

#### FIELD STRENGTH METERS & SPECTRUM ANALYZERS

BROADCAST, CABLE, SATELLITE, IPTV, OPTICAL AND WIFI



#### RANGER Neo











#### **EASY OPERATION**

Hybrid user interface (touch + keyboard)



#### **HEVC H.265**

High Efficiency Video Codec



#### WIFI ANALYZER

Dual display: SPECTRUM and DATA



#### **WIDEBAND LNB**

Extended SAT band on a single SPAN





## HEVC H.265 decoding

High efficiency Video Codec

**RANGER***Neo* covers from 5 to 2500 Mhz and includes HEVC decoding. On top of that, the **RANGER***Neo* **4** features a 4K decoder displaying UHD services. The rest of **RANGER***Neo* models feature the "4K frame grabber" tool which decodes UHD video frames and displays them in a slideshow mode.



#### **ULTRA FAST SPECTRUM**



TRIPLE SPLIT DISPLAY



LIGHT WEIGHT (< 3 kg)



SMART BATTERY CONTROL ©



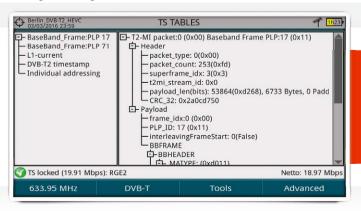


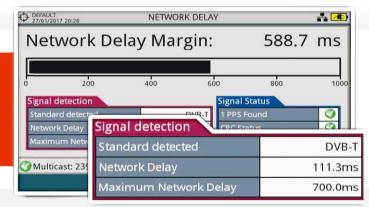


## For broadcasters

#### Network delay margin 🌣

Network planners determine what time instant transmitters should use to broadcast the transport stream bits. They all have to do it at a precise given time, e.g. 700 ms in the picture. The difference between the network delay and the required transmission time (700 ms in the example) is called the "network delay margin" and it will be different depending on the specific transmitter location. The lower the 'network delay margin' the higher the chances of that particular transmitter missing the assigned transmission time.



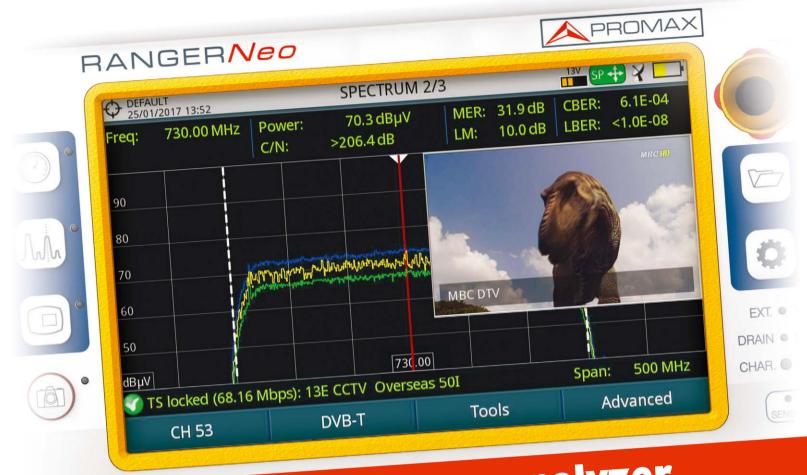


#### Receiving and analyzing T2-MI signals ♥

T2-MI is the modulator interface signal used in the 2nd generation digital terrestrial television broadcasting system. It is physically transported to the TV towers using IP or RF and it is accessible via network devices in the form of ASI or IP signals.

**RANGERNeo** can receive a T2-MI signal in both these formats, performing IP transport quality measurements, T2-MI packet analysis and PLP de-encapsulation.

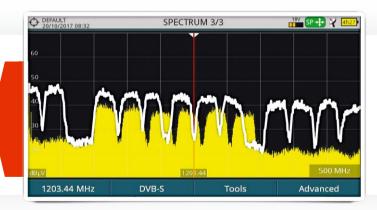


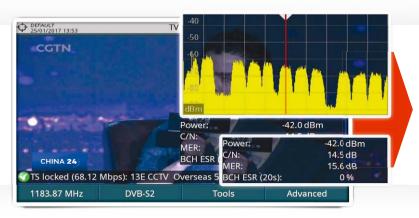


# Professional spectrum analyzer

#### **Reference traces**

Freeze the spectrum graph and compare it with the running trace. Save that information and use it to identify satellites based on their spectrum footprint.

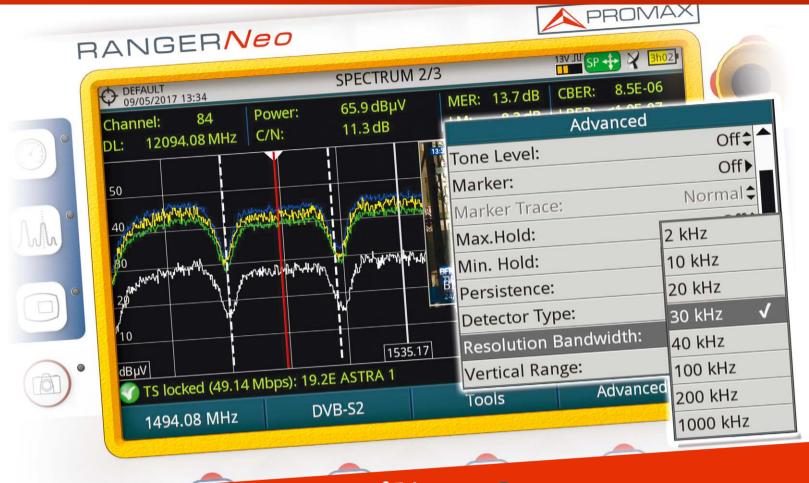




#### **Triple split display**

Up to 9 different ways to combine TV, measurement and spectrum modes.





## High resolution filters \*

#### **Touch screen**

569.40 MHz

Place the marker on any channel and move the trace using your finger. Enter frequencies or file names using the soft keypad.

DVB-T



#### **MIN and MAX hold**

Display them separately or simultaneously along with the current spectrum trace.

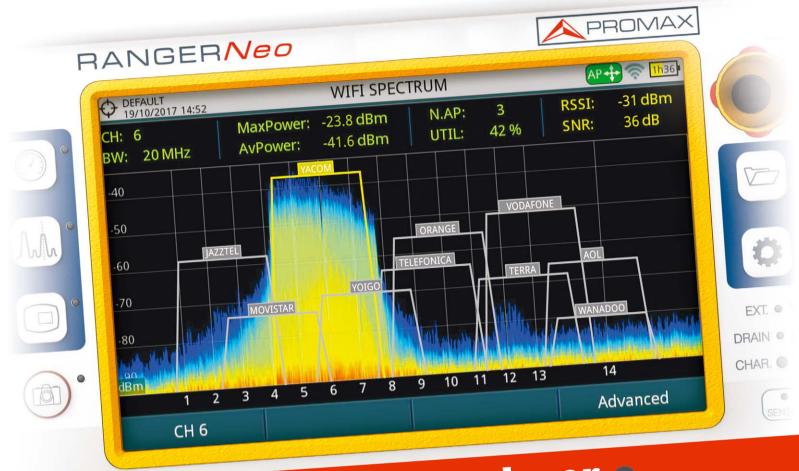
SPECTRUM 3/3

Frequency

SP + - -

Span:

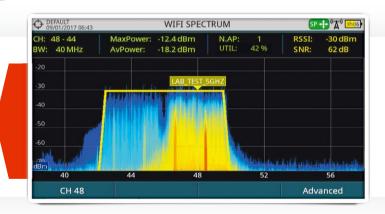


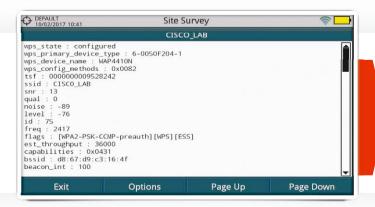


## 2.4 & 5.7 GHz WiFi analyzer 👁

#### Simultaneous real spectrum analyzer information + WiFi access point data

WiFi signals can be disturbed by interference from other WiFi stations, for example other access points, but also from non-WiFi signals such as wireless CCTV cameras or a microwave oven. **RANGER**\*Neo\* can display real spectrum analyzer information and access point data simultaneously.





#### **Access point information**

**RANGERNeo** shows convenient information from the access points such as SSID, RSSI, SNR, security information, etc. It also indicates the number of access points per channel and offers you guidance regarding the level of occupancy of a specific channel.









#### **Web server**

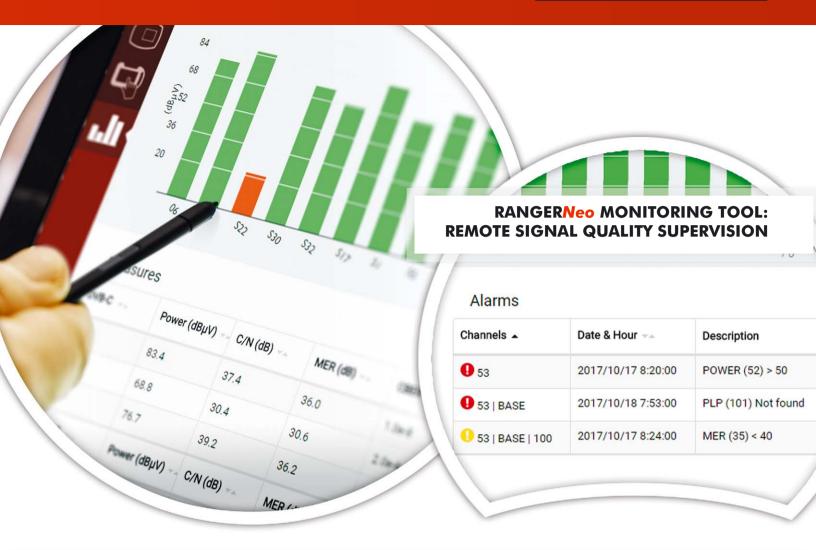
The  ${\bf RANGERNeo}$  internal webserver offers four main areas: Spectrum analyzer, TV Parameters, Remote console and Monitoring mode.

The Spectrum analyzer area shows us the spectrum trace, and all measurements for the RF channel being tuned, while we can modify reference level, span, channel/frequency and channel plan used.

The TV parameter area offers relevant metadata identifying the network (NID), (ONID), TS, Service, LCN, etc. plus a continuous streaming of one of the services belonging to the channel selected.







#### RANGER*Neo* Console

Complete control over your field strength meter from anywhere in the world and with no additional software installation required. A virtual platform that gives you access to all of the analyzer features.



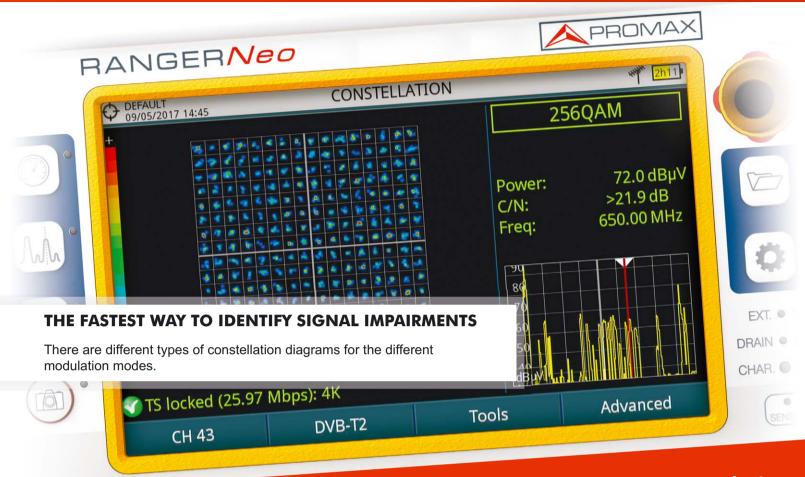


#### **Video / Audio Streaming**

It is now possible to stream the Transport Stream after channel demodulation either over a private LAN or over the Internet, as a unicast (UDP) stream. The service as seen on the analyzer screen can be streamed as a SPTS over IP, or as a full TS containing all services for the channel being tuned.

The same feature can be used for other streams received over IP or previously recorded, instead of coming from an RF source.



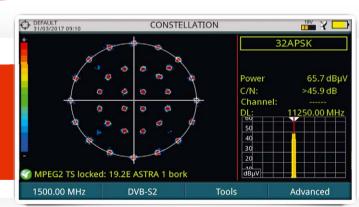


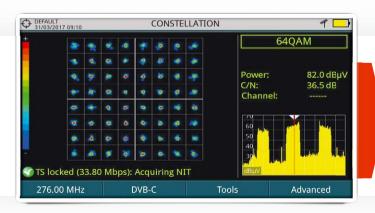
## Constellation diagram

Detecting signal impairments at a glance

#### 16/32 APSK, 8PSK and QPSK constellation

In the case of an ideal transmission channel, free of noise and interferences, all symbols are recognized by the demodulator without errors. In this case, they are represented in the constellation diagram as well defined points hitting in the same area and forming a clear dot.



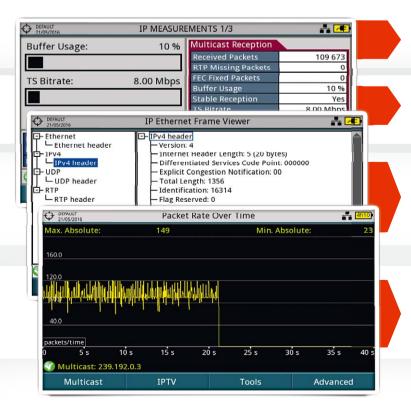


#### <u>16, 32, 64, 128, 256 QAM</u> **⊙**

Every modulation type is represented differently. A ITU J.83 Annex B 16QAM signal is represented on the screen by a total of 16 different zones, and a DVB-C 64QAM is represented on the screen by a total of 64 different zones and so on.







#### **Network bitrate**

The network bitrate gives you an indication of the network load and possibility of overload.

#### **Media Delivery Index**

A key quality measurement formed by the Delay Factor and the Media Loss Rate.

#### **IP Ethernet frame viewer**

IP Ethernet frame viewer captures a multicast packet displaying all its frame details, for example Time-To-Live (TTL), all fields of RTP protocol, etc. It is very helpful to study IPTV signalisation problems.

#### PING, Trace, Average packet delay and IPDV

They are very useful to identify the reasons for communication problems, anything from complete service interruptions to uncontrolled delays which can be as important in terms of service performance.



#### WIDEBAND LNB COMPATIBLE

Wideband LNBs deliver the entire vertical and horizontal satellite polarities (low and high band together) using two separate RF cables and an extended IF frequency range from 290 to 2,340 MHz. **Is your analyzer ready?** 



# Advanced satellite technology

#### Beacon-flyaways, SNG and VSAT ❖

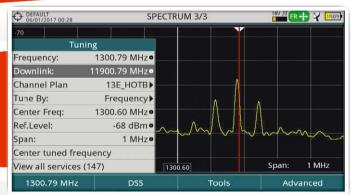
Satellite BEACON signals can be clearly seen thanks to the 1 MHz SPAN and 10 kHz resolution filters.

Having the proper resolution filters is critical in some applications, **RANGER**Neo includes a very narrow 2 kHz filter available in terrestrial TV band.



#### **VCM / ACM modulation schemes**

VCM / ACM (Variable/Adaptative Coding and Modulation) allow changing the modulation parameters used in the same RF channel over time.



#### **IRG** descriptor identification

The IRG descriptor is an embedded code that is added to video links containing contact info, GPS coordinates, etc from the source signal to allow a quick troubleshoot of interferences in scenarios such as live transmissions of sports events.

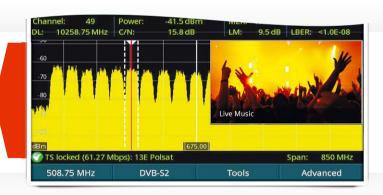
Mode code	QPSK CR=1/2 PILOTS=ON FRAME=
Mode code	QPSK CR=2/3 PILOTS=ON FRAME=
Mode code	QPSK CR=3/4 PILOTS=ON FRAME=
Mode code	QPSK CR=4/5 PILOTS=ON FRAME=
Mode code	QPSK CR=5/6 PILOTS=ON FRAME=
Mode code	8PSK CR=3/5 PILOTS=ON FRAME=
Mode code	8PSK CR=2/3 PILOTS=ON FRAME=
Mode code	32APSK CR=3/4 PILOTS=ON FRAM
Mode code	32APSK CR=3/4 PILOTS=ON FRAM

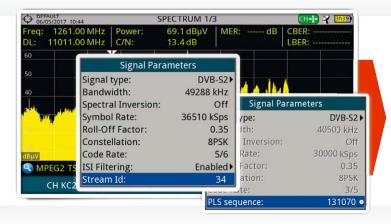




#### dCSS LNBs

Digital Channel Stacking Switch LNB can support several users on a single cable distribution system by allocating specific user bands for each of them. It is not possible to work with this type of LNB unless your field strength meter communicates using EN50494 (SATCR, UNICABLE) and EN50607 (dCSS, JESS, UNICABLE II) standard protocols.





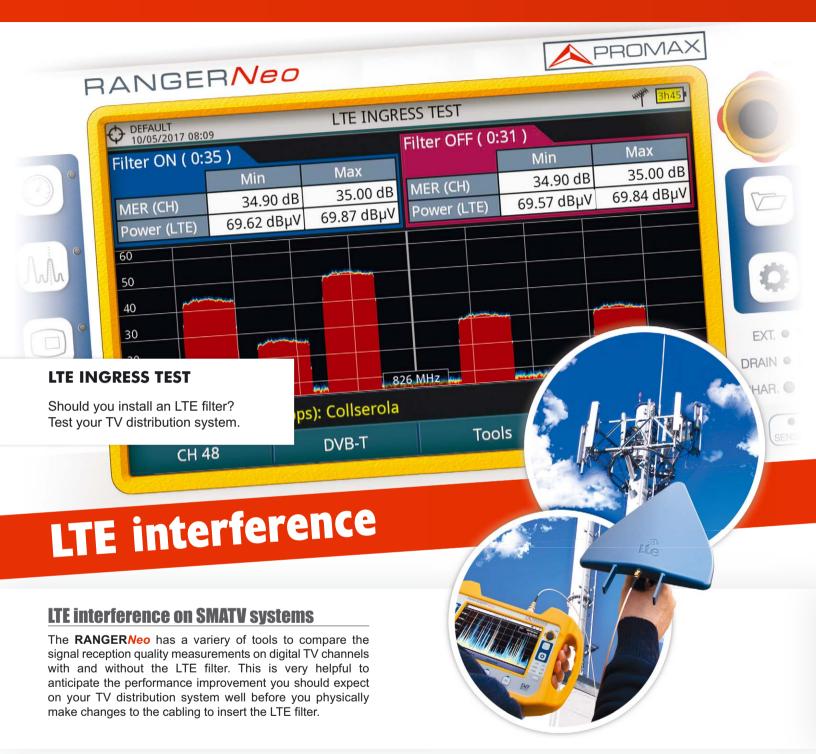
#### **PLS - Physical Layer Scrambling**

The PLS index is a number generated by the broadcaster that must be properly decoded by the customer so that demodulation is possible. **RANGER***Neo* can also work with this type of signals.

#### **DVB-S2** multistream

Advanced modulation techniques combine several independent transport streams into one single RF carrier. Selecting a specific TS is easy with your **RANGER**Neo using the ISI Filtering function.





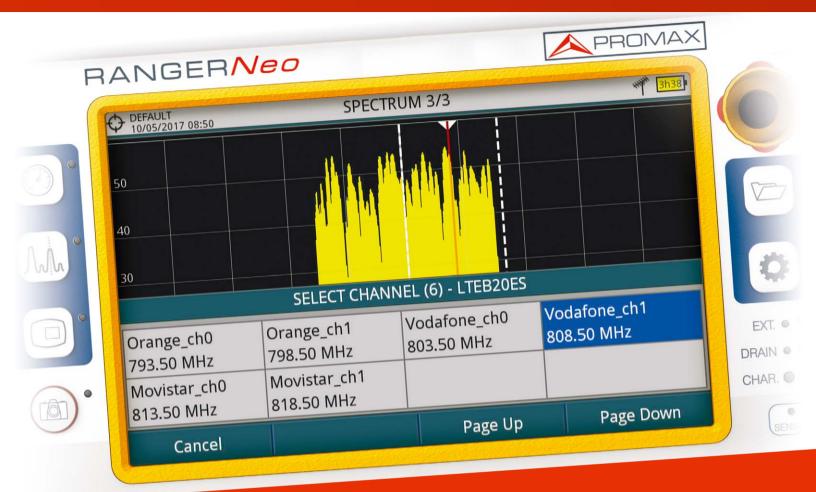
#### **LTE interference on CATV networks**

Some of the bands allocated to LTE are near or inside former television bands. For example band 20 (uplink 832-862 MHz; downlink 791-821 MHz). The **RANGER**Neo has special functions to help installers determine the level of activity in those bands and therefore anticipate potential interference problems

#### **Downlink and Uplink interference**

Downlink interference comes from the mobile phone base stations which are placed at fixed locations and are always on. This is not the case of Uplink interference which comes from the handheld devices and therefore it can be a lot more difficult to locate and mitigate.



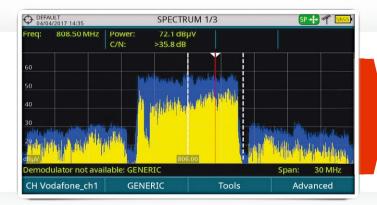


## LTE Signals

#### LTE signals and channel repack

The use of Smartphones is widely spread all over the world. In order to meet user demand for bandwidth, mobile phone operators need to expand their networks, use more efficient transmission standards (LTE) and use part of the bandwidth historically assigned to TV broadcast services (channel repack in the US or digital dividend in Europe).

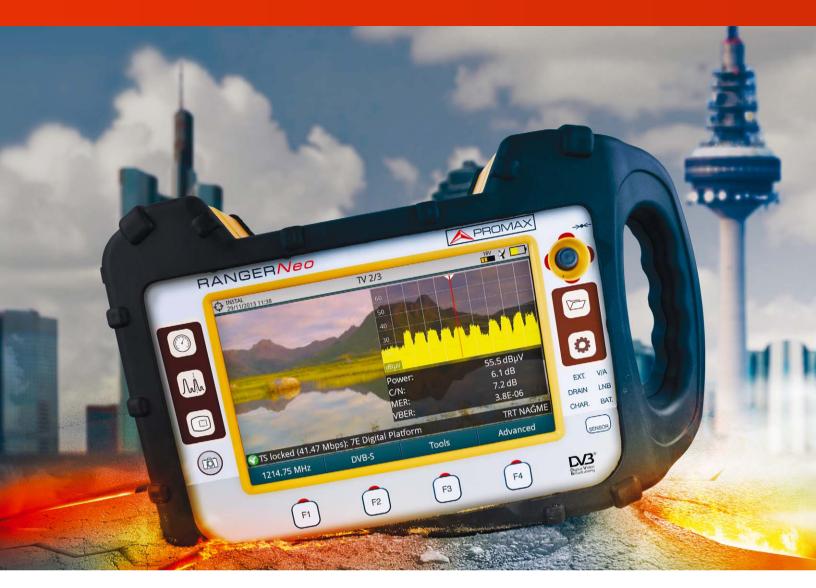


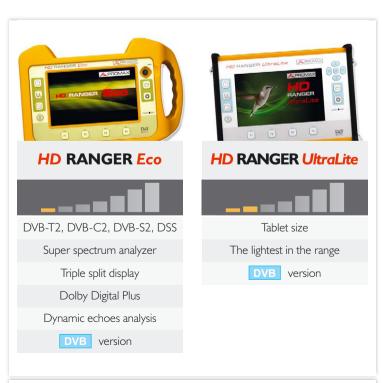


#### **M2M Machine to Machine applications**

Besides LTE interference measurements there is also an increasing need to look at the LTE signals themselves. This function can also be useful for Machine to Machine applications (electric car charging station, vending machine, wireless credit card reader...). One of the first problems you encounter is to make sure there is good signal coverage from the operator the system is working with.

#### RANGERNeo TV ANALYZERS







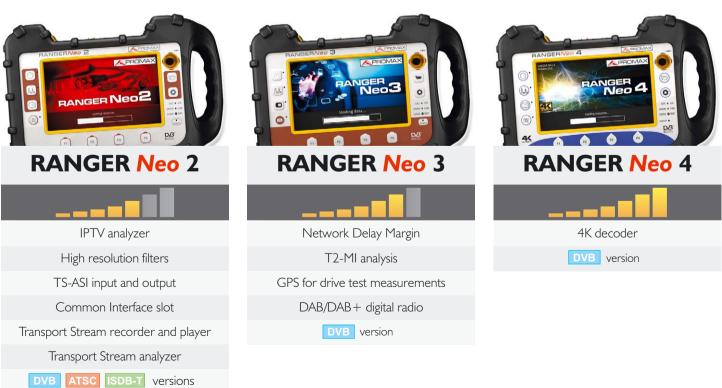




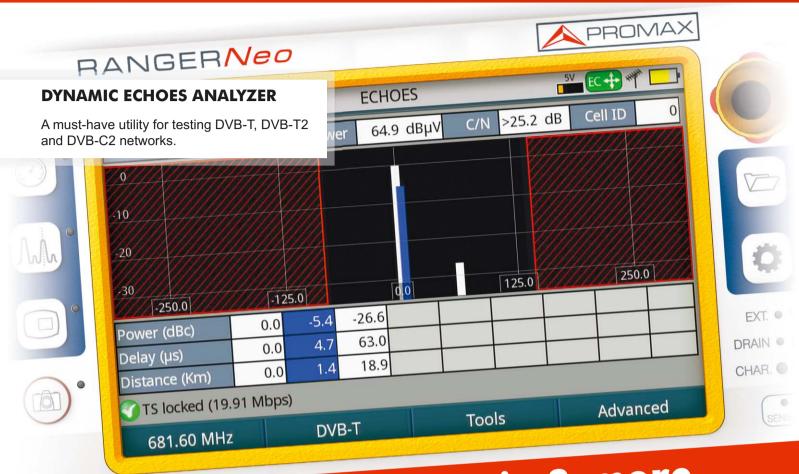
Please note *HD* RANGER *Eco* and *HD* RANGER *UltraLite* do not belong to RANGERNeo series.









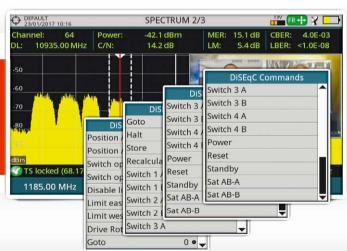


# Dynamic echoes analysis & more

#### **DiSEqC** commands

Elementary DiSEqC commands are available from a drop-down list. They can be combined to form macros which can also be associated to a channel table.

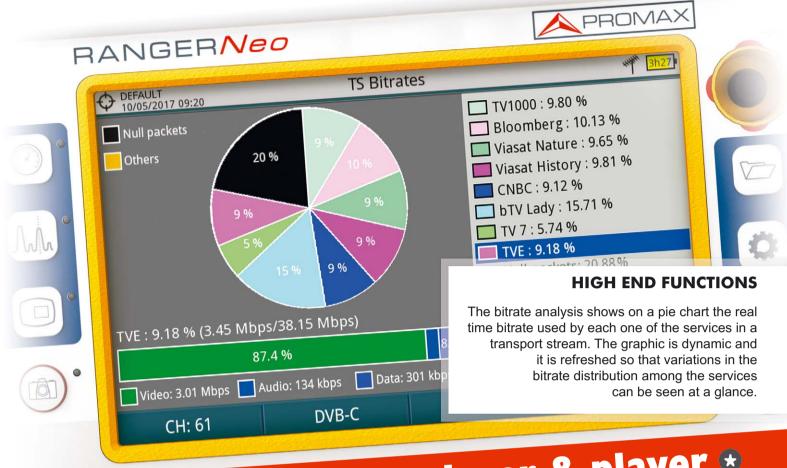




#### **Digital services database**

**RANGERNeo** builds a list of the TV and RADIO services detected as it tunes the different digital channels. Besides tuning by frequency and channel It is then possible to select a specific service from the list.

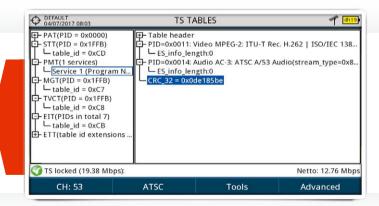




# Transport stream analyzer & player \*

#### **Table analysis o**

This function shows every detail of the transport stream tables in real time on a tree diagram. This is an outstanding function which is normally only available in more expensive equipment. It is possible to navigate through the tree branches using the joystick or the touch screen functionality.

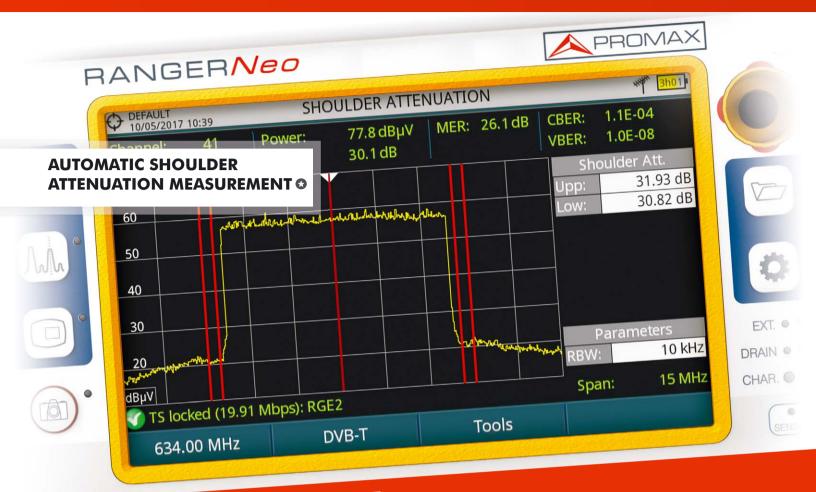




#### Record, analyze, decode and copy a Transport stream ♥

A function available for **RANGERNeo** that enables the instrument to capture the received TS in real time into its internal memory. The recorded TS can then be decoded, analyzed or copied to a USB *pendrive* directly connected to the instrument.



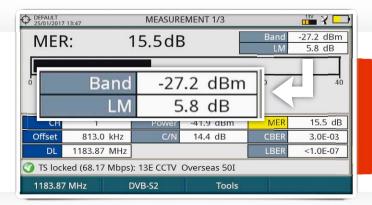


## **Productivity tools**

#### **StealthID**

The **RANGER**Neo StealthID function automatically identifies the required demodulation settings while tuning so that you don't need any previous information about the signal.

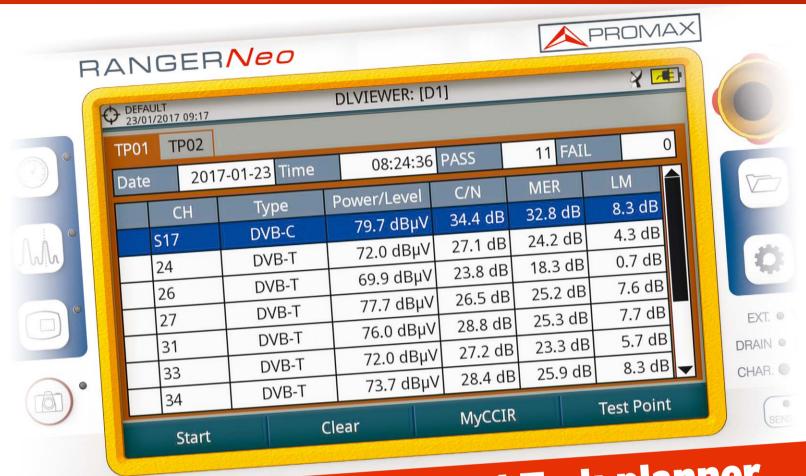




#### **Full band power**

The measurement of full band power is very useful to understand how much energy is available in total at the test point.

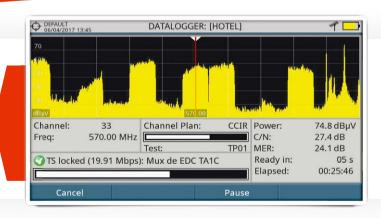


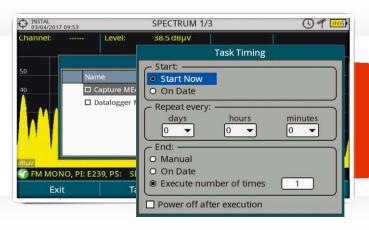


# Powerful datalogger and Task planner

#### **Datalogger and Test&Go**

The datalogger can perform channel power, carrier/noise, BER, MER... measurements automatically. It can also save information from the NIT table such as the network name or even the SID and names of the services in the mux under test. All this information is saved inside the meter and it can be downloaded to a USB memory or to a PC for further processing later on.





#### Task planner

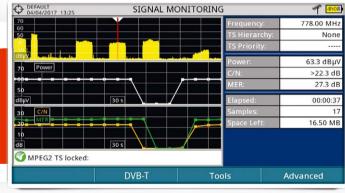
This function allows to set-up a task list, both for screen capture or Datalogger acquisition, selecting when to start, a repetition rate and the number of times the selected task must be performed. The equipment can be switched off after setting all parameters and will itself wake-up, at the required time, to perform the planned tasks.





#### **Coverage analysis and GPS**

This option turns the RANGERNeo into the perfect tool to perform signal coverage "drive test" analysis functions. It can capture different kind of measurements embedding time/date and geographic coordinates information.





#### **Creating reports**

All this information is saved automatically to either the internal meter's memory or to an external USB memory and can be transferred to a PC computer using a universal XML format. Once on the PC the data can be processed and presented in different ways among which overlaying the values on a map is the most interesting.











### RUN YOUR COVERAGE ANALYSIS OVER ONE OR MULTIPLE RF CHANNELS SIMULTANEOUSLY

Once the drive test is completed, plot the coverage measurements overlayed in Google Earth (KML format), and generate the resulting reports in Excel and CSV formats.

578.00 MHz)

DD/MM/YYYY, HH:MM:SS)

Total distance: 1263 m (0.8 mi)

42.2











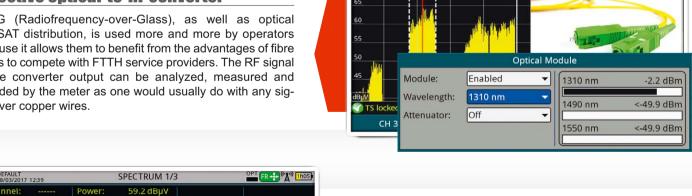
Image Landsat / Copen Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy





#### **Selective optical-to-RF converter**

RFoG (Radiofrequency-over-Glass), as well as optical TV&SAT distribution, is used more and more by operators because it allows them to benefit from the advantages of fibre optics to compete with FTTH service providers. The RF signal at the converter output can be analyzed, measured and decoded by the meter as one would usually do with any signal over copper wires.



554.00 MHz

#### 5694.05 MHz 017 12:39 5694.05 MHz 1394.05 MHz GENERIC

#### **6 GHz RF auxiliary input**

The RANGERNeo optical fibre option comes along with 6 GHz RF auxiliary input which can be used among other applications for direct connection to wholeband LNB's with 5.45 GHz RF output. This auxiliary input covers three bands:

Band I	From 2000 MHz to 3000 MHz
Band II	From 3400 MHz to 4400 MHz
Band III	From 4400 MHz to 6000 MHz





## CATV network analysis

#### **SCAN**

CATV installers appreciate very much having a SCAN function on their analyzer for it allows them to check all the channel levels in a graphical way.

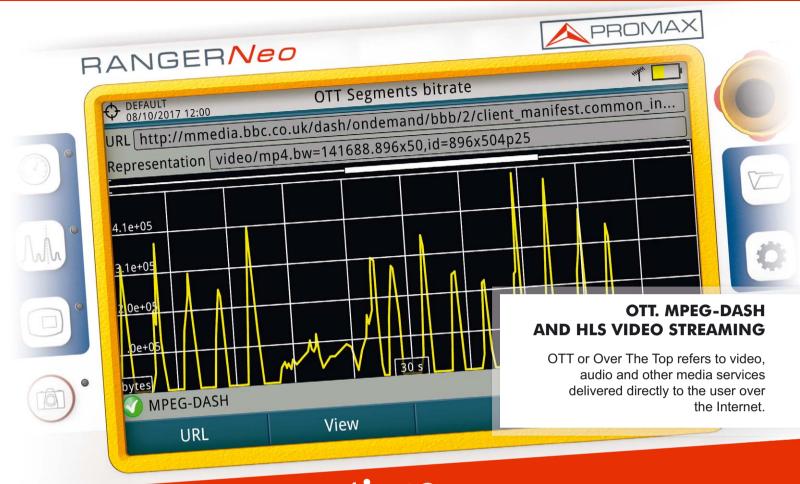




#### TILT

Using pilot generators as a reference, the TILT feature helps us to equalize the CATV network. We can detect as many as 4 pilots along the band from 6 – 999 MHz. The meter will calculate the level difference between the two most distant pilots and the tilt measurement (dB/MHz).

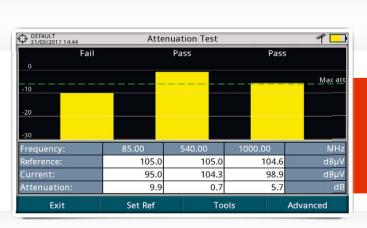




## Many useful functions

#### Merogram and Spectrogram ○

These functions have been developed to allow an early detection of intermittent impairments that may occur in very short periods of time and can not be monitored otherwise.



# Min: 5.8 dB Max: 37.3 dB Average MER Min: 25.7 dB Average MER Min: 25.7 dB Channel: Power: 77.9 dBµV C/N: 30.9 dB Power Min: 77.5 dBµV Max: 77.9 dBµV Max: 77.9 dBµV Max: 77.9 dBµV Max: 77.9 dBµV Max: 79.3 dBµV Max: 99.3 dBµV Max: 30.6 dB Max: 30.9 dB Span: 50 MHz

#### **Attenuation test**

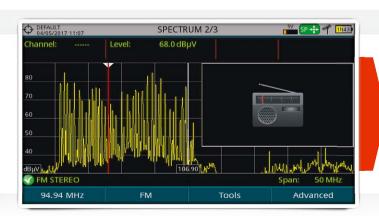
Test the frequency response of your installation using RP-050, RP-080, RP-110B signal generators.

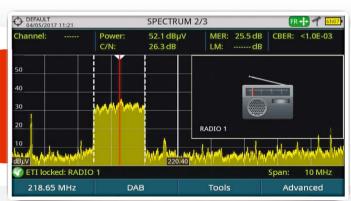




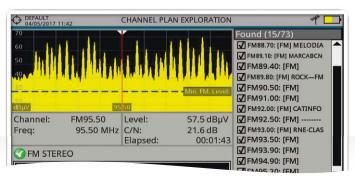
#### DAB+ digital radio ♀

DAB+ is an evolution of DAB (*Digital Audio Broadcast*) that among other differences uses AAC+ audio codec. It also includes Reed-Solomon error correction algorithm which makes it more robust against transmission impairments. **RANGER**Neo DAB option is compatible with both standards.





#### FM radio receiver and analyzer





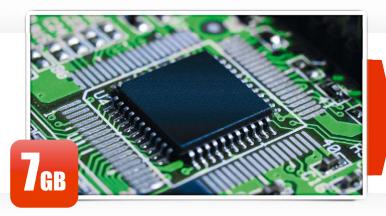


# Create, save and transfer data

#### **Ethernet connectivity**

Ethernet and IP protocols are now the gold standards for remote control applications and **RANGER**Neo offers this functionality. Besides remote control the IP interface can be used to save or retrieve data from a PC, copy channel tables or installation information, dataloggers, screenshots, etc.





#### More internal memory: Up to 7 GB

There is more data a **RANGER***Neo* can store in the internal memory, dataloggers, screen shots, signal monitoring files, etc. However, it is the transport stream recording what uses up memory faster. Even though the information can be downloaded to a PC or even copied to a *pendrive* in the field, the 7 GB of internal memory in the **RANGER***Neo* are far from negligible.





#### **Field strength measurements**

The **RANGER***Neo* can do FSM Field Strength Measurements. The antenna K factor can be entered manually or in the form of a file.





#### **Soft bag and hard case ○**

A soft carrying bag and a heavy duty transport case are included as standard accessories.







# Extended connectivity features •

#### **Transport stream input and output**

**RANGERNeo** can monitor and analyze streams coming out from satellite receivers, transport stream players, multiplexers, etc. Received transport stream signals can also be output to other devices.

#### **Common Interface**

The RANGERNeo includes a CI slot to interface with CAM modules available in the market and decode encrypted channels. The use of encryption is widely spread among television operators so this function is very useful.



















#### **HDMI** interface

The RANGERNeo includes an HDMI output to interface with other High Definition equipment. It can also be very useful to check proper operation of the client's TV while on a service call. Everything that can be seen on the meter's screen is available through the HDMI.

#### **Video input**

A RCA to jack adapter is also included for SD composite video input in all **RANGER***Neo* products.

#### **USB** and **Ethernet** connections

RANGERNeo includes USB and Ethernet interfaces. The USB can be used to copy files to memory sticks for example. Remote control and web server functionality are available through the Ethernet port.



SPECIFICATIONS	RANGERNeo Lite	RANGERNeo +	RANGERNeo 2	RANGERNeo 3	RANGERNeo 4	
DIGITAL BROADCAST STANDARDS	DVB-T/T2, DVB-T2 lite DVB-C/C2 DVB-S/S2 DVB-S2 Multistream DSS, ACM / VCM / CCM	Also includes: DAB, DAB+ (optional)	Also includes: MPEG-TS	Also DVB-T2-MI DAB, DAB+	o includes:	
AUDIO CODECS	MPEG-1, MPEG-2, HE-AA	AC, Dolby Digital, Dolby Di	gital Plus			
VIDEO CODECS	MPEG-2, MPEG-4 / H.264	1, HEVC / H.265				
INPUTS AND OUTPUTS	- Universal RF input 75 Ω - HDMI output - IP interface for remote control - Analogue Video/Audio input - 2xUSB (Type-A) for data transfering		Also includes:  - ASI-TS input and output (BNC Female, 75 Ω)  - IPTV multicast input (UDP / RTP, RJ45)  - Common Interface slot	Also includes: -1 pps input		
FUNCTIONS	- Constellation diagram - LTE ingress test - Dynamic echoes analysis - StealthID (instant identification of tuning parameters) - PLS (Physical Layer Scrambling) - Ultra fast spectrum analyzer (70 ms sweep time) - 4K Frame grabber - MAX and MIN hold - FM RDS radio measurement and decoding - Screenshots and Datalogger for meas.reports - Beacon-Flyaways SND and VSAT - Wideband LNB - WiFi 2.4 GHz - LTE 1.8 GHz - OTT - Service Recording - Field strength measurement - Task planner	Also includes:  - Merogram - Spectrogram - Signal monitoring - Remote control (webserver) - MER by carrier - GPS coverage analysis (optional) - Video/Audio Streaming - SCAN + TILT	Also includes:  - TS recording  - TS analysis  - IPTV multicast measurement and decoding  - Shoulder attenuation	Also includes: - Network delay - DVB-T2-MI analysis	Also includes: - 4K decoder	
SPECTRUM ANALYZER Frequency Margin Measurement range Span	From 5 - 1000 MHz (Terrestrial) From 250 - 2500 MHz (Satellite) From 10 - 130 dBµV Full / 500 / 200 / 100 / 50 / 20 / 10 MHz					
Resolution bandwidths	100 kHz	100, 200 kHz 1 MHz	2 kHz (terrestrial) 10, 20, 30, 40, 100, 200 kHz 1 MHz			
MEASUREMENT MODE (please refer to STANDARDS section) Frequency Margin  DVB-T COFDM DVB-T2 Base and Lite COFDM DVB-C QAM DVB-C2 COFDM PAL, SECAM and NTSC FM radio DVB-S QPSK DVB-S2 QPSK, 8PSK, 16/32APSK DSS QPSK	From 5 - 1000 MHz (Terrestrial) From 250 - 2350 MHz (Satellite) Power (35 to 115 dBµV), CBER, VBER, MER, C/N, Link margin Power (35 to 115 dBµV), CBER, C/N, LBER, MER, Link Margin, BCH ESR, LDP iterations, Wrong packets Power (45 to 115 dBµV), BER, MER, C/N, Link margin Power (45 to 115 dBµV), CBER, MER, C/N, LBER, BCH ESR, LDP iterations, wrong packets M, N, B, G, I, D, K and L Level measurement Power (35 to 115 dBµV), CBER, MER, C/N, Link Margin Power (35 to 115 dBµV), CBER, LBER, MER, C/N, BCH ESR, Wrong packets, Link Margin Power (35 to 115 dBµV), CBER, LBER, MER, C/N, Link margin					
INTERNAL STORAGE	7 GB for measurement protocols, screenshots and transport stream recordings					
PC CONNECTION (via ethernet interface)	NetUpdate 4 (free software) + Free and automatic firmware updates + User customised channel plans + Measurement reports and screenshots					
GENERAL	Hybrid operation: Touch screen (7") or conventional keyboard DiSEqC 2.x generator (DiSEqC 1.2 commands implemented) dCSS / SCD 2 (EN50607) and SATCR/SCD (EN50494)					
BATTERY	> 2h > 4 h (smart battery)					
HARD CASE	Optional Included					

OPTIONS	RANGERNeo +	RANGERNeo 2	RANGERNeo 3	RANGERNeo 4
DAB, DAB+	Available	Available	Included	Included
GPS Coverage Analysis	Available	Available	Included	Included
Rack assembly	Available	Available	Available	Available
OPM + Optical-to-RF converter + WiFi 5 GHz + LTE 2.6 GHz + 6 GHz RF input	Available	Available	Available	Available
WiFi 5 GHz + LTE 2.6 GHz + 6 GHz RF input	Available	Available	Available	Available



#### RANGERNeo TV analyzers

