

Kartzime®

Item No. 34539

Multi-tiered Enzymatic Alkaline Detergent

Specifically designed for use in washer-disinfectors, tunnel washers and cart washers.

Kartzime® is a premium detergent that utilizes the power of enzymes in an alkaline solution. With its Multi-tiered formulation of enzymes, Kartzime® removes all blood, fat, carbohydrates, starches and protein, while its powerful alkaline solution eliminates scale and mineral deposits left from hard water. Kartzime®'s unique sequestering and emulsifying ability assures complete cleanliness and free rinsing of surgical carts, trays and washers.



Applications

- Kartzime® contains powerful sequestering and emulsifying agents, assuring complete cleanliness and free rinsing of all surgical carts, trays, plastics, aluminum, glassware and rubber tubing.
- Kartzime® features Ruhof's synergistic blend of Multi-tiered enzymes for the digestion of all bio-burden on surgical carts and trays.
- Kartzime® is excellent for eliminating scale and mineral deposits caused by hard water.

Features

- One-step cleaning and scale prevention
- Kartzime® is alkaline (pH 9 to 10) yet does not require a neutralizer.
- Bio-degradable
- Extremely fast wetting and odorless, while maintaining high detergency and cleaning performance in hard, soft, cold and hot water
- Instantly and constantly active (sequestering)
- Free Rinsing, Kartzime® leaves no residue or pyrogens

Directions for Use

- Dose Ruhof's Kartzime® via the washer's auto dispensing pump or pour directly into the reservoir. Works in all water temperatures.
- Recommended dilution: 1-2 oz. per gallon of water (8-16ml per liter)
(On lightly soiled carts and trays Kartzime® can be diluted at 1/2 oz. per gallon of water (4ml per liter).

Cautions: Avoid prolonged contact with skin. Do not swallow. Keep away from children.

CE-marks: Kartzime® conforms to the requirements of the legislation for medical devices and the European directive 93/42/EC.
Hazard warnings and safely advice: Kartzime® needs not to be classified according to the Dangerous Preparation Guideline 99/45/EC.