

Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

Material Name	•	X-treme Rubberized Wet Surface Cement
Chemical Category	•	Mixture
Product Code	٠	AP-1241
Product Description	٠	Asphalt Based Rubberized Roof Cement
Product Use	٠	Roofing
Synonyms	٠	Asphalt Based Roof Cement
Manufacturer	٠	APOC
		4161 East 7th Avenue Tampa, FL 33605 United States
Telephone		
<b>General</b> • 813-24	8-210 <sup>-</sup>	I
Emergency • 800-42	4-9300	)
Technical • 813-24	8-210′	l

Last Revision Date • 6/07/2016

## GHS HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS

#### SIGNAL WORD: WARNING!

Flammable liquid (paste) and Vapor. Contains Combustible Petroleum Distillates. Harmful or Fatal if swallowed. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Avoid prolonged breathing of vapor and use only in adequate ventilation. Repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvent vapor may cause brain and nervous system damage, respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, or loss of consciousness. May cause skin and eye irritation.

- PreventionAvoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors and/or spray. Do not handle until all safety<br/>precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or<br/>hot surfaces. No smoking. Use personal protective equipment as required. Keep out of reach of<br/>children.
- ResponseIF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position<br/>comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove<br/>contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off<br/>immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

**Storage/Disposal** Store in a closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.



Physical Form	• Liquid
Color	Black
Odor	Mild Hydrocarbon.
Flash Point	<ul> <li>105°F(40.6°C) CC (Closed Cup)</li> </ul>
UEL	• 6 %
LEL	• 0.9 %
OSHA(HCS2012)	<ul> <li>Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure - Category 2, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A</li> </ul>
WHMIS	<ul> <li>Combustible Liquids - B3, Other Toxic Effects - D2A, Other Toxic Effects - D2B</li> </ul>
GHS	<ul> <li>Flammable Liquids - Category 3, Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure - Category 2, Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2, Serious Eye Damage, Eye Irritation - Category 2A, Carcinogenicity - Category 1A</li> </ul>
Potential Health I	Effects
Inhalation	
Acute (Immediate)	<ul> <li>May cause irritation. Excessive breathing of high vapor concentration can cause possible unconsciousness and even asphyxiation.</li> </ul>
Chronic (Delayed)	<ul> <li>Refer to other information found in Section 11-Toxicology.</li> </ul>
Skin	
Acute (Immediat	e)   May cause irritation.
Chronic (Delayed	<ul> <li>Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause dermatitis.</li> </ul>
Eye	
Acute (Immediat	e)   May cause irritation.
Chronic (Delayed	<ul> <li>A)          <ul> <li>Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause irritation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Ingestion	
Acute (Immediat	e) • May be harmful or fatal if swallowed.
Chronic (Delayed	<ul> <li>Repeated and prolonged exposure may be harmful.</li> </ul>
<b>.</b>	

# • This product or one of its ingredients present at 0.1% or more is listed as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. See Section 11 - Toxicological Information for more details.

Carcinogenic Effects					
CAS IARC NTP					
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Group 2B-Possible Carcinogen Group 3-Not Classifiable	Under Consideration		
Quartz	14808-60-7	Group 1-Carcinogenic	Known Human Carcinogen		

## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Components						
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%(weight)	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive		
Asphalt	CAS:8052-42-4 UN:NA1999 EINECS:232-490-9	30% TO 50%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5000 mg/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • >94.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 2; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2 EU DSD/DPD:		
Mineral Spirits	CAS:8052-41-3 EC Number:232-489- 3 EINECS:232-489-3	15% TO 30%		<b>EU DSD/DPD:</b> Carc.Cat.2; R45 Muta.Cat.2; R46 Xn; R65		
Kaolin	CAS:1332-58-7	5% TO		UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; STOT RE 2		

		15%		EU DSD/DPD: Irritant(Xi); R36/37
Cellulose	CAS:9004-34-6 EINECS:232-674-9	1% TO 5%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • >5 g/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • >5800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 Hour(s) Skin-Rabbit LD50 • >2 g/kg	WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2B UN GHS: Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2 EU DSD/DPD:
Hydrated aluminum- magnesium silicate	CAS:12174-11-7	5% TO 10%		WHMIS: Other Toxic Effects - D2A UN GHS: Carc. 2; STOT RE 2 EU DSD/DPD: Carcinogen 2(Carc.Cat.2); R49; Toxic(T)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	CAS:64742-95-6 EC Number:265-199- 0 EINECS:265-199-0	1% TO 5%		UN GHS: Asp. Tox. 1; Carc. 1B EU DSD/DPD: Carc.Cat.2; R45Muta.Cat.2; R46Xn; R65
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	CAS: Mixture	1% TO 5%		
Calcium Carbonate	CAS: 1317-65-3	10% TO 20%		NDA
Quartz	CAS:14808-60-7 EC Number:238-878- 4 EINECS:238-878-4	1% TO 2%		UN GHS: Carc. 1A; STOT RE 1 EU DSD/DPD: Carcinogen 1(Carc.Cat.1); R49
1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene	CAS:95-63-6 EC Number:202-436- 9 EINECS:202-436-9	0.1% TO 1.5%	Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 5 g/kg Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 4 Hour(s) Ingestion/Oral-Mouse LD50 • 6900 mg/kg	<b>UN GHS:</b> Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation); Aquatic Chronic 2; Flam. Liq. 3; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2; STOT RE 2; STOT SE 2 <b>EU DSD/DPD:</b> R10Xn; R20Xi; R36/37/38N; R51 R53
Benzene, 1,3,5- trimethyl	CAS:108-67-8 EC Number:203-604- 4 UN:UN2325 EINECS:203-604-4	0.5% TO 1.5%		<b>EU DSD/DPD:</b> R10 Xi; R37 N; R51 R53

# This product is an encapsulated mixture which reduces the likelihood of exposure to hazardous particulates. Airborne exposures to hazardous dusts or mists may be generated by spraying, sanding or grinding.

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information.	
Section 4 - First Aid Measures	
Inhalation • IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathir is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.	ng

- **Skin** IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- **Eye** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

See Section 2 for Potential Health Effects.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures			
Extinguishing Media •	Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam.		
Unsuitable Extinguishing • Media	Do not use direct stream of water.		
Firefighting Procedures •	Fight advanced or massive fires from safe distance or protected location. Avoid water in a straight hose stream as the stream will cause splatter and spread fire. If product is heated above its flash point it will produce vapors sufficient to support combustion. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground and can be ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations near the point of		

		release.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards	•	Combustible liquid. May release irritating or toxic gases, fumes, or vapors.
Hazardous Combustion Products	•	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons.
Protection of Firefighters	•	Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.
Flash Point	•	105°F(40.6°C) CC (Closed Cup)
Explosion Limits•		
Upper	•	6 %
Lower	•	0.9 %
Autoignition Temperature	•	No data available

## **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

Personal Precautions	• Do not handle damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Stay upwind. Ventilate the area before entry. Protect building inlet air when working around fresh air vents.
Emergency Procedures	• ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area) Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Isolate the area and contain the spilled material. Product is a paste material which will have reduced flow.
Environmental Precautions	<ul> <li>Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.</li> </ul>
Containment/Clean-up Measures	<ul> <li>Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material (e.g. sand, vermiculite), then place in suitable container. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)</li> </ul>
Prohibited Materials	<ul> <li>Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.</li> </ul>

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling	<ul> <li>KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN! Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame – No Smoking. Use only with adequate ventilation. Protect building air inlets when using this product.</li> </ul>
Storage	<ul> <li>Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. No open flames, no sparks and no smoking.</li> </ul>
Special Packaging Materials	No data available
Incompatible Materials or Ignition Sources	Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and acids.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

Pictograms



- **Respiratory** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If listed exposure limits are expected to be exceeded, use approved respiratory protection suitable for the hazard. When used with adequate ventilation, a respirator is not normally required. If required, use a NIOSH-approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge or supplied air respirator.
- **Eye/Face** Wear ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.
- Hands Wear chemical protective gloves made of Nitrile or Neoprene.
- **Skin/Body** Wear clothing that covers the skin to prevent skin exposure.

# Considerations

General Industrial Hygiene • Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Do not smoke, eat, or drink while using the product.

## Engineering Measures/Controls

 Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values. Use precaution to protect building intake from fumes and vapors created outdoors.

	Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	OSHA	United States - California
Quartz (14808-60-7)	TWAs	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	0.10 mg/m3 TWA (designated substance regulation, respirable)	Not established	0.3 mg/m3 PEL (total dust); 0.1 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust)
Kaolin (1332-58-7)	TWAs	2 mg/m3 TWA (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3 TWA (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica, respirable)	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	2 mg/m3 PEL (respirable dust, containing no Asbestos fibers, <1% Crystalline silica)
Cellulose (9004-34-6)	TWAs	10 mg/m3 TWA	10 mg/m3 TWA	15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)	5 mg/m3 PEL (respirable fraction, listed under Particulates not otherwise regulated); 10 mg/m3 PEL (total dust, listed under Particulates not otherwise regulated)
Mineral Spirits (8052-41-3)	TWAs	100 ppm TWA	525 mg/m3 TWA (140°C Flash aliphatic solvent)	500 ppm TWA; 2900 mg/m3 TWA	100 ppm PEL; 525 mg/m3 PEL
Asphalt (8052-42-4)	TWAs	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable fraction, as benzene soluble aerosol)	0.5 mg/m3 TWA (fume, inhalable, as Benzene- soluble aerosol)	Not established	5 mg/m3 PEL (fume)

# **Exposure Control Notations**

```
ACGIH
```

•Kaolin (1332-58-7): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen) •Asphalt (8052-42-4): Carcinogens: (A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (fume, coal tar-free)) •Quartz (14808-60-7): Carcinogens: (A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen)

#### Key to abbreviations

PEL = Permissible Exposure Level determined by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)

## **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

Material Description			
Physical Form	Liquid	Appearance/Description	Thick black semi-liquid.
Color	Black	Odor	Mild Hydrocarbon.
		Physical and Chemical Properties	Semi-liquid
General Properties			
Boiling Point	310 to 400° F(154.4 to 204.4° C)	Specific Gravity/Relative Density	1.06 Water=1
Density	9 lbs/gal		
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	2 mmHg (torr) @ 68 F(20 C)	Vapor Density	1 Air=1
VOC (Vol.)	< 300 g/L		
Flammability		-	•
Flash Point	105 F(40.5556 C) CC (Closed Cup)	UEL	6 %
LEL	.9 %		

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

### Stability

- **Hazardous Polymerization**
- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
- Hazardous polymerization not indicated.

## **Conditions to Avoid**

• Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and flame.

• Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products • Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrocarbons.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Component Name	CAS	Data
Asphalt (40% TO 60%)	8057-47-4	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>5000 mg/kg; ihl-rat LC50:>94.4 mg/m3
Cellulose (6% TO 10%)	9004-34-6	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:>5 gm/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (1% TO 5%)	64742-95-6	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:8400 mg/kg
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (0.5% TO 1.5%)	95-63-6	Acute Toxicity: orl-rat LD50:5 gm/kg; ihl-rat LC50:18000 mg/m3/4H

Other Component Information • IARC has concluded that the following chemicals in this product are carcinogenic to humans (Group 1): silica, quartz. ACGIH has designated the following chemicals in this product as suspected human carcinogens (A2): silica, quartz. NTP has listed the following chemicals in this product as known human carcinogens: silica, quartz. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure to this product as a dust or aerosol mist. This product contains petroleum asphalt. Petroleum asphalt is not listed as a carcinogen by OSHA or NTP. The National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), has concluded that at higher temperatures roofing asphalt fumes are a potential occupational carcinogen. If this product is heated or comes in contact with heated material, avoid breathing fumes. This product may contain small amounts of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH's) which are recognized carcinogens in humans and experimental animals. Mouse skin painting studies of roofing asphalt vapor concentrate have shown evidence of tumor formation associated with localized skin irritation. Inhalation studies of high airborne concentrations of asphalt/bitumen fumes in rats and mice produced bronchitis, pneumonitis, and lung changes such as fibrosis and cell damage.

## **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

Ecological Fate• No data available.Persistence/Degradability• No data available.Bioaccumulation Potential• No data available.Mobility in Soil• No data available.

## **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

Product • Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## **Section 14 - Transportation Information**

**DOT – Department of Transportation -** Not restricted if shipped in containers <450L (119 gallons) Restricted if shipped in containers >450L (119 gallons).

**TDG Transportation Other Information-:** Not Restricted under General Exemption for small container packaging.

**TDG - Canada Transportation of Dangerous Goods:** Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III 1.33 Class 3, Flammable Liquids

**IMO/IMDG –International Maritime Transport •** IMDG Code 2.3.2.5 - exempted from marking, labeling & testing of packages. - Tars, Liquids; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III 1.33 Class 3, Flammable Liquids

IATA - International Air Transport Association - TARS, LIQUID; UN1999; Hazard Class: 3; Packing Group: III.

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

SARA Hazard Classifications Acute, Chronic

**Risk & Safety Phrases** • California PROP 65: Asphalt and Asphalt Fumes may contain detectable amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive harm.

State Right To Know					
Component	CAS	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hydrated aluminum-magnesium silicate	12174-11-7	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	No	No	No	No
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	No	No	No	No
Quartz	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes	No	No	No

Inventory				
Component	CAS	EU EINECS	TSCA	
Asphalt	8052-42-4	Yes	Yes	
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	Yes	Yes	
Kaolin	1332-58-7	Yes	Yes	
Cellulose	9004-34-6	Yes	Yes	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	Yes	Yes	
Styrene/Butadiene Polymer	9003-55-8	Yes	Yes	
Quartz	14808-60-7	Yes	Yes	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	Yes	
Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	Yes	Yes	

## Canada

#### Labor

#### Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

•Kaolin	1332-58-7	5% TO 15%	D2A
•Cellulose	9004-34-6	1% TO 5%	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria (including microcrystalline and paper fibers)
•Asphalt	8052-42-4	30% TO 50%	Not Listed
<ul> <li>1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene</li> </ul>	95-63-6	0.5% TO 1.5%	B3
•Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	1% TO 5%	B3, D2B
•Quartz	14808-60-7	1% TO 2%	D2A (In certain cases, this classification does not apply. For more information, consult the section Substance Specific Issues - Silica, crystalline, encapsulated on Health Canada's WHMIS Division website.)
<ul> <li>Mineral Spirits</li> </ul>	8052-41-3	15% TO 30%	B3, D2B
•Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl	108-67-8	0.5% TO 1.5%	B3
•Hydrated aluminum- magnesium silicate	12174-11-7	5% TO 10%	Not Listed
<ul> <li>Styrene/Butadiene Polymer</li> </ul>	9003-55-8	1% TO 5%	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

## **United States**

U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emis	ssion Report	ting	
•Kaolin	1332-58-7	5% TO 15%	Not Listed
•Cellulose	9004-34-6	6% TO 10%	Not Listed
•Asphalt	8052-42-4	40% TO 60%	Not Listed
<ul> <li>1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene</li> </ul>	95-63-6	0.5% TO 1.5%	1.0 % de minims concentration
•Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	1% TO 5%	Not Listed
•Quartz	14808-60-7	1% TO 2%	Not Listed
Mineral Spirits	8052-41-3	15% TO 30%	Not Listed
<ul> <li>Benzene, 1,3,5-trimethyl</li> </ul>	108-67-8	0.5% TO 1.5%	Not Listed
<ul> <li>Hydrated aluminum-magnesium silicate</li> </ul>	12174-11-7	5% TO 10%	Not Listed
<ul> <li>Styrene/Butadiene Polymer</li> </ul>	9003-55-8	1% TO 5%	Not Listed

# Section 16 - Other Information

Prepared By	• GG Inc.
Last Revision Date	• 6/07/2016
Disclaimer/Statement of Liability	Y • This information relates to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to verify the suitability and completeness of such information for particular use. Gardner-Gibson does not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information.

