

INSTALLATION & USER'S GUIDE

RadiusCX for KX450 and KX250 2021+ Bike Models

TABLE OF CONTENTS

OVERVIEW	3
INSTALLATION TIPS	3
INCLUDED PARTS	
TOOLS NEEDED	5
CLUTCH REMOVAL	5
CENTER HUB INSTALLATION	88
CLUTCH PACK INSTALLATION	9
PRESSURE PLATE INSTALLATION	10
SLAVE CYLINDER INSTALLATION	12
BLEED THE CLUTCH LINE	17
CHECK FREE PLAY GAIN	19
Step 1: Find the starting point	20
Step 2: Learn how to check Free Play Gain	21
Two Ways to Check for Free Play Gain	23
The Rubber Band Method	23
The Hand Method	25
Step 3: Break-in the new clutch	26
Step 4: Adjust the installed gap	28
FREE PLAY GAIN ADJUSTMENTS	29
EXP TUNING OPTIONS	30
Changing the springs	30
BUMP-STARTING	
MAINTENANCE	33
Clutch wear	33
Clutch parts	33
Preventive Maintenance	
NEED ADDITIONAL HELP?	36

Pg. 2

OVERVIEW

This kit replaces OE (Original Equipment) or "stock" core clutch components with high-quality billet components designed for optimal performance specific to your bike.

- The OE frictions and drive plates are replaced with Rekluse drive plates, TorqDrive® frictions, and the EXP disc.
- The OE center clutch hub and pressure plate are replaced with Rekluse Core components

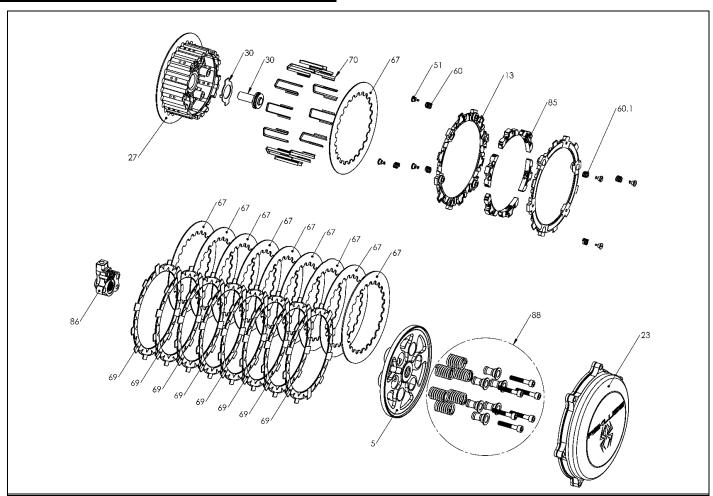
INSTALLATION TIPS

 Read the separate included Safety Information document before operating the vehicle with the product installed.



- Read this entire document before performing any steps.
- If you install this product for a customer or another person, instruct them to read the Safety Information document and the Installation and User Guide before operating the bike with the product.
- Protect eyes and skin wear safety glasses and work gloves.
- Lay the motorcycle on its left side when replacing the clutch. This makes the clutch work easier and eliminates the need to drain the oil. Catch any fuel that may drain from the bike.
- Use the torque values listed in the instructions. Otherwise, use the torque specifications found in your OE service manual.
- For optimal clutch performance, Rekluse recommends using fresh, clean oil that meets JASO-MA oil rating requirements. Rekluse offers Factory Formulated Oil™ developed specifically for Rekluse products. Rekluse Factory Formulated Oil is a perfect complement to any OEM or aftermarket wet clutch. Visit www.rekluse.com to learn more.

INCLUDED PARTS



Item	Item Type	Qty
5	Pressure plate	1
13	EXP bases	2
23	Clutch Cover	1
27	Center hub	1
30	Clutch tab lock washer	1
51	Quarter turn pin (includes 2 extra)	8
60	EXP adjustment springs	6
67	Steel Drive Plates	10
69	TorqDrive® Friction Disks	
70	Basket sleeves	
85	Wedge assembly	
86	Adjustable slave cylinder	1
88	Spring kit	

Parts and quantities may vary by model. View the included **Setup Sheet** and visit www.rekluse.com/support for a full parts fiche illustration and part numbers.

Pg. 4 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

TOOLS NEEDED

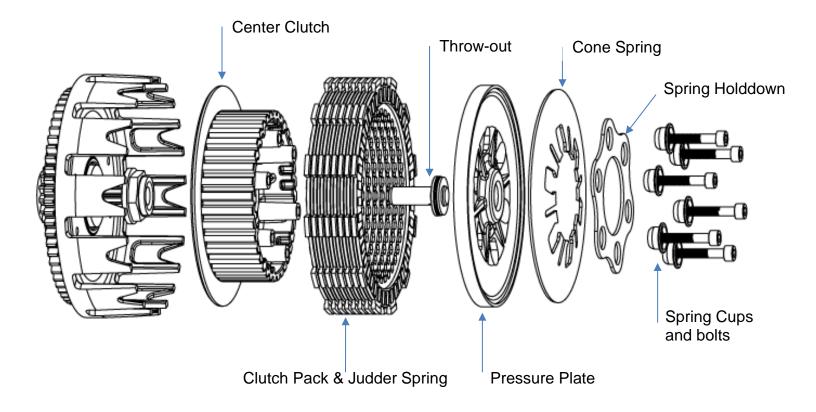
- Socket set (8, 10, and 30 mm for 450 models or 27mm for 250 models)
- Channel-lock pliers
- Hammer

- Torque wrench (in-lb & ft-lb, or N-m)
- Flathead screwdriver
- Hex key (4 and 5 mm)

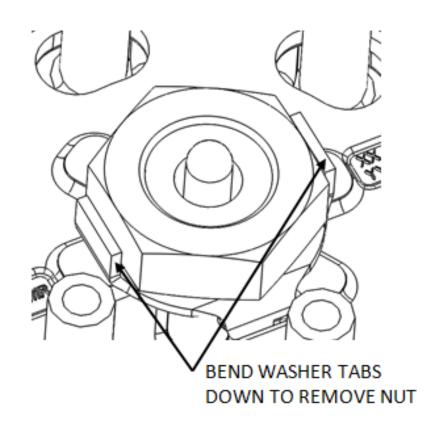
CLUTCH REMOVAL

- 1.Lay the bike on its left side. Catch any fuel that might drain in a suitable container.
- 2. Loosen the oil plug before removing the clutch cover.
- 3. Remove the OE clutch cover.
- 4. Remove the following OE parts from the clutch basket:

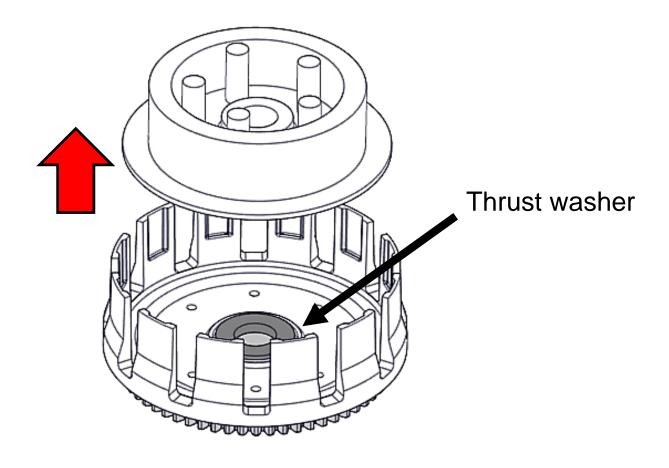




1.Use a hammer and large screw driver to bend down the tabs of the tab washer, then remove the clutch nut and tab washer.



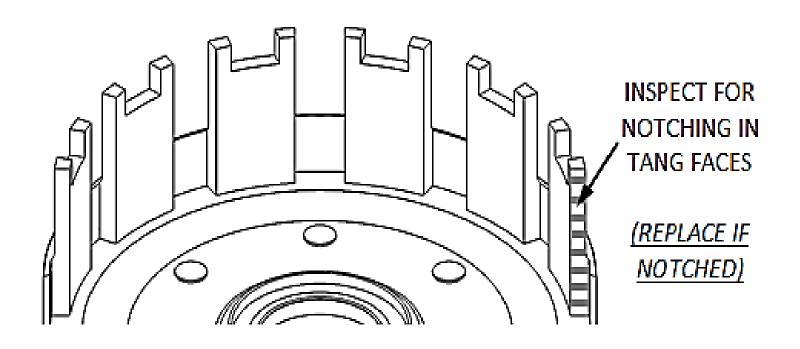
2. Remove the OE center hub assembly from the bike. *Make* sure the thrust washer is in place on the main shaft and not stuck to the bottom of the center hub assembly.



Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

Pg. 6

3. Inspect the clutch basket for spring/damper play or notching. Do not install sleeves or use the product with a notched basket. Notched basket tang faces or worn dampers can cause the sleeves to break. Do not use baskets that have been filed, machined, or modified on the tangs. Replace basket if necessary.

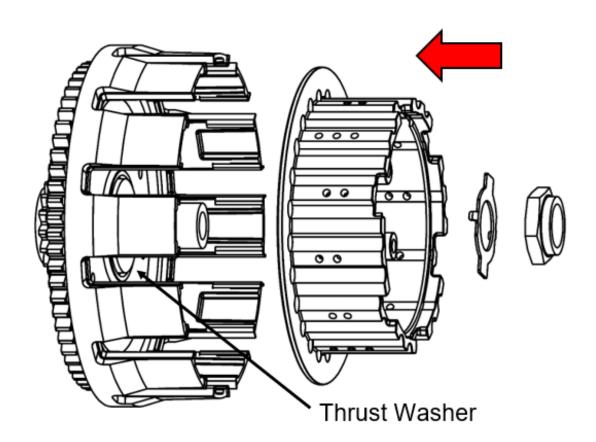


AWARNING

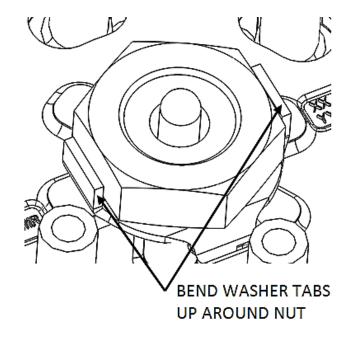
Failure to inspect the basket and replace if necessary could result in death, serious injury, and/or property damage.

CENTER HUB INSTALLATION

1.Install the new Rekluse center hub assembly into the clutch basket. *Make sure the thrust washer is on the main shaft before installing.*



2. Install the new Rekluse tab lock washer and OE center clutch nut, then torque the nut to **70 ft-lb (95 N-m)**.



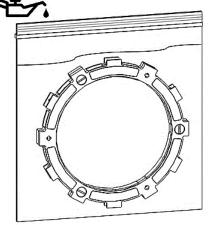
3. Using the channel-lock pliers, bend up **both** tabs of the tab washer tightly around the nut. The tabs can be bent on the straight sides or around the corners.

Pg. 8 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

CLUTCH PACK INSTALLATION

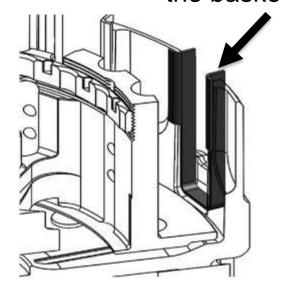
1. Soak the EXP disk and friction disks in new engine oil for 5 minutes. Make sure the EXP and friction disks are coated in oil on both sides.

oil on both sides.

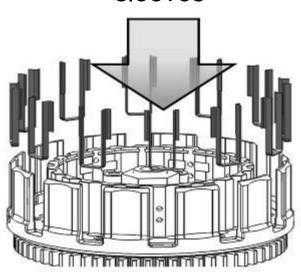


2. Install all the Rekluse basket sleeves into the basket slots. Make sure the bottom of the sleeve is facing down, and the sleeve tabs sit against the inside of the basket. See pictures for reference.

Sleeve tabs sit inside the basket



Insert all the basket sleeves



Note: When seated in the basket, the sleeves may stick above or below flush with the top of the basket depending on the bike model. This is normal.

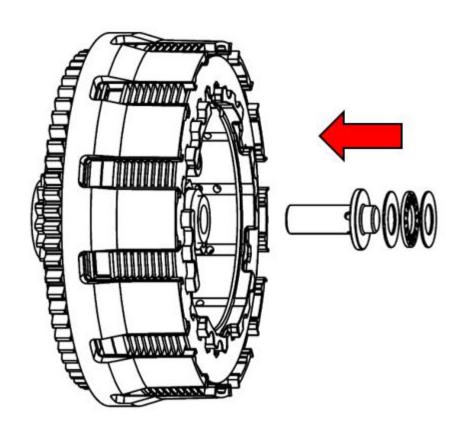
AWARNING

Rekluse basket sleeves are designed to be installed into an OE or Rekluse clutch basket ONLY. The use of non-Rekluse aftermarket clutch baskets may cause clutch damage or failure.

3. Install the clutch pack one plate at a time according to the order in the included **Setup sheet.**

Note: If the basket sleeves fall forward while installing the clutch pack, use a pick to push the basket sleeves back into place.

4. Install the included Rekluse throw-out.



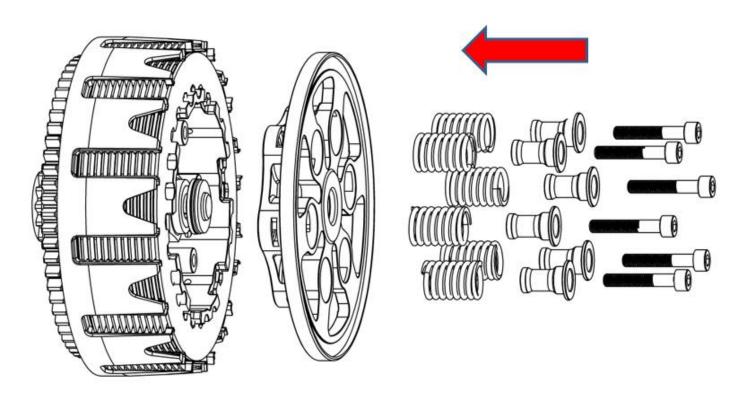
PRESSURE PLATE INSTALLATION

1. Install the Rekluse pressure plate onto the clutch pack

Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

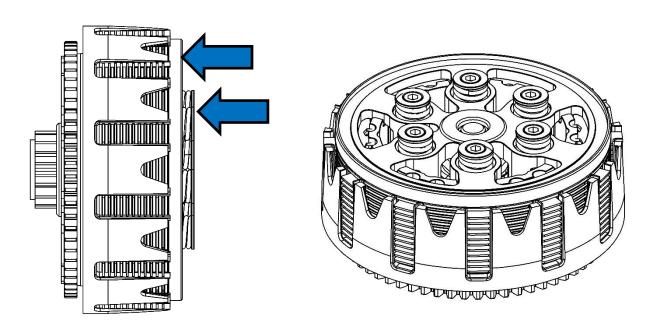
Pg. 10

2.Install the Rekluse coil springs, screw sleeves, and pressure plate screws.



3. Torque the pressure plate screws to 9 ft-lb (12 N-m).

Note: The screw sleeves sit higher than the top of the pressure plate (see image below). This is normal as long as the springs and screw sleeves are installed correctly and the bolts are torqued properly.



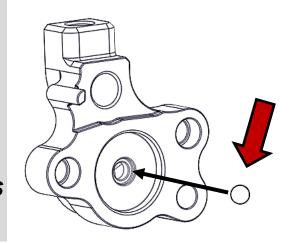
4.Install the new Rekluse clutch cover, then reinstall the OE clutch cover bolts. Lightly tighten the cover bolts in small increments in a star pattern. Torque the cover bolts to OE specifications.

SLAVE CYLINDER INSTALLATION

Installing the new Rekluse slave cylinder takes several steps. Please read the entire section before beginning the process to ensure you have the right equipment and clutch fluid needed for the replacement. Rekluse recommends wearing gloves and safety glasses for the install.

ACAUTION

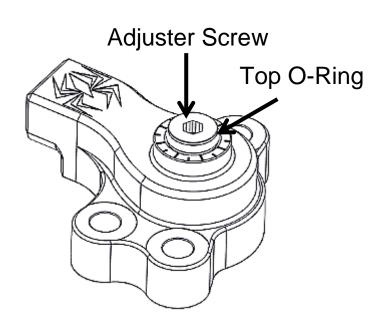
During the bleed and assembly, note that there is a small ball bearing installed in the slave piston with a small amount of grease. When installing the Rekluse slave cylinder, make sure the ball is in place and has not come loose.



Step 1: Bleed the new slave cylinder

This step prepares the new slave cylinder for installation. Bleed the cylinder on a workbench or an area away from the bike.

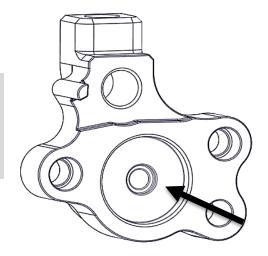
1.Using a 4 mm hex key, turn the adjuster screw counterclockwise so that the top O-ring is visible under the adjuster screw.



Pg. 12 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821 2.Use your thumbs to compress the piston until it bottoms out, then release it.

ACAUTION

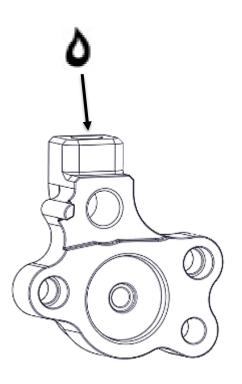
When compressing the piston, fluid can shoot out from the slave cylinder port. Be sure to wear eye protection.



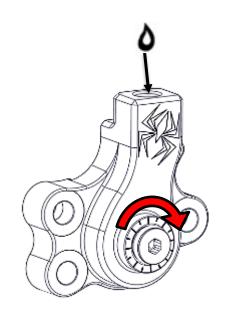
3. Pour the manufacturer recommended clutch fluid into the slave cylinder port. Wipe any fluid that spills off of the piston to prevent seal contamination.

A CAUTION

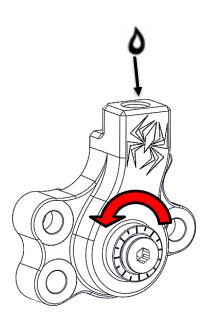
Be sure to use the correct clutch fluid. Check the cap of the clutch master cylinder to determine which clutch fluid to use. Failure to use the correct fluid will result in seal damage and/or failure.



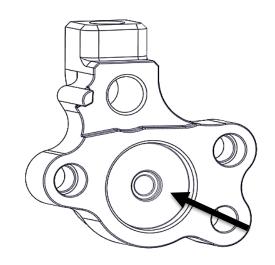
4.Use the hex key to turn the adjuster screw **clockwise** until it bottoms out and the O-ring in no longer visible. Keep the fluid topped off as you go.



5.Use the hex key to turn the adjuster screw **counterclockwise** back to the initial position, with the top O-ring visible. Keep the fluid topped off as you go.



6.Use your thumbs to compress the piston again until it bottoms out while looking for air bubbles.



- 7.Repeat steps 3 6 until there are no air bubbles coming out in the fluid when the piston is compressed.
- 8. When the bleeding is complete, turn the adjuster screw **counterclockwise** so that the top O-ring is visible.
- 9. Compress the piston until it bottoms out, and top off with fluid.
- 10.Check that the ball bearing is still in place. Stand the Rekluse slave cylinder in an upright position (so the fluid does not spill) until it is needed in the next step.

Pg. 14 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

Step 2: Replace OE slave cylinder

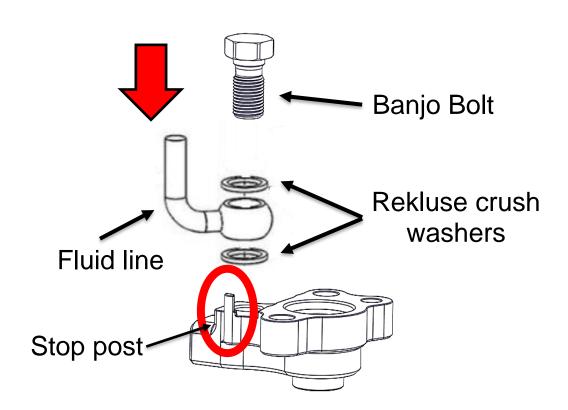
In this step, the OE slave cylinder is replaced with the Rekluse slave cylinder. Work quickly when performing the following steps. This method retains the fluid inside the line and makes the final bleeding step easier.

- 1. Stand the bike up and lean it on its kickstand or place it on a suitable bike stand.
- 2.On the left side of the bike, remove the chain guard to access the slave cylinder.

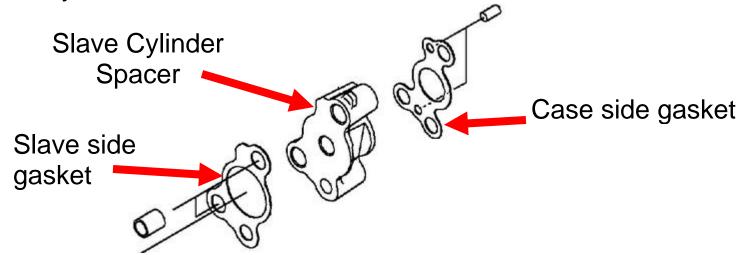


- 3. Remove the OE slave cylinder.
- 4. Remove the banjo bleeder bolt from the OE slave cylinder, then remove the clutch fluid line and the 2 OE crush washers. Discard the OE crush washers. They will not be reused.
- 5. Attach the clutch fluid line onto the Rekluse slave cylinder using the OE banjo bleeder bolt and the 2 new crush washers from Rekluse. Make sure the clutch fluid line is between the 2 crush washers.

Note: It is important to move the fluid line against the small stop post on the slave cylinder when you tighten the banjo bolt. This will keep the line from rotating when it is torqued.



- 6. Torque the banjo bolt to **18 ft-lb (25 N-m)** per OE specification.
- 7. Make sure the OE spacer and gaskets are still on the bike. As they will be reused.

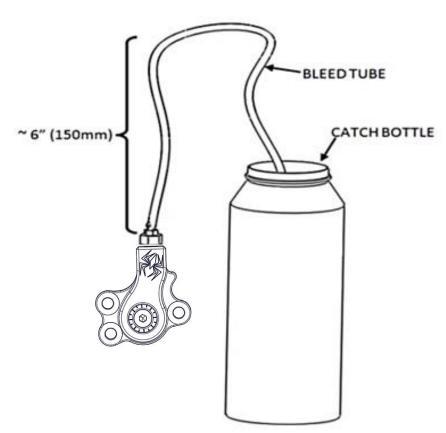


- 8. Line up the Rekluse slave cylinder with the spacing gasket, then use the OE bolts to mount it on the bike.
- 9. Torque the slave cylinder bolts to **106 in-lb (12 N-m)** per OE specifications.

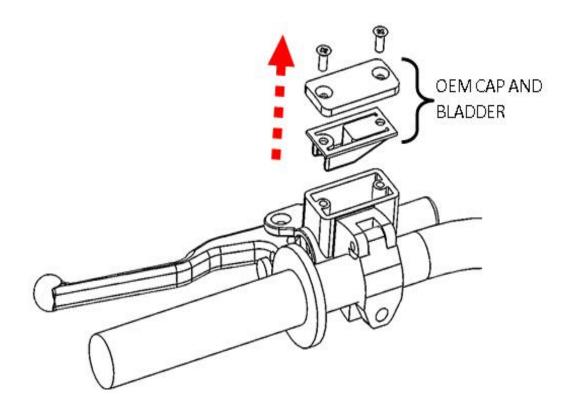
Pg. 16 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

BLEED THE CLUTCH LINE

1. Attach one end of the supplied bleed tube to the banjo bolt port, then loop the opposite end into a suitable catch bottle.

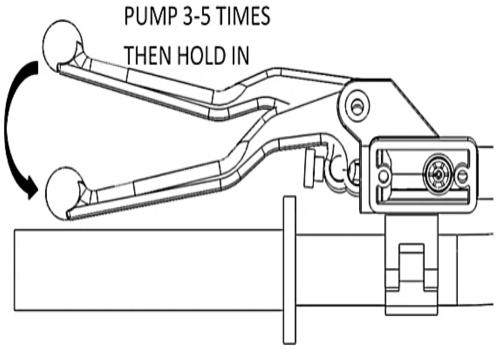


2.On the handlebar, remove the cap and bladder from the clutch master cylinder. Adjust the reservoir so it is level with the ground.

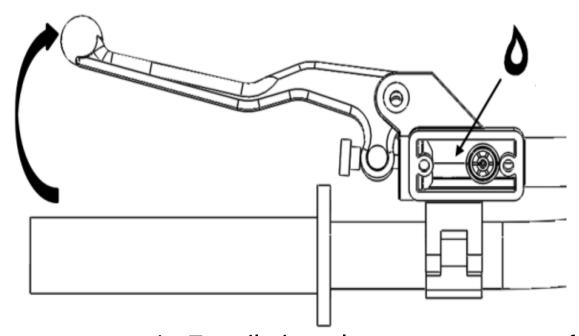


3. Top off the master cylinder with the recommended clutch fluid until it is 75% full.

4. Pump the clutch lever 3 to 5 times, then hold it against the handlebar/grip.



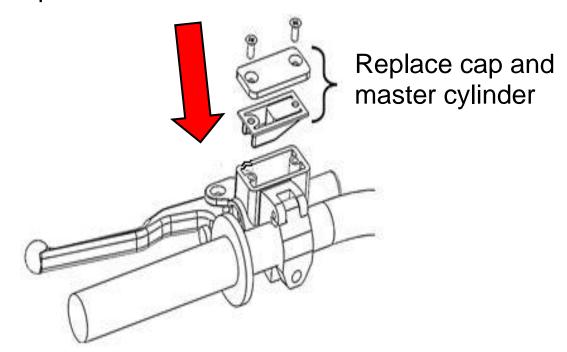
- 5. While still holding the clutch lever in, use a wrench to open the bleed port. Air and fluid should flow from the bleed tube.
- 6. Before releasing the clutch lever, tighten the bleed port when the pressure is released from the bleed tube.
- 7. Slowly release the clutch lever and check the fluid level in the clutch master cylinder. Top off if necessary.



8. Repeat steps 4 - 7 until air no longer comes out of the bleed tube and the clutch feels normal.

Pg. 18 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

9. Check that the clutch master cylinder is 75% full, then replace the cap and bladder.



- 10. Remove the bleed tube from the bleed bolt and remove the bottle.
- 11. Torque the bleed screw to **150 in-lb (17 N-m)** with a socket or the closed end of an 8 mm wrench.

Note: Be sure to use a socket or closed-end wrench when torqueing the bleed screw. Using an open-ended wrench can strip the hex screw.

12. Finally, install the rubber dust cap over the bleeder screw.

CHECK FREE PLAY GAIN

It is very important that you understand how to verify the correct installed gap by checking Free Play Gain. The installed gap is what allows the auto function of the product to perform properly.

Correct Free Play Gain = Correct installed gap

Setup, break-in, and rechecking the installed gap is CRUCIAL. Failure to properly maintain your installed gap can result in premature wear or failure of your clutch. Use the following steps to verify the installed gap by checking Free Play Gain.

AWARNING

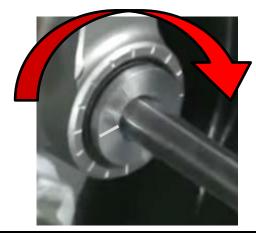
Failure to check and verify Free Play Gain can cause failure or damage to this product. Setting the correct installed gap is critical for clutch performance.

Setting the installed gap and checking Free Play Gain is a 4-step process. It is important to follow each step to ensure that your new clutch functions as designed.

Step 1: Find the starting point

- a) With the bike standing up, locate the adjuster screw in the center of the adjustable slave cylinder.
- b) With the O-ring showing, use a 4 mm hey key to turn the adjuster screw **clockwise** until it stops under light pressure. This is your "starting point."

Note: The resistance you feel is where the throw-out begins to lift the pressure plate. Finding the right starting point may take a few tries, but you will feel a noticeable change in turning effort once you reach that point. Stop when you feel the pressure increase. The "starting point" will change as the clutch pack wears over time.



Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

Pg. 20

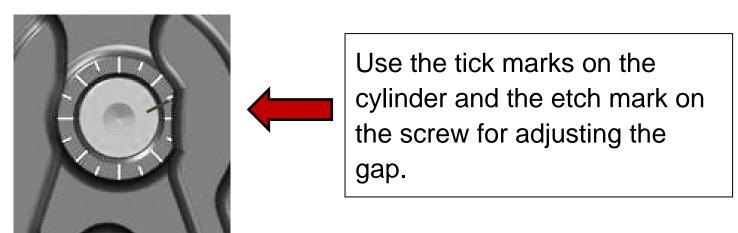
- C) Once you have found the starting point, note the position of the hex key using the tick marks on the slave cylinder housing and the small etch mark located on the screw. You will begin here to adjust the installed gap.
- d) Use the hex key to turn the adjuster screw clockwise 1 full turn + 2 tick marks from your starting point. This may NOT be your final setting, but it is a beginning adjustment for finding the correct setting.

ACAUTION

Do not ride your bike without the adjusting the installed gap. You will not be able to disengage the clutch until you set the installed gap.

e) Continue with Step 2 to check for Free Play Gain.

Step 2: Learn how to check Free Play Gain

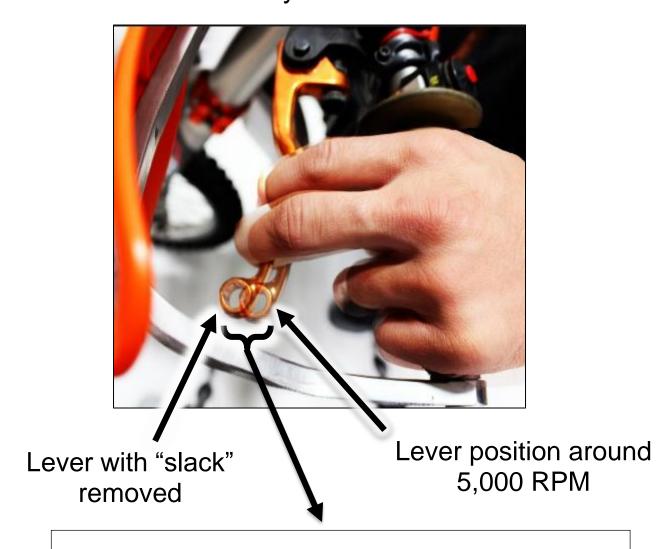


If you are familiar with checking Free Play Gain, check for Free Play Gain then skip to the "Adjust the Installed Gap" section.

If Free Play Gain is new to you, follow the instructions below to help you learn this important step. You can also view the video entitled "How to Check Free Play Gain" on our website at https://rekluse.com/support/videos.

Checking Free Play Gain allows you to externally monitor the installed gap so you can know when to make an adjustment if the installed gap is too large or too small.

The correct installed gap is verified by observing and feeling the increased free play movement in the clutch lever. This extra movement is called "Free Play Gain."



Free Play Gain 3/16"-1/4" (4.7 mm-6 mm) lever movement

Optimal Free Play Gain yields 3/16" to 1/4" (4.7 mm-6 mm) of clutch lever movement, measured at the ball end of the lever. This measurement at the lever correlates to achieving the ideal installed gap.

Pg. 22 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

Two Ways to Check for Free Play Gain

The following steps explain **2 ways** to check Free Play Gain. One way uses the rubber band Rekluse includes in the clutch kit, and one uses your hand. You can use either method to check for Free Play Gain.

Rekluse recommends that you begin with the rubber band method first to check for Free Play Gain and then learn the hand method. The rubber band will help you learn how to recognize Free Play Gain until you are comfortable with the hand method. Learning to check Free Play Gain by hand effectively and comfortably can make it easy to check Free Play Gain every time you ride.

The Rubber Band Method

Use the rubber band method for the initial set up. It can also be used before each ride until you feel comfortable checking the Free Play Gain using the hand method.

A WARNING

BEFORE YOU BEGIN, verify that the bike is in NEUTRAL before checking Free Play Gain. Failure to do so may result in the bike lurching forward, and loss of control and/or injury may result.

A Rekluse auto-clutch can make your motorcycle appear to be in neutral when in gear, even when the engine is running and clutch lever released.

Motorcycles equipped with a Rekluse auto-clutch can move suddenly and unexpectedly and cause riders to lose control. To avoid death, serious injury, and/or property damage, always sit on the motorcycle to start it.

a) Before you begin, place the bike in **NEUTRAL**, start the engine and let it warm up for 2-3 minutes to idle down and warm the engine oil.

b) Stretch the included rubber band between your thumbs, then place the top end of the rubber band on the outer end of the left handlebar grip.



c) While holding the top end of the rubber band against the handlebar, stretch the band downward, then loop it through itself.



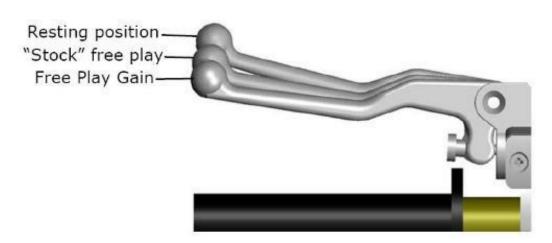
d) Pull the band through the loop, then attach it to the outside end of the clutch lever. This will take up the initial free play (slack) and put the lever in a position to detect the Free Play Gain.



e)While still in **NEUTRAL**, quickly rev the engine between 5,000-7,000 RPM (1/2 to ¾ throttle), then let it return to idle. Notice the movement in the clutch lever when the engine is revved. This is your Free Play Gain.

Note: It is very important the motor returns to idle before revving the engine again or Free Play Gain will not be correct.

Pg. 24 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821 f) When the bike returns to idle, rest your hand across the clutch lever. Rev the engine again to 5,000-7,000 RPM so you can observe the movement while feeling for Free Play Gain with your hand.



The Hand Method

Use the hand method to check Free Play Gain before the start of every ride for optimum performance and longevity of your new clutch.

- a) Before you begin, place the bike in **NEUTRAL**, start the engine and let it warm up for 2-3 minutes to idle down and warm up the engine oil.
- b) With the bike at idle, apply enough pressure to the clutch lever to take up the initial free play (slack) in the clutch lever.
- c) While still in **NEUTRAL**, continue to apply light pressure and quickly rev the engine between 5,000-7,000 RPM (1/2 to ³/₄ throttle), then let it return to idle. Notice the movement in the clutch lever when the engine is revved. This is your Free Play Gain.
- d) When the bike returns to idle, rev the engine between 5,000-7,000 RPM a second time to feel the Free Play Gain again.
- e) Continue with Step 3 to break-in the new clutch.

Step 3: Break-in the new clutch

Once you install your new clutch, it is important to break it in. A series of roll-on starts are used to break in the clutch. Follow these procedures for breaking in your clutch and any time new friction disks, EXP bases, Teflon pads, or wedges are installed.

AWARNING

Failure to follow the break-in procedure and oil screen inspection process could cause motor oil delivery failure, which can result in motor failure, serious injury, or death.

Break-in Procedure		Number of times
Re	v Cycles:	
1.	Place the bike in NEUTRAL .	102345
2.	With your hand off the clutch lever, rev the engine 10 times, being sure to let it return to idle between each rev cycle.	10 rev cycles
3.	With the engine still running, pull in the clutch lever, then click the bike into 1 st gear. Slowly release the clutch lever. The bike should stay in place or have a slight amount of forward creep.	
4.	With the bike idling in first gear, slowly apply throttle to begin moving.	1 (2) (3) (4) (5)

Pg. 26 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

5. Without using the clutch lever, accelerate moderately to approximately 5,000 RPM to fully engage the clutch and come to a complete stop. Repeat 10 times.

10 roll-on starts

Note: If the engine wants to stall or the creep is excessive, the idle may be too high or the installed gap may be too small. Make necessary adjustments before proceeding.

6. Without using the clutch lever, start in 2nd gear, then accelerate moderately to approximately 5,000 RPM and come to a complete stop. Repeat 10 times.



10 roll-on starts

- 7. Place the bike in **NEUTRAL** and recheck Free Play Gain.
- 8. Continue to step 4 to adjust the installed gap until the Free Play Gain of the clutch lever is 3/16" to 1/4" (4.7 mm-6 mm).

Note: Your clutch pack will expand with heat, so final adjustment to Free Play Gain should be made when the bike is warm. Remember not to ride without sufficient Free Play Gain.



Recheck Free Play Gain and adjust the installed gap

ACAUTION

Do not perform 3rd gear starts with this product. Starting in 3rd gear will burn up the clutch and decrease the performance of this product in a short amount of time.

Step 4: Adjust the installed gap

Once you have learned how to check Free Play Gain, you need to finish adjusting the installed gap, then recheck the Free Play Gain until the clutch lever moves only 3/16" to 1/4" (4.7 mm-6 mm). The gap is adjusted by turning the slave cylinder screw.

- a) With the bike running and in **NEUTRAL**, locate the adjuster screw in the center of the adjustable slave cylinder.
- b) Use a 4 mm Allen wrench to turn the adjuster screw clockwise 1 tick mark from the last setting, then recheck Free Play Gain.





Tick marks are located on the slave cylinder, and an etch mark is on the screw. If you need to re-position the Allen wrench, you can use these marks for reference.

- C) Continue to adjust the slave cylinder 1 tick mark at a time until optimal Free Play Gain is achieved.
- d) Refer to the following pictures and chart in the next section for additional adjustment information.
- e) The Free Play Gain will change as the clutch pack wears over time.
- f) Checking the Free Play Gain is easy and indicates when the install gap needs adjusting.

Pg. 28 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

FREE PLAY GAIN ADJUSTMENTS

Make each adjustment in small increments - one tick mark at a time. After each adjustment, recheck Free Play Gain until you achieve the optimal 3/16" to 1/4" (4.7 mm-6 mm) of clutch lever movement.





Symptom	Reason	Solution
 Clutch lever moves in too far (too much Free Play Gain) Clutch has excessive drag or stalls It is difficult to fully override the clutch with the lever 	Installed gap is too small	Turn the adjuster screw clockwise 1-2 marks to increase the installed gap. Recheck Free Play Gain.
 Clutch lever only moves slightly or does not move at all (too little Free Play Gain) Clutch slips Bike seems to lose power 	Installed gap is too large	Turn the adjuster screw counterclockwise 1-2 marks to reduce the installed gap. Recheck Free Play Gain.

EXP TUNING OPTIONS

Adjusting the engine idle speed to match your engagement setting is important and greatly affects the overall feel of how the EXP disk engages.

The OE specifications for the new 2019+ bike models recommend setting the idle speed at 2,300 +/-50 rpm. The EXP disk comes with a spring configuration for this idle speed. If the idle speed is set lower or higher than the OE specifications, the EXP springs can be changed to match the idle speed.

To prevent freewheeling and maximize engine braking, set the idle so there is a slight amount of drag while the bike is idling in gear and warmed up. The idle should not be so high as to move the bike forward in gear with the throttle closed. However, with a small opening of the throttle the bike should move forward.

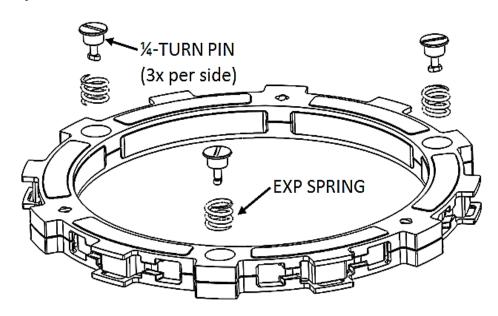
You can tune the engagement RPM of the EXP disk by changing the spring configuration. The EXP disk comes set with the recommended "Medium" setting from Rekluse. Use the following steps to change the springs. It is NOT necessary to disassemble the EXP halves to change springs!

EXP tuning options are bike specific. See the **Setup Sheet** for your bikes EXP tuning options

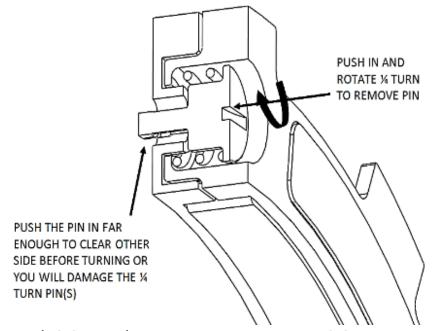
Changing the springs

- Using a flat-blade screwdriver, push the ¼ turn pin in far enough to clear the opposite side of the EXP to unlock the pin.
- With the pin still pushed past the base, turn 90° to remove the pin and spring.
- Remove the remaining 2 pins and springs from the same side of the EXP base.

Pg. 30 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821 4. Drop a new spring into the spring slot on the base, then add the ¼ turn pin.



- 5. Push the turn pin in far enough to clear the base, then turn 90° and release the pin. The pin should sit almost flush with the EXP base.
- 6. Flip the EXP friction disk over and repeat on the other side depending on engagement preference.
- 7. If you need to disassemble the EXP disk, you can watch the video on our website under Tech Tips at

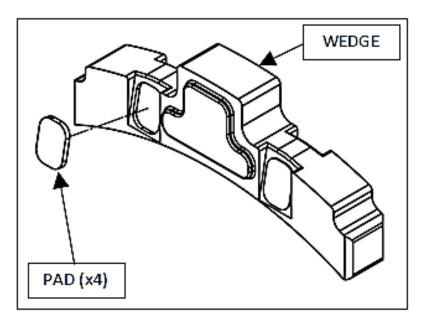


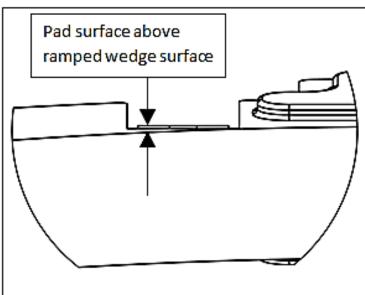
www.rekluse.com/support/videos/atv-mc-support-videos.

Note: To maintain even pressure, when using two different color spring sets, install one set of 3 on one side of the EXP and the remaining set of 3 on the other side.

ACAUTION

If you disassemble the EXP, the Teflon pads may fall out or be stuck to the ramp surfaces of the EXP bases. Take care to ensure all pads are correctly placed into wedge pockets using gentle pressure to avoid damage to the pad surfaces before reassembling the EXP. Properly seated pads will be secured in place once the EXP is reassembled. Operating the clutch without the pads in place will cause part damage or failure.





BUMP-STARTING

If your bike needs to be bump-started due to a dead battery or any other reason, follow the steps below to quickly bump-start your bike.

- 1. Turn the adjustable slave cylinder counterclockwise to collapse the gap until no resistance is felt.
- 2. Bump start the bike. The clutch will function like a manual clutch at this point, but the clutch will not be fully over-ridable at high RPMs.
- 3. Once the bike is started, readjust the installed gap.

Pg. 32 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

MAINTENANCE

Clutch wear

Rekluse clutches are built using high quality materials but do wear based on the rider's use, type of terrain, and natural wear and tear.

- Clutch longevity and performance is greatly increased with oil quality and other bike factors that reduce engine heat.
- Riding style, such as speed, engine RPM, and terrain can also effect the life of the clutch.
- To keep your clutch performing at its best, perform regular maintenance on your bike and clutch based on your riding style.
- Maintain adequate Free Play Gain. Check before every ride and adjust if necessary.

Clutch parts

Inspect all of your clutch parts at regular intervals for signs of wear or excessive heat, and replace components as necessary.

- Repeat the break-in procedure anytime you replace the EXP bases, Teflon pads, EXP wedges, or frictions disks. Always soak friction disks or EXP bases in oil for at least 5 minutes before installing.
- Measuring the clutch pack can help determine if the components need replacing. The clutch pack is measured with the entire clutch pack together. Include the friction pad in the measurement.
- Disk inspection examples are found in the following section.
- Replace friction disks if the disks are glazed and/or burnt.
 Replace the drive plates if they show signs of excessive heat.

Preventive Maintenance

- For optimal clutch performance Rekluse recommends using fresh, clean oil that **meets JASO-MA** oil rating requirements.
- Keep up with regular oil changes as per the bike manufacturer's recommendations. Clutch performance and longevity depend on oil quality.
- Change the oil filter and/or clean the oil screen with every oil change.

Pg. 34 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

Disk inspection examples:

When inspecting the clutch pack, the following pictures can be used as a reference. These are best viewed in color by viewing this install document on our website at www.rekluse.com/support.

Drive Plates – If the clutch pack is getting high amounts of heat, purple, blue, or black color can be seen on the drive plate teeth. See pictures below. Not all drive plates look the same and may look different than pictured.



Normal Heat

High Heat (Blue)

Excessive Heat (Black)

Friction Disks – Due to the dark color of the friction material, the friction disks will appear almost black as soon as they are put in oil. During inspection, look for glazing of the friction material. Glazing will appear shiny and feel like glass, even after oil is cleaned from the friction disk. Not all friction disks look the same and may look different than pictured.



Normal Friction



Glazed Friction

NEED ADDITIONAL HELP?

Website

www.rekluse.com/support

Frequently Asked Questions

www.rekluse.com/faq

Support Videos

www.rekluse.com/support/videos

Phone

(208) 426-0659

Technical Support

Contact Technical Support for questions related to product installation, tuning, and performance.

Hours:

Monday thru Friday: 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

Mountain Time zone

Email: tech@rekluse.com

Customer Service

Contact Customer Service for additional product information, orders, and returns.

Hours:

Monday thru Friday: 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

Mountain Time zone

Email: customerservice@rekluse.com



Pg. 36 Doc ID: 191-7947A Revision: 110821

