

DPU - Delivered at Place Unload

What does Delivered at Place Unload mean?

Delivered at Place Unloaded means that the transfer of risk and delivery from the seller to the buyer takes place after unloading of the arriving means of transport at the named place of destination or at an agreed place. The seller bears all risks until the goods are unloaded at the place of destination and the seller is obliged to unload the goods at the place of destination

THE SELLER'S OBLIGATIONS

1. General:

The seller must deliver the goods, commercial invoice, and any evidence of conformity.

2. Delivery

Deliver the goods at the disposal of the buyer, unloaded. On the agreed date or period.

3. Risks

All risk of loss/damage until goods have been delivered.

4. Carriage

Contract carriage of goods until the place of destination.

5 Insurance

No obligation.

6. Delivery/transport document

Provide documents that allow the buyer to take over the goods.

7. Export/Import clearance

All export clearance expenses (license, security, inspection, etc). Assist with import clearance

8. Checking

The seller must check, count, weight, mark, and package goods

9. Allocation of cost

Pay all the cost until delivery. Transport and loading. Unloading charges. Transit costs. Cost of delivery/transport document. Duties and taxes for export. All costs related to providing assistance in obtaining documents to the buyer.

10. Notices

Give the notice to receive the goods.

THE BUYER'S OBLIGATIONS

1. General:

The buyer must pay the price of goods as agreed.

2. Taking Delivery

The buyer takes the goods at the destination point.

3. Risks

All risk of loss/damage from the time or end of the period agreed for delivery. If the buyer fails to clear import customs or notify time/period, the risk is under

4. Carriage

No obligation to contract a carrier.

5. Insurance

No obligation to insure the goods.

6. Delivery/transport document

Accepts the proof of delivery

7. Export/Import clearance

Assist with export clearance. Pay for import clearance and formalities (licenses, security, official documentation).

8. Checking

No obligation.

9. Allocation of cost

Pay from the time goods delivered. All costs for assistance. Pay duties and taxes for imports. Any additional cost if does not notify the shipment date or period.

10. Notices

Time or period for receiving the goods and name the point of receiving the goods.