



# SKYCLAW Pro

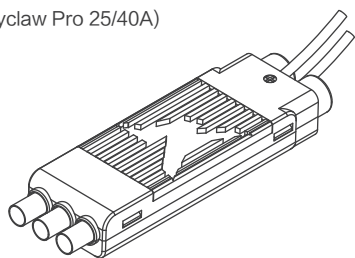
多旋翼飞行器无刷电子调速器

## 使用说明书

### User Manual

Multi-Rotor Brushless Electronic Speed Controller

(Skyclaw Pro 25/40A)



1.

### 1.2 可编程项说明

可设置同步整流功能的开启和关闭，默认开启同步整流。

### 1.3 产品规格

型号	持续电流	瞬时电流 (10秒)	BEC	锂电节数	重量 (g)	尺寸 (长*宽*高, mm)
Skyclaw Pro 25A	25A	40A	无	3-4S	25	46.6x22.2 x10.5
Skyclaw Pro 40A	40A	60A	无	3-6S	45	73.5x21.8 x11

### 1.4 保护功能说明

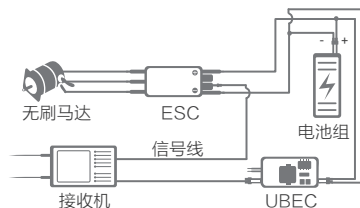
- 启动保护：推动油门启动后，若2秒内未能正常启动马达，电调将关闭动力输出。需将油门摇杆再次置于最低点才能重新启动马达。出现这种情况的原因有：电调输出线与马达的连线接触不良或有断开、螺旋桨被其他物体阻挡等。
- 油门信号丢失保护：当检测到油门遥控信号持续丢失0.25秒以上时，立即关闭电调输出，以免因螺旋桨继续高速转动而造成更大的损耗。信号恢复后，立即恢复电调输出。

## 2. 使用向导

### 2.1 接线

电调与马达、接收机、电池等连接组成无刷动力系统。

- 电调的输入线与电池组连接。
- 电调的输出线与马达连接。
- 电调的信号线与接收机的油门通道连接。



Skyclaw Pro电调无内置BEC，需使用外置的UBEC。将UBEC的输入端与电池组连接，输出端与接收机的一个空闲通道连接。

### 2.2 修改油门模式

△ 注意：在飞行系统上电及飞行过程中，请勿修改油门模式。

Skyclaw Pro电调支持PPM油门模式和OneShot125油门模式。

- 当飞控也支持OneShot125功能时，才能将油门模式修改为OneShot125油门模式（需电调和飞控同时支持）。
- 仅在PPM油门模式下可进行油门行程校准。

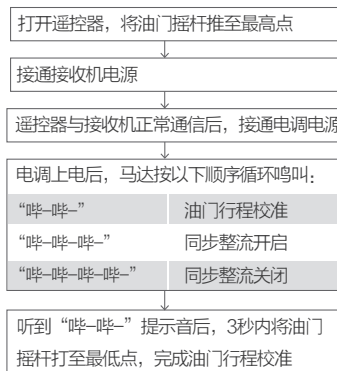
3.

Skyclaw Pro电调接入飞行系统后，系统上电时将自动检测输入的油门信号类别，并执行相应的油门模式。如需修改油门模式，先在飞控上修改油门模式，然后断开系统电源并重新上电。

### 2.3 校准油门行程

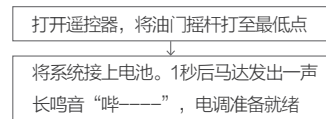
首次使用SkyclawPro电调或更换遥控器后，需进行油门行程校准。

△ 注意：进行油门行程校准前，请卸下螺旋桨，以免发生意外伤害。



5.

### 2.5 正常开机过程



## 3. 常见故障

故障现象	可能原因	解决方法
上电后马达无法启动，发出“哔、哔……”急促单音。	· 油门未归零。 · 油门行程设置过小。	· 若油门未归零，将油门摇杆置于最低位置。 · 若油门行程设置过小，重新设置油门行程。
上电后马达无法启动，发出“哔-、哔-、哔-……”提示音（每声间隔时间为1s）。	接收机油门通道无油门信号输出。	检查遥控器与接收机配合是否正常。并检查油门控制通道接线是否正常。
上电后马达无法启动，发出“哔、哔、哔、哔……”循环鸣叫。	油门通道“正/反”向错误。	参考遥控器说明书，调整油门通道正反向设置。

▲ 感谢您购买本产品。

无刷动力系统功率强大，错误的使用可能造成人身伤害和设备损坏。使用前请仔细阅读本说明书，并严格遵守规定的操作程序。我们不承担因使用本产品或擅自对产品进行改造所引起的任何责任，包括但不限于对附带损失或间接损失的赔偿责任。

## 1. 产品介绍

### 1.1 产品特点

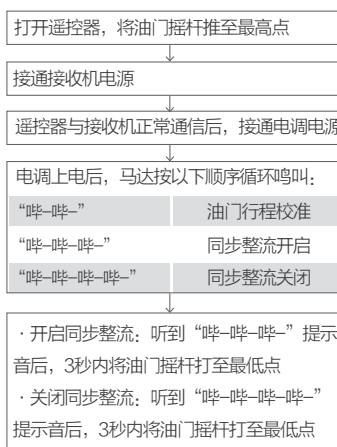
- 主控芯片采用运行频率高达50MHz的MCU，运算速度更快，大幅提升了油门的响应速度。
- 采用同步整流驱动技术，驱动效率更高（显著降低电调温度）、油门线性更好、马达减速响应速度更快。
- 电调支持PPM油门模式（油门信号为1100 μs-1940 μs）和OneShot125油门模式（油门信号为125 μs-250 μs）。
- PPM油门模式下支持刷新频率高达500Hz的油门信号，兼容各种飞控。
- 自动调节进角，高度智能化，无需任何参数设置，使用非常简单。
- 油门信号线采用双绞线，有效降低了信号在铜线内传输所产生的串扰，飞行更稳定。
- 采用专用功率管驱动芯片，驱动效率高且可靠性强。

2.

### 2.4 设置编程参数

用户可根据需要开启或关闭同步整流功能。

若开启同步整流功能，油门减小时，电调将主动制动，迅速降低马达转速，具有更好的油门线性，极大地提高了多旋翼飞行器的姿态和航向稳定性。同时具有更高的驱动效率，从而降低电调的工作温度。



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Thank you for purchasing this product. Brushless power system for RC model can be very dangerous. Any improper use may cause personal injury and equipment damage. Please read this manual carefully before use, and strictly comply with the operating procedures in the manual. We assume no liability for personal injury, property damage or consequential damages resulting from use of the product or unauthorized alteration of the product.

## 1. Product Introductions

### 1.1 Features

- Adopt high-frequency MCU (up to 50MHz) as the main control chip, the computing speed of the ESC is faster and the response speed of the throttle is dramatically improved.
- Applying advanced synchronous rectifier technology, it can increase the ESC efficiency (significantly reduce the ESC temperature), improve the throttle linearity, and speed up the response when decelerating the motor.
- This ESC is compatible with PPM signal-receiving mode (the throttle signals range from 1100µs to 1940µs) and OneShot125 signal-receiving mode (the throttle signals range from 125µs to 250µs).
- In PPM signal-receiving mode, the frequency of the throttle signal supported by the ESC is up to 500Hz and compatible with various flight controllers.
- Highly intelligent and adaptive default settings like auto-adjusting timing for ease of operation.
- The twisted-pair design of the throttle signal cable effectively reduces the crosstalk produced in signal transmission and makes the flight more stable.
- By using specialized power tube to driver the chip, the ESC has high efficiency and strong reliability.

### 1.2 Programmable Items

You can enable and disable the synchronous rectifier. The default is enabled.

### 1.3 Specifications

Model	Cont. Current	Burst Current (10s)	BEC	Li-Po	Weight (g)	Size L*W*H (unit: mm)
Skyclaw Pro 25A	25A	40A	No	3-4 S	25	46.6x22.2x10.5
Skyclaw Pro 40A	40A	60A	No	3-6 S	45	73.5x21.8x11

### 1.4 Protection Functions

- Start-up protection: If the motor fails to start within 2 seconds while pushing the throttle stick upward, the ESC will cut off the output power. You need to put the throttle stick to the lowest position again and then restart the motor. It happens in the following situations: poor

connection or disconnection between the ESC and the motor, the propellers are blocked, etc.

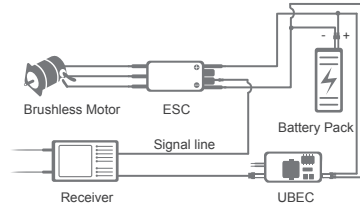
- Throttle signal loss protection: If the throttle signal is lost for over 0.25 second, the ESC will cut off the output immediately to avoid greater losses caused by the high-speed rotation of the propeller. The ESC will recover the output immediately after normal signals are received.

## 2. Operation Instructions

### 2.1 Wiring

The ESC is connected with motor, receiver, and battery pack to form a brushless power system, as shown in the figure.

- The input lines of the ESC are connected to the battery pack.
- The output lines of the ESC are connected to the motor.
- The signal lines of the ESC are connected to the throttle channel of the receiver.



Skyclaw Pro is a kind of ESC without built-in battery elimination circuit (BEC), it is need to use an external UBEC (ultra BEC). The input lines of the UBEC are connected to the battery pack, the output lines of the UBEC are connected to an idle channel of the receiver.

### 2.2 Modify the Throttle Mode

**CAUTION:** Do not change the signal-receiving mode during the powering up process and flight.

This ESC is compatible PPM signal-receiving mode and OneShot 25 signal-receiving mode.

- On the condition that the flight controller also supports the OneShot125 mode, users can change the signal-receiving mode of the ESC into OneShot125 (both the ESC and flight controller need to support OneShot125 mode).
- User can calibrate the throttle travel only on PPM signal-receiving mode.

After connecting the brushless power system and powering up, it will automatically detect the type of the input throttle signals and then execute the corresponding signal-receiving mode. To modify the signal-receiving mode, please modify the mode on the flight controller first, then disconnect the power supply, and then reconnect the power supply.

### 2.3 Calibrate the Throttle Travel

Please calibrate the throttle travel when you use the ESC first time or change another transmitter.

**CAUTION:** Before calibrating the throttle travel, please remove the propellers, in order to avoid accidents.

Turn on the transmitter and move the throttle stick to the top position.

Connect the receiver to the battery pack.

Ensure the transmitter and receiver are well bound, and then power on the ESC.

The motor will beep different tones circularly:

"beep-beep-"	throttle calibration
"beep-beep-beep"	synchronous rectifier ON
"beep-beep-beep-beep-"	synchronous rectifier OFF

Move the throttle stick to the bottom within 3 seconds after the "beep-beep-" tone.

### 2.4 Program the ESC

You can enable and disable the synchronous rectifier. With the synchronous rectifier ON, the ESC can get better throttle linearity. It will actively brake and rapidly reduce the motor speed when decreasing the throttle amount. This can greatly improve the attitude and direction stability of the multi-rotors. Moreover, this also improves the driving efficiency of the ESC and reduces its operating temperature.

Turn on the transmitter and move the throttle stick to the top position.

Connect the receiver to the battery pack.

Ensure the transmitter and receiver are well bound, and then power on the ESC.

The motor will beep different tones circularly:

"beep-beep-"	throttle calibration
"beep-beep-beep"	synchronous rectifier ON
"beep-beep-beep-beep-"	synchronous rectifier OFF

- Enable the synchronous rectifier: move the throttle stick to the bottom within 3 seconds after the "beep-beep-beep" tone.

- Disable the synchronous rectifier: move the throttle stick to the bottom within 3 seconds after the "beep-beep-beep-beep" tone.

### 2.5 Normal Start - up Procedure

Turn on the transmitter and move the throttle stick to the bottom position.

Connect the battery pack to the ESC, wait for 1 second, the motor will emit a long "beep-----" tone . It means the ESC is ready for working.

## 3. Trouble Shooting

Faults	Possible Reasons	Solutions
After power on, the motor does not work, a warning tone "beep, beep, beep..." (The motor beeps rapidly) is emitted.	· The throttle stick is not at the bottom position. · The throttle travel is too small.	· If the throttle stick is not at the bottom position, move the throttle stick to the bottom. · If the throttle travel is too small, calibrate the throttle travel.
After power on, the motor does not work, a warning tone "beep-beep-beep..." (Every beep has an interval of 1 second) is emitted.	No output signal from the throttle channel on the receiver.	Check whether the transmitter and receiver are well bound, and whether the throttle signal line has been properly plugged into the throttle channel on the receiver.
After power on, the motor does not work, a circular warning tone "beep beep, beep beep beep, beep beep beep" is emitted.	<b>The Normal/Reverse</b> direction of the throttle channel on the transmitter is incorrect.	Refer to the transmitter instructions and modify the <b>Normal/Reverse</b> direction of the throttle channel.

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