WASHER, plain	2
42	113815	TIRE, pneumatic	1	107	191716	CAM, axle	2
43	101722	PIN, spring	4	108	191714	BUSHING, axle	2
44	112586	CAPSCREW, hex head, flanged	4	111	186620	LABEL, symbol, ground (not shown)	1
		5/16-18 x 1 in.		115	221415	TIP, spray, cylinder (not shown)	1
45	100023	WASHER, flat	1	116	100109	WASHER, lock	4
48	113950	TIRE, pneumatic	2	117	154628	WASHER, plain	2
50	111700	GRIP, handle	2	118	113965	LEVER, release	1
51	239043	HANDLE, cart	1	119	186812	CHAIN, ground, 3.5 HP	1
52	102040	NUT, lock, 1/4-20	6	120	241317	FILTER, fluid	1
53	113818	CAP, tube	1	121	241005	COVER, pail	1
54	113957	CAPSCREW, hex head,	2	127	194199	LABEL, warning	1
		1/4-20 x 3.25					
60	191705	PLATE, mounting	1				
61	108471	KNOB, pronged	2	$\triangle Ext$	ra warning la	bels available free of charge.	

Pivoting Gun Arm Parts List and Drawing

Assembly 239273

Ref. No.	Part No.	Description	Qty.	Ref. No.	Part No.	Description G	ty.
40a	111721	CABLE, remote trigger	· 1	40u	108483	SCREW, shoulder, sch,	
40b	224096	BRACKET, gun suppor	rt 1			1/4 x 3/8 in.	1
40c	114029	CLAMP, arm support	1	40v	181795	JAW, clamp	1
40d	188135	GUIDE, cable	1	40w	235457	FLEX GUN	
40e	100846	FITTING, lubrication	1			See manual 308235	
40f	111016	BEARING, flanged	2			for parts	1
40g	111230	SCREW, mach, flhd,		40x	101345	NUT, hex, jam, 1/4-20	2
		1/4-20 x 1 in.	1	40y	108535	BEARING, sleeve	1
40h	100015	NUT, hex, 1/4-20	1	40z	107445	CAPSCREW, sch,	
40j	100016	LOCKWASHER, 1/4 in	n. 2			1/4-20 x 1- ¹ / ₂ in.	1
40k	181734	ARM, support	1	40aa	111045	SCREW, shoulder, sch,	
40m	100101	CAPSCREW, hex hd,				5/16 x 1 in.	1
		3/8-16 x 1 in. 1	or 2	40ab	LL5317	LineLazer Tip, size 317	1
40n	186699	BLOCK, mounting cab	le 1	40ac	110755	WASHER	1
40p	100021	CAPSCREW, hex hd,		40ad	100133	LOCKWASHER, 3/8 in.	1
		1/4-20 x 1 in.	2	40ae	243161	RAC 5 DripLess	
40r	181818	KNOB	1			TIP GUARD	1
40s	189915	LEVER, actuator	1	40af	286415	SwitchTip, Size 415	1
40t	188452	HOLDER, gun	1				

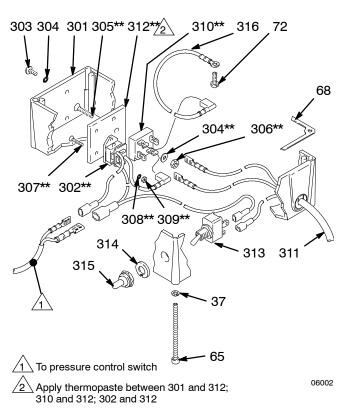


238672 Pressure Control

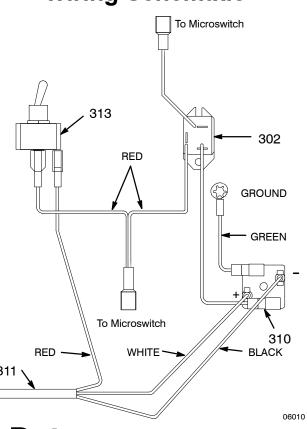
Parts List

Ref				Ref		
No.	Part No.	Description	Qty	No.	Part No.	Description
301	280340	HOUSING, box, junction	1	311	238676	CONDUCTOR, electrical
302	238660**	TRIAC	1	312**	191242	PLATE, module
303	100035	SCREW, panhead, 10-24 x 2 inch	2	313	105679	SWITCH, toggle
304	157021**	LOCKWASHER, No. 10	3	314	105658	RING, locking
305	108783**	SCREW. filhd,	1	315	105659	BOOT, toggle
306	100284**	NUT, hex	1	316	238791	CONDUCTOR, electrical
307	107070**	SCREW, flat hd	2	**Inclu	ded in Repa	ir Kit No. 238661.
308	103181**	LOCKWASHER	2		•	
309	100072**	NUT, hex	2	▲ Re _l	olacement	Danger and Warning labels,
310	111936**	RECTIFIER, bridge	1	cards	are availab	ole free.

Parts Drawing



Wiring Schematic



Technical Data

Honda GX120 Engine Power Rating @ 3600 rpm
ANSI 4.0 Horsepower
DIN 6270B/DIN 6271
NA 2.1 Kw - 2.8 Ps
NB 2.6 Kw - 3.6 Ps
Maximum working pressure 3000 psi (210 bar, 21 MPa)
Noise level
Sound power
Sound pressure
Measured at 3.1 feet (1 m) under maximum operating
conditions per ISO-3744
Cycles/gallon (liter)
Maximum delivery 0.62 gpm (2.36 liter/min)
Fuel tank capacity 0.66 gallons (2.5 liter)

Maximum tip size 0.025 @ 2000 psi
(137 bar, 13.7 MPa) with latex
nlet paint strainer
stainless steel screen, reusable
Outlet paint filter 60 mesh (250 micron)
stainless steel screen, reusable
Pump inlet size
Fluid outlet size 1/4 in. npsm from fluid filter
Wetted parts
Displacement Pump stainless steel, carbon steel,
polyurethane, uhmw polyethylene,
PTFE®, Delrin®, leather
Filter stainless steel, plated carbon steel, nylon, PTFE®
Pressure Control stainless steel, brass
Suction Hose Nitrile (synthetic rubber) with nylon lining

Qty

tags, and

Dimensions

Weight (dry w/o packaging)	150 lb (68 kg)
Height	43 in. (1092 mm)
Length	58 in. (1473 mm)
Width	32 in. (813 mm)

Graco Phone Number

TO PLACE AN ORDER, contact your Graco distributor, or call this number to identify the distributor closest to you: **1-800-690-2894 Toll Free**

Graco Warranty

Graco warrants all equipment listed in this manual which is manufactured by Graco and bearing its name to be free from defects in material and workmanship on the date of sale by an authorized Graco distributor to the original purchaser for use. With the exception of any special extended or limited warranty published by Graco, Graco will, for a period of twelve months from the date of sale, repair or replace any part of the equipment determined by Graco to be defective. This warranty applies only when the equipment is installed, operated and maintained in accordance with Graco's written recommendations.

This warranty does not cover, and Graco shall not be liable for general wear and tear, or any malfunction, damage or wear caused by faulty installation, misapplication, abrasion, corrosion, inadequate or improper maintenance, negligence, accident, tampering, or substitution of non-Graco component parts. Nor shall Graco be liable for malfunction, damage or wear caused by the incompatibility of Graco equipment with structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco, or the improper design, manufacture, installation, operation or maintenance or structures, accessories, equipment or materials not supplied by Graco.

This warranty is conditioned upon the prepaid return of the equipment claimed to be defective to an authorized Graco distributor for verification of the claimed defect. If the claimed defect is verified, Graco will repair or replace free of charge any defective parts. The equipment will be returned to the original purchaser transportation prepaid. If inspection of the equipment does not disclose any defect in material or workmanship, repairs will be made at a reasonable charge, which charges may include the costs of parts, labor, and transportation.

Graco's sole obligation and buyer's sole remedy for any breach of warranty shall be as set forth above. The buyer agrees that no other remedy (including, but not limited to, incidental or consequential damages for lost profits, lost sales, injury to person or property, or any other incidental or consequential loss) shall be available. Any action for breach of warranty must be brought within two (2) years of the date of sale.

GRACO MAKES NO WARRANTY, AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE IN CONNECTION WITH ACCESSORIES, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS OR COMPONENTS SOLD BUT NOT MANUFACTURED BY GRACO. These items sold, but not manufactured by Graco (such as electric motors, gas engines, switches, hose, etc.), are subject to the warranty, if any, of their manufacturer. Graco will provide purchaser with reasonable assistance in making any claim for breach of these warranties.

In no event will Graco be liable for indirect, incidental, special or consequential damages resulting from Graco supplying equipment hereunder, or the furnishing, performance, or use of any products or other goods sold hereto, whether due to a breach of contract, breach of warranty, the negligence of Graco, or otherwise.

FOR GRACO CANADA CUSTOMERS

The parties acknowledge that they have required that the present document, as well as all documents, notices and legal proceedings entered into, given or instituted pursuant hereto or relating directly or indirectly hereto, be drawn up in English. Les parties reconnaissent avoir convenu que la rédaction du présente document sera en Anglais, ainsi que tous documents, avis et procédures judiciaires exécutés, donnés ou intentés à la suite de ou en rapport, directement ou indirectement, avec les procédures concernées.

ADDITIONAL WARRANTY COVERAGE

Graco does provide extended warranty and wear warranty for products described in the "Graco Contractor Equipment Warranty Program".

All written and visual data contained in this document reflects the latest product information available at the time of publication.

Graco reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice.

Original instructions. This manual contains English. MM 308685

Graco Headquarters: Minneapolis International Offices: Belgium, Korea, China, Japan

GRACO INC. P.O. BOX 1441 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1441 Copyright 1996, Graco Inc. is registered to ISO 9001 www.graco.com