

ACTIVITY

SHEETS

LEARN TO READ KINDERGARTEN

Designed with literacy experts and follows the school curriculum. Our step-by-step program takes you through the different levels of phonics learning and the terms you need to know, exactly the way they do it in school. You can access audio recordings by using your mobile phone camera to hear the audio files.

USEDITION

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INTRODUCTION

The act of reading is explained by the following formula: (decoding sounds and words) x (language comprehension) = reading comprehension (Gough and Tumner, 1986). Proficient readers can both decode words in text (sound them out) and draw meaning from these words. But for beginning or struggling readers, decoding is a critical piece of the reading equation that is extremely hard to master. How can adults support students in becoming proficient readers? What skills do early learners need? Where do we even start?

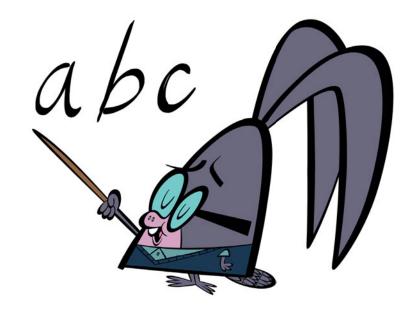
Before receiving my PhD, I taught for over a decade in urban and suburban elementary schools as a special education teacher, teacher-trainer, and literacy coach. One thing is clear, the past decade has seen a renewed call for children to explicitly learn the principles of sound-symbol correspondences or phonics. Quality phonics instruction provides early readers with the necessary skills to decode new words while reading. As students become fluent decoders, they encounter new vocabulary which supports their ability to comprehend the materials they read. This cyclical process, decoding and comprehending, enables children to develop proficient reading skills.

Impactful phonics instruction includes multiple components such as cyclical review, attention to letter-sound connections, spelling instruction, and lots of practice. Foolproof Phonics by Mrs. Wordsmith reinforces several key phonics skills while supporting classroom reading instruction. Engaging students with delightful cartoon characters and audio-visual reinforcements, Foolproof Phonics provides much needed daily practice and review of foundational phonics skills. Each lesson page includes a QR square where children can hear the pronunciation of letters or letter combinations. The accompanying illustrations include opportunities to practice phonemic awareness skills as well as print awareness training. Finally, students will learn how to blend and segment words, receiving cyclical practice of previously learned material to ensure letter-sound mastery.

As part of a comprehensive reading program, Foolproof Phonics provides teachers, parents, and guardians the opportunity to review foundational early reading skills. With engaging materials, bright illustrations, and interactive features, children will enjoy practicing phonics lessons without boring drills and endless workbook pages.

I encourage you to sit side-by-side with your student or child daily and engage with them for just 10 minutes using the Foolproof Phonics materials. The interactions and practice will support your students or child in developing necessary early reading skills needed to achieve.

Susan J. Chambre, PhD
Assistant Professor of Education
Marist College



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INSTRUCTIONS

Say to your child, "this is the letter b." Scan the QR code with your mobile phone camera to hear the sound. Say to your child, "can you say b?" Repeat.

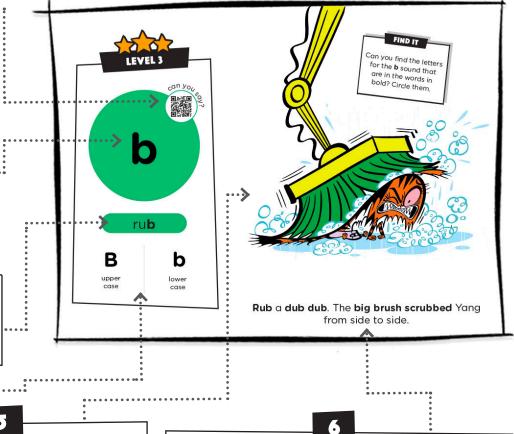
Point to the letter several times and repeat the sound. This helps your child to pronounce the sound (phoneme) correctly, and link the phoneme with its written representation (the grapheme).

Say the word slowly. Listen to how the sounds are blended together to make the word. Repeat the word with your child.

Tell your child that this letter can be written in two ways - upper case and lower case - depending on where it comes in a word or sentence. This can be quite confusing. When learning to read, we try to focus on the lower case letters first!

Look at the picture together and read the sentence to your child. Ask your child what is happening in the picture or what happens next? Remember, developing oral language and comprehension is also important when learning to read.

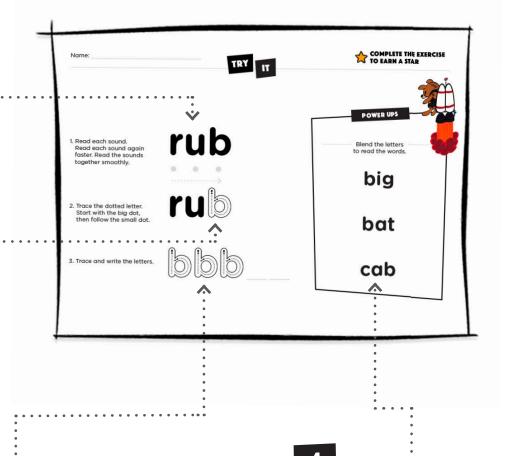
Point to the bold words in the sentence and ask your child to find all the 'b' letters. The words with the 'b' letters are bolded to make it easier. They can't read these sentences yet. This is just to help them recognise what the letter looks like - and pick it out from a word. It may not be easy for them.



INSTRUCTIONS

Read each sound slowly. The sound buttons under the letter tell you if the sounds go together or are separate. In this image, "r-u-b" are all individual sounds. In others, such as "c - are", the sound "are" is blended together, but they are still one sound. Ask your child to say the sounds separately slowly. Say them again faster. Then blend the sounds together to make the word.

Trace the letter, first with a finger and then with a pencil. After your child has traced the letter three times, ask them to try writing the letter twice. This will really help them with handwriting later. When they have done this, practice reading the sounds and blending the word together again.





Here is a chance for your child to try writing the letter themselves. Starting at the correct point will really help. After you have traced the letter three times, try writing the letter twice. Do NOT worry if it doesn't look like the letter. It will take time to get this right.

These are words that your child can now try to read, as they have learned all the letter-sound (grapheme-phoneme) correspondences already! With each word, they should first sound out the letters, and then blend the letters to read.

SEQUENCE

Level 1: S-A-T-P-I-N



Consonant and vowel phonemes, CVC words.

letter s	s at
short a	a nt
letter t	t ap
letter p	p at
short i	s i p
letter n	n ap

Level 2: M-D-G-O-C-K-CK 🏠 🏠



Consonant and vowel phonemes, consonant digraph, CVC and CVCC words.

letter m	m ap
letter d	sa d
hard g	do g
short o	p o t
hard c	c at
letter k	k it
consonant digraph ck	ki ck

Level 3: E-U-R-H-B-F-FF-L-LL-SS 🏠 🏠



Consonant and vowel phonemes, double consonants, CVC, CVCC, CCVCC words.

short e	n e t
short u	m u d
letter r	rock
letter h	h at
letter b	ru b
letter f	f ib
double consonant ff	pu ff
letter I	lift
double consonant II	sme ll
double consonant ss	me ss

SEQUENCE

Level 4: J-V-W-X-Y-Z-ZZ-Q-CH-SH-TH-NG \diamondsuit



Consonant phonemes, consonant digraphs and double consonants, CVC and CVCC, CCVC and CCVCC.

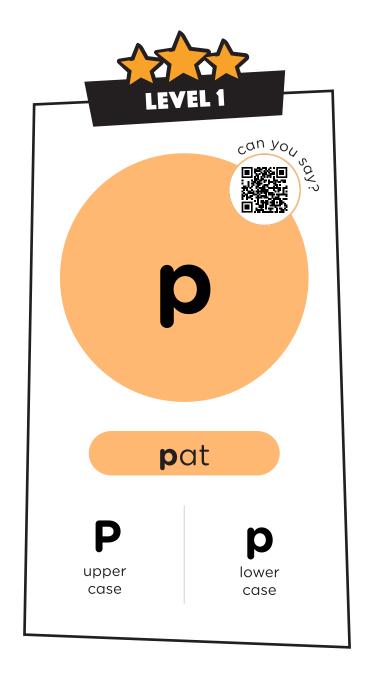
letter j	j ump
letter v	v an
letter w	w et
letter x	fi x
letter y	y ell
letter z	z ip
double consonant zz	bu zz
letter q	q uit
consonant digraph ch	ch at
consonant digraph sh	flu sh
consonant digraph th (soft)	th ick
consonant digraph ng	swi ng

Level 5: AI-EE-IGH-OA-OO-OO-AR-



Vowel Digraphs and trigraphs, CVCC, CVVC, CVVCC, CCVCC and CVCCC words (and more!).

vowel digraph ai	p ai nt
vowel digraph ee	s ee k
vowel digraph igh	f igh t
vowel digraph oa (long)	s oa k
vowel digraph oo (long)	shamp oo
vowel digraph oo (short)	b oo k
vowel digraph ar	al ar m
vowel digraph or	sp or t
vowel digraph ur	s ur f
vowel digraph ow	sh ow er
vowel digraph oi	c oi n
vowel- consonant trigraph ear	fear
vowel- consonant trigraph air	h air
vowel- consonant trigraph ure	cure
vowel digraph er	m er maid





"Good **pup**!" said Bearnice. She likes to **pat** her **pup** on **top** of his head.

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Name:

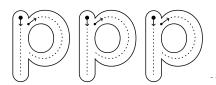
1. Read each sound. Read each sound again faster. Read the sounds together smoothly.

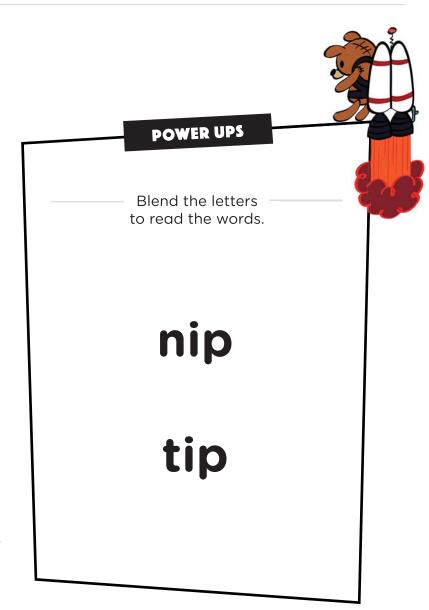


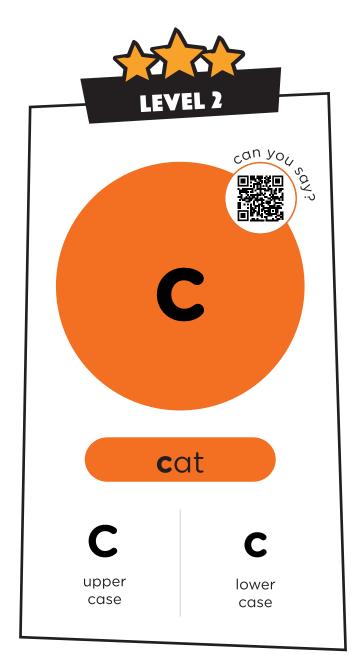
2. Trace the dotted letter. Start with the big dot, then follow the small dot.



3. Trace and write the letters.







The cats drew a cool picture in the sand.

FIND IT

Can you find the letters for the **c** sound that are in the words in bold? Circle them.



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Name:



1. Read each sound. Read each sound again faster. Read the sounds together smoothly.



2. Trace the dotted letter. Start with the big dot, then follow the small dot.



3. Trace and write the letters.

