

Section 1: Identification of the substance or mixt	ure and the company
Trade Name	Rubber to Metal Primer
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	General industrial grade adhesive used to prepare the steel or rigid surface for the chemical bonding of numerous rubber types to metal (or another rigid substrate).
Supplier	Conveyor Supply Conglomeration Ltd.
Supplier Address	3-1030 Colborne Street West Brantford, Ontario, Canada N3T 5L7
Supplier Email	customercare@conveyorsupplyco.com
Supplier Phone Number	1-226-227-9645
24/7 Emergency Provider	Chemtrec
Emergency Phone Number in Canada/USA	1-800-424-9300

Section 2: Hazards Ide	entification
GHS Classification	Flammable liquids – Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A
	Skin Corrosion / Irritation – Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure – Category 3, Central
	nervous system and respiratory system
	Acute toxicity, Oral – Category 5
	Acute toxicity, Inhalation – Category 4
	Acute toxicity, Dermal – Category 4
	Acute aquatic toxicity – Category 2
	Carcinogenicity – Category 2
GHS Label	
Hazard Statements	Signal word: DANGER
	Hazard statements
	H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H303: May be harmful if swallowed.
	H312 + H332: Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
	H315 + H320: Causes skin and eye irritation.
	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
	H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.



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H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
exposure.
H401: Toxic to aquatic life.
Precautionary statements – Prevention
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other
ignition sources. No smoking.
P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273: Avoid release to the environment.
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face
protection.
P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.
Precautionary statements – Response
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all
contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable
for breathing.
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several
minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue
rinsing.
P308+P313: If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
P403+P233+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

Section 3: Co	mposition / Informati	on on ingredients			
Chemical cha	racterization: Mixture	9			
	GHS Classification	Chemical name or IUPAC nomenclature	Regular name or commercial name	Concentration	CAS number
Component 1	H225 H319 H336	Propan-2-one	Acetone	35-55%	67-64-1
Component 2	H225 H315 H319 H336	4-methylpentan- 2-one	Methyl isobutyl ketone	23%	108-10-1



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	H351				
Component 3	H226	dimethylbenzene	Xylene	5-10%	1330-20-7
	H304				
	H312				
	H315				
	H332				
	H336				
	H373				
Component 4	H351	Amorphous	Carbon black	.00501%	1333-86-4
		carbon			

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. The actual concentration of ingredients is withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17 and 29 CFR 1910.1200

Section 4: First Aid Measu	res
Inhalation	If symptoms are experienced, remove source of contamination and, move victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, get medical attention. If the affected person is not breathing, apply artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In situations where administering oxygen is appropriate, first aid administrator must be trained in the safe use and handling of oxygen. It is preferable to administer oxygen under a doctor's supervision or advice. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately. Obtain medical attention IMMEDIATELY.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, after flushing with water has begun. Flush with copious amounts of water. If irritation persists or signs of toxicity occur, seek medical attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Seek immediate medical attention. Do NOT Induce vomiting. Do not attempt to give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. IMMEDIATELY contact local Poison Control Centre. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, have victim lean forward with head down to avoid aspirating the liquid into the lungs. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. If the heart has stopped, trained personnel should begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) immediately.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.



	Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. Ingestion may cause adverse effects. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Section 5: Firefighting Mea	sures
Suitable extinguishing	Alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder.
agents	Water fog. This material may produce a floating fire hazard in extreme
	fire conditions.
Unsuitable extinguishing	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
media	
Special hazards arising	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors are heavier than air and may
from the chemical	travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to
	source of vapors. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.
	Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
Special protective	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be
equipment and	worn in case of fire. Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon
precautions for	monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).
firefighters	
Firefighting	Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not enter fire area
equipment/instructions	without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Specific methods	Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major
	fire and large quantities: Evacuate area.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Section 6: Accidental Rele	ase Measures
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, spray). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Evacuate
	unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods,



Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area. See section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Use only non-sparking tools. Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled
	material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 7: Handling and St	corage
Precautions for safe	Flammable. For Industrial Use Only. Handle and open containers with
handling	care. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid
	inhalation of chemical. DO NOT handle or store near an open flame,
	heat, or other sources of ignition. Fixed equipment as well as transfer
	containers and equipment should be grounded to prevent accumulation
	of static charge. DO NOT pressurize, cut, heat or weld containers. Empty
	containers may contain hazardous product residues. Keep the
	containers closed when not in use. Protect against physical damage.
	Use appropriate personal protective equipment. Electrostatic charges
	may be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause
	fire. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all
	equipment. Restrict line velocity during pumping in order to avoid
	generation of electrostatic discharge (>= 10 m/sec). Avoid splash filling.
	Do NOT use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling
	operations. Extinguish any naked flames.
Conditions for safe	Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static
storage,	discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Store
including any	in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely
incompatibilities	high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in a well-
	ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.



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Section 8: Exposure Control / Personal Protection

Recommendations listed in this section indicate the type of equipment, which will provide protection against overexposure to this product. Conditions of use, adequacy of engineering or other control measures, and actual exposures will dictate the need for specific protective devices at your workplace.

Jurisdiction / Regulatory Authority
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV) Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1) Xylene (1330-20-7) Carbon black (1333-86- 4) Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Cocupational Cocupatio
Limit Values (TLV) Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1) 50ppm Xylene (1330-20-7) 100ppm Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended Acetone (67-64-1) TWA 500ppm Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended Xylene (1330-20-7) 100ppm Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Acetone (67-64-1) (1330-20-7) TWA 250ppm Soppm 100ppm 100ppm 100ppm 100ppm Carbon black (1333-86-0ccupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) A) TWA 250ppm Soppm 100ppm 100ppm 100ppm 100ppm
(108-10-1) Xylene (1330-20-7) 100ppm Canada. Alberta OELs Acetone (67-64-1) TWA 500ppm (Occupational Health & Methyl isobutyl ketone 50ppm & Safety Code, (108-10-1) Schedule 1, Table 2), Xylene (1330-20-7) 100ppm Carbon black (1333-86- TWA 250ppm Columbia OELs. Methyl isobutyl ketone (0ccupational (108-10-1) Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) A) 100ppm
Xylene (1330-20-7)
Carbon black (1333-86- 4) Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Acetone (67-64-1) Acetone (67-64-1) TWA 500ppm TWA 500ppm 100ppm 50ppm TWA 500ppm 50ppm TWA 500ppm 50ppm TWA 250ppm 50ppm 100ppm 50ppm 60ppm 6
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Acetone (67-64-1) Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1) Xylene (1330-20-7) Carbon black (1333-86- (108-10-1) Xylene (1330-20-7) Xylene (1
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Acetone (67-64-1) Acetone (67-64-1) TWA 500ppm 100ppm 100ppm 100ppm TWA 250ppm TWA 250ppm TWA 250ppm 100ppm
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& Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended Carbon black (1333-86- 4) Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Xylene (1330-20-7) Xylene (1333-86- Carbon black (1
Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended Carbon black (1330-20-7) Carbon black (1333-86- 4) Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Xylene (1330-20-7) Xylene (1330-20-7) Carbon black (1333-86- 4) 100ppm TWA 250ppm 50ppm (108-10-1) Xylene (1330-20-7) Carbon black (1333-86- 3mg/m³ 4)
as amended Carbon black (1333-86- 4) Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Carbon black (1333-86- 4) TWA 250ppm 50ppm 61330-20-7) 62ppm 62
Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Acetone (67-64-1) Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1) Xylene (1330-20-7) Carbon black (1333-86- 3mg/m³ TWA 250ppm 50ppm 50ppm 50ppm 100ppm 3mg/m³
Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Acetone (67-64-1) Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1) Xylene (1330-20-7) Carbon black (1333-86- 4) TWA 250ppm 50ppm 50ppm 100ppm 3mg/m³
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(Occupational (108-10-1)
Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Xylene (1330-20-7) 100ppm 3mg/m³ 4) 4)
Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended) Carbon black (1333-86- 3mg/m³ 4)
Occupational Health 4) and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)
and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)
296/97, as amended)
Canada. Manitoba Acetone (67-64-1) TWA 250ppm
OELs (Reg. 217/2006, Methyl isobutyl ketone 50ppm
The Workplace Safety (108-10-1)
And Health Act), as Xylene (1330-20-7) 100ppm
amended Carbon black (1333-86- 3mg/m ³
Conside Optorio OFLe Acetone (67.64.1)
Canada. Ontario OELs. Acetone (67-64-1) TWA 250ppm
(Control of Exposure to Methyl isobutyl ketone 50ppm
Biological or Chemical (108-10-1)
Agents), as amended Xylene (1330-20-7) 100ppm
Carbon black (1333-86- 3mg/m³ 4)
Canada. Quebec Acetone (67-64-1) TWA 500ppm
OELs. (Ministry of Methyl isobutyl ketone 50ppm
Labor - Regulation (108-10-1)
respecting Xylene (1330-20-7) 100ppm



occupational health	Carbon black (1333-86-	3mg/m³
and safety), as	4)	
amended		
Consult provincial or territory exposure values, as may apply.		

Appropriate	Local exhaust ventilation as required to maintain exposure to within
engineering controls	applicable limits. Use explosion proof equipment. Make up air should be
	supplied to balance air that is removed by local or general exhaust
	ventilation. Ventilate low lying areas such as sumps or pits where dense
	vapours may collect. Ensure eyewash stations and safety showers are
	proximal to the work station location.
Individual protection	The following are recommendations only for the use of PPE. These
measures, such as	recommendations cannot anticipate the variety of workplaces where the
personal protective	product will be used, nor how the product will be used in a variety of
equipment	applications and processes. In determining appropriate PPE and
	engineering controls, it is the duty of the employer / user to evaluate their
	use of this product in accordance with the requirements of the local
	jurisdiction, and, if necessary, in conjunction with a professional
	industrial hygienist.
	Eye/face protection: Chemical safety goggles, also wear a face shield if
	splashing hazard exists.
	Skin protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.
	Hand Protection: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
	Other: Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an
	impervious apron is recommended.
	Respiratory protection: If exposure exceeds occupational exposure
	limits, use an appropriate NIOSH approved respirator. In case of spill or
	leak resulting in unknown concentration, use a NIOSH approved supplied
	air respirator.
	Thermal hazards: Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when
	necessary.
General hygiene	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not
considerations	smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as
	washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or
	smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to
	remove contaminants.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties	
Appearance	Physical State: Liquid.
	Colour: tinted grey
Odour	Sweet, pungent
Odour threshold	Not available.



рН	Not available.
Melting point / freezing	-95 to -90°C (-139 to -130°F)
	-93 to -90 C (-139 to -130 F)
point	F000 (400 00F)
Boiling point or initial	56°C (132.8°F)
point and boiling range	
Flash point	-20°C (-4°F) (tag closed cup)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower	Explosive limit – lower (%): 1%
flammability or explosive	Explosive limit – upper (%): 18%
limits	
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative Density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	Partially soluble in water.
Partition coefficient (n-	Not available.
octanol/water)	
Auto-ignition	Not available.
temperature	
Decomposition	Not available.
temperature	
Viscosity	Not available.
Specific Gravity	Not available.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity		
Reactivity	Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.	
Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.	
Incompatible materials	Chromic anhydride, chromyl alcohol, hexachloromelanine, hydrogen peroxide, thiogylcol, permonosulfuric acid, potassium tertbutoxide, strong oxidizing agents, acids, bases and water.	
Hazardous	Oxides of carbon, chlorine, hydrogen cyanide, phosgene and	
decomposition products	asphyxiants.	

Section 11: Toxicological Information		
Information on likely	Likely routes of exposure: Dermal, Eye Contact, Inhalation, Oral.	
routes of exposure	Acute Toxicity (Oral): Category 5	
	Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Category 4	
	Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Category 4	
	LD50 and LC50 Data: No additional information available	



Symptoms related to the	Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause
physical, chemical and	central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting,
toxicological	numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.
characteristics	Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may
	cause skin irritation.
	Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe
	irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.
	Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse
	effects
	Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.
Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye	Causes serious eye irritation.
irritation	
Respiratory sensitization	Not classified
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
Carcinogenicity	May be a possible human carcinogen.
ACGIH Carcinogens:	Acetone (67-64-1): Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
	Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1): Not classifiable as a human
	carcinogen.
	Xylene (1330-20-7): Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
	Carbon black (1333-86-4): Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown
	relevance to humans.
Canada - Manitoba OELs:	Acetone (67-64-1): Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
carcinogenicity:	Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1): Not classifiable as a human
	carcinogen.
	Xylene (1330-20-7): Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
	Carbon black (1333-86-4): Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown
	relevance to humans.
IARC Monographs. Overall	Acetone (67-64-1): Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Evaluation of	Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1): Not classifiable as a human
Carcinogenicity:	carcinogen.
,	Xylene (1330-20-7): Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
	Carbon black (1333-86-4): Group 2B – Possibly carcinogenic to
	humans (based on inhalation studies in rats)
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
toxicity - single exposure	
Specific target organ	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
toxicity - repeated	
exposure	
Aspiration hazard	Not classified
, topiration nazara	recedented



Chronic effects	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause
	damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Information on toxicological effects		
Product	Test Type	Test Results
Acetone (67-64-1)	LD50 Oral (Rat)	5800-9700 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	16000ppm
Methyl isobutyl ketone	LD50 Oral (Rat)	2808 mg/kg
(108-10-1)	LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	23300 mg/m ³
Xylene (1330-20-7)	LD50 Oral (Rat)	4300 mg/kg
	LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	5000-7000 ppm (4h)

Section 12: Ecological Information		
Ecotoxicity		
Product	Species	Test Results
Acetone (67-64-1)	LC50 Fish 1 (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4144.846 mg/l
	EC50 Daphnia 1 (daphnia magna)	1679.66 mg/l
	LC50 Fish 2 (pimephales promelas)	6210 (6210-8120) mg/l
	EC50 Daphnia 2 (daphnia magna)	12600 (12600-12700) mg/l
Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	Not available.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)	LC50 Fish 1 (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	6.702 – 10.032 mg/l (96hrs)
Persistence and	Mixture: Not established.	
degradability	Acetone (67-64-1): readily biodegrad	dable in water
	Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1): re	, c
	Xylene (1330-20-7): readily biodegra	idable in water
Bio accumulative potential	Mixture: Not established.	
po to man	Acetone (67-64-1):	
	BCF Fish 1 0.69	
	Log Pow -0.24	
	Log Kow -0.24	
	Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1):	
	Log Kow 1.88	
	Xylene (1330-20-7):	
	Log Kow 3.2	
	BCF 25-100	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	



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Other adverse effects	Avoid release to the environment.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations		
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste	
	disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water	
	supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with	
	chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in	
	accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user,	
	the producer and the waste disposal company.	
Waste from residues /	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or	
unused products	liners may retain some product residues. This material and its	
	container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal	
	instructions).	
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label	
	warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be	
	taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.	

Section 14: Transport Information

Transportation information on packaging may be different from that listed. Information is for reference purposes only. The shipper is legally required to provide, certify, and receive training on, the transportation data for any shipment. Transportation information on packaging may be different from that listed.

	Transport			
	Road (49CFR)	Road (TDG)	Sea (IMDG)	Air (IATA/ICAO)
UN Number	1133	1133	1133	1133
UN Proper	ADHESIVES	ADHESIVES	ADHESIVES	ADHESIVES
shipping name				
Transport hazard	3	3	3	3
class				
Packing group	II	II	II	II
Transport label in				
USA/Canada	FLAMMABLE LIQUID	FLAMMABLE LIQUID	FLAMMABLE LIQUID	FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3
Environmental	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
hazards				
Maritime transport	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
in bulk according				
to IMO				
instruments				



Special precautions for users	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures
	before handling.

Section 15: Regulatory Info	rmation
National regulations	Canada
(Canada and USA)	Hazardous Products Act (HPA) – Administered by Health Canada
	Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) – Under WHMIS 2015
	Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Regulations (TDGA/TDGR)
	Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA)
	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS)
	USA
	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) – 29 CFR
	§1910.1200 – Hazard Communication Standard (HazCom 2012)
	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)
	Department of Transportation (DOT) – 49CFR – Transportation
	regulations for hazardous materials
	Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) – Applicable environmental
	regulations under RCRA, CERCLA, SARA
International Regulations	International Maritime Organization (IMO)
	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code)
	International Air Transport Association (IATA)
	Dangerous Goods Regulation (DGR)
	Directive 2008/68/EC, on the inland transport of dangerous goods.
	Regulation (CE) No 1907/2006, amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878.
	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, on classification, labelling and
	packaging of substances and mixtures.
	Directive 2008/98/EC, on waste and repealing.
The recipient must also ens	sure compliance with any applicable provincial, state, or local
regulations.	

Canadian regulations: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the		
HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.		
Canada DSL Inventory:	Listed	
Registration Status	Acetone (67-64-1)	
	Methyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)	
	Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Controlled Drugs and	Not regulated.	
Substances Act		
Export Control List (CEPA	Not listed.	
1999, Schedule 3)		
Greenhouse Gases	Not listed.	
Other Federal Regulations		
US State Regulations		



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US TSCA (Toxic Substances	Liste	d		
•		cetone (67-64-1)		
,	Meth	yl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)		
		ne (1330-20-7)		
	1	,		
MA – Right to Know Liste		d		
N.J. – Right to Know	Acet	etone (67-64-1)		
		thyl isobutyl ketone (108-10-1)		
	Xyler	ne (1330-20-7)		
International regulations				
Stockholm Conventions	Not a	applicable.		
Rotterdam Convention	Not a	applicable.		
Kyoto Protocol	Not a	applicable.		
Montreal Protocol	Not a	applicable.		
Basel Convention	Not a	applicable.		
International Inventories	•			
COUNTRY(s) or Region		Inventory Name	On Inventory (Yes/No)*	
Australia		Australian Inventory of	Yes	
		Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)		
Canada		Domestic Substances List	Yes	
		(DSL)		
China		Inventory of Existing Chemical	Yes	
		Substances in China (IECSC)		
Europe		European Inventory of Existing	Yes	
		Commercial Chemical		
		Substances (EINECS)		
Japan		Inventory of Existing and New	Yes	
		Chemical Substances (ENCS)		
Korea		Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes	
New Zealand		New Zealand Inventory	Yes	
Philippines		Philippine Inventory of	Yes	
		Chemicals and Chemical		
		Substances (PICCS)		
Taiwan		Taiwan Chemical Substance	Yes	
		Inventory (TCSI)		
United States & Puerto Rico		Toxic Substances Control Act	Yes	
		(TSCA) Inventory		
*A "Voo" indicates that all as			ho inventory requirements	

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

US federal regulations: This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).



Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)		
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance	Not listed.	
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes	

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)			
Chemical Name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	23%	
Xylene	1330-20-7	5-10%	

Clean Air Act (CAA)	HAPS list
Cicali Ali Aci (CAA)	III II D list

Section 16 Other Informati	on
Change Control	This SDS complies with the revision and update requirements under: - Canada: Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17, Section 5.12), which requires SDS updates when new significant hazard information becomes available. USA: OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200(g)(5)), which requires SDS updates within 3 months of receiving new significant hazard information.
Issue date	August 2025
Revision date	-
Version No.	1
Disclaimer	While CSC believes the information contained herein to be accurate, CSC makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, regarding, and assumes no liability for, the accuracy or completeness of the information. The Buyer assumes all responsibility for handling, using and/or reselling the Product in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local law. This SDS shall not in any way limit or preclude the operation and effect of any of the provisions of CSC's terms and conditions of sale.
Revision information	This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.