Hersey

INSTALLATION MAINTENANCE, AND TEST INSTRUCTIONS

BACKFLOW PREVENTION SUPPLY 962 East 900 South Salt Lake City, Utah 84105 (801) 355-6736

BEECO MODEL 6CM REDUCED PRESSURE PRINCIPLE BACKFLOW PREVENTER

HERSEY MODEL NO. 2
DOUBLE CHECK
VALVE ASSEMBLY

GENERAL INFORMATION

Beeco® Model 6CM Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventers and Hersey No. 2 Double Check Valve Assemblies are designed and manufactured to give long, troublefree service in safeguarding public and private water systems from pollution or contamination caused by crossconnections. However, to insure proper operation, each device should be tested at least annually (or as prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction), and after each repair operation.

Rubber parts, which include valve discs, relief valve diaphragms and small o-rings should be replaced at least every five years or as prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction (see replacement valve kits).

Special test kits and repair tools are required to repair and test these devices. Model 6CM and No. 2 repair tools and test kits are listed in this manual.

If service by the manufacturer is preferred, factorytrained field service engineers are available. Contact Hersey Total Service at (214) 423-7359 for details.

PARTS ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS

Please state name of part, part number and quantity required. If applicable, also state model, size and serial number of device for which parts are intended.

PARTS LISTS ACCURACY

Each entry has been checked for accuracy. However, should any question arise regarding the proper description, part number, quantity or list price of any item or items listed in this parts catalog, Hersey Products Inc. reserves the right to determine the applicable description, part number, quantity or list price.

HERSEY LIMITED WARRANTY

Hersey Products ("Hersey") warrants for a period of one year from the date of sale (warranty period) that the product(s) sold hereunder are free from defects in material and workmanship. Our obligation under this warranty is limited to repair or replacement, or, at our option, we will repay the price paid for the product(s), plus any transportation charge paid by the purchaser. In the case of replacement, we will pay the transportation charges to the location of the defective product. We must be given the opportunity to inspect any product you believe to be defective. To make a claim under this limited warranty, contact Hersey Customer Service.

THERE ARE NO OTHER WRITTEN OR ORAL WARRANTIES. ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE DURATION OF THE LIMITED WARRANTY SET FORTH ABOVE.

Hersey does not assume any other obligation in connection with the sale of the product(s) by purchaser.
This warranty shall not apply to any product(s) which have been installed in violation of written instructions furnished by the manufacturer, repaired or altered, misused or damaged, or not properly maintained.
UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES WILL HERSEY BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR

CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF THE PRODUCT(S).

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Description, Operation and Installation - Model 6CM Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventer	2
Description, Operation and Installation - Hersey No. 2 Double Check Valve Assembly	5
Repair Procedures - Model 6CM Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventer and Hersey No. 2 Double Check Valve Assembly	7
2½"-6" Main and Check Valve Assemblies (Models 6CM and Hersey No. 2)	8
2½"-6" Relief Valve Assembly and Housing Assembly (Model 6CM)	10
Main and Check Valve Assemblies (8" & 10" Model 6CM and Hersey No. 2)	11
Relief Valve Assembly (8" &10" Model 6CM)	12
Main and Check Valve Parts (21/2"-6" Model 6CM)	13
Main and Check Valve Parts (8" & 10" 6CM)	14
Relief Valve Parts (21/2"-6" Model 6CM)	15
Relief Valve Parts (8" & 10" Model 6CM)	16
Fittings (Model 6CM)	17
Spring Removal Tools (Model 6CM)	17
Seat Removal Tools (Model 6CM)	17
Rubber Parts Kits (Model 6CM)	18
Bodies (Model 6CM)	18
Check Valve Parts (Hersey No. 2)	19
Rubber Parts Kit (Hersey No. 2)	20
Fittings (Hersey No. 2)	20
Bodies (Hersey No. 2)	20
Test Procedure (Model 6CM)	. 21
Test Procedure (Hersey No. 2)	25
Packaging and Installation of Test Cocks and Test Cock Fittings	25

DESCRIPTION, OPERATION AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS MODEL 6CM REDUCED PRESSURE PRINCIPLE BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

DESCRIPTION (see Fig. 1)

The BEECO Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Preventer operates on the principle that water will not flow from a zone of lower pressure to one of higher pressure. It provides protection against backflow caused by both backpressure and backsiphonage.

The device consists of two spring-load check valves (A and B) and a spring-loaded, diaphragmactuated differential pressure relief valve (C) located in the zone between the check valves.

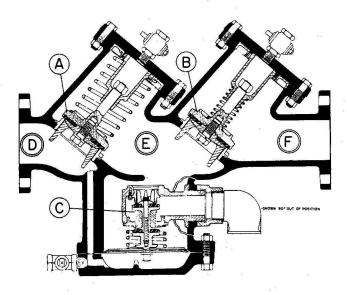


FIGURE 1

NORMAL OPERATION

The first check valve (A) causes all water passing through it to be automatically reduced in pressure by approximately 8 psi.

The second check valve (B) is lightly springloaded and forms the "double check" feature of the device. It acts to prevent unnecessary drainage of the domestic system in case a backflow condition occurs.

The relief valve (C) is spring-loaded to remain open, and diaphragm actuated to close by means of differential pressure.

To illustrate the operation, assume water, having a supply pressure of 60 psi, is flowing in a normal direction through the device. If all valves beyond area F are closed, creating a static condition, the water pressure in area D will be 60 psi and water pressure between the check valves (E) will be 52 psi.

The inlet pressure of 60 psi is transmitted through a cored passageway to the underside of the diaphragm of the relief valve (C). This valve is spring-loaded to remain in an open position until the differential pressure amounts to approximately 4 psi across the relief valve.

During normal operation, therefore, the 8 psi differential pressure produced by the first check valve (A) exceeds the spring-loading of the relief valve (C) and caused the relief valve (C) to remain closed.

BACKFLOW

There are two conditions that tend to produce backflow:

Backsiphonage — where the pressure in the drinking water system becomes less than atmospheric dure to a vacuum or partial vacuum in that system.

Backpressure — where the pressure in the nonpotable system exceeds that in the drinking water system.

BACKSIPHONAGE

As the supply pressure drops in area D, it also drops in the area below the diaphragm of the relief valve (C). When the pressure differential across the diaphragm decreases to approximately 4 psi, the relief valve (C) will start to open. This happens because the spring above the diaphragm of the relief valve (C), which is trying to force the valve open, is designed to compress with a differential pressure of 8 psi. When that differential is decreased to 4 psi, the spring will extend and cause the relief valve (C) to start to open.

This spring-loaded relief valve is designed to eliminate intermittent discharges and "spitting" with normal minor fluctuations in the line pressure.

As the supply pressure continues to drop, the relief valve (C) automatically continues to drop, the relief valve (C) automatically continues to drain and, regardless of the pressure on the supply side, approximately 4 psi less pressure will be maintained between the check valves (zone E). This will cause continual drainage which will be readily visible at the drain outlet.

BACKPRESSURE

Assume that pressure at the discharge side (F) increases to 80 psi, while the supply pressure (D) remains at 60 psi:

- 1. If the second check valve (B) does not leak, water under higher pressure in area F will not enter the area between the check valves (zone E), and the pressure in this zone will remain at 52 psi. Under these conditions, the relief valve (C) will remain closed since the 8 psi differential pressure is still being maintained between the supply pressure (area D) and the area of reduced pressure between the check valves (zone E).
- 2. If the second check valve (B) does leak, water under high pressure (area F) will flow into zone E. If the pressure in this zone increases to approximately 56 psi still 4 psi lower than the supply pressure (area D) the relief valve will start to open and discharge this reversely flowing water to atmosphere, maintaining the pressure in zone E approximately 4 psi lower than supply pressure. The relief valve will automatically continue to drain as long as this backflow condition exists and as long as the second check valve (B) is leaking.

If for any reason the first check valve (A) should leak during a shutoff beyond area F, the water under higher pressure in area D will leak into zone E. This will cause the relief valve to open as previously described and, again, provide visual indication at the drain outlet.

In the unlikely event that the relief valve diaphragm should rupture, an unbalanced condition between area D and zone E will occur, and the relief valve will immediately discharge to atmosphere.

INSTALLATION — GENERAL COMMENTS

A. WARM CLIMATE ABOVE GROUND INSTALLATION (Fig. 2)

Reduced pressure backflow preventers should be installed only where there is adequate drainage. At no time should they be placed where any part of the unit could be submerged in standing water.

The most satisfactory installation is above ground. This type of installation is recommended wherever practical. Support should be provided for the larger sizes (3" and up). A concrete slab under the unit is sometimes desirable.

Normally, any discharge from the relief valve is spilled onto the ground through the drain outlet. Drainage may be piped away from the location, in which case an air gap should be used between the relief valve outlet and the drain line.

B. COLD CLIMATE INDOOR INSTALLATION (Fig. 3)

In climates where freezing conditions are likely or where it is impractical to install the backflow preventer above ground, the installation should be made in an easily accessible location inside a building.

The unit should be placed above the floor at a distance great enough to allow clearance for repair work. If the backflow preventer is positioned against a wall, care should be taken to be sure that the four test cocks are easily accessible. Proper drainage should be provided for the relief valve. An air gap should be used between the relief valve outlet and the drain line if drainage is to be piped away.

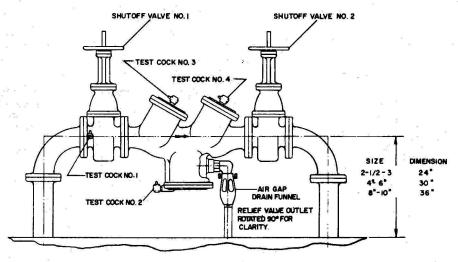


FIGURE 2
ABOVE GROUND INSTALLATION

In remote locations or where installation cannot be made in a heated buildings, a separate insulated structure should be build around the backflow preventer and adjacent piping. In extremely cold areas, some form of heat should be provided within the structure. Strip heaters or light bulbs may be sufficient for this purpose.

Recommended Drainline Size 2½"-6":2" 8", 10":4"

C. MODIFIED PIT INSTALLATION (Fig. 4)

Unless absolutely necessary, it is strongly recommended that backflow preventer *not* be placed in pits. In the event installation must be made in a pit, the modified pit type installation (Fig. 4) is preferable. The relief valve drain should be piped to the outside of the vault and discharged no less than 12" above the grade line; and should not be higher than the Relief Valve Outlet at any point.

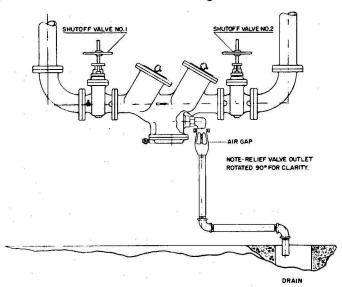


FIGURE 3
INDOOR INSTALLATION

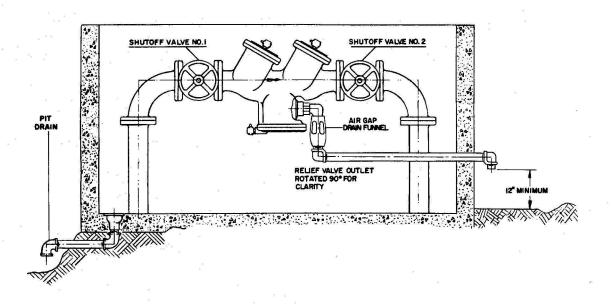


FIGURE 4
MODIFIED PIT INSTALLATION

INSTALLATION — SPECIFIC PROCEDURES

- A) Before installing the device, pipelines should be thoroughly flushed to remove foreign matter.
- B) Install the device in a horizontal position in an accessible location to facilitate maintenance. In particular, provide for access to test cocks. Arrow on case must point in direction of flow.
- C) Sufficient clearance must be provided beneath the device to permit removal of the relief valve and housing assemblies. Recommended pipe center line floor (or ground) dimensions are shown on Figure 2.
- D) In no case should the relief valve discharge be solidly piped into a sump, sewer, drainage ditch, etc. An air gap must be provided between the relief valve opening and the discharge pipe (see Figure 3).
- E) If not already provided with the device, shutoff valves should be installed at each end of the device, so that it can be tested and maintained. The inlet shut off valve must be provided with a test cock for test purposes on its inlet side.
- F) Three testcocks are provided for each device plus one for the inlet gate valve (if device is provided with gate valves). These must be installed before the device can be placed in operation. Further information is provided on page 25 on packaging and installation of testcocks and testcock fittings.
- G) This device should be tested upon installation to insure proper operation and then inspected periodically for continual discharge from the

- relief valve, which indicates a need for maintenance. After installation, with flow through the device, continual discharge from the relief valve opening usually indicates that there is a foreign material holding the relief valve open. To remove foreign material, flush relief valve as follows:
- 1) Close inlet shutoff valve.
- 2) Open test cock No. 2. Relief valve should fully open and discharge.
- 3) Close test cock No. 2.

discs and seats.

- 4) Open inlet shutoff valve.

 If relief valve continues to leak, repeat procedure. If flushing does not stop discharge with flow through the device, close shutoff valves. Remove and clean the relief valve
- H) After installation, with no flow through device (inlet shutoff valve open, outlet shutoff valve closed) continual discharge from the relief valve indicates a leaking first check valve, probably caused by foreign material under the seat. If flushing (substantial flow through the device) will not clear the device, close shutoff valves. Remove and clean the relief valve discs and seats.
- Occasional "spitting" or momentary discharge from the relief valve can be expected, if line pressure drops approximately 4 psi, due to operation of flushometers, quick opening valves, or similar devices and valves.

DESCRIPTION, OPERATION AND INSTALLATION. HERSEY NO. 2 DOUBLE CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY

I. DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

A. DESCRIPTION

The Hersey No. 2 Double Check Valve Assembly consists of two independent spring-loaded poppet-type check valve assemblies, mounted in series in a common body. Two gate valves and four test cocks for field testing complete the assembly. For ease of repair, the valve assemblies are removable from the top of the device, making possible in-line maintenance without removing the device from its setting. The valves have screwed, replaceable seats, which are sealed by a face o-ring.

B. OPERATION

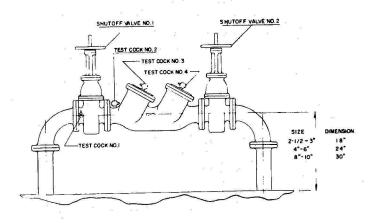
Under normal operating conditions, the check valves remain closed until there is a demand for water. Each of the two check valves is designed to open at a one psi pressure differential in the direction of flow. In the event pressure increases downstream of the device, tending to reverse the direction of flow, both check valves are closed to prevent backflow. If the second check valve is prevented from closing tightly, the first check valve will still provide protection from a backflow condition.

II INSTALLATION - GENERAL COMMENTS

A. WARM CLIMATE ABOVE GROUND INSTALLATION (Fig. 5)

Double Check Valve Assemblies should be installed only where there is adequate drainage. At no time should they be installed where any part of the unit could be submerged in standing water.

The most satisfactory installation is above ground. This type of installation is recommended wherever practical. Support should be provided for the larger sizes (3" and up). A concrete slab under the unit is sometimes desirable.



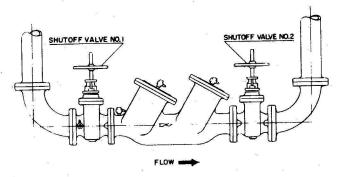


FIGURE 5
ABOVE GROUND INSTALLATION

FIGURE 6
INDOOR INSTALLATION

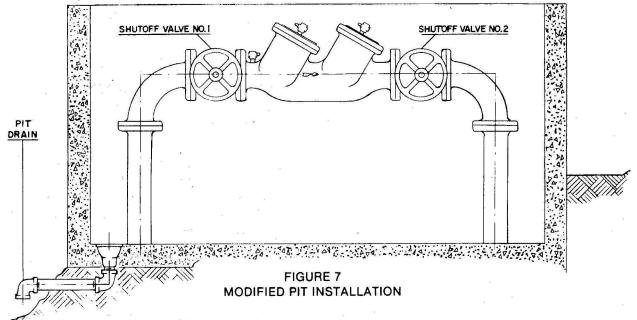
B. COLD CLIMATE INSTALLATIONS (Fig. 6)

In climates where freezing conditions are likely or where it is impractical to install the backflow preventer above ground, the installation should be made in an easily accessible location inside a building.

In remote locations or where installation cannot be made inside a heated building, a separate insulated structure should be built around the backflow preventer and adjacent piping. In extremely cold areas, some form of heat should be provided within the structure. Strip heaters or light bulbs may be sufficient for this purpose.

C. MODIFIED PIT INSTALLATION (Fig. 7)

Installation of double check backflow preventers in pits below grade is not recommended. Should the pit be located on a slope, so that a drain can be installed which discharges by gravity to at least 12" above grade, the "modified" pit installation may be used (Fig. 7).



III. INSTALLATION — SPECIFIC PROCEDURES

- A. BEFORE INSTALLING THE DEVICE, PIPELINES SHOULD BE THOROUGHLY FLUSHED TO REMOVE FOREIGN MATTER.
- B. Install the device in a horizontal position in an accessible location. In particular, provide for access to testcocks. Arrow on cases must point in direction of flow.
- C. If not already provided with the device, shutoff valves should be installed at each end of the device so that it can be tested and maintained. The inlet shutoff valve must be provided with a testcock for test purposes on its inlet side.
- D. 1. If the four testcocks (three on the device and one on the inlet shutoff valve) are not already installed, remove testcocks and nipples from bag attached to the device.*
 - 2. Remove plastic protective caps from the four testcock openings.
 - 3. Install testcock nipples and testcocks, using commercially-available pipe sealant. If pipe compound is used, exercise care to avoid introducing the compound into the device as it may cause a malfunction.
 - 4. Inspect testcocks to be sure they are closed (operating boss at top of testcock should be at right angles to opening).

*See notes, p. 25.

REPAIR PROCEDURES

I INTRODUCTION

A. General Comments

Usually, it is possible to determine which internal subassemblies require maintenance by observing or testing the backflow preventer. Complete subassemblies, where time is limited, may be installed.

B. Rubber Parts

Rubber wearing parts should be replaced every five years, or sooner if necessary. These include the two check valve discs, relief valve discs and relief valve diaphragm. Rubber parts kits which include these parts and all necessary gaskets and o-rings are listed in this manual.

C. Springs

Springs rarely require replacement. However, it is advisable to inspect springs for corrosion, pitting or breakage.

D. Valve Seats

Check Valve and relief valve seats should be smooth and clean. The rubber valve discs will seal properly on seats with minor imperfections. If seats are worn considerably, pitted or corroded, they should be replaced.

E. Other Working Parts

Inspect disc holders, spacers and valve guides for evidence of excessive wear or corrosion. Replace worn or corroded parts.

REPAIR PROCEDURES

- II. MAIN AND CHECK VALVES
- A. MAIN OR CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLIES, DISCS, SEATS, & O-RINGS.
 - 2 1/2", 3", 4", & 6" MODEL 6C-M & HERSEY NO. 2
- 1. Close inlet and outlet shutoff valves.
- 2. Open testcocks 2, 3, & 4 to release pressure.
- 3. Remove main valve cover bolts and nuts (the 21/2" bronze 6C-M has hex cap screws only).
- 4. Remove the main valve cover and gasket.
- 5. Insert the proper eyebolts into the threaded holes on the top of the spring retainer, and lift the entire main valve assembly out of the body.
- 6. a) Remove the eye bolts and place the assembly so it rests on a flat surface with its guide fingers pointing up, to permit cleaning of the disc.
 - b) Remove the hex cap screw and guide to release the main valve disc, if it is to be replaced.
- 7. Replace the guide and tighten the hex cap screw. Replace the eyebolts in the spring retainer. Place the assembly aside.
- 8. Remove the main valve seat, unscrewing it counter-clockwise with the 6C-M seat removal tool (Be careful not to damage the seat face when seating the tool).
- Replace the seat and the seat o-ring, if required. (Lubricate o-ring with vaseline to hold it in place).
- 10. Tighten the seat (again being careful not to damage the seat face), until resistance is felt.
- 11. Carefully lower the main valve assembly into the body (being careful the the guide fingers do not damage the seat face).
- 12. Remove the eyebolts from the spring retainer; replace the cover gasket and cover.
- 13. Tighten the cover bolts and nuts and repeat steps 3 thru 13 for the check valve assembly.
- 14. Close testcocks.
- 15. Open inlet and outlet valves.

B. MAIN OR CHECK VALVE SPRING, SPRING RETAINER AND DISC HOLDER 2 1/2", 3", 4" & 6" MODEL 6C-M & HERSEY NO. 2

NOTE: This operation should not be performed unless replacement of one of the above parts is required. The spring exerts a strong force against the spring retainer and caution is advised when this operation is done.

- 1. Close inlet and outlet shutoff valves.
- 2. Open testcock 2, 3, & 4 to release pressure.
- 3. Remove main valve cover bolts and nuts (The 2 1/2" bronze 6C-M has hex cap screws only).
- 4. Remove the main valve cover and gasket. Leave the check valve assembly in the body.
- 5. a) Attach the two threaded rods of the spring removal tool to the main valve flange with the nuts and washers provided.

 NOTE: The 2 1/2" bronze 6C-M has threaded holes on the main valve flange. The rods must be screwed in the flange of this type of unit.
 - b) Fully tighten the nuts on the top and bottom of the main valve flange.
- 6. Slide the spring removal plate down on the rods to rest on the nuts, and securely tighten the nuts and washers on the top of the plate.
- 7. Remove the spring retainer nut.
- 8. Gradually loosen the top rod nuts to allow the spring to relax. Caution! Check rods to make sure they are not turning. Retighten flange nuts if necessary.
- 9. When the spring is fully relaxed, remove the plate. The spring, spring retainer or the disc holder can now be replaced.
- 10. To reassemble, reverse steps 1 thru 9.
- 11. Repeat procedure for check valve.

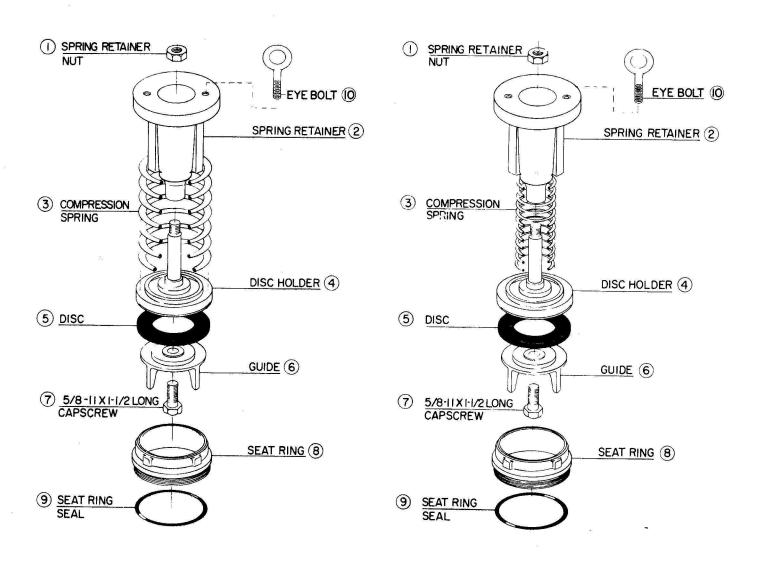


FIGURE 8
MAIN VALVE ASSEMBLY
21/2"-6" MODEL 6CM

FIGURE 9
CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY
2½"-6" MODEL 6CM

III RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY AND HOUSING ASSEMBLY

2 1/2", 3", 4" & 6" MODEL 6C-M

1. Close inlet and outlet shutoff valves.

2. Open testcocks 2, 3 and 4 to relieve pressure.

Remove all but two relief valve cover bolts and nut, loosen these.

Note: If cover adheres to body, strike cover at junction of body and cover to break it free. Should diaphragm adhere to body or cover separate it by running knife around flange between diaphragm and body of cover. At this point, relief valve assembly should drop on cover.

 Support cover and remove remaining bolts to release cover and valve assembly from body.

Note: If relief valve did not drop on cover, remove cover. Grasp diaphragm on opposite sides and slowly pull down (adhesion of lower seat o-ring to relief valve housing may cause valve to remain in position).

5. To disassemble relief valve:

- a) Place the assembly on a flat surface, with the guide fingers pointing down.
- b) Press down on lower diaphragm plate to maintain spring in compression. At the same time, loosen the clamp nut (to facilitate this operation, it may be desirable to have one person hold the spring in compression and a second remove the nut). Release pressure on diaphragm plate. Plate should rise against nut. If it does not, tap upper diaphragm plate to release adhesion of diaphragm plate gasket. Press down on diaphragm plate and remove clamp nut.
- c) Slowly release pressure on the diaphragm plate until spring extends fully. Remove diaphragm plates, diaphragm, spring and diaphragm plate gasket from balance of assembly.
- d) Remove assembly screw and separate upper seat guide, upper disc, upper stem, lower disc, lower stem and lower seat. Discs and other parts may now be cleaned or replaced.

Note: Rubber discs may tend to stick to stems after assembly screw is removed.

- 6. To reassemble relief valve:
 - a) Place discs on lower and upper stems, and assemble lower seat to upper stem, and upper stem to lower stem (projection on stem goes into hole in disc). Place guide on upper stem (projection on guide goes into hole on disc). Replace assembly screw.
 - Rest assembly on flat surface, guide fingers pointing down. Place diaphragm plate gasket and spring on lower stem.
 - Place diaphragm between diaphragm plates and rest upper plate on spring.
 - d) Press on lower diaphragm plate until threaded end of lower stem appears in hole on plate. Replace lockwasher and clamp nut, and release plate.

Note: Apply vaseline to lower seat o-ring (seal) before assembling to seat. If original o-ring is left in place, apply vaseline to it.

- 7. To disassemble RV housing assembly, first unscrew housing nut (do not apply pressure to elbow). Then remove the assembly by sliding it in and down, out of the body. The RV housing gasket which fits over the two locating pins on the housing flange can now be replaced.
- 8. Remove the three screws and lock washers that hold the upper seat in the housing. The o-ring (upper seat seal) or the seat itself can now be replaced. Note: Apply vaseline to o-ring before assembling to seat.
- 9. To reassemble:
 - a) Press upper seat into place and fasten screws.
 - b) Place housing in body, being careful to align pins with holes on body. Attach housing nut. Be sure elbow points down. Reattach drain funnel assembly if device is so equipped.
- 10. Rotate relief valve so that hole in diaphragm for internal passageway in body aligns with body opening. Lift RV assembly up into body, inserting upper seat guide fingers into upper seat opening. Note: Avoid contact of guide fingers with upper seat.

Hold relief valve in position, and assemble RV cover and cover bolts to body.

11. Close testcocks 2, 3, and 4 and open shut off valves.

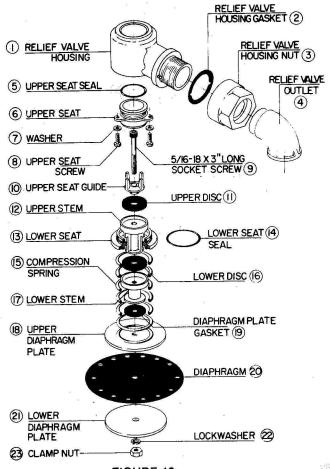


FIGURE 10
RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY
AND HOUSING ASSEMBLY
21/2"-6" MODEL 6CM

IV MAIN AND CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLIES AND SEATS 8" & 10" MODEL 6CM & HERSEY NO. 2

- 1. Close inlet and outlet shutoff valves.
- 2. Open testcocks 2, 3 and 4 to relieve pressure.
- 3. Remove valve cover bolts and nuts.
- 4. Remove valve cover and gasket, using eyebolt provided.
- 5. Insert eyebolts (see parts list, page 14) into the threaded holes on the top of the spring retainer, and lift the entire valve assembly out of the body (at this point, the valve seat may be replaced if necessary).
- 6. a) Remove the eyebolts and place the assembly so that it rests on a flat surface with its guide fingers pointing up, to permit cleaning of the disc.
 - b) Remove the hex cap screw and guide. The disc can now be replaced, if necessary.
- 7. Reassemble the guide to the disc holder.
- 8. To remove and replace spring, follow procedure below:
 - a) Place valve assembly back in body of device.
 - b) Attach the two threaded rods of the spring removal tool to the valve flange with the nuts and washers provided, and tighten the nuts fully.

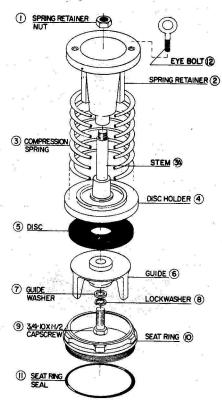


FIGURE 11
MAIN VALVE ASSEMBLY
8" & 10" MODEL 6CM

- c) Slide the spring removal plate down on the rods to rest on the hex nuts, and tighten the top nuts and washers against the plate.
- d) Remove the spring retainer nut from the valve assembly.
- e) Gradually loosen top rod nuts to allow spring to relax (use extreme caution until the spring is fully relaxed).
- f) Remove the tool plate, spring retainer and spring.
- g) Place new spring on disc holder. Place spring retainer on spring.
- h) Reassemble tool plate, nuts and washers to threaded rods.
- i) Tighten nuts until spring is compressed sufficiently to permit replacement of spring retainer nut.
- j) Loosen tool plate nuts and remove tool.
- k) Replace gasket and cover; close testcocks 2, 3, 4; and open shutoff valves.

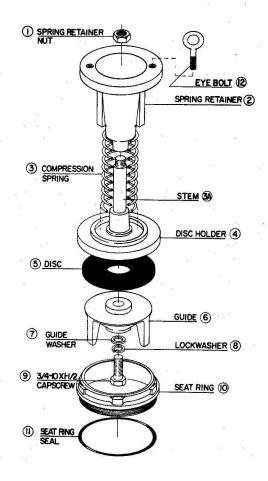


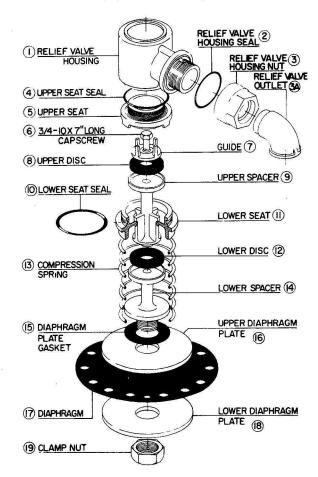
FIGURE 12 CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY 8" & 10" MODEL 6CM

V RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY AND HOUSING ASSEMBLY 8" AND 10" MODEL 6C-M

Relief valve assembly and housing assembly, 8" and 10" Model 6CM.

- 1. Close inlet and outlet shutoff valves.
- 2. Open testcocks 2, 3 and 4 to relieve pressure.
- Remove all but two relief valve cover bolts and nuts, loosen these.
 - Note: If cover adheres to body, strike cover at junction of body and cover to break it free. Should diaphragm adhere to body or cover separate it by running knife around flange between diaphragm and body or cover. At this point, relief valve assembly should drop on cover.
- 4. Support cover and remove remaining bolts to release cover and valve assembly from body.
 - Note: If relief valve did not drop on cover, remove cover. Grasp diaphragm on opposite sides and slowly pull down (adhesion of lower seat o-ring to relief valve housing may cause valve to remain in position).
- 5. To disassemble relief valve:
 - a) Place assembly in an arbor press with the guide facing up.
 - Caution: Do not attempt to disassemble by compressing spring by hand. Substantial spring force could cause injury if spring compression is released suddenly.
 - b) Press on *lower seat*, compressing spring slightly to release tension on assembly screw.
 - Holding spring in compression, remove assembly screw.
 - d) Slowly release pressure until spring is fully extended. Remove guide, upper spacer, lower seat, discs and spring from the balance of the assembly. The discs and lower seat seal (o-ring) may now be replaced. (lubricate o-ring).
 - e) If diaphragm is to be replaced, remove clamp nut from lower spacer. Separate lower spacer, diaphragm plate gasket, diaphragm and diaphragm plates. If diaphragm or gasket sticks to other parts, insert knife between them to separate.
- 6. To reassemble relief valve:
 - Reassemble lower spacer, diaphragm, diaphragm plates, diaphragm plate gasket and nut as illustrated.
 - Place these parts in arbor press, lower spacer facing up.
 - c) Place lower disc on lower spacer.
 - d) Place spring and lower seat on upper diaphrgm plate.
 - e) Insert upper spacer into lower seat, and rest seat on spring.
 - f) Place upper disc on upper spacer, and guide on upper disc (base of guide fits into hole in disc). Insert assembly screw in guide.
 - g) Apply pressure to lower seat until spring is sufficiently compressed to permit engagement of assembly screw threads. Tighten screw in place after checking that upper spacer is properly seated in hole in lower disc. Release pressure on spring.

- 7. To disassemble relief valve housing assembly:
 - Unscrew housing nut (do not apply wrench to elbow), and slide housing in and down, out of the body.
 - Unscrew upper seat from housing, if replacement of seat o-ring is indicated.
- 8. To reassemble relief valve housing assembly:
 - Apply vaseline to new or existing housing o-ring and place it on housing.
 - b) If seat was removed, also apply vaseline to o-ring prior to reassembly of seat.
 - c) Slide housing through hole in body, carefully aligning locating pins with holes in body. Replace nut and elbow. Be sure elbow faces downward. Reattach drain funnel assembly if device is so equipped.
- 9. Rotate relief valve so that hole in diaphragm for internal passageway in body aligns with body opening. Lift RV assembly up into body, inserting upper seat guide fingers into upper seat opening. Note: Avoid contact of guide fingers with upper seat.
- Hold relief valve in position, and assemble RV cover and cover bolts to body.
- 11. Close testcocks, 2, 3, and 4 and open shut off valves.



MODEL 6CM MAIN & CHECK VALVE PARTS

21/2" - 6" 6CM MAIN AND CHECK VALVE PARTS

If more than one part is required per valve assembly, quantity is indicated in parentheses after part number.

C.I.: Cast Iron Case

BRZ: Bronze Case

C.W.: Cold Water

H.W.: Hot Water

All 3"-6" parts are interchangeable between cold water and hot water models, and between iron case and bronze case models, except as noted. All 2½" parts are for cold or hot water bronze case device only.

llus. No.	Description	21/2 " Part No.	3" Part No.	4" Part No.	6" Part No
	MV & CV Cover Bolt (Brz.)	90114(8)	90129(8)	90129(14)	90135(16)
	MV & CV Cover Bolt (C.l.)	90117(2)	90129(8)	90168(14)	90292(16)
	MV & CV Cover Bolt (C.I.)	90124(6)	` '	, ,	
	MV & CV Cover Nut (C.I.)	90112(6)	90151(8)	90151(14)	90251(16)
N .	MV & CV Cover (C.I.)	63527	63302	63402	63602
	MV & CV Cover (Brz.)	63502	63327	63427	63627
	MV & CV Cover Gasket (Brz.)	63504	63304	63404	63604
	MV & CV Cover Gasket (C.I.)	63552			
1	MV & CV Spring Retainer Nut	90069	90260	90336	90336
2	MV & CV Spring Retainer	63509	63309	63409	63609
2 3	MV Spring	63507	63307	63407	63607
3 4	CV Spring	63508	61388	62304	61485
4	MV & CV Disc Holder	62112	61832	61852	61892
5	MV & CV Disc	62331	62334	62335	63605
6 7	MV & CV Guide	63511	63311	63411	63611
7	MV & CV Guide Cap Screw	90172	90282	90282	90382
8	MV & CV Seat	63506	63306	63406	63606
8 9 9	MV & CV O-Ring (C.W.)	98339	98335	98336	98337
9	MV & CV O-Ring (H.W.)	98349	98350	98351	98352
10	Eyebolt	90197	90197	90198	90198
1-7	MV Assembly Complete	63512	63312	63412	63612
1-7	CV Assembly Complete	63513	63313	63413	63613

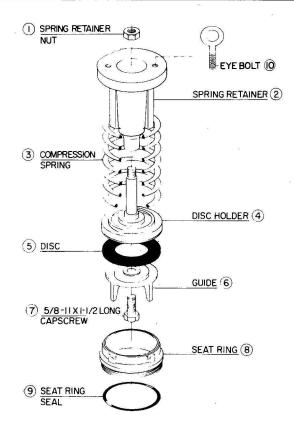


FIGURE 14 MAIN VALVE ASSEMBLY 2½"-6" MODEL 6CM

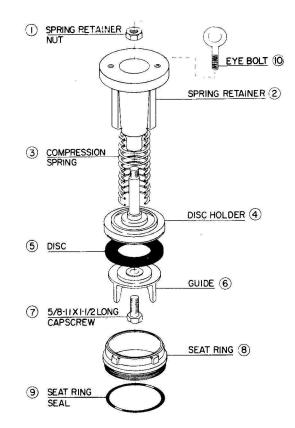


FIGURE 15 CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY 2½"-6" MODEL 6CM

MODEL 6CM MAIN & CHECK VALVE PARTS

8" & 10" Model 6CM main and check valve parts. If more than one part is required per assembly, quantity is indicated in parentheses after part number.

Size 8"

Size 10"

Illus. No. Description
MV & CV Cover Bolt MV & CV Cover Nut MV & CV Cover Bolt MV & CV Cover Bolt MV & CV Cover MV & CV Cover Gasket MV & CV Spring Retain MV & CV Spring Retain MV & CV Spring Retain MV & CV Spring MV & CV Stem MV & CV Stem MV & CV Disc Holder MV & CV Disc MV & CV Guide MV & CV Guide Washer MV & CV Guide Capsci MV & CV Seat MV & CV O-Ring MV & CV O-Ring MV & CV Assembly Complete MV & CV Eye Bolt

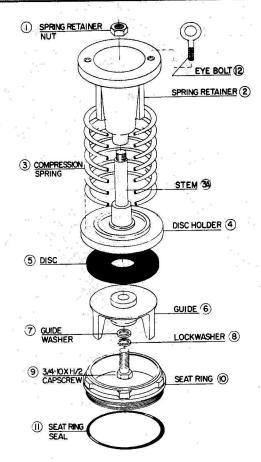


FIGURE 16
MAIN VALVE ASSEMBLY
8" & 10" MODEL 6CM

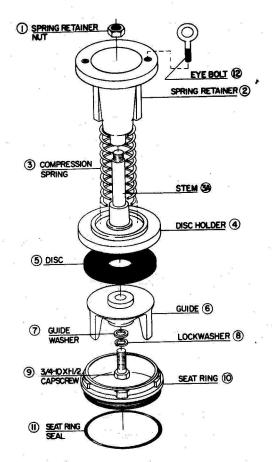


FIGURE 17
CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY
8" & 10" MODEL 6CM

MODEL 6CM RELIEF VALVE PARTS

21/2" - 6" MODEL 6CM RELIEF VALVE AND RELIEF VALVE HOUSING ASSEMBLY

If more than one part is required per assembly, quantity is indicated in parentheses after part number.

C.I.: Cast Iron Case Brz: Bronze Case C.W.: Cold Water H.W.: Hot Water

Relief Valve Parts

9-23

9-23

9-23

RV Assembly Complete (C.I., H.W.)

RV Assembly Complete (Brz., C.W.) RV Assembly Complete (Brz., H.W.) Relief Valve Housing Assembly Parts

Ilius. No.	Description	Part No.	Illus. No.	Description	Part No.
9 10 11 12 13 14 14 15 16	RV Cover Nut (C.I.) RV Cover Nut (Brz.) (3"-6") RV Cover Bolt (C.I.) RV Cover Bolt (2½" Brz.) RV Cover Bolt (Brz.) (3"-6") RV Cover (C.I.) RV Cover (Brz.) RV Assembly Bolt RV Upper Seat Guide RV Upper Disc RV Upper Stem RV Lower Seat RV O-Ring (C.W.) RV O-Ring (H.W.) RV Spring RV Lower Disc	90151(12) 90112(16) 90168(12) 90114(16) 901126(16) 63303 63503 98145 60230 60237 60231 60234 98319 19110 60236 60237	1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 1-8 1-8	RV Housing RV Housing Gasket RV Housing Gasket RV Housing Nut RV Housing Elbow** RV Seat O-Ring (C.W.) RV Seat O-Ring (H.W.) RV Upper Seat RV Lock Washer RV Seat Assembly Screw RV Housing Assembly Complete (C.W.) RV Housing Assembly Complete (H.W.) Dowel Pin *Also order RV Housing Nut if replacing copper elbow. **Not included in assembly. Order sep	60645 60644 63356 63357 98318 98354 60233 98155(3) 98165(3) 63519 63349 62313(2)
17 18 19	RV Lower Stem RV Upper Diaphragm Plate RV Diaphragm Plate Gasket	60232 60235 60239	Ì		•
20 20 20	RV Diaphragm (C.W.) (C.I.) RV Diaphragm (H.W.) RV Diaphragm (C.W., Brz.)	63305 63345 63505	E E		
20 21 22 23	RV Diaphragm (C.I., H.W.) RV Lower Diaphragm Plate RV Lock Washer RV Lower Stem Nut	63346 60235 98137 90159			
9-23	RV Assembly Complete (C.I., C.W.)	63314		RELII	EF VALVE

63347

63348

63514 -

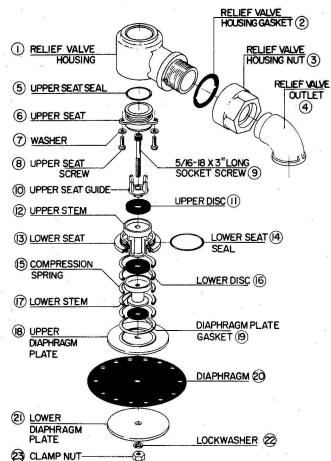


FIGURE 18
RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY
AND HOUSING ASSEMBLY
21/2"-6" MODEL 6CM

MODEL 6CM RELIEF VALVE PARTS

8" & 10" Model 6CM relief valve and relief valve housing assembly parts. If more than one part is required per assembly, quantity is indicated in parentheses after part numbers.

8" & 10" Relief Valve Parts

8" & 10" Relief Valve Housing Assembly Parts

us. No.	Description	Part No.	Illus. No.	Description	Part No.
1	RV Cover Nut	90301(12)	1	RV Housing	63830
	RV Cover Bolt	90347(12)	2	RV Upper Seat O-Ring	98339
	RV Cover	63803	3	RV Housing Nut	63856
~	RV Assembly Bolt	90346	3A	RV Elbow*	63857
6 7	RV Upper Seat Guide	63839	4	RV Housing O-Ring*	98342
		63835	5	RV Upper Seat	63831
8	RV Upper Disc	63833	1-3, 5	RV Housing Assembly Complete	63819
9	RV Upper Spacer	98341	1.0, 5	Dorvel Pin	61873(2)
10	RV O-Ring RV Lower Seat	63832		*Not included in RV Assembly. Or	der
11		63835		separately.	
12	RV Lower Disc	61503	* 1	Soparation,	
13	RV Spring	63834			
14	RV Lower Spacer	63837			
15	RV Diaphragm Plate Gasket		A000 12	* A.	
16	RV Upper Diaphragm Plate	61475	9 9 9	38	
17	RV Diaphragm	61479	Wh		
18	RV Lower Diaphragm Plate	61475			
19	RV Lower Stem Nut	61483	w **	X.	v 9
6-19	RV Assembly Complete	63814			

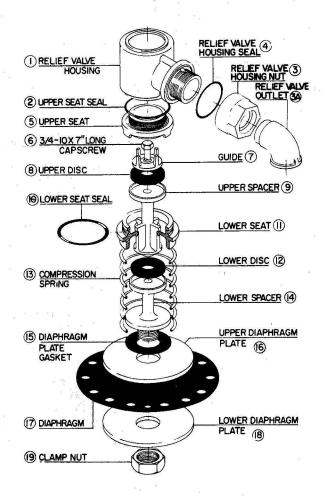


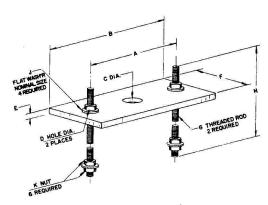
FIGURE 19
RELIEF VALVE ASSEMBLY
AND HOUSING ASSEMBLY
8" & 10" MODEL 6CM

MODEL 6CM FITTINGS AND TOOLS

If more than one part is required per unit, quantity is indicated in parenthesis after part number.

DEVICE SIZE	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
2½" 3" 4" 6" 6" 8" 10" 2½"-4" 2½"-4" 2½"-4" 6", 8", 10" 6", 8", 10"	Testcock Testcock Testcock Testcock (Body) Testcock (R.V. Cover) Testcock Testcock Inlet Gate Valve Testcock Inlet Gate Valve Nipple Inlet Gate Valve Testcock Inlet Gate Valve Coupling Inlet Gate Valve Testcock Inlet Gate Valve Coupling Inlet Gate Valve Coupling	96443(3) 96443(3) 96444(2) 96444(3) 96444(3) 96444(3) 96443 96263 96027 96444 96060 96147

8" and 10" Relief Valve upper seat removal tool - part no. 6162-2 (not illustrated).



HERSEY PART NO.	SIZE DEVICE	A IN.	B #4.	C IN.	D IN.	E IN.	F IN.	G IN	H IN.	J IN.	K IN.
63560	21/2"	6	71/2	11/2	1/2	1/4	4	7/18-14	121/2	7/16	7/16-14
63360	3.	7	81/2	134	5/8	1/4	4	1/2-13	17	1/2	1/2 -13
63460	4"	8 4	93/4	2	5/8	1/2	4	1/2 -13	17	1/2	1/2 - 13
63660	6"	11	13	2	5/6	1/2	6	1/2 - 13	17	1/2	1/2 - 13
63860	6*	145/0	17	2	1	1/2	6	3/4 - 10	30	3/4	3/4 - 10
63960	10"	18	51	2/2	1	1/2	6	3/4 -10	30	3/4	3/4 - 10

SPRING REMOVAL TOOLS (Fig. 20)

MODEL 6CM MAIN & CHECK VALVE SEAT REMOVAL TOOLS

TOOL PART NO.
63553
63353
63453
63653
63853
63953

B INSIDE DIA. B OUTSIDE DIA. A OUTSIDE DIA.

MODEL 6CM SPRING REMOVAL TOOLS

SIZE	TOOL PART NO.
2 1/2"	63560
3''	63360
4"	63460
6"	63660
8''	63860
10"	63960

HERSEY Part no.	SIZE	A IN.	B IN.	C IN.	D IN.	E IN.	F IN.	G IN.
63553	21/2"	31/6	33/8	11/16	15/16	1/4	9/16	15/16
63353	3"	45/16	4	11/16	15/16	3/16	13/16	13/6
63453	4"	53/18	5	13/16	11/16	5/8	146	21/16
63653	6 "	713/6	71/16	15/16	13/6	3/4	11/6	2 %
63853	8,	103/4	95/8	11/8	13/8	7/0	11/8	23/8
63953	10"	12 1/2	119332	15/16	1916	1.	15/8	2%

MAIN & CHECK VALVE SEAT REMOVAL TOOLS (Fig. 21)

MODEL 6CM RUBBER PARTS KITS HW/Hot Water

If more than one part is required in a device, quantity is indicated in parenthesis after Part Number.

Parts are interchangeable between 2½" – 6" bronze and cast iron assemblies unless indicated otherwise.

			1	T	
DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	PART NO.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	2½" COLD WATER	2½" HOT WATER		6" COLD WATER	6" HOT WATER
RV Disc Diaphragm Plate Gasket RV Housing Gasket MV & CV Disc MV & CV Cover Gasket (Brz) MV & CV Cover Gasket (CI) RV Diaphragm (Brz) RV Diaphragm (CI) O-Ring O-Ring O-Ring Complete Parts Kit (CI)	60237(2) 60239 60644 62331(2) 63504(2) 63552(2) 63505 63305 98318 98319 98339(2) 63543	60237(2) 60239 60644 62331(2) 63504(2) 63552(2) 63345 63346 19110 98354 98349(2) 63554	RV Disc Diaphragm Plate Gasket RV Housing Gasket MV & CV Disc MV & CV Cover Gasket RV Diaphragm (CI) RV Diaphragm (Brz) O-Ring O-Ring O-Ring Complete Parts Kit (CI) Complete Parts Kit (Brz)	60237(2) 60239 60644 63605(2) 63604(2) 63305 63505 98318 98319 98337(2) 63650 63643	60237(2) 60239 60644 63605(2) 63604(2) 63346 63345 19110 98354 98352(2) 63654 63644
Complete Parts Kit (Brz)	63550 3" COLD WATER	63544 3" HOT WATER		8" COLD WATER	
RV Disc Diaphragm Plate Gasket RV Housing Gasket MV & CV Disc MV & CV Cover Gasket RV Diaphragm (CI) RV Diaphragm (BRZ) O-Ring O-Ring O-Ring Complete Parts Kit (CI) Complete Parts Kit (Brz)	60237(2) 60239 60644 62334(2) 63305 63505 98318 98319 98335(2) 63350 63343	60237(2) 60239 60644 62334(2) 63304(2) 63345 19110 98354 98350(2) 63354 63344 4" HOT WATER	RV Disc RV Gasket MV & CV Disc MV & CV Cover Gasket RV Diaphragm O-Ring O-Ring O-Ring O-Ring Complete Parts Kit	63835(2) 63837 63810(2) 63804(2) 61479 98339 98341 98342 98343 63850	
RV Disc Diaphragm Plate Gasket RV Housing Gasket MV & CV Disc MV & CV Cover Gasket RV Diaphragm (CI) RV Diaphragm (Brz) O-Ring O-Ring O-Ring Complete Parts Kit (CI)	60237(2) 60239 60644 62335(2) 63404(2) 63305 63505 98318 98319 98336(2) 63450 63443	60237(2) 60239 60644 62335(2) 63404(2) 63345 19110 98354 98351(2) 63454 63444	RV Disc RV Gasket MV & CV Disc MV & CV Cover Gasket RV Diaphragm O-Ring O-Ring O-Ring O-Ring Complete Parts Kit	63835(2) 63837 63910(2) 63904(2) 61479 98339 98340 98341 98342 63950	

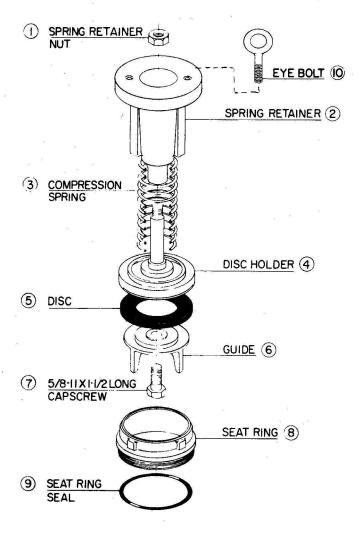
MODEL 6CM BODIES

DESCRIPTION	CAST IRON PART NO.	BRONZE PART NO.
21/₂ " Body	63526	63501
3" Body	63301	63326
4" Body	63401	63426
6" Body	63601	63626
8" Body	63801	-
10" Body	63901	

If more than one part is required per assembly, quantity is indicated in parentheses after part number.

ILLUS. NO.	DESCRIPTION	3" PART NO.	4" PART NO.	6" PART NO
	Cover Bolt	90129(8)	90168(14)	90292(16
	Cover Nut	90151(8)	90151(14)	90251(16
	Cover	63302	63402	63602
	Cover Gasket	63304	63404	63604
	Spring Retainer Nut	90260	90336	90336
5	Spring Retainer	63309	63409	63609
3	Spring	61388	62304	61485
4	Disc Holder	61832	61852	61892
5	Disc	62334	62335	63605
3	Guide	63311	63411	63611
7	Guide Cap Screw	90282	90282	90382
В	Seat	63306	63406	63606
9	O-Ring	98335	98336	98337
1-11	Complete Valve Assembly	63313	63413	63613

ILLUS.	DESCRIPTION	8"	10"
NO.		PART NO.	PART NO.
1 1A 2 3 3A 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 1-11	Cover Bolt Cover Bolt Cover Nut Cover Cover Gasket Spring Retainer Nut Eyebolt Spring Retainer Spring Stem Disc Holder Disc Guide Guide Washer Lockwasher Guide Cap Screw Seat O-Ring Complete Valve Assembly	90141(14) 90140(2) 90358(14) 63802 63804 90336 90198 63809 63808 63852 61275 63810 61754 63820 90337 90381 63886 98343 63813	90360(2) 90371(16) 90372(16) 63902 63904 90373 90199 63909 63908 62238 62235 63910 62236 63820 90337 90381 63906 98340 63913





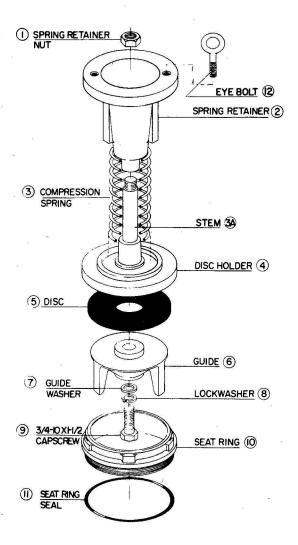


FIGURE 23 CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY 8" - 10" HERSEY NO. 2

HERSEY NO. 2 CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY

If more than one part is required per unit, quantity is indicated in parenthesis after part number.

FITTINGS

DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
SIZE 3" Space Nipple (first testcock) Testcock Coupling (first testcock)	96263 96443(3) 96027
SIZE 4" Space Nipple (first testcock) Testcock Coupling (first testcock)	96263 96443(3) 96027
SIZE 6" Testcock	96444(3)
SIZE 8" Testcock	96444(3)
SIZE 10" Testcock	96444(3)
3", 4" Inlet Gate Valve Testcock Space Nipple Coupling	96443 96263 96027
6″, 8″, 10″ Inlet Gate Valve Testcock Space Nipple Coupling	96444 96060 96147

RUBBER PARTS KITS

DESCRIPTION	PART NO.	
SIZE: 3"		
Rubber Parts Kits Complete CV Disc CV Cover Gasket CV O-Ring	63351 62334(2) 63304(2) 98335(2)	
SIZE: 4"		
Rubber Parts Kits Complete CV Disc CV Cover Gasket CV O-Ring	63451 62335(2) 63404(2) 98336(2)	
SIZE: 6"		
Rubber Parts Kits Complete CV Disc CV Cover Gasket CV O-Ring	63651 63605(2) 63604(2) 98337(2)	
SIZE: 8"		
Rubber Parts Kits Complete CV Disc CV Cover Gasket CV O-Ring	63851 63810(2) 63804(2) 98343(2)	
SIZE: 10"		
Rubber Parts Kits Complete CV Disc CV Cover Gasket CV O-Ring	63951 63910(2) 63904(2) 98340(2)	

HERSEY NO. 2 BODIES

SIZE	PART NO.
3"	63318
4"	63418
6"	63618
8"	63818
10"	63918

VALVE (B)

VALVE (C)

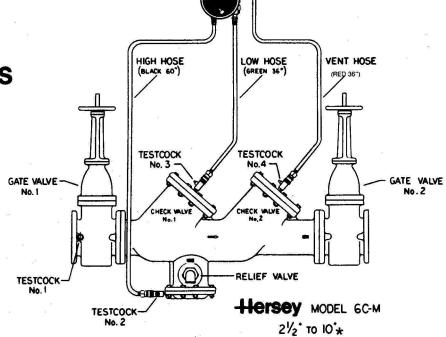
VALVE (A)



REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

ASSEMBLY OF TEST KIT TO BACKFLOW PREVENTER

- 1. Close valves (A), (B) and (C) on test kit.
- Connect HIGH pressure hose (black) to testcock No. 2 on the device.
- Connect LOW pressure hose (green) to testcock No. 3.
- 4. Close gate valve No. 2.
- 5. Open testcocks No. 2 and No. 3.
- 6. Open vent valve (B).
- Open high pressure (A) and low pressure (C) valves until all air is expelled.
- 8. Close (A), (B) and (C) valves.
- Connect VENT hose (red) to testcock No. 4 on the device.



TEST PROCEDURES

- A. To determine the static pressure drop across the first check valve. Requirement: the first check valve shall maintain a static pressure drop of at least 5 PSI.
 - 1. Testcocks No. 2 and No. 3 must be open.
 - Crack open gate valve No. 2 to re-establish pressure conditions in the device.
 - Close gate valve No. 2 and note the differential pressure on the gauge. A reading of 5-8 PSI is normal.
- B. To test the second check valve for tightness against reverse flow. Requirement: the second check valve must be tight against reverse flows under all pressure differentials.
 - Slowly open HIGH valve (A) and VENT valve (B).
 Keep LOW valve (C) closed.
 - 2. Open testcock No. 4
 - The differential pressure reading on the gauge will drop slightly and then remain steady. If the gauge reading continues to drop (until the relief valve discharges), it indicates that the second check valve is leaking.
- C. To test gate valve No. 2 for tightness. After passing Test B, continue the test by closing testcock No. 2. The indicated pressure will decrease slightly. If the pressure differential continues to decrease (approaching zero), the No. 2 gate valve is reported to be leaking.

NOTE: If gate valve No. 2 is leaking, the Test A is invalid. An indication of leakage in Test B could be either check valve No. 1 or check valve No. 2. If no indication of leakage in Test B, then both check valves are tight.

- D. To test operation of the differential pressure relief valve. Requirement: the differential press relief valve must operate to maintain the zone between the two check valves at least 2 PSI less than the supply pressure.
 - Valves (A), (B) and (C), and testcock No. 4 must be closed. Testcocks No. 2 and No. 3 must be open.
 - 2. Open HIGH valve (A).
 - Very slowly open LOW valve (C) until the differential gauge needle starts to drop. Note the pressure reading when the relief valve starts to discharge. This gauge reading must be at least 2 PSI.

NOTE: If during test C, gate valve No. 2 is shown to be leaking, also open VENT valve (B) and testcock No. 4 during step #2 of Test D. This extra step uses supply pressure to seat check valve No. 2 and allows testing of the relief valve.

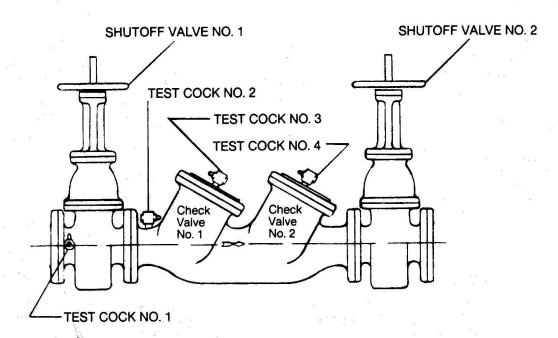
TEST CONCLUSION

- 1. Close all testcocks.
- 2. Disconnect VENT hose from testcock No. 4
- 3. Open valves (A), (B) and (C) to drain water pressure from the test gauge.
- Remove hoses from testcocks No. 2 and No. 3 and drain remaining water in the gauge to prevent freezing.

^{*}The same test is also used for testing the Hersey/BEECO Model FRPII.

Hersey No. 2

DOUBLE CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY SIZES 3", 4", 6", 8" & 10"*



TEST PROCEDURE Double Check Valves

TESTING OF CHECK VALVE NO. 1

- 1. Close No. 1 and No. 2 gate valves.
- Open testcocks Nos. 2, 3 and 4. Confirm that gate valve No. 1 is holding tight by observing that the discharge of water from testcock No. 2 stops.
- Attach test kit VENT hose (red) to testcock No. 1, LOW hose (green) to testcock No. 2, and HIGH hose (black) to testcock No. 3. Open valves (A) and (B). Close valve (C).
- 4. Close testcock No. 4
- Open testcock No. 1. The needle on the gauge will indicate a pressure in excess of 15 PSI.
- 6. Slowly open valve (C) until the gauge reads approximately 10 PSI. Close valve (C). The gauge reading will not change if check valve No 1 is holding tight. If No. 1 check valve is leaking the gauge reading, will drop to 0.
 - *The same test method is also used for testing the Hersey/BEECO Model FDC and HDC.

TESTING OF CHECK VALVE NO. 2

- 1. Close testcock No. 1.
- 2. Open testcock No. 4.
- Change LOW hose from testcock No. 2 to testcock No.
 Change HIGH hose from testcock No. 3 to testcock No. 4. Open valves (A) and (B). Close valve (C).
- 4. Open testcock No. 1. The needle on the gauge will indicate a pressure in excess of 15 PSI.
- Slowly open valve (C) until the gauge reads approximately 10 PSI. Close valve (C). The gauge reading will not change if check valve No. 2 is holding tight. If check valve No. 2 is leaking, the gauge will drop to 0.

NOTE: Minor leakage in gate valve No. 2 will not affect the test results of check valve No. 2. However, a leaking gate valve No. 1 will cause a good check valve No. 1 to fail the test.

TEST PROCEDURES — HERSEY NO. 2 DOUBLE CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY ALTERNATIVE TWO-GAUGE METHOD

(SEE FIGURE 25)

TEST NO. 1

Purpose:

To test No. 1 check valve for tightness against reverse flow.

Requirement:

Valve must be tight against reverse flow under all pressure differentials.

Steps:

- 1. Close shutoff valve No. 2.
- 2. Install pressure gauges and control cocks (closed) at test cocks No. 2 and No. 3.
- 3. Open test cocks No. 2 and 3. Close No. 1 shut off valve.
- 4. Drain slowly from control cock at test cock No. 2 until gauge at test cock No. 2 reads 1 psi less than gauge at test cock No. 3. Close control cock. If both gauges hold the established differential pressure for at leat one minute, the check shall be noted in the report as "Closed Tight".

If the check valve leaks, both gauges will drop simultaneously while water is being drained from control cock at test cock No. 2 in the attempt to establish the one-pound differential. Confirm by the following procedure:

- a. Open shutoff valve No. 1 and reestablish pressure in the device.
- b. Install bypass hose between No. 1 and No. 3 test cocks, thus feeding line pressure downstream of check valve.
- c. Close shutoff valve No. 1 Drain slowly from control cock at test cock No. 2 until gauge at test cock No. 2 reads 1 psi less than gauge at test cock No. 3. If water runs continuously from control cock, the check shall be noted as "Leaked".

TEST NO. 2

Purpose:

To test No. 2 check valve for tightness against reverse flow.

Requirement:

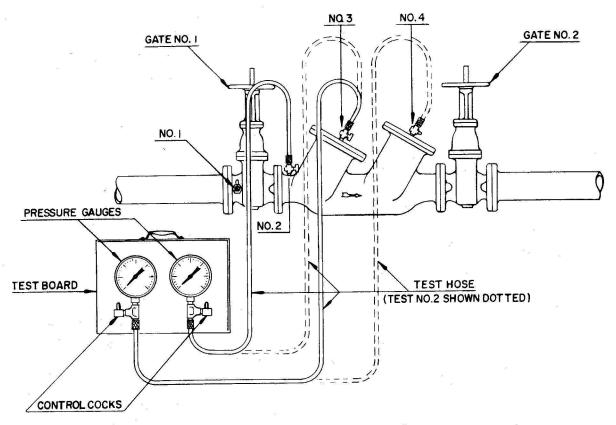
Valve must be tight against reverse flow under all pressure differentials.

Steps:

- 1. Open No. 1 shutoff valve and re-establish pressure in the device.
- 2. Install pressure gauges and control cocks at test cocks No. 3 and No. 4.
- 3. Open test cocks No. 3 and 4. Close No. 1 shutoff valve.
- 4. Drain slowly from control cock at test cock No. 3 until gauge at test cock No. 3 reads 1 psi less than gauge at test cock No. 4. Close control cock. If both gauges hold the established differential for at least one minute the check shall be noted as "Closed Tight."

If the check valve leaks, both gauges will drop simultaneously while water is being drained from control cock at test cock No. 3 in the attempt to establish the one-pound differential. Confirm by the following procedure:

- a. Open No. 1 shutoff valve and re-establish pressure in the device.
- b. Install bypass hose between No. 1 and No. 4 test cocks, thus feeding line pressure downstream of check valve.
- c. Close No. 1 shutoff valve. Drain slowly from control cock at test cock No. 3 until gauge at test cock No. 3 reads 1 psi less than gauge at test cock No. 4. If water runs continuously from control cock, the check shall be noted as "Leaked".
- d. Remove all equipment and return shutoff valves to original setting.



TESTS NO. I AND 2 - STEP B"

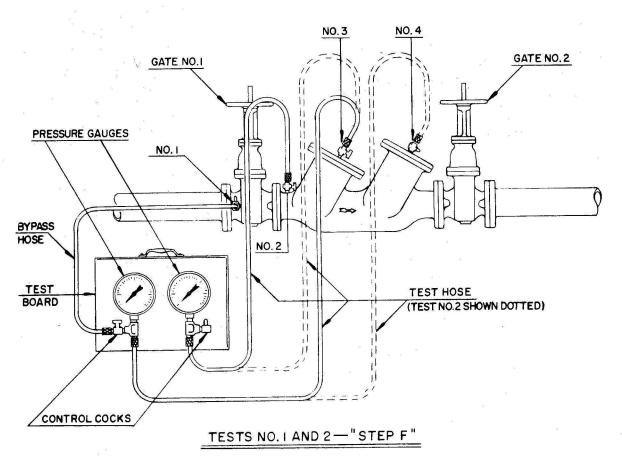


FIGURE 25
PRESSURE GAUGES INSTALLED ON HERSEY NO. 2
DOUBLE CHECK VALVE ASSEMBLY

TEST EQUIPMENT FOR HERSEY MODEL NO. 2

Recommended test equipment is outlined below. The test equipment illustrated consists of the following:

Qty.

Description

- 2 Pressure gauges, of good quality 2" dial or larger, 0-150 psi range.
- 3 6-ft lengths rubber hose with 1/4" water tight screw couplings. (1/4" i.d. welding hose is suggested).
- 2 1/4" level handle brass gauge cocks, double female.
- 2 1/4" standard brass tees
- 2 1/4" brass close nipples
- 6 1/4" I.P. thread to welding hose thread brass couplings (sometimes called regulator outlet fittings).
 - 3/8" plywood board for mounting gauges. 1/4" x 1/2" bushings (for use in testing 3'
- 3 1/4" x 1/2" bushings (for use in testing 3" and 4" check valve assemblies)
- 3 1/4" x 3/4" bushings (for use in testing 6",8" and 10" devices)

In testing 3" and 4" check valve assemblies, install 1/4" x 1/2" bushings in test cocks No. 1, 3, and 4. In testing 6", 8" and 10" assemblies, install 1/4" x 3/4" bushings in testcocks.

MODEL 6CM RÉLIEF VALVE AIR GAP DRAIN FITTING

This fitting has been designed to permit direct connection of the relief valve drain piping to the backflow preventer. It provides an air gap below the outlet of the relief valve; and includes an internally-threaded opening at its base.

Two sizes are provided: one for installation on $2\frac{1}{2}$ "-6" devices; and the second for installation on 8" and 10" devices. The internal thread size is 2"-11½ NPT on the funnel for $2\frac{1}{2}$ "-6" devices; and 4"-8 NPT on the funnel for 8" and 10" devices. Both fittings are available as kits which include the fitting and two connection bolts.

INSTALLATION (see fig. 3)

Insert bolts in drain funnel. Position funnel so that bolts can be tightened against opposite sides of relief valve outlet elbow, resting on rim, and parallel to side of device. Tighten bolts firmly. Thread drain piping to fitting, using commercially-available pipe sealant.

RELIEF VALVE AIR GAP FUNNEL KITS

SIZE	PARTNO.	
(2½"-6")	63358	
(8", 10")	63858	

PACKAGING AND INSTALLATION OF TEST COCKS AND FITTINGS

PACKAGING

Three test cocks are provided for each device plus one for the inlet gate valve. On $2\frac{1}{2}$ ", 3" and 4" devices, a space nipple and coupling are also provided for the inlet gate valve. Sealing tape is factory-installed on test cocks and $2\frac{1}{2}$ "-4" space nipple.

For $2\frac{1}{2}$ " devices and for 3" devices equipped with gate valves, test cocks and fittings are packaged in a carton attached to the pallet. For $4^{"}-10^{"}$ devices (and with 3" devices not equipped with gate valves) the bag is placed inside the protective cover on the inlet gate valve or flange of the device.

INSTALLATION

Remove plastic protective caps from the four test cock openings (three on the device and one on the inlet shut off valve).

Install test cocks. On $2\frac{1}{2}$ ", 3" and 4" inlet gate valve, install space nipple, coupling and test cock in that order. Slotted operating boss should have slot at right angles to test cock opening (closed position). Test cocks must be closed prior to operation of the device.