MANUFACTURER: SRW Products

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Princeton, MN 55371

EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-424-9300 (763) 389-2722 INFORMATION PHONE: NAME OF PREPARER: Safety Director

01-01-2024 Revision Date: PRODUCT NAME: SRW DG Dual Guard VOC

PRODUCT CODE: SSDG VOC

HAZARD RISK CLASSIFICATION

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

PICTOGRAM:

GHS02 - FLAME GHS07 - EXCLAMATION MARK GHS08 - HEALTH HAZARD GHS09 -

ENVIRONMENT

HAZARD CATEGORY HAZARD CLASS

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS CATEGORY 2

ACUTE TOXICITY CATEGORY 4 ORAL ACUTE TOXICITY CATEGORY 4 DERMAL ACUTE TOXICITY CATEGORY 4 INHALAS SKIN CORROSION /IRRITATION CATEGORY 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / CATEGORY 2 AND 2A CATEGORY 4 INHALATION

EYE IRRITATION

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY CATEGORY 1 (BOTH 1A AND 1B) CARCINOGENICITY CATEGORY 1 (BOTH 1A AND 1B)

TOXIC TO SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN CATEGORY 3

TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE

ASPIRATION HAZARD CATEGORY 1 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC CHRONIC 2

ENVIRONMENT LONG-TERM (CHRONIC)

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H225 H304	Highly flammable liquid and vapor May be fatal if swallowed or enters airways
Н312	Harmful in contact with skin
Н315	Causes skin irritation
Н319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Н332	Harmful if inhaled
Н335	May cause respiratory irritation
Н340	May cause genetic defects
Н350	May cause cancer.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

PREVENTION:

H411

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/hot surfaces/sparks/open flames and other

enirces of ico	ition. No smoking.					
P233	Keep container tightly closed.					
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.					
241	Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilation/lighting/handling					
equipment.	obe empression proof erecerrear / venerraction/frighting/handring					
	II.a. man anaulina haala					
2242	Use non-sparking tools.					
2243	Take action to prevent static discharge.					
2260	o not breath dusts/fume/gas/mist/vapors or spray.					
P264	Wash hands and any exposed area thoroughly after handling.					
2270	Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product.					
2271	e only outdoors or in well-ventilated area.					
2281	se appropriate personal protective impervious gloves/protective					
clothing/ OSHA	approved eye protection/ face protection.					
RESPONSE:						
P301+P310	If swallowed: Immediately call a Poison Center / doctor.					
9303+P361+P353	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated					
	e skin with water (or shower).					
P304+P340	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for					
oreathing.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
_	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.					
	t lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.					
P308+P313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.					
2312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.					
2312 2321						
	Specific treatment (see on this label)					
P330	Rinse mouth.					
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.					
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.					
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.					
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), powder, alcohol-					
resistant foam	to extinguish.					
STORAGE:						
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.					
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.					
2405	Store locked up.					
DISPOSAL:						
P501	Store separately. Dispose of contents/ container in accordance					
	gional/national /international regulations.					
OTHER HAZARDS:	NONE KNOWN					
HMIS RATING:	H F R PPE 2* 3 0 G					
	SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS ====================================					
COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER PERCENT OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV OTHER					
Dimethyl Carbonate	616-38-6 50-65					
Aromatic Hydrocarbo	on 64742-94-5 7.5-10.0					
	10 PPM 10 PPM 15 PPM					
Aromatic Petroleum	Distillates 64742-95-6 2.5-5.0					
	100 PPM NA					

95-63-6

25 PPM

25 PPM

+ Trimethylbenzene

Naphthalene	91-20-3	15 PPM	10 PPM
Cumene	98-82-8	50 PPM	50 PPM

- \star Chemical(s) that are chronic health hazards. Refer to section 3 for further information.
- + Toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372.
- ^ Hazardous Air Pollutant established by the EPA as directed by the Clean Air Act of 1990.

Skin contact, eye contact, and inhalation.

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES:

IF ON SKIN: Thoroughly wash exposed area with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. If irritation develops and persists, seek medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Flush with large amounts of water for 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids occasionally. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

If SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Immediately administer 1-2 glasses of water and contact a physician, hospital emergency room, or poison control center for further advice. Keep person warm, quiet and seek immediate medical attention. Aspiration of material into lungs can cause severe lung damage. VOMITING CAN CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS WHICH CAN BE FATAL.

INHALATION: Move affected individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel should administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration. If respiratory symptoms develop or persist, seek medical attention.

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS/EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED:

EYES: Contact with eyes may cause irritation including burning, watering, and redness.

SKIN: Contact may cause mild skin irritation including redness, burning, and drying and cracking of skin.

Continued exposure may develop into dermatitis. Solvents can penetrate the skin and cause systematic effects similar to those under inhalation symptoms.

INHALATION: High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, asthma, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects, and possibly death.

INGESTION: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Small amounts aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury.

CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS:

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage (Sometimes referred to as Solvent or Painter's Syndrome). Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this material may be harmful or fatal. Chronic exposure may also cause damage to the respiratory system, lungs, eyes, skin, gastrointestinal tract, liver, spleen and kidneys. Repeated skin contact may cause persistent irritation or dermatitis.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Conditions aggravated by exposure may include skin disorders, respiratory (asthma-like) disorders, and pre-existing liver or kidney conditions.

INDICATION OF IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

Treat symptomatically.

Foam, CO2, or dry chemical is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures.

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they may cause a flashback or explosion. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the presence of excessive heat. In the event of fire, harmful vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and others may be released.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND PRECAUTIONS FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS:

Persons exposed to products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Isolate danger area, keep unauthorized personnel out. Water may be ineffective for extinguishment, unless used under favorable conditions by experienced fire fighters. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen, exercise caution when using CO2 in confined areas.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Keep runoff from storm sewars, ditches, streams, lakes and other ground waters and waterways.

METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEAN UP:

Contain all spills. Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill/release. Use explosion-proof non-sparking equipment. Stay upwind from area. Stop source of release if possible with minimal risk. Spilled material may be absorbed with an appropriate spill kit. Collect into suitable containers and dispose of properly in accordance with all applicable regulations. (See Section 13)

Employees who come in contact with this material must be trained in accordance to 1910.1200 of the Hazard Communication Standard.

Open container slowly to relieve any pressure. Bond and ground all equipment when transferring from one vessel to another. Static charge can accumulate by flow or agitation. Ignition can occur by static discharge. The use of explosion proof equipment is recommended and may be required. The use of respiratory protection is advised when concentrations exceed any established exposure limits and in confined spaces. Use good industrial and personal hygiene practice, wash thoroughly after handling, and do not wear contaminated clothing.

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE:

Keep containers tightly closed. Use and store material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, hot metal surfaces, and all sources of ignition. Post "No smoking or open flame" sign. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Protect containers against physical damage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

"Empty" containers retain residue, liquid and vapor, and may be dangerous. Do not cut, weld, pressurize, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause severe personal injury or death. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner in accordance with all government regulations.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional ventilation or exhaust systems may be required. Where explosive mixtures may be present, electrical systems safe for such locations must be used.

PERSONAL PROTECIVE EQUIPMENT:

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure. A NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge should be used under conditions where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits (See Section 3). Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Prevent prolonged or repeated contact by wearing gloves impervious to solvents and other appropriate protective clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety glasses to reduce eye contact potential. Chemical safety goggles (ANSI 287.1 or approved equivalent) are appropriate if splashing is likely. Eye washes must be available where eye contact can occur.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:

A source of clean water should be available for flushing eyes and skin. Showers should be available if larger spills are possible.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

Efforts should be made to minimize contact and spills. Always wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking. Clean up spills promptly. Follow OSHA and company quidelines.

======== SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES =========

APPEARANCE/PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

ODOR: Hydrocarbon odor

ODOR THRESHOLD: Not measured

MELTING/FREEZING POINT: Not Determined

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): 1.03

EVAPORATION RATE: Not Determined FLASH POINT: 58 F TCC

UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT: 12.9 LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT: 1

DECOPMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: Not Available

COATING V.O.C.: 396 g/l (3.3 lb/gl)

COLOR: Clear(Water white)

pH: Not Determined

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble/Negligible

BOILING POINT/RANGE: 194 F - 363 F VAPOR DENSITY: Greater Than Air

FLAMMABILITY: Not determined VAPOR PRESSURE: Not Determined

AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not Determined PARTITION COEFFICIENT: Not Available

VISCOSITY: Not Determined

 $\label{eq:REACTIVITY: Will not occur.}$

CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions and handling.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

All possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Avoid exposure to strong oxidizing agents and reducing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS:

Combustion may liberate toxic byproducts such as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, various oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

SENSITIZATION:

None known.

CARCINOGENICITY:

There is no data available to indicate any components present at greater than 0.1% may present a carcinogenic hazard.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

There is no data available to indicate any components present at greater than 0.1% may present reproductive toxicity.

TERATOGENICITY (BIRTH DEFECTS):

There is no data available to indicate any components present at greater than 0.1% may cause birth defects.

MUTAGENICITY

There is no data to indicate that any component present at greater than 0.1% will alter DNA.

ECOTOXICITY:

No data available.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

Not readily degradable.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL:

No data available.

MORTITTY IN SOIL:

No data available.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: Although no information is available for this specific product mixture, individual

components may by themselves may have ecological affects. Trimethylbenzene is a marine pollutant under 49 CFR 172.101.

This product is considered a RCRA hazardous waste due to the characteristic(s) of D001 (ignitability). Waste is subject to the land disposal restrictions in 40 CFR 268.40 and may require treatment standards. Consult state and local regulations to determine whether they are more stringent than the federal requirements.

Container contents should be completely used and containers empty prior to discarding. Container rinsate could be considered a RCRA hazardous waste and must be discarded in compliance with all applicable regulations. Larger empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to a professional drum reconditioner. To assure proper disposal of smaller empty containers, consult with state and local regulations and disposal authorities.

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: (UN #, SHIPPING NAME, HAZARD CLASS, PACKING GROUP)

UN1139, Coating Solution, 3, II

======SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION =====

US TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT (TSCA):

All ingredients of this product are listed, or are excluded from listing, on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) chemical substance inventory.

SARA 302 EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE: None

SARA 311/312 HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL: See Section 3

SARA 313 (TRI REPORTING):

This product does contain a chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313 (40CFR 372). See section 3.

STATE LISTED COMPONENTS CAS NUMBER STATE CODE Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6 MA, MN, NJ, PA

Cumene 98-82-8 CA, CT, FL, IL, LA, MA, ME, MN, NJ, PA, RI

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

This product contains a chemical(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm, which are subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65.

98-82-8 Cancer Cumene

Napthalene CAS #91-20-3 Cancer

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