



<http://onej.info>

A close-up photograph of a cannabis plant with green serrated leaves and a developing flower bud, serving as the background for the text.

CANNABIS IN MEDICINE PRACTICE AND EXPERIENCE

**III Dni konopi w Kurozwękach
2015**

11.-13. september 2015

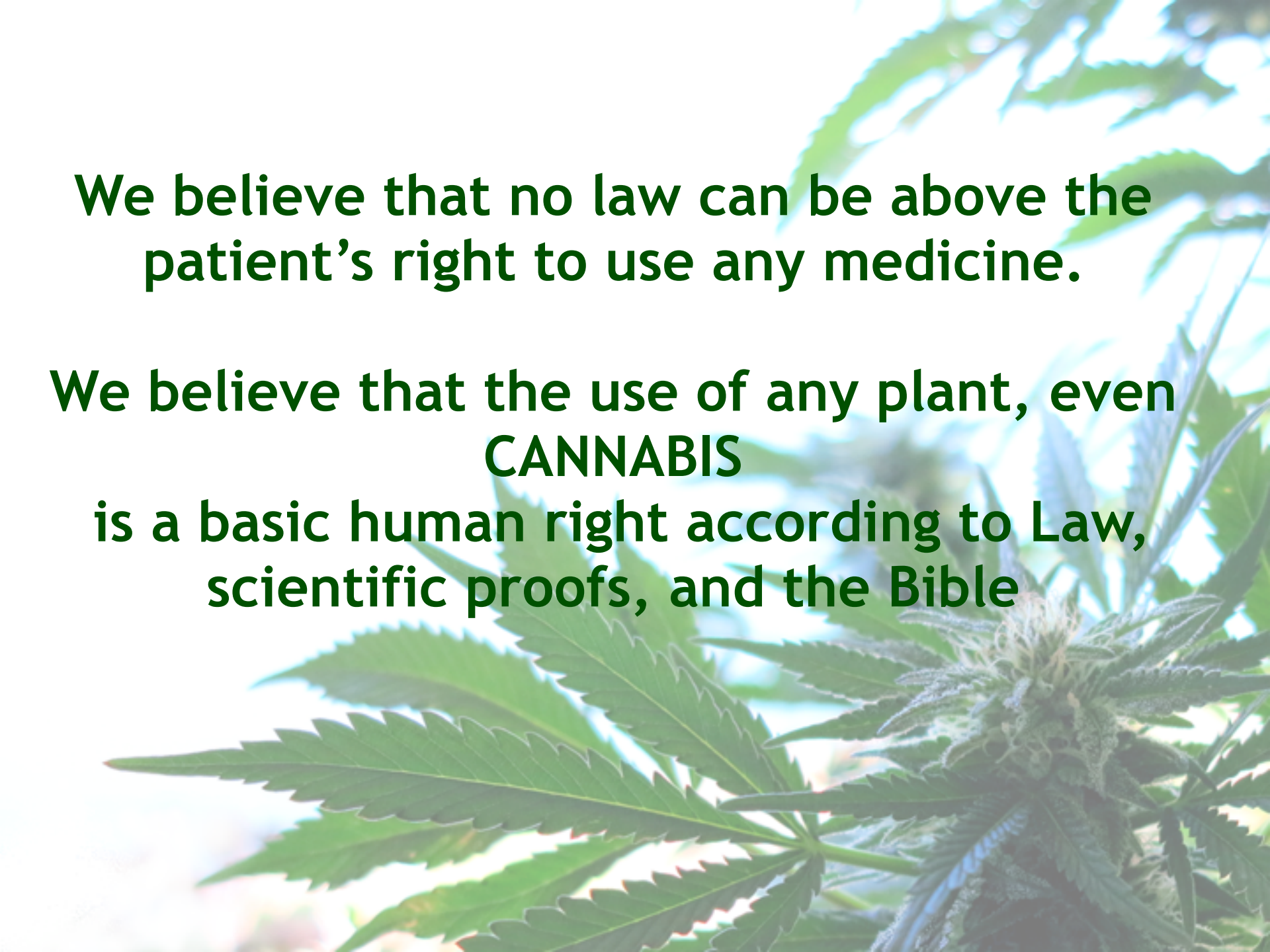
<http://imcpc.org>



IMCPC

INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL CANNABIS PATIENTS COALITION

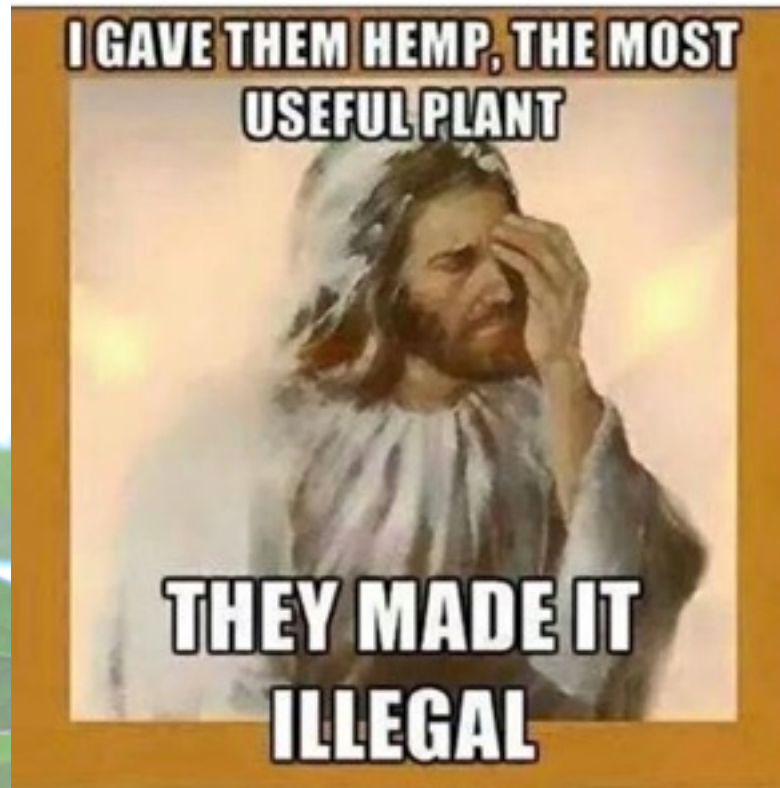




We believe that no law can be above the patient's right to use any medicine.

**We believe that the use of any plant, even
CANNABIS
is a basic human right according to Law,
scientific proofs, and the Bible**

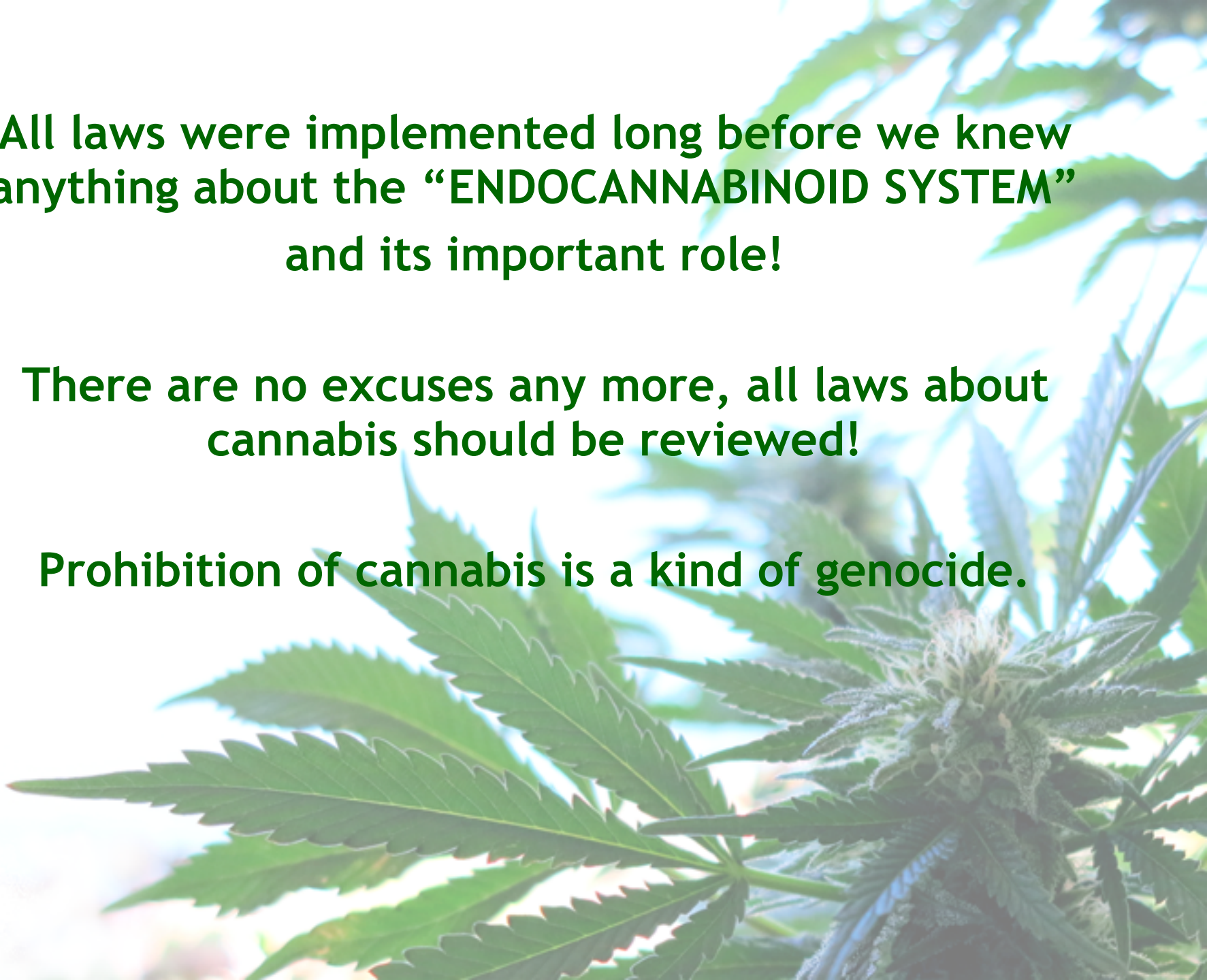
"God said, 'Behold, I have given you every herb bearing seed which is upon the face of all the earth.... (Genesis 1:29-31)"



All laws were implemented long before we knew anything about the “ENDOCANNABINOID SYSTEM” and its important role!

There are no excuses any more, all laws about cannabis should be reviewed!

Prohibition of cannabis is a kind of genocide.



We should make more pressure on the politicians and on public servants, as they are paid from taxpayers' money, to work for the benefit of their taxpayers!

NOT AGAINST THEM!

There is a term in the law:

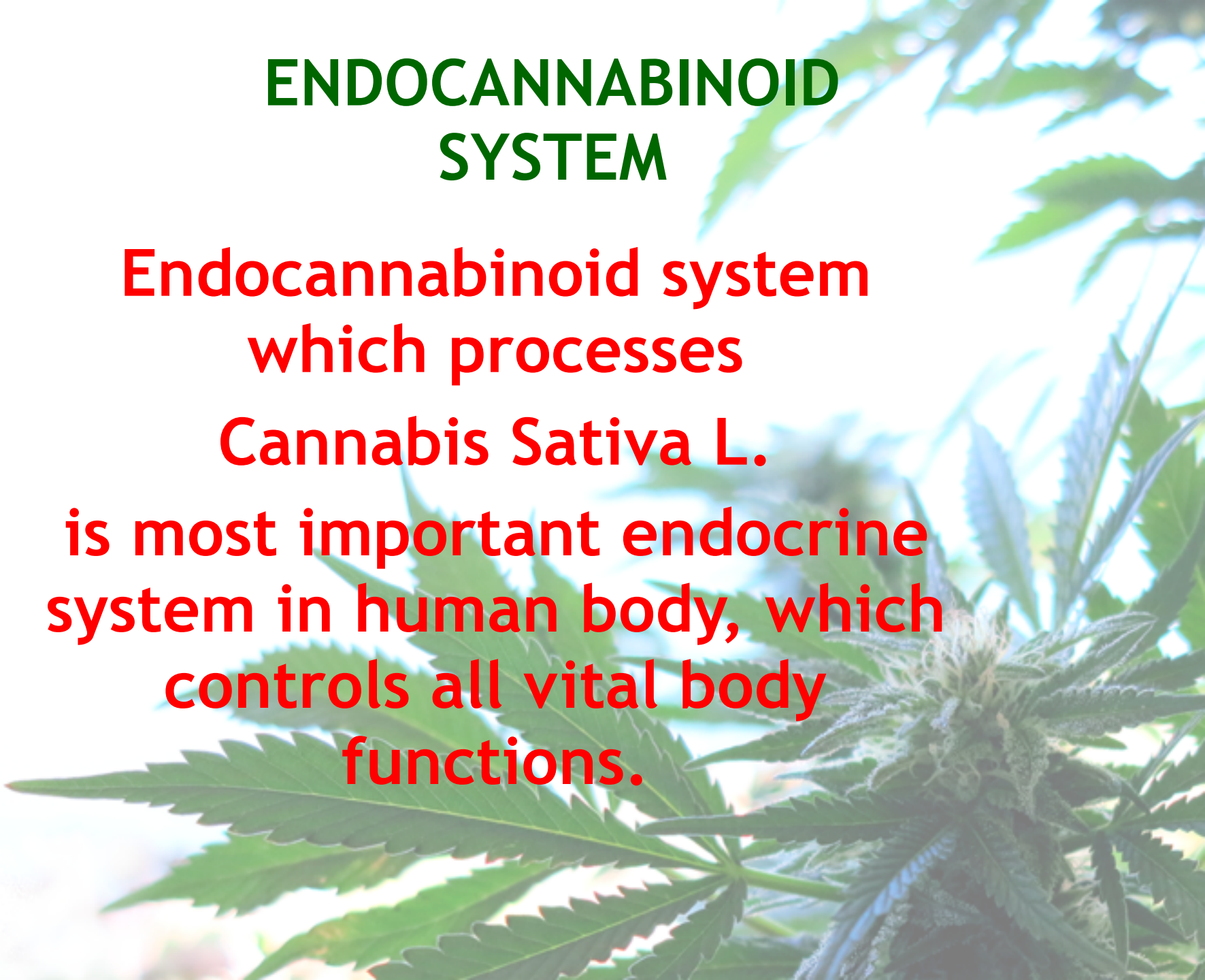
“extreme urgency”

It means, if you are in danger of death, you can use any source to help yourself and you can not be criminalized, even if your action is illegal, if you don't **hurt others....**

With CANNABIS we don't hurt ourselves or others in any way!

ENDOCANNABINOID SYSTEM

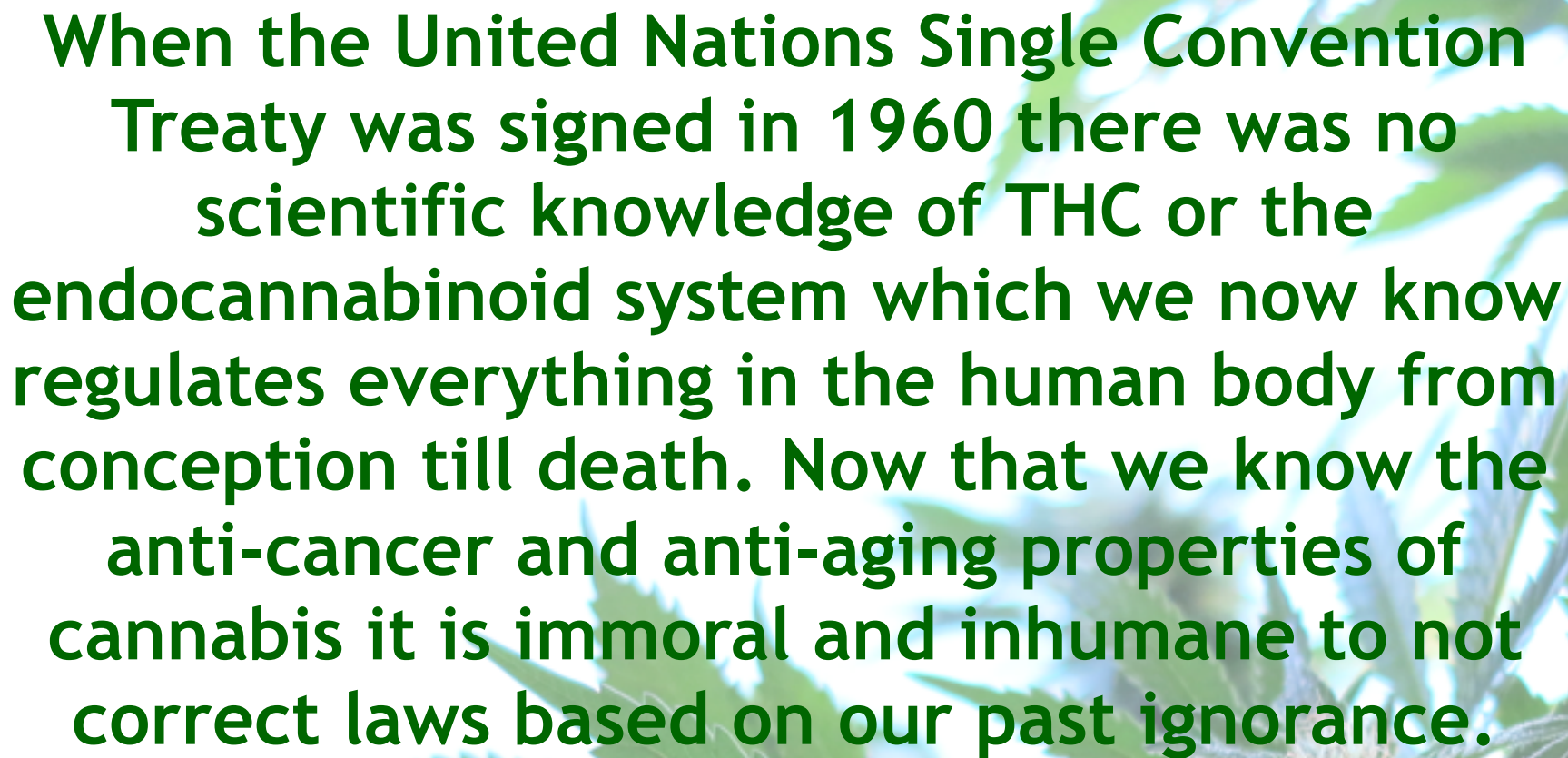
**Endocannabinoid system
which processes
Cannabis Sativa L.
is most important endocrine
system in human body, which
controls all vital body
functions.**





**Ethan Russo:
Endocannabinoid Deficiency & Medical
Cannabis**

“When the acceptance of medical cannabis goes mainstream, the pharmaceutical landscape could face the most significant disruption of its existence.”



When the United Nations Single Convention Treaty was signed in 1960 there was no scientific knowledge of THC or the endocannabinoid system which we now know regulates everything in the human body from conception till death. Now that we know the anti-cancer and anti-aging properties of cannabis it is immoral and inhumane to not correct laws based on our past ignorance.

Current knowledge precludes the absurdity of “I was only following orders (law).”

Dr. Robert J. Melamede

Compounds identified in cannabis up to August 2015

Total cannabis identified compounds

1068

141

**are cannabinoid compounds, which are
typical for this plant and do not occur in any other
plant**

927

are all other identified substances



Lumír Ondřej Hanuš,



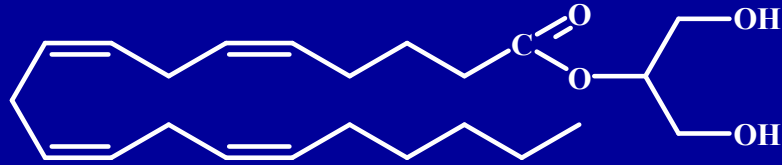
anandamide
(Science, 1992)



homo- γ -linolenylethanolamide
(J. Med. Chem., 1993)



7,10,13,16-docosatetraenylethanolamide
(J. Med. Chem., 1993)



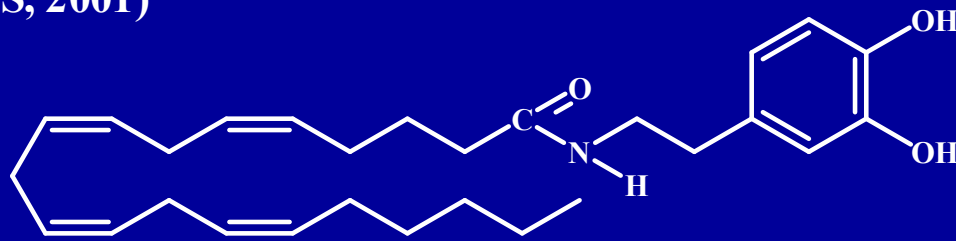
2-arachidonoyl glycerol
(Biochem. Pharmacol., 1995)



noladin ether
(PNAS, 2001)



virodhamine
(Porter, 2002)



arachidonoyl dopamine (NADA)
(Huang, 2002)

What do endocannabinoids do?

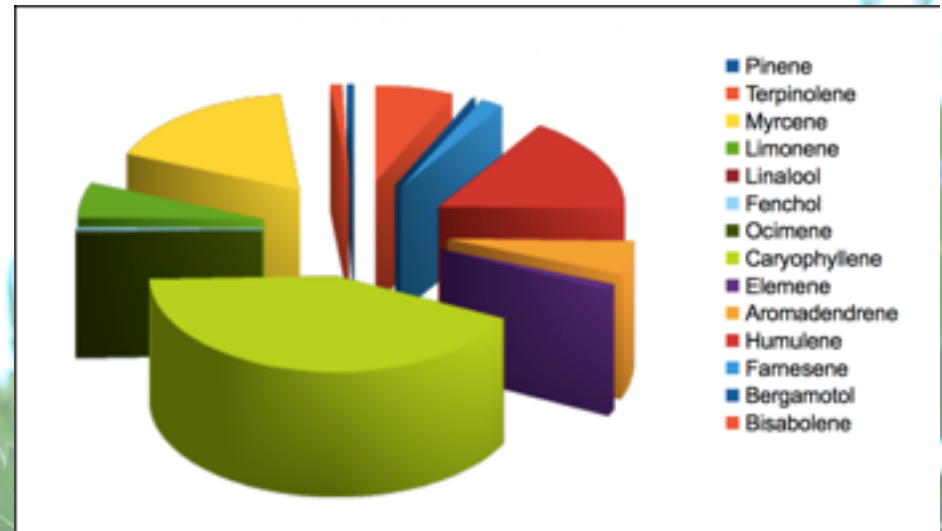
“Relax, eat, sleep, forget and protect”



ENTOURAGE EFFECT

The interaction of various compounds in marijuana is known as the “entourage effect”.

1. CANNABINOIDS



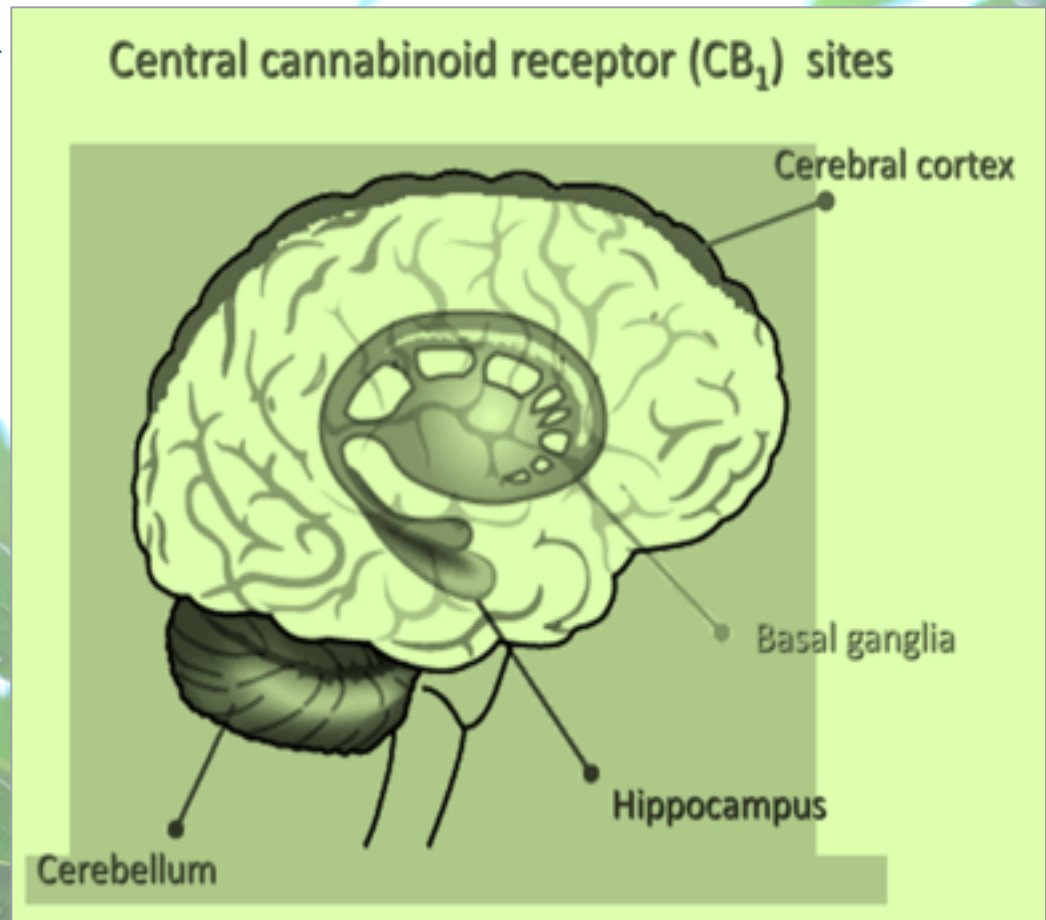
3. FLAVINOIDS

2. TERPENES

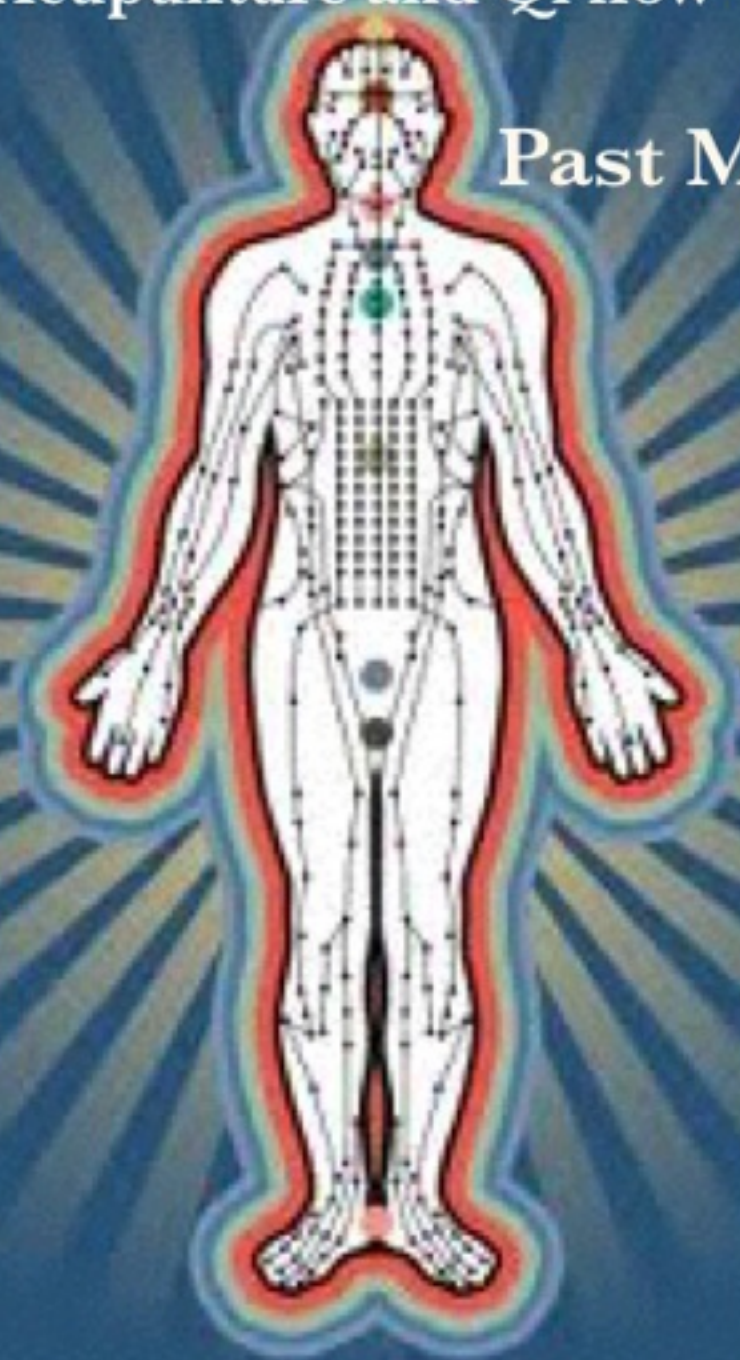


CB1 RECEPTORS

- Cerebral cortex
- Basal ganglia
- Hippocampus
- Cerebellum
- Reproductive system

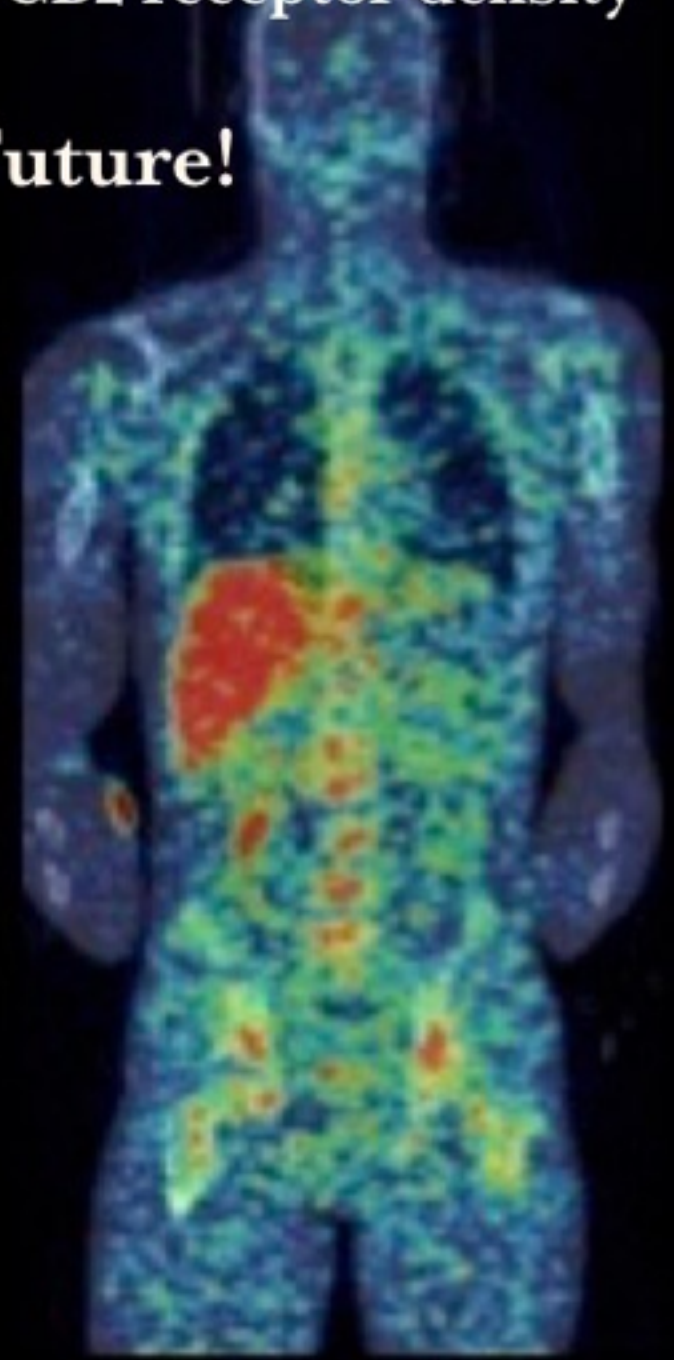


Acupuncture and Qi flow



Past Meets Future!

CB2 receptor density



A close-up photograph of a cannabis plant with green serrated leaves and a developing flower bud, set against a bright, slightly blurred background.

CANNABIS IN MEDICINE PRACTICE AND EXPERIENCE IN SLOVENIA

Kurozvěky
12. September 2015

CANNABIS

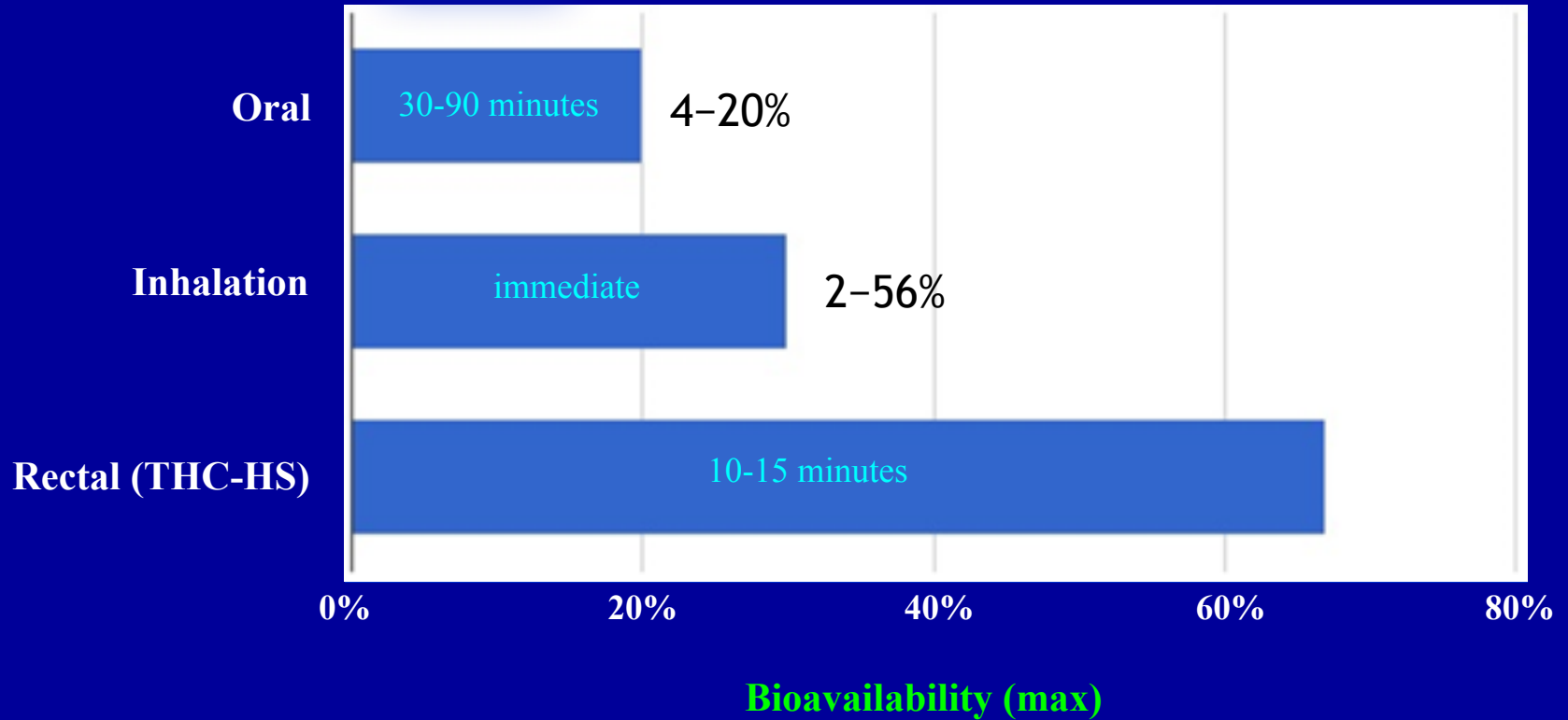
Application of Cannabis resin depends on illness:

- Fresh plants
- Juice
- Tea
- Dry cannabis
- Vaporizing
- Smoking
- Suppositories
- Topical
- oil extract
- Tinctures
- Other.....



Wait time

Method of administration



Oral: highly variable, even between doses within a single individual

Inhalation: highly variable, depends largely on the individual's level of experience

Rectal : with predictable effects even between different individuals (effects last 4 to 8 hours)

**Application is different for each disease,
but generally suppositories are the best
method of application.**

**Suppositories containing different
concentrations (0.1 g - 0.5 g cannabis oil)
are marked with colours for easier
application.**

**Well absorbing fat such as cocoa or coconut
butter are recommended delivery media.**

Suppositories containing different concentrations (0.05 g - 1 g RSO) and are marked with colours

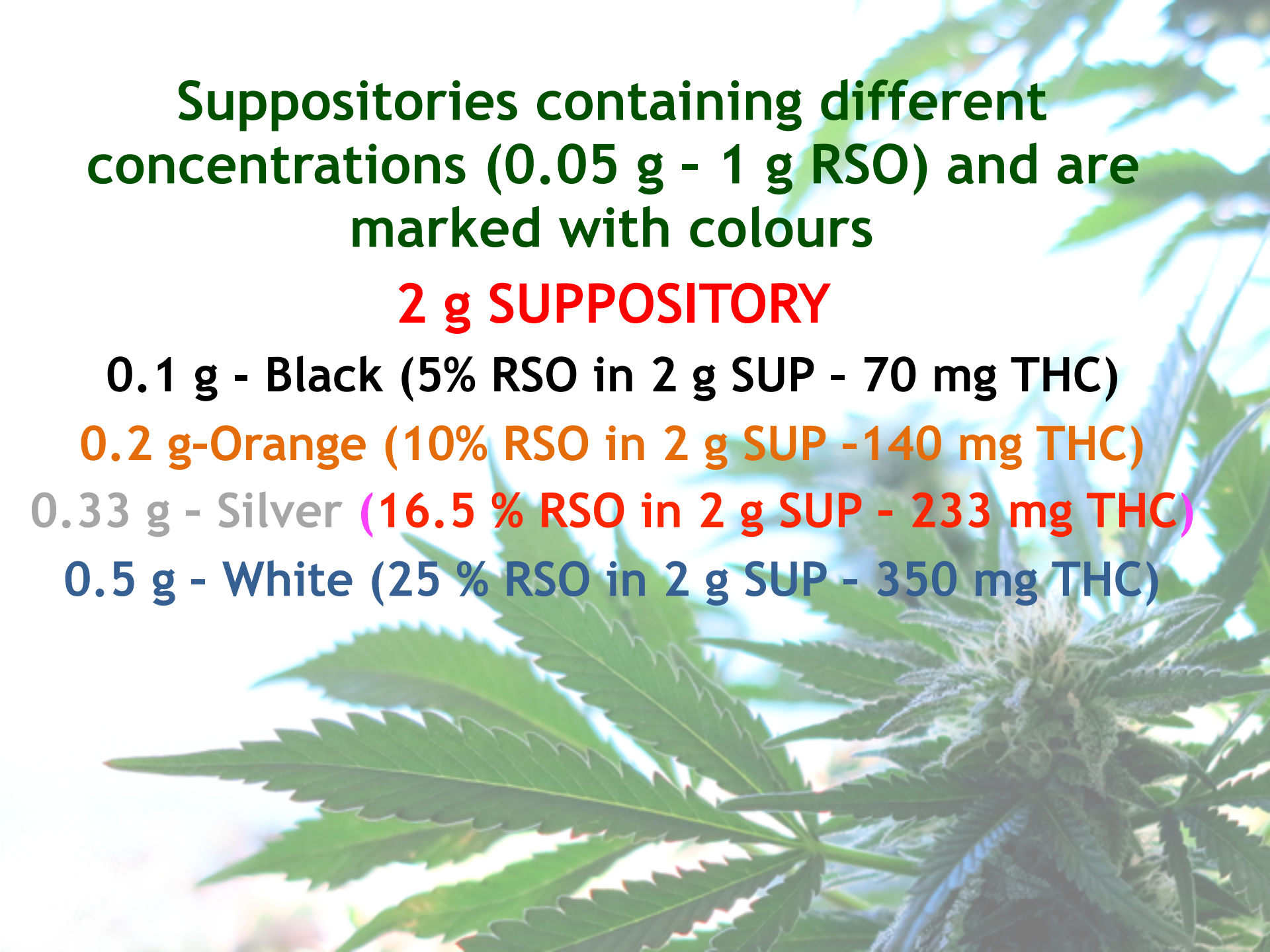
2 g SUPPOSITORY

0.1 g - Black (5% RSO in 2 g SUP - 70 mg THC)

0.2 g-Orange (10% RSO in 2 g SUP -140 mg THC)

0.33 g - Silver (16.5 % RSO in 2 g SUP - 233 mg THC)

0.5 g - White (25 % RSO in 2 g SUP - 350 mg THC)



SUPPOSTORIES

BLACK	0,1g
ORANGE	0,2g
SILVER	0,33g

DAY	MORNING	NOON	EVENING	g	TOTAL
					g
1			0,1	0,10	0,10
2			0,1	0,10	0,20
3			0,1	0,10	0,30
4	0,1		0,1	0,20	0,50
5	0,1		0,1	0,20	0,70
6	0,1		0,1	0,20	0,90
7	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,30	1,20
8	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,30	1,50
9	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,30	1,80
10	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,40	2,20
11	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,40	2,60
12	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,40	3,00
13	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,60	3,60
14	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,60	4,20
15	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,60	4,80
16	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,70	5,50
17	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,70	6,20
18	0,2	0,2	0,2	0,70	6,90
19	0,2	0,2	0,33	0,80	7,70
20	0,2	0,2	0,33	0,80	8,50
21	0,2	0,2	0,33	0,80	9,30
22	0,33	0,2	0,33	1,00	10,30
23	0,33	0,2	0,33	1,00	11,30
24	0,33	0,2	0,33	1,00	12,30
25	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	13,30
26	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	14,30
27	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	15,30
28	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	16,30
29	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	17,30
30	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	18,30
31	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	19,30
32	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	20,30
33	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	21,30
34	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	22,30

35	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	23,30
36	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	24,30
37	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	25,30
38	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	26,30
39	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	27,30
40	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	28,30
41	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	29,30
42	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	30,30
43	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	31,30
44	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	32,30
45	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	33,30
46	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	34,30
47	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	35,30
48	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	36,30
49	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	37,30
50	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	38,30
51	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	39,30
52	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	40,30
53	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	41,30
54	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	42,30
55	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	43,30
56	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	44,30
57	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	45,30
58	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	46,30
59	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	47,30
60	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	48,30
61	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	49,30
62	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	50,30
63	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	51,30
64	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	52,30
65	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	53,30
66	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	54,30
67	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	55,30
68	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	56,30
69	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	57,30
70	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	58,30
71	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	59,30
72	0,33	0,33	0,33	1,00	60,30



Cannabis extracts



Significant antibacterial effects

(upon gram-positive microorganisms including
some common pathogenic microorganisms)

successfully examined clinically

(stomatology, otorhinolaryngology, gynaecology, dermatology and the like)

Z. Krejčí: Dissertation 106 pp., Masaryk University Brno, 1950

Z. Krejčí: Lékařské listy 7, 500 (1952)

Acta Univ. Olomuc., Fac. Med. 6 (1955)



**Application
varies for
different
conditions**

VAPORIZING IS MOST USEFUL FOR:

- **ASTHMA**
- **COPD**
- **LUNG CANCER**
- **PNEUMONIA**
- **FLU**
- **BRONCHITIS**
- **TUBERCULOSIS**
- **ANY LUNG CONDITIONS**

TOPICAL:

- **BURNINGS**
- **SCARS**
- **SKIN CANCER**
- **M.R.S.A.**
- **DIFFERENT SKIN CONDITIONS**



ORAL:

- **LIVER CANCER**
- **PANCREATIC CANCER**
- **STOMACH CANCER**
- **THROAT CANCER**
- **ORAL CAVITY CANCER**



A close-up photograph of a cannabis plant with green serrated leaves and a developing flower bud, set against a bright, slightly blurred background.

RECTAL:

- **ALL CANCERS**
- **COLON CANCER**
- **PROSTATE CANCER**
- **BRAIN CANCER**
- **LUNG CANCER**
- **KIDNEY CANCER**
- **HIV / AIDS**

VAGINAL:

- ALL CANCERS
- BREAST CANCER
- OVARY CANCER
- UTERUS CANCER
- BLADDER CANCER
- KIDNEY CANCER
- COLON CANCER
- BRAIN CANCER
- LUNG CANCER
-



SLOVENIAN SURVEY

- 150 ONCOLOGICAL PATIENTS**
- 29 NEUROLOGICAL PATIENTS**
- 21 OTHER PATIENTS**



LIST OF SURVEY FOR USERS

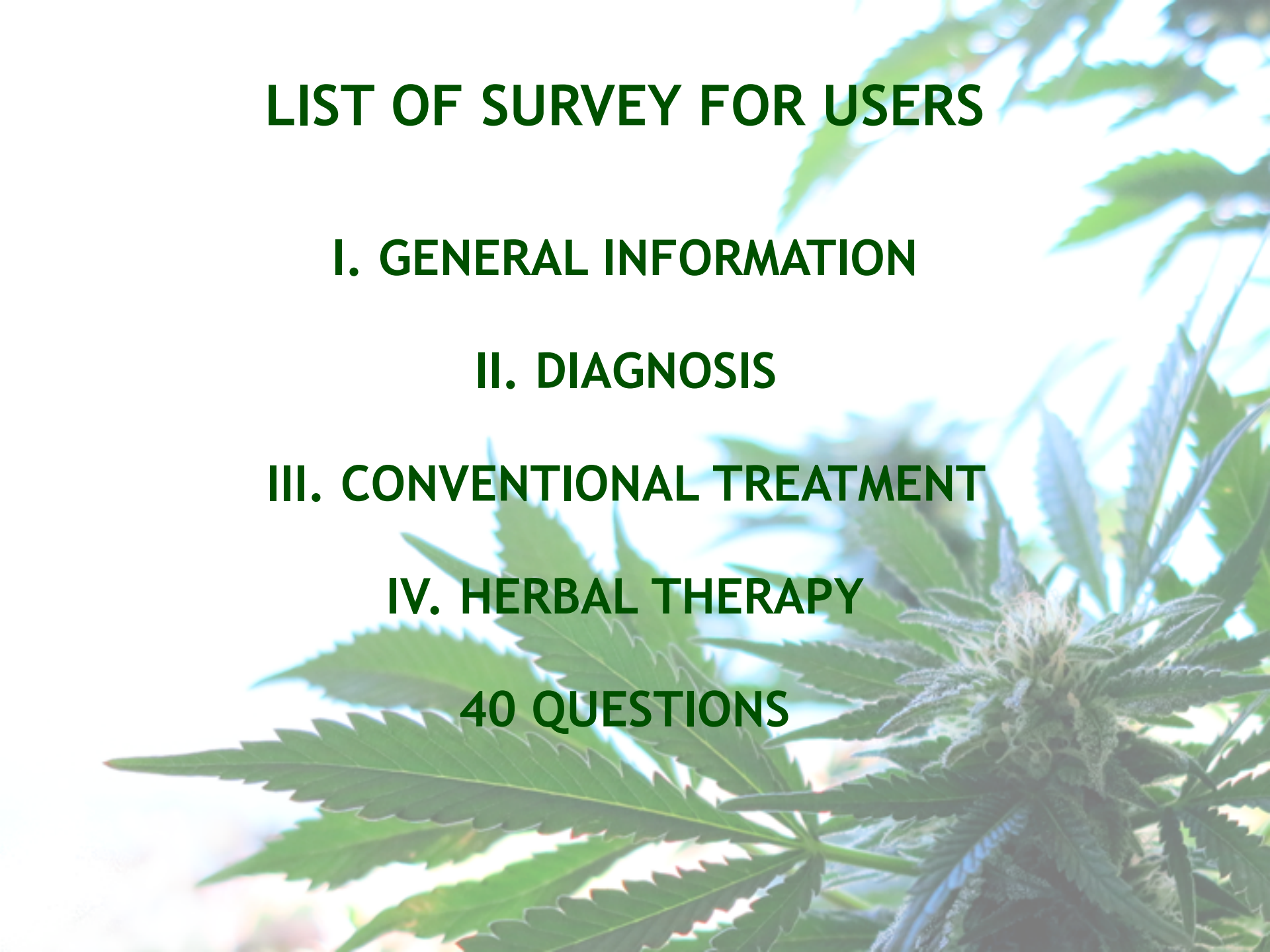
I. GENERAL INFORMATION

II. DIAGNOSIS

III. CONVENTIONAL TREATMENT

IV. HERBAL THERAPY

40 QUESTIONS

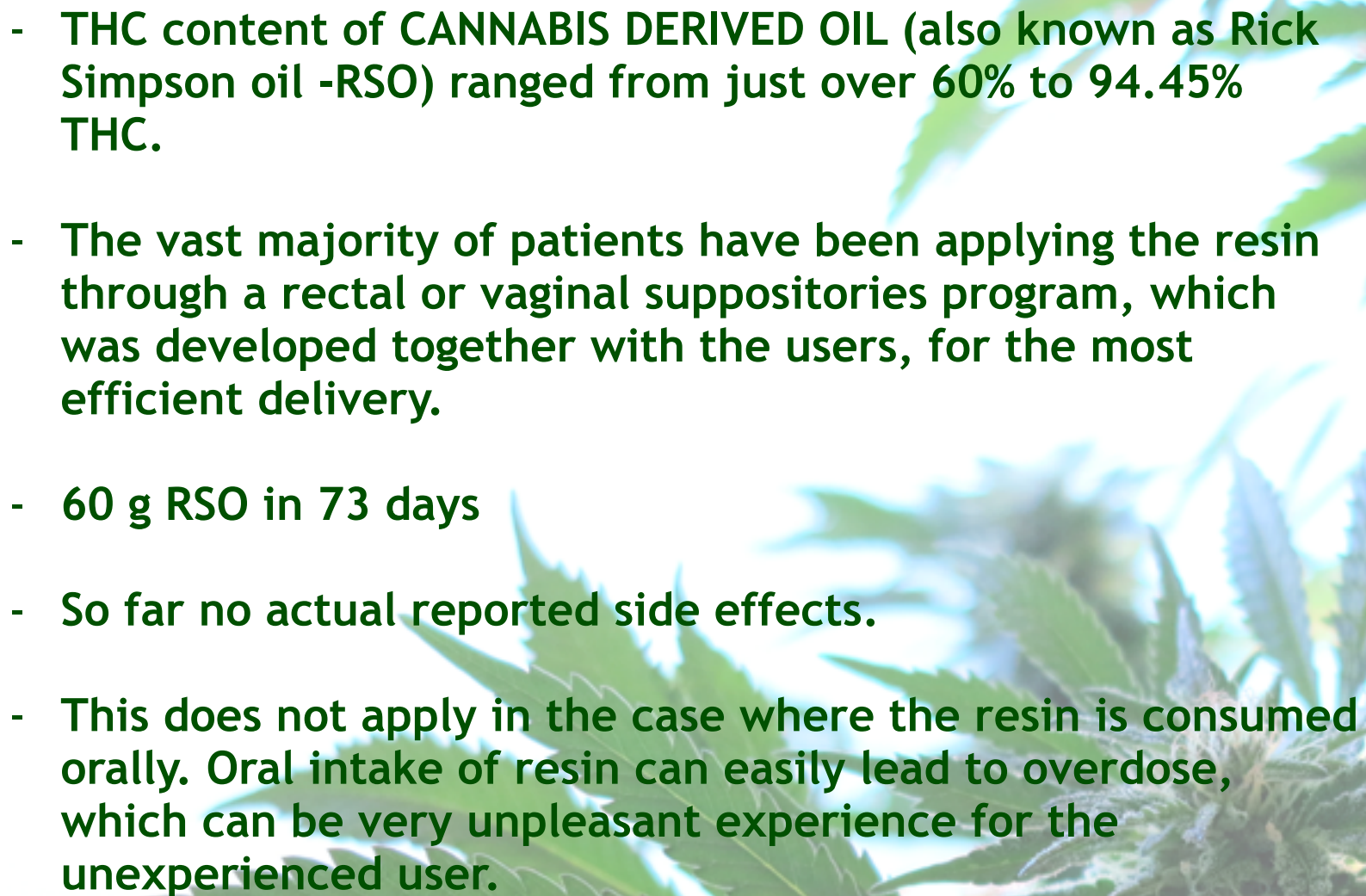


SUPPLY OF CANNABIS EXTRACT (RSO) IN SLOVENIA

40 % Self-sufficiency

20 % friends, relatives...

40 % - black market

- 
- THC content of CANNABIS DERIVED OIL (also known as Rick Simpson oil -RSO) ranged from just over 60% to 94.45% THC.
 - The vast majority of patients have been applying the resin through a rectal or vaginal suppositories program, which was developed together with the users, for the most efficient delivery.
 - 60 g RSO in 73 days
 - So far no actual reported side effects.
 - This does not apply in the case where the resin is consumed orally. Oral intake of resin can easily lead to overdose, which can be very unpleasant experience for the unexperienced user.

“You are certain you will die, but you won’t!” -Dr. Paul Hornby

A close-up photograph of a cannabis plant with green serrated leaves and a developing flower bud, set against a bright, slightly blurred background.

**AUTO-IMMUNE
DISEASES AND CANNABIS USE IN
SLOVENIA**

No. 12

Diagnosis: SLU

Age: 45

Gender: Female

Date of diagnosis: 2010

Type of conventional treatments: Medrol, Olfen

Start of HT: 11.3.2014

End of HT: 22.5.2014

Type of HT: THC

Method of application:

Suppositories: 27 g RSO



LET]

Sistemski lupus – diagnoza od leta 2010

Terapija: Medrol, Resochin, Alfa d3, Kalcijev karbonat, Nexium, Olfen 100

POTEK ZDRAVLJENJA S SVETČKAMI

25.02.2014 do 11.03.2014 (14 dni) NABAVA 20 X 0,1

Doza – 1-2x na dan + Olfen vsaki dan

Počutje – otekline, bolečine v mišicah, sklepih, prsih, glavobol (ocena 8)

11.3.2014 do 03.04.2014 (24 dni) NABAVA 20 X 0,1

Doza – 1-2x na dan + Olfen vsaki dan

Počutje – otekline, bolečine v mišicah, sklepih, prsih, glavobol (ocena 7)

03.04.2014 do 29.04.2014 (26 dni) NABAVA 20 X 0,1 + (4 x 0,2 gratis)

Doza – 1-2x na dan + Olfen po potrebi

Počutje – otekline, bolečine v mišicah, sklepih, prsih, glavobol (ocena 6)

29.04.2014 do 18.07.2014 (80 dni) NABAVA 20 X 0,2 + (7 X 0,2 IN 6 X 0,1 gratis)

Od 29.04.2014 do 22.05.2014 (24 dni)

Doza – 1 na 2 dni + Olfen vsaki dan

Počutje – otekline, bolečine v mišicah, sklepih, prsih, glavobol (ocena 4)

Od 22.05.2014 do 18.07.2014 (56 dni)

Doza – 1 na 3 dni, brez Olfena

Počutje – otekline, bolečine v mišicah, sklepih, prsih, glavobol (ocena 3)

Priloga: Krvna slika pred začetkom in po dveh mesecih zdravljenja

Maribor; 18.07.2014



LUPUS
Since 2010

HERBAL THERAPY

START 25.2.2014
1-2 0,1 (black) SUP/daily
Pains - 8

11.3.2014
1-2 0,1 (black) SUP/daily
Pains - 7

03.04.2014
1-2 0,1 (black) SUP/daily
Pains - 6

29.04.2014
1-2 0,2 (orange) SUP/daily
Pains - 4

22.05.2014
1 (orange) SUP/ every 2 days
Pains - 3

Klinika za interno medicino
Oddeljek za revmatologijo
Revmatološka ambulanta

Stran: 1

54.218
4 386138

Napovednica: 25716136 zdr.: 06597

Velja do: 18.12.2014 / 1,2,3



2000 MARIBOR

<i>Rojen-a</i>	23.04.1969
<i>Reg. št.</i>	5031055196
<i>Podjetje</i>	PALOMA D.D.
<i>Zav. podl.</i>	001000
<i>Dodat. izv.</i>	PZZ2 71747316 do: 24.09.2014

AMBULANTNI KARTON

DIAGNOZA

M328 K SLE
23.04.2014

Napovedna funkc. enota:

Napovedi zdravnik: VLADO MARČINKO, dr.med.,

KONTROLNI PREGLED

Ambulanta: 400

Datum, ura prijave : 24.09.2014 10:57

Datum, ura obravnave: 24.09.2014 10:57

Zdravnik: mag. METKA KOREN KRAJNC, dr.med., spec.revmatologija

Bolnica s sistemskim lupusom prihaja na kontrolni pregled. Navaja občasne bolečine v sklepkih, ki ji občasno otekajo. Zanika vročino, mrzlico, pekoče mikcije, nima aft po koži, novih kožnih sprememb.

STATUS:

Neprizadeta, orientirana, pogovornjiva, brez vaskulitčnih izpuščajev, brez znakov za svež sinovitis. Pljuča: dihanje čisto.

Laboratorijski rezultati: 03.09.2014 08:59

ESR=34; K-levkociti=4.68; K-eritrociti=4.58; K-hemoglobin=131; K-hematokrit=0.39; MCV=86.0; MCH=28.6; MCHC=332; K-trombociti=245; Diferencialna krvna slika=-; K-nevtrofilni granulociti=3.01; K-limfociti=1.36; K-monociti=0.23; K-eozinofilni granulociti=0.07; K-bazofilni granulociti=0.01; K-nezrel granulociti=0.01; K-nevtrofilni granulociti=64.3; K-limfociti=29.1; K-monociti=4.9; K-eozinofilni granulociti=1.5; K-bazofilni granulociti=0.2; K-nezrel granulociti=0.2; U-specifična teža=1.024; U-pH=5.0; U-nitriti=pozitivno; U-proteini=0; U-glukoza=0; U-metilketoni=1; U-urobilinogen=17; U-bilirubin=0; U-eritrociti=0 - 5; U-levkociti=6 - 10; U-bakterije=Zelo številne; U-epitelne celice=Številne; S-urea (sečina)=5.9; S-kreatinin-β=69; Osema GF=>60; S-urat (sečna kislina)=264; S-CRP=6; S-AST (GOT)=0.25; S-ALT (GPT)=0.19; S-gama GT=0.54; S-alkalna fosfataza=1.63; S-komplement C3=1.08; S-komplement C4=0.18; S-albumin=35; S-anti-dsDNA=negativno; Venozni odvzem=;

MNENJE:

Pri bolnici gre za stalno prisotno bakteriurijo zato se za antibiotično zdravljenje prav tako ne odločim. Svetujem nadaljevati Medrol 4 mg, Alpha D3 1 mcg, Kalcijev karbonat 1 g zvečer, Nexium 40 mg jutraj

A close-up photograph of a cannabis plant with green serrated leaves and a developing flower bud, set against a bright, slightly blurred background.

**ONCOLOGICAL DISEASES
AND CANNABIS USE
IN SLOVENIA**

LIST OF ONCOLOGICAL DISEASES AND CANNABIS USE IN SLOVENIA

Glioblastoma multiforme
IV.

Adenocarcinoma lungs

Ovary cancer

Breast cancer

Testicular cancer

Leiomyosarcoma

Small Cell lung cancer

Carcinoma rectum

Planocellular lung cancer

Lymphoma (ALL, CLL)

Pancreas adencarcinoma

Uterine cancer

Gums cancer

Prostate cancer

Sarcoidosis

Colon cancer

Myositis

Duodendum tumor

Metastatic Kidney

Cancer

Epedemia

.....

LIST OF ONOLOGICAL DESEASES THAT HAVE BEEN CURED BY MEANS OF CANNABIS IN SLOVENIA

- Glioblastoma multiforme IV.
- Breast cancer
- Lung cancer (adenocarcinoma)
- Leiomyosarcoma
- Squamous cell carcinoma of the uterus
- Uterus cancer
- Gum cancer
- Bladder cancer
- Gastric adenocarcinoma
- Lymphoma
-

A close-up photograph of a cannabis plant with green serrated leaves and a developing flower bud, set against a bright, slightly blurred background. The text is overlaid on the upper portion of the image.

ONCOLOGY

CASES

JOŽE STRMEC

**Diagnosis:
Glioblastoma multiforme IV.**

Age: 35

Gender: Male

Date of diagnosis: 11 / 2014

Symptoms before Herbal Therapy: Side effects of chemotherapy, radiation and surgery.

Type of conventional treatments: chemotherapy, radiation, surgery

Start of HT: 1.2.2015

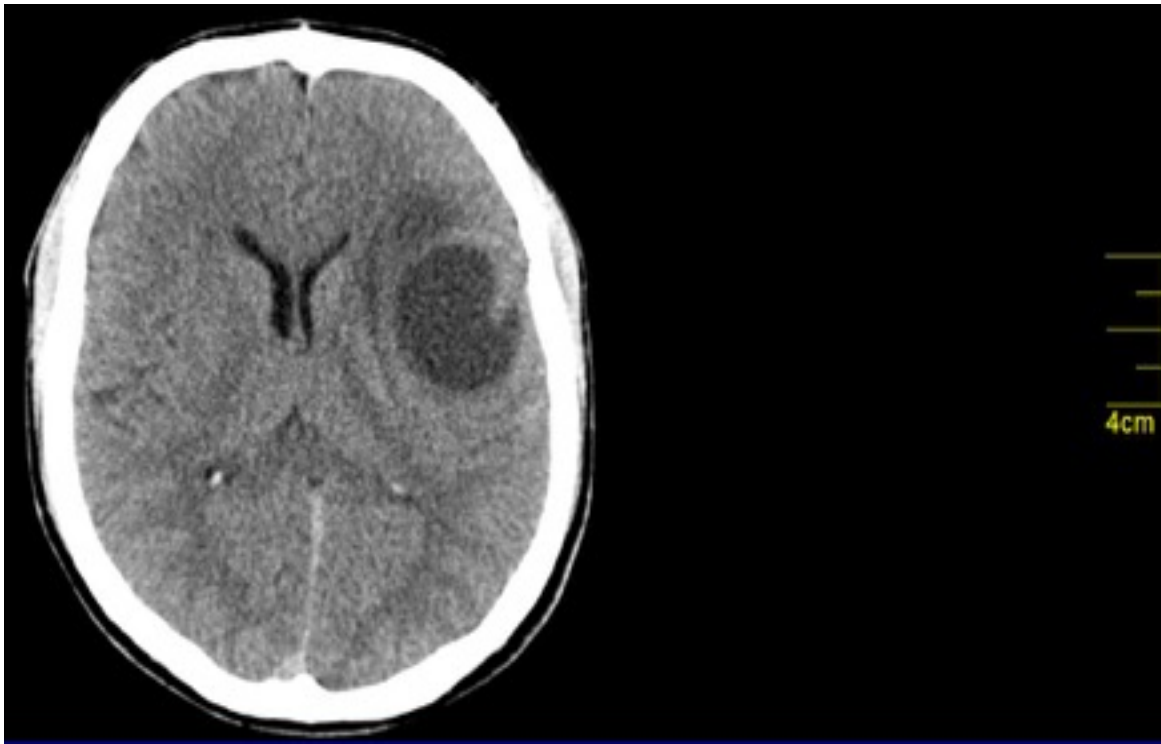
Type of HT: THC

Method of application: Suppositories 120 g / RSO oral

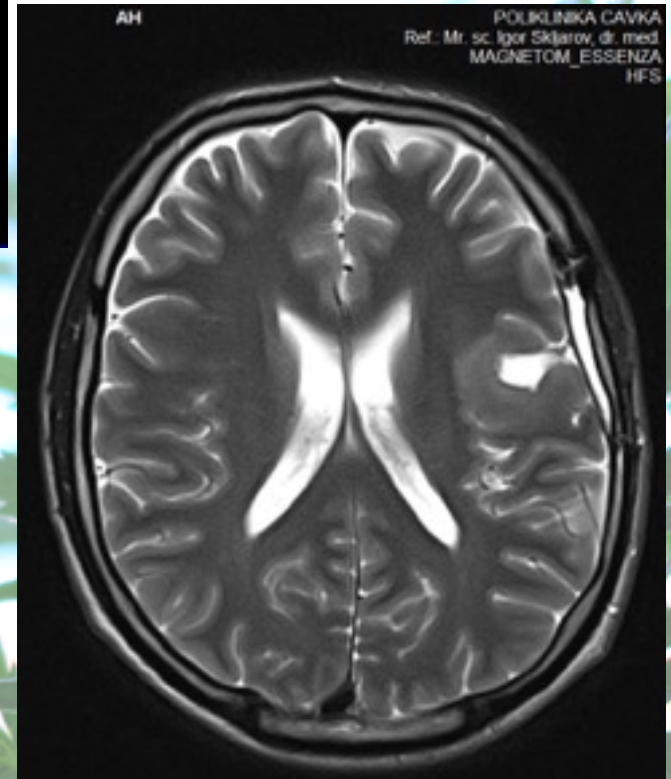
Time: ongoing

Status after 160 g of HT: No signs of disease left. Just a few scars.

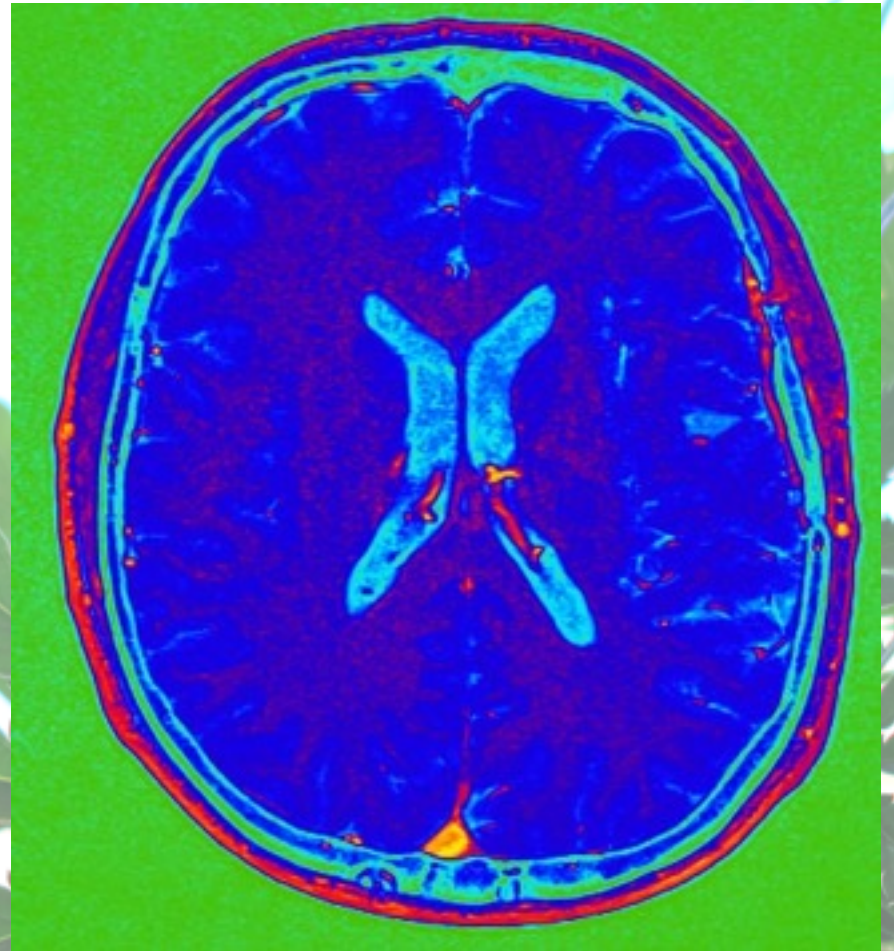
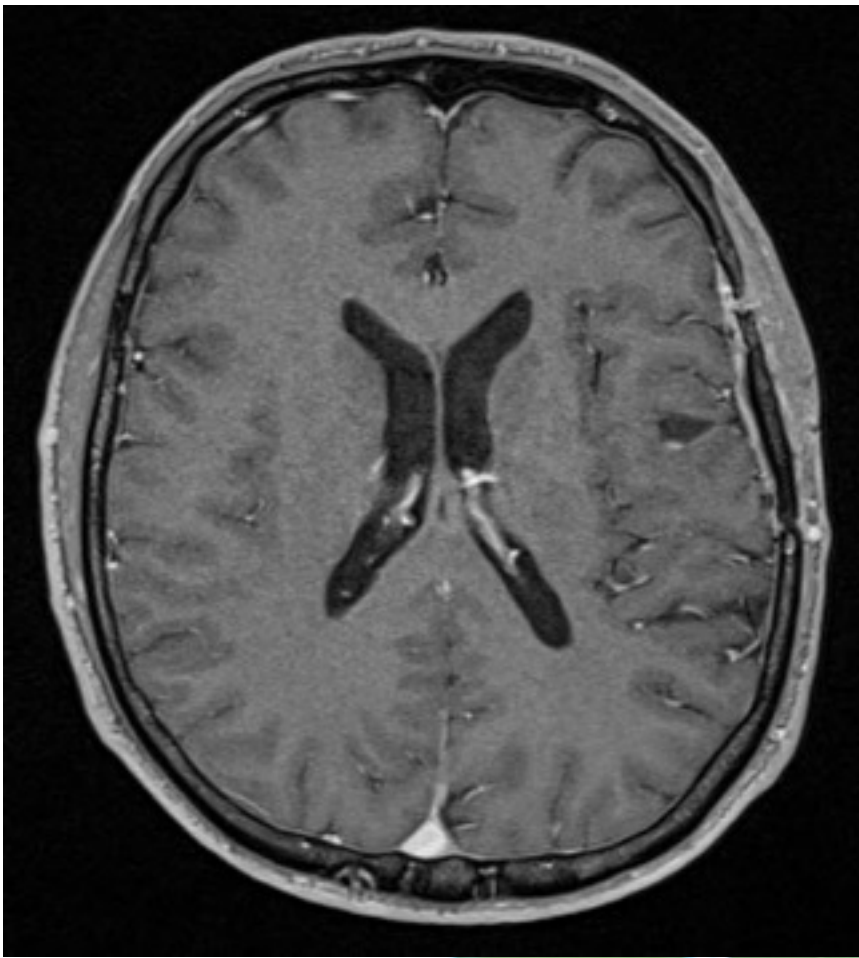
The results of MR 05/01/2015



**Situation
after the
first
epilepsy
seizure**



Situation after 3 months of radiation



MRI after 4 months and 160 g of RSO

No. 150
Diagnosis:
Glioblastoma multiforme IV.

Age: 31

Gender: Female

Date of diagnosis: 3 / 2014

Symptoms before Herbal Therapy: Side effects of chemotherapy, radiation and surgery.

Type of conventional treatments: chemotherapy, radiation, surgery

Start of HT: 01:08. 2014

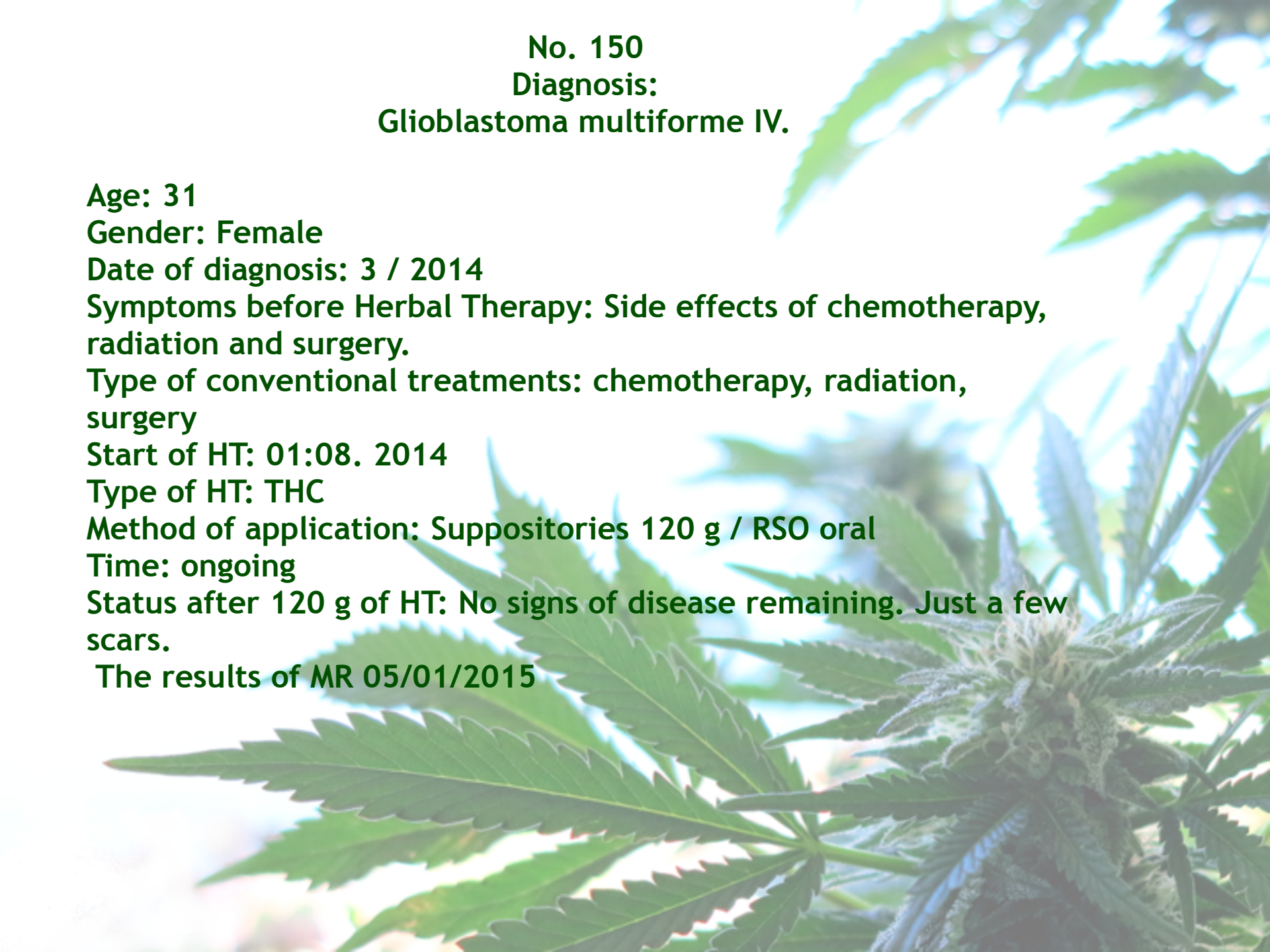
Type of HT: THC

Method of application: Suppositories 120 g / RSO oral

Time: ongoing

Status after 120 g of HT: No signs of disease remaining. Just a few scars.

The results of MR 05/01/2015



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Fax: +386 1 5879808 ONKINST LJB SLO

Ljubljana, 22.1.2015

21857/15



24

1000 LJUBLJANA



roj. 20.02.1983
OPEKARSKA CESTA 24
1000 LJUBLJANA
NAPOTNICA VELJA DO: 05.08.2015
OBSEG POBLASTIL: 123

21.01.2015

Gospa je opravila **MR glave** dne 5.1.2015 na nevroradiološkem oddelku Inštituta za radiologijo: stanje po trepanaciji in operaciji delno cistične in delno solidne tumorske spremembe. Nepravilen postoperativni defekt možganovine, ki se po kontrastu obrobno in lateralno delno trakasto obarva. Obarvanje ni tipično za morebitni recidiv ali ostanek, gliotična možganovina kortikalno lateralno, malenkost bolj obarvane zadebeljene bližnje meninge. Drugje brez kakršnih koli patoloških sprememb.

Gospa je trenutno brez specifičnega onkološkega zdravljenja. Glede na resnost diagnoze pa priporočamo, da se slikovno sledi še naprej, naslednjo preiskavo naj opravi 3-4 mesece po zadnji preiskavi. V primeru poslabšanja pa naj se zgłosi na OI takoj.

Napišemo napotnico za MR, ki naj jo opravi nekje aprila ali maja 2015, na pregled v naši ambulanti pa jo naročimo 20.5.2015 ob 11.30

Gregor Kos, dr.med.
specialist onkologije z radioterapijo/md



Prímek in ime:
Naslov:



1000 Ljubljana

Datum rojstva: 20.02.1983

Datum preiskave: 06.01.2015 16:48

Izvid avtoriziran: 06.01.2015 14:11

Poklicatelj:
OI LJUBLJANA, Loma Zadavec Zaletel

Napotna diagnoza:
Neznani in neopredeljeni vzroki bolezni

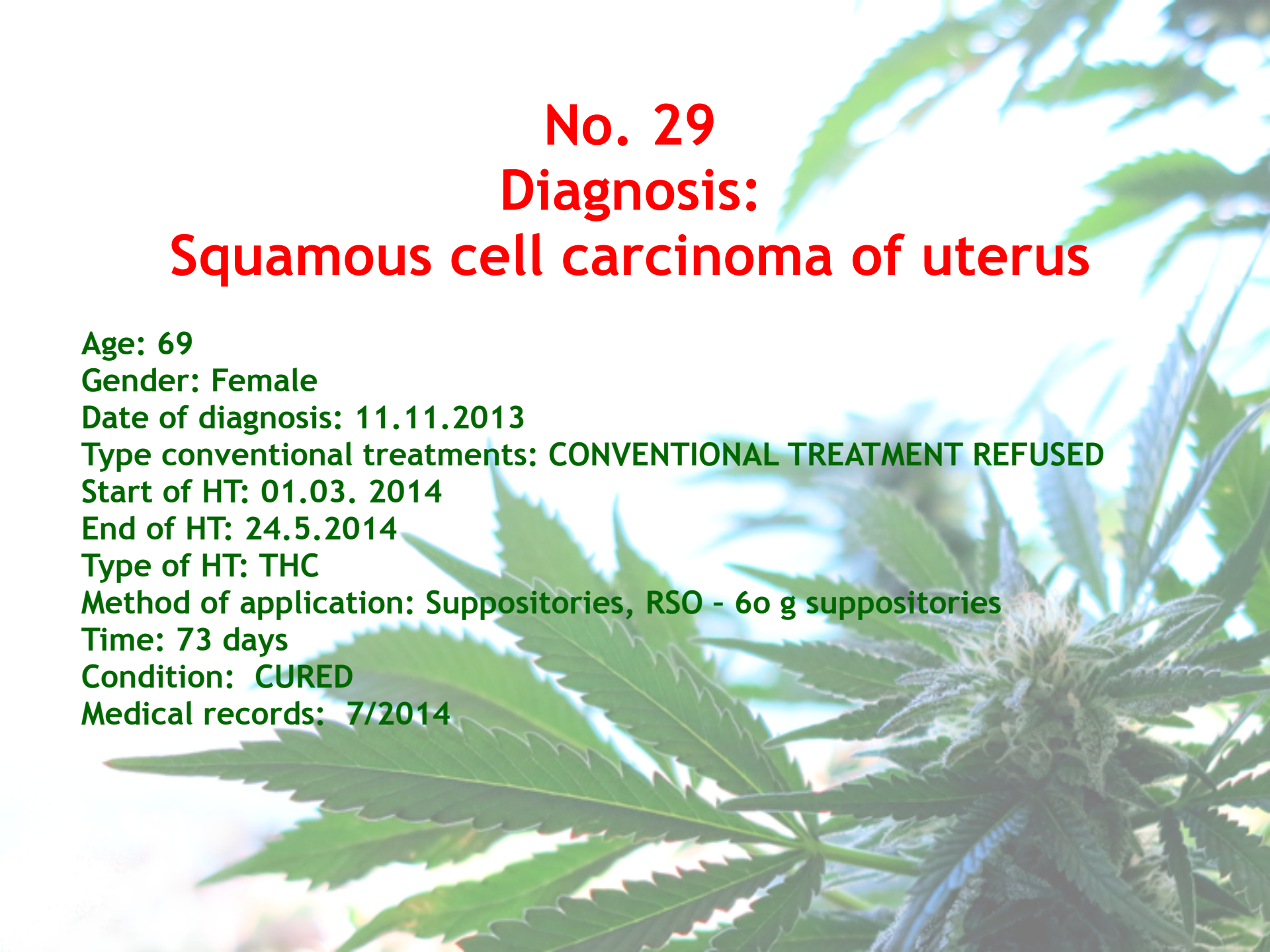
Klinično vprašanje:
/

Radiološka preiskava:
MR11001 MR GLAVE S KONTRASTOM (R01AMR031501153)

Izvid:

Stanje po trepanaciji desno frontaino in operaciji delno cistične delno solidne tumorske spremembe. Nepravilen postoperativni defekt možganovine se po kontrastu obrobo, lateralno delno trakasto obarva. Obarvanje ni tipično za morebitni recidiv ali ostanek tumorja. Gliotična možganovina kortikalno laterarno. Malenkost bolj obarvane zadebeljene bližnje meninge. Druge intracerebralno oz. v možganovini na nobeni od sekvenc v različnih ravninah ne vidim nobenih patoloških sprememb.

prim. mag. Miha Šurbec, dr. med., specialist radiologije



No. 29
Diagnosis:
Squamous cell carcinoma of uterus

Age: 69

Gender: Female

Date of diagnosis: 11.11.2013

Type conventional treatments: CONVENTIONAL TREATMENT REFUSED

Start of HT: 01.03. 2014

End of HT: 24.5.2014

Type of HT: THC

Method of application: Suppositories, RSO - 60 g suppositories

Time: 73 days

Condition: CURED

Medical records: 7/2014

HISTOPATOLOŠKA PREISKAVA

Primek in ime:
Datum rojstva:



005241

Št. biopsije: 7670/13
Datum operacije: 08.11.2013
Datum sprejema: 08.11.2013
Datum izvora: 11.11.2013

Naslov: CESTA KOMANDANTA STANETA 9, 1215 MEDVODE
Matična številka BIS: 33896210 ZZDS št.: 028297628

Naročnik: 339630106 GINEKO
Zdravnik operater: 09475 KOSTOVSKI SAŠO

Klinični podatki:
CIN 3

Makroskopski opis preparata:

A. Vzorec označen kot "konus" je neorientiran konizir fige baza meri 2x2 cm v globino dosega 1,5 cm. Konus narezan na 8 po 2 mm debelih rezih. V celoti za HP (A1-A6), A1 in A6 skrajni rezini.

B. Vzorec označen kot "skladnik CK" je več skrajnih, medseboj zapiranih kosov velikosti 1,5x1,2x0,3 cm. V celoti za HP (B).

Zdravnik: 07486 POSPHALJ BORIS

Mikroskopski izvid:

A. Vrst maternice, konizacija - Cervikalna intraepiteljska neoplastična vrhavska stopnja (CIN 3), skvamozna. Displastično tkivo je prisotno na obeh ustnicah, se širi vzdolž endocervikalnega tkiva v ekto-cervikalni resekcijski rob. Vidno je obsežno zajetje endocervikalnih žlez. Sprememba ni odstranjena v celoti.

B. Cervikalni kanal, skrajnja - V obliki skrajni so dokazane atipične skvamozne celice.

Datum vnosa izvida: 11.11.2013 Zdravnik: 07486 POSPHALJ BORIS

Opravišene storitve:
1,00 X 29504
1,00 X 29506

UNIVERZITETNI KLINIČNI CENTER LJUBLJANA
Ginekološka klinika
Klinični oddelek za ginekologijo
Ljubljana, Zaloška cesta 7

Obvezni podatki preiskovanke

Ime: EMŠO
Naslov: ...
Narobn: ...

Mesto odvzema: 1 Ekto-cerviks 2 Endo-cerviks 3 Endo + Ekto 4 Vagina 5 Drugo
Razlog odvzema: 1 ZCNA 2 Preventivna 3 Kurativna 4 Kontrolni pregled 5 Drugo
Klinična diagnoza in opomba: ...

Menstruacijski cikel: ...
Zadnja menstruacija: 1001
Normalna kolposkopija: ...
Atipična kolposkopija: ...
Materinski stisk: ...
Številka preparata: 157
Zdravnik: ...
Datum odvzema: 08.11.2013
Številka arhiva: 17002/14

Mazilniški laboratorija SPLOŠNA BOLNIŠNICA IZOLA CITOLOŠKI IZVID KLASIFIKACIJA PO BETHESDI

KARLOVOST BRISA

Brisa splošna
 Brisa vaginalna
 Brisa iz vratne ali druge votline

VAGINALNA FLORA

Laktobacili
 Mediana floke
 Gljivica
 Trichomonas vaginalis
 Actinomyces spec.
 Češnjeve spermatične celice vnetne okužbe

BRISA NEGATIVEN

BRISA NORMALNA

Normalna površinske celice
 Normalne metaplastične celice
 Normalne endocervikalne celice
 Normalne endocervikalne celice
 Atipična

BRISA NEMOPLASTIČNE SPREMEMBE

Vnetje
 Regeneracija
 Hiperplazija
 Mahomati spila (LV)
 Ženske celice po hysterotomiji
 Vnetje terapevtske
 Endometrioidne celice po 40 letih starosti
 Tubarna metaplastična
 Fokalne cervične
 Drugo (spec)

BRISA PATOLOŠKI

BRISA PATOLOŠKI (SPLOŠNA)

P1: Atipične površinske celice, neoplaslične
 P2: Atipične površinske celice, v regiji okoli PL, vnetje okoli PL
 P3: PL, vnetje okoli PL, vnetje okoli PL, vnetje okoli PL
 P4: PL, vnetje okoli PL, vnetje okoli PL, vnetje okoli PL
 P5: PL, vnetje okoli PL, vnetje okoli PL, vnetje okoli PL

BRISA PATOLOŠKI (VAGINALNA)

A1: Atipične ženske celice, neoplaslične
 A2: Atipične ženske celice, vnetje okoli PL, vnetje okoli PL
 A3: Endocervikalne adenokarcinom ali atipične
 A4: Adenokarcinom

BRISA PATOLOŠKI (DRUGO)

D1: SQUAM: Skvamozne celice, neoplaslične
 D2: MUCIN: Drugo različno tkivo

BRISA NEGATIVEN

BRISA NI MOGOČE OCENITI

REKOMENDACIJE

Krvna slika, kontrolni pregled pri ginekologu v skladu s priporočili

Brisa površinske celice

Brisa površinske celice

Brisa površinske celice

Drugo (spec)

Datum izpisa: 17.11.2013
Previdni: ...
Obravnavati: ...

No.22

Diagnosis: LEIOMYOSARCOMA

Age: 39

Gender: Female

Date: 24.07. 2014

Type of conventional treatments: surgery

Start of HT: 25.07. 2014

End of HT: 11.10.2014

Type of HT: THC

Consumption: 60 g

Type: SUP

Time: 73 days

Condition: Cured

Medical records: 23.12.2014



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Fax: +386 1 5879808 ONKONET LIS SLO

Ljubljana, 7.7.2014

194309/14



5281 SPOONJA IDRIJA

3474/93
KORAC IDA
roj. 14.09.1974
LEDENE 14
5281 SPOONJA IDRIJA
NAPOTNICA VELJA DO: 23.06.2015
OBSEG POORBLASTIL: 123

07.07.2014

Prihaja zaradi izvidov tumorske formacije v mali medenici.

Opravila je CT, ki pokaže obojno tumorsko formacijo v mali medenici, velikosti 11 x 11 x 13 cm, ki raste ekspanzivno, odriva sosednje strukture, uterus in mehur, je v tesnem stiku z vijugani okega črevesja, sigmo in rektumom, brez prepričljivih znakov preraščanja. Vtiska desno veso iliako eksterno, še ne povzroča hidronefroze. Ni videti patoloških bezgavk ali proste tekočine.

Oddala je kri za biokemijo, tumorski marker, izstopa le nekoliko povišan CA 125 (108).

Konsultiram dr. Breclja. Opravili bi UE histološko punkcijo ter magnet male medenice. Datum ji bomo sporočili ter nato dogovor o nadaljnjem zdravljenju.

dr. Gašper Filko, dr. med.
specialist kirurg/oh

NAPOTNICA VELJA DO: 23.06.2015, OBSEG POORBLASTIL: 123

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Fax: +386 1 5879808 ONKONET LIS SLO

Ljubljana, 23.12.2014

5281 SPOONJA IDRIJA

23.12.2014

NOPLJA IZVIDOV:

RTG PLJUČ:

IZVID

Srce je normalne velikosti.

Aorta je primerna.

V mediastinumu in hilusih ni videti RTG znakov povečanih bezgavk. V pljučih ni videti svežih infiltratov, nodularnih lezij ali drugih patoloških sprememb.

Ni znakov zastoja v pljučni cirkulaciji.

Plevralnega izliva ni.

Sklepi: Normalen izvid.

Spoštovani,

izvidi preiskav opravljenih pri nas ob kontroli 09.12.2014 - b.p..

Lep pozdrav,

Marko Sovak, dr.med.
specialist kirurg/min

NAPOTNICA VELJA DO: 23.06.2015, OBSEG POORBLASTIL: 123

No .142

Diagnosis: Adenocarcinoma stomach

Age: 64

Gender: Male

Date of diagnosis: 06. 01. 2014

Symptoms before HT: Severe side effects of chemotherapy and surgery

Type of conventional treatments: chemotherapy, radiation, surgery

Start HT: 01:08. 2014

Type HT: THC

Type: SUP

Consumption: 120 g

Time: ongoing

The results of the situation after HT: cured



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Fax: +386 1 5879008 ONKINŠT Ljub SLO

Ljubljana, 12.11.2014

318010/14

BONČA AVGUST

ČRNI VRH 28 C

5274 ČRNI VRH NAD IDRİJO

552/13

BONČA AVGUST

roj. 10.08.1950

ČRNI VRH 28 C

5274 ČRNI VRH NAD IDRİJO

NAPOTNICA VELJA DO: 24.02.2015

OBSEG POORLASTIL: 123

12.11.2014

Gospod po zdravljenju lokalno napredovalega Ca želodca prihaja na kontrolo.

Gospod je najprej v marcu 2013 zaradi lokalno napredovalega Ca želodca pričel predoperativno radiokemoterapijo. Po zaključene zdravljenju je bila narejena eksplorativna laparotomija, vendar proces ni bil operabilen. Zato je nadaljeval s sistemskim zdravljenjem po shemi T0F, prejel je 3 ciklusov do februarja 2014.

S seboj prinaša odpustno pismo iz MD za abdominalno kirurgijo, kjer je bila 24.3.2014 narejena eksplorativna laparotomija. Vzorec stene želodca je bil poslan na zamrzi rez, glede na histološki izvid v vzorcu ni bilo tumorske raste. Takoj je bila narejena eksploratorna laparotomija.

Gospod prinaša s seboj tudi izvide BTG PC 21.3.2014, kjer je viden blago izražen KDPB ter VE trebuha 28.3.2014, ki je v mejah normale, razen klinično nepomembne drobne ciste leve ledvice.

Gospod pove, da se dobro počuti. Pridobiva na telesni teži, apetit ima dober. Stalnih bolečin po telesu nima. Blato odvaža normalno. Črna krvavega blata ne opaža. Pekoče mikcije, povišana telesna temperatura, kašelj zanika.

Je normalno telesno aktiven, redno ne prejema nobenih zdravil.

Status:

Orientiran, neprizadet.

Kardiopulmonalno kompenziran.

Primerzo prehranjen.

PS po WHO 0.

Glava, vrat: orientacijsko b.p.

Periferne bezgavke niso tipno povečane.

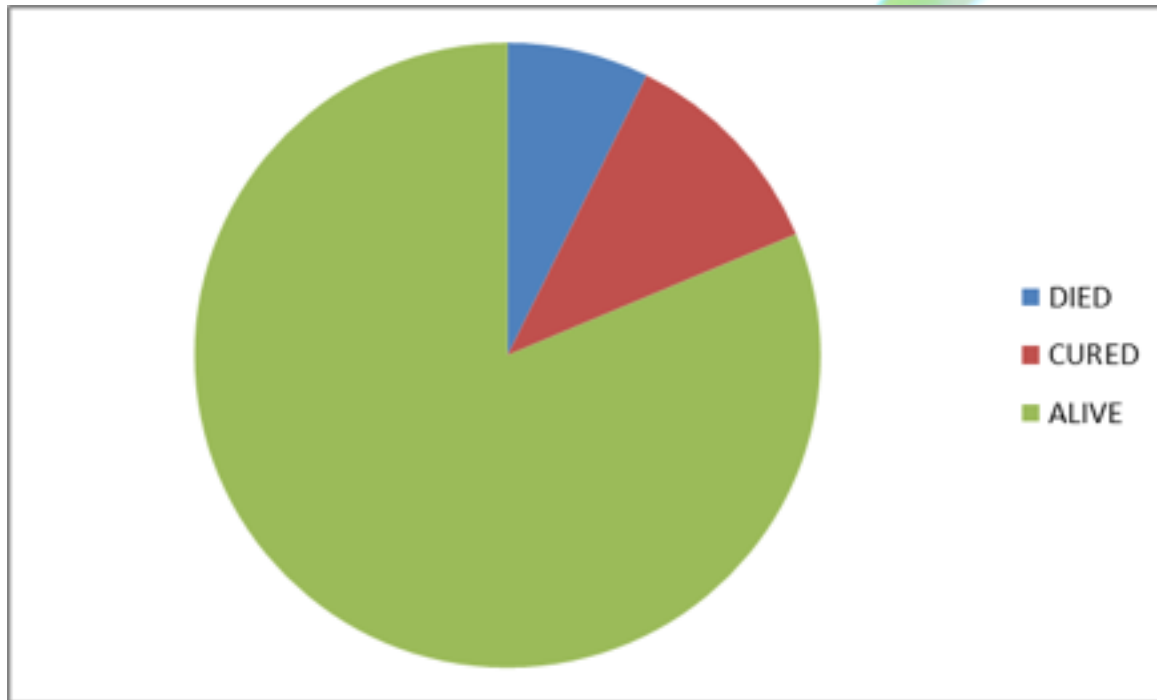
srce in pljuča avskultatorno v mejah normale.

Trebuš mehak, neboleč, patoloških resistenc ne tipam.

NAPOTNICA VELJA DO: 24.02.2015, OBSEG POORLASTIL: 123

ČRNI...

STATISTICS



150 PATIENTS IN 2 YEARS

DIED	11	7,33%
CURED	17	11,33%
ALIVE	122	81,33%

NEUROLOGICAL DISEASES AND CANNABIS USE IN SLOVENIA

Parkinson's disease

PSP

ALS

Cortical dysplasia

Dravett syndrome

Epilepsy

Multiple sclerosis

Cerebral palsy

Cerebral palsy - spastic
bilateral with Symptomatic
epilepsy

Other.....



HEDRON ANALYTICAL INC

August 28, 2014

Sample Name
(mg/g)

Total Cannabinoids

THC
2.5

CBD
34

CBN
0.6

1 (caps) 500 mg

A. Paul Hornby, Ph.D.



For most children with cerebral palsy a “high CBD capsule” will help alone, while others must consume some THC. Finally, our findings are confirmed by a number of other studies.

The only rule in neurology is that there is no rule. Every patient responds uniquely!

When dealing with epileptic children, we cooperate with the neurological department of The Pediatric clinic in Ljubljana. So far we have helped most of the toughest cases to which no other conventional therapy has helped.

Results are very encouraging.

There is more than enough evidence, that purified THC or CBD or their mix, doesn't have the same effect as natural product. Synthetic cannabinoids are even worse.

PSP

SILVANA

The GW Pharmaceutical product SATIVEX DOESN'T HELP IN ANY WAY!

CASE

No: 3

Diagnosis: CORTICAL DYSPLASIA, EPILEPSY

Age: 7

Gender: Female

Date: Since birth

Symptoms before HT: A large development gap, which is the result of prolonged status epilepticus (months in an artificial coma).

Type of conventional treatments: surgery, anti-epileptics

Start of HT: 16.07. 2014

Type of HT: CBD

Dosage: 3 x daily 125 mg

17.7. SMO JI PRVIČ DALI 1/4 KAPSULE
MED. MARIHUANE. ŽE ISTO NOČ JE BILA BREZ
NAPADOV. PO 8 DNEH JE DOBILA ZOPET
NAPAD, KI PA JE BIL DALJŠI OD OBICAJNIH.
TUDI NASLEDNJO NOČ JE DOBILA 1 NAPAD.
ZVEČAJU SMO JI NA 2x 1/4 KAPSULE
(zjutraj - zvečer). ČEZ 4 DNI JE SLEDEL ZOPET
NAPAD, NATO ČEZ 5 DNI. TOREJ PO APLIKACIJI
MARIHUANE JE IMELA VSEGA SKUPAJ 4 NAPADE
ZDAJ JE ŽE MESEEC IN POL BREZ NAPADOV.
DOPOLDAN JE ZELO ZASPANA IN UTRUJENA,
PO OPOLDANSKEM POČITKU PA ZELO DOBRO
FUNCIONIRA. JE BOW POZORNA IN VELIKO
BOW OMIRJENA.

NJENA DIAGNOZA: KORTIKALNA DISPLAZIJA
IN VELIKI KARVOJNI ZROSTANJE, KI PA JE
POSLEDICA DOLGOTRAJNEGA EP. STATUSA
(3 mesece v umetni komi)



- PO OPERACIJI (27.7.2008) NI IMELA SKUPAJ
LETO NAPADOV
- ZOPET SMO OPAZILI V ZAČETKU APRILA 2014
IMELA JE SKUPAJ VSAK DAN (2 DNI V APRILU
JE BILA BREZ NAPADA) POVIREČNO 5 ^{NAPADOV} PONOČ
OZ. V SPANJU.
DVIGNILI SO JI OBA DOSEDANJA PROTIE
ZDRAVILA

MAY 2014

- JIH JE IMELA MANJ 11 DNI V MESECU
BILA BREZ NAPADOV. KONEC MESECA SO
SPET DVIGNILI ENO ZDRAVILLO

JUNIJ 2014

- ZAČETEN MESECA SO JI PO NAROČILU
ZDRAVNIKOV IZ PARIZA ZMANJŠALI DOSE
ZDRAVILA IN UVEDLI ŠE ENO NOVO
PROTIE. ZDRAVILLO. PO TEM PA JE KONEC
MESECA ZAČELA DOBIVAT ZELO POBOLJŠAN
PREDSEN SAMO

JULIJ 2014

DOBIVALA NAPADE TUDI ČEZ DAN TUDI
20-30 NAPADOV, KLJUB EPISTATUSU OZ. ST

CLINICAL OBSERVATIONS OF 15 CASES OF ENCEPHALOPATHY/ EPILEPSY/CEREBRAL PALSY USING STANDARDIZED NATURAL PRODUCT CANNABIS

Božidar Radišić

ONEL - Studija
prekliničke primene
Tig. Muga 4, 11010 Nindža, Beograd

Dr. Paul Hornby

Department of Medical
Cannabis Research,
Medtron Analytical Inc.
400, Rue 2200A, Richmond
B.C. Canada V6V 1M6

Dr. David Neubauer

Department of Child Neurology
University Children's Hospital
Muenster 47, 48149, Germany



MUGA GREEN
CMI

15 cases where caregivers requested cannabis therapy for treating refractory encephalopathies/epilepsy/cerebral palsy were observed from November 2014 while ingesting standardized quantities of cannabidiol as a natural product cannabis preparation. Positive effects were observed in 13 of the 15 patients, with reduced seizure frequency and spasm, with improved motor skills and mood. These results were achieved by administering between 1 and 6 mg/kg/day of natural product cannabidiol with no adverse side effects noted.

METHODS Caregivers requesting cannabis therapy for young persons with refractory epilepsy were provided standardized (*all/vsl: THC 3,5 mg/g (0,25%); CBD 34 mg/g (3,4%); CBN 0,6 mg/g (0,06%) natural product cannabis capsules and instructed to administer at dosages from 1 to 6 mg/kg/day, while continuing their routine medications. Various drugs such as Dilantin, Phenytoin and Topamax were co-administered throughout the study. Patients were seen for routine check ups and diagnostics, where caregivers were questioned as to observed effects and testimonials.

RESULTS The first patient, an 8-year-old male with epileptic seizures resulting from encephalopathy began in November 2014 and was immediately without seizures from the first dose of 1 mg/kg/day...that have not returned. In addition there was improvement in cognition and mood. Of the others that began later in 2014/2015, 7 of the ten now have no seizures, 100% reduction in all cases, two had 50% and 30% reduction in seizures, respectively and one there was no response

and stopped. All of the patients in the study had underlying encephalopathies (one diagnosed as Lissenz) and 3 were with camorbid cerebral palsies. In the 13 of 15 cases that responded favorably all showed better behavior, less absences, improved motor skills and less aggression. There were no adverse side effects in any cases. The antiepileptic mechanisms of CBD are not known, but may include effects on the equilibrative nucleoside transporter; the orphan G-protein-coupled receptor GPR55; the transient receptor potential of vanilloid type-1 channel; the 5-HT1a receptor; and the α 3 and α 1 glycine receptors, all being sites of CBD activity.

CONCLUSIONS Admittedly this is mere observation of 15 patients in a non-controlled study, but it is the dramatic reduction in seizure frequency that calls direct attention to the phenomenon of a simple cannabis formulation. Definitely warranting further controlled studies of standardized cannabidiol preparations that do not appear to present adverse side effects when used in conjunction with other anti-seizure drugs.



						II. DIAGNOSIS	CONDITION		
1		4	5	6	9	1			
NR.	TERAPIJA D / N	YEAR OF BIRTH	SEX M / F	ADDRESS COUNTRY	GROUP *	DIAGNOSIS	IMPROVEMENT Y / N	SIDE EFFECTS Y / N	TESTIMONIAL V/R/R
1	D	1947	M	SWEDEN	N	PROGRESSIVE SUBNUCLEAR PALSY	Y	N	V / R
2	D	1954	M	SWEDEN	N	PROGRESSIVE SUBNUCLEAR PALSY	Y	N	R
3	D	2008	M	SLOVENIJA	N	CORTICAL DYSPLASIA, EPILEPSY	Y	N	R
4	D	2009	F	SLOVENIJA	N	DRAWETTS SYDNROME, EPILEPSY	Y	N	R
5	D	2008	M	MAKEDONIJA	N	CEREBRAL PALSY, EPILEPSY	Y	N	V / R
6	D	2000	F	SLOVENIJA	N	EPILEPSY	Y	N	R
5	D	1934	F	SLOVENIJA	N	PARKINSONS DESEASE	Y	N	R
8	D	1976	F	SLOVENIJA	N	MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS	Y	N	R
9	D		F	SLOVENIJA	N	MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS	Y	N	R
11		1975	M	SLOVENIJA	D	DERMATOLOGICAL UNKNOWN	Y	N	R
12	D	1969	F	SLOVENIJA	A	LUPUS	Y	N	R
13	D		M	Slovenija	O	BRAIN CANCER	Y	N	R
14		1956	F	Slovenija	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
15	D	1948	F	Slovenija	O	OVARIUM CANCER	Y	N	R
16	D		F	Slovenija	O	BREAST CANCER	Y	N	R
17	D	1960	F	Slovenija	O	BREAST CANCER	Y	N	V / R
18	D	1987	M	Slovenija	O	TESTICAL CANCER	Y	N	R
19	D	1960	M	Slovenija	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
20	D		M	Slovenija	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
21	D		M	Slovenija	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
22	D	1976	F	Slovenija	O	LEIOMIOSARKOMA	Y	N	R
23	D		M	Slovenija	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
24	N		F	Slovenija	O	BREAST CANCER	Y	N	R
25	D	1961	M	Slovenija	O	SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER	Y	N	R
26	D	1949	M	AUSTRIA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
27	D	1950	F	SLOVENIJA	O	KARCINOM REKTOSTIGME	Y	N	R
28	D	1954	F	CROATIA	O	PLANOCELULARNI KARCINOM PLJUČ	Y	N	R
29	D		F	Slovenija	O	SQUAMOCARCINOMA UTERUS	Y	N	R
30		1972	F	CROATIA	O	LIMFOM	Y	N	R
31	D	1965	F	Slovenija	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
32	D	1957	M	Slovenija	O	ADENOCARCINOMA PANKREAS	Y	N	R
33	D		F	SLOVENIJA			Y	N	R
35	D		F	BIH	O	UTERUS CANCER	Y	N	R
36	D	1952	F	SLOVENIJA	O	UTERUS CANCER	Y	N	R
37	D	1965	F	SLOVENIJA	O	BREAST CANCER	Y	N	R
38	D		M	SLOVENIJA	O	BREAST CANCER	Y	N	R
39	D	1985	M	SLOVENIJA	O	POJMA NEMAJO	Y	N	R
40	D		M	SLOVENIJA	O	LYMFOMA	Y	N	R
41	D		M	Slovenija	N	DEPRESSION, ALCOHOL PROBLEMS	Y	N	R
42	D	1963	M	SLOVENIJA	O	BRAIN CANCER	Y	N	R
43	D	1949	M	SLOVENIJA	O	PROSTATE CANCER	Y	N	R
44	D	1944	M	Slovenija	O	BLADDER CANCER	Y	N	R

45	D		M	SLOVENIJA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
46	D	2008	M	SLOVENIJA	N	EPILEPSY	Y	N	R
47	D		M	Slovenija	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
48			M	Slovenija	O	CANCER	Y	N	R
49	D		M	Slovenija	O	LYMFOMA	Y	N	R
50	D	1952	F	SLOVENIJA	O	CANCER	Y	N	R
51	D		F	Slovenija	N	MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS	Y	N	R
52	D		F	Slovenija	O	CANCER	Y	N	R
53			F	Slovenija	N	EPILEPSY	Y	N	R
54			F	Slovenija	O	CANCER	Y	N	R
55	D		M	CROATIA	O	CANCER	Y	N	R
56	D		M	GERMANY	O	PROSTATE CANCER	Y	N	R
57	D		M	Slovenija	D	PSORIASYS	Y	N	R
58	D		M	Slovenija	O	PROSTATE CANCER	Y	N	R
59	D		M	Slovenija	O	novo mesto	Y	N	R
60	D		F	Slovenija	O	rak	Y	N	R
61	D		M	SLOVENIJA	O	rak	Y	N	R
62	D		M		O	LIMFOMA	Y	N	R
65	D		F	Slovenija	O	OVARIUM CANCER	Y	N	R
66	D	1963	F	Slovenija	O	BREAST CANCER	Y	N	R
67	D		F	Slovenija	N	ALS	Y	N	R
69	D		F	HUNGARY	O		Y	N	R
70	D		M	CROATIA	O	RAK	Y	N	R
71		1946	M	SLOVENIJA	O	DUODENDUM CANCER	Y	N	R
74			M	SLOVENIJA	O		Y	N	R
75			F	SLOVENIJA	O		Y	N	R
76			M	SLOVENIJA	O		Y	N	R
78	?		F	CROATIA	O		Y	N	R
79	D		M	SLOVENIJA	O	ADENOCACINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
81	D		M	SERBIA	O		Y	N	R
82	?	1982	F	SLOVENIJA	O	BREAST CANCER	Y	N	R
83	?	1950	M	SLOVENIJA	O	KIDNEY CANCER	Y	N	R
84	?		F	CROATIA	O	ADENOKARCINOM PLJUČ	Y	N	R
85	?	1939	M	SLOVENIJA	O	ADENOKARCINOM PLJUČ Z ZASEVKI V MOŽGANE	Y	N	R
86	D	1939	M	SLOVENIJA	O	SMALLCELL LUNG CANCER	Y	N	R
87	?	1951	M	SLOVENIJA	O	SMALLCELL LUNG CANCER	Y	N	R
89	?	1963	F	CROATIA	O	EPENDIMON III	Y	N	R
90	D	1961	F	SLOVENIJA	O	KIDNEY CANCER	Y	N	R
93	?	1971	M	SERBIA	O	ANAPLASTIČNI ASTROCIDOM	Y	N	R
94	?	1954	F	BIH	O	OVARIUM CANCER	Y	N	R
95	?	1905	M	SLOVENIJA	O	EVTIROTIČNI GOMOLJ ŠČITNICE	Y	N	R
96	D	1952	M	SLOVENIJA	O	BLADDER CANCER	Y	N	R
98	D	1964	M	SERBIA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
99		1953	F	SLOVENIJA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
101	?	1951	F	SLOVENIJA	O	UTERUS CANCER	Y	N	R
102	D		M	SERBIA	O	MELANOMA	Y	N	R
103	D	1957	F	SERBIA	N	MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS	Y	N	R
104		1949	M	SERBIA	O	PLANOCELULARNI KARCINOM	Y	N	R
105	D		M	SLOVAKIA	O	SMALL CELL LUNG CANCER	Y	N	R
106	D	1946	M	SLOVENIJA	O	METASTATSKI RAK ŠIROKEGA ČREVEŠA, ZASEVKI JETRA, LEDVICE	Y	N	R
107	?	1957	M	CROATIA	O		Y	N	R

108	D	1958	M	BIH	O		Y	N	R
109	?	1956	F	SERBIA	O		Y	N	R
110	D	1982	M	CROATIA	O	HEPATOSPLENICNI T-LIMFOM	Y	N	R
111	?	1956	F	SLOVENIJA	O	PARKINSONS	Y	N	R
112	D	1968	M	AUSTRIA	A	DIABETES	Y	N	R
113	D	1997	F	SLOVENIJA	N	CEREBRAL PALSY-BILATERALNA SPASTIČNA, EPILEPSIJA	Y	N	V / R
116	?	1978	F	SLOVENIJA	O	MOŽGANSKI TUMOR, SIMPTOMATSKA EPILEPSIJA	Y	N	R
117	D	1959	M	SLOVENIJA	O	METASTATSKI RAK SIGME	Y	N	R
118	?	2007	M	HRVAŠKA	O	AVTIZEM ZARADI CEPLJENJA	Y	N	R
119	?	1943	M	MAKEDONIJA	O	RAK PROSTATE	Y	N	R
120	?	1953	F	SLOVENIJA	O	RAK DOJKE	Y	N	R
121	D	1939	M	SLOVENIJA	O	GLIOBLASTOM MULTIFORME OKCIPITALNO DESNO	Y	N	R
122	D	2013	F	CROATIA	O	BRAIN TUMOR	Y	N	R
123	D	2012	M	SLOVENIJA	N	UNKNOWN	Y	N	R
124	D	1932	M	SLOVENIJA	O	MELANOMA	Y	N	R
125	n	1981	M	SLOVENIJA	A	CHRONIC PROSTATE INFLAMATION	Y	N	R
128	?	1941	M	SLOVENIJA	O	PROSTATE CANCER, DEMENTIA, SHIZOPHRENIA	Y	N	R
129	D	1950	M	SLOVENIJA	O	MELANOMA ON THE EYE, LIVER METASTASIS	Y	N	R
130	D	1951	M	SLOVENIJA	O	LIPOSARCOMA	Y	N	R
131	D	1938	M	SLOVENIJA	P	PAINS	Y	N	R
132	?	1932	M	SLOVENIJA	O	PROSTATE PROBLEMS	Y	N	R
133	D	1955	F	SLOVENIJA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
134	D	1997	M	MAKEDONIJA	N	EPILEPSY	Y	N	R
135	?	1975	M	SLOVENIJA	O	GERMINAL TUMOR	Y	N	R
136	?	1966	F	SLOVENIJA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA OVARIUM	Y	N	R
137	?	1948	M	MAKEDONIJA	O	CANCER	Y	N	R
138	D	2010	F	SLOVENIJA	N	CEREBRAL PALSY	Y	N	R
139	?	1940	F	SLOVENIJA	O	MEZOTELIOM	Y	N	R
140	?	1966	M	SERBIA	O	SMALLCELL LUNG CANCER	Y	N	R
141	?	1948	F	SERBIA	O	RAK ČREVEVA	Y	N	R
142	D	1950	M	SLOVENIJA	O	ADENOKARCINOM ŽELODCA	Y	N	R
143	N	1984	F	GERMANY	O	METASTATIC STOMACH CANCER	Y	N	R
144	D	1970	F	SERBIA	O	BREAST CANCER	Y	N	R
145	D	1976	F	SLOVENIJA	D	ROSACEA	Y	N	R
146	?	1948	M	SLOVENIJA	O	PROSTATE CANCER	Y	N	R
147	D	1948	F	SLOVENIJA	O	PANCREAS CANCER, LIVER AND LUNGS METASTHASYS	Y	N	R
148	D	1984	F	SERBIA	N	KORTIKALNA DISPLAZIJA, SIMPTOMATSKA EPILEPSIJA	Y	N	R
149	D	2013	M	SLOVENIJA	N	BRAIN DAMAGE AT BIRTH, SIMPTOMATIC EPILEPSY	Y	N	R
150	D	1983	F	SLOVENIJA	O	GLIOBLASTOM MULTIFORME IV.	Y	N	R
151	D	1946	M	SLOVENIJA	O	VELIKOCELICNI PLJUČNI KARCINOM	Y	N	R
153	?	1946	F	SLOVENIJA	O	GLIOBLASTOMA MULTIFORME	Y	N	R
154	D	1952	F	SLOVENIJA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA STOMACH	Y	N	R
155	D	1951	M	SLOVENIJA	O	ALL	Y	N	R
156	D	1962	F	SERBIA	O	SKVALOCELULARNI RAK PLJUČ	Y	N	R
157	?	1954	M	SERBIA	O	MALIGNI RAK PLJUČ	Y	N	R
158	?	1975	M	SLOVENIJA	O	TESTICAL CANCER	Y	N	R
159	D	1975	F	SLOVENIJA	N	BOLELINE, MIGRENE, GLAVOBOLI, NEPREDNOST	Y	N	R
160	?	1975	F	SERBIA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
161	D	1947	M	CROATIA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
162	D	1941	F	SLOVENIJA	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS	Y	N	R
163	?	1962	F	SLOVENIJA	N	PAINS	Y	N	R
164	?	1961	M	BIH	O	SMALLCELL LUNG CANCER	Y	N	R
165	D	1958	F	SLOVENIJA	O	UTERUS CANCER	Y	N	R

166	D	1942	F	CROATIA	O	BREAST CANCER		Y	N	R
167		1953	F	SLOVENIJA	O	DISEMIRAN PLAZMOCITOM		Y	N	R
168	D	1994	M	SLOVENIJA	N	EPILEPSY		Y	N	R
169	D	1958	M	ITALY	O	COLON CANCER		Y	N	R
170	D	2007	M	SLOVENIJA	O	DIFUZNI PONTINI GLIOM		Y	N	R
171		1951	F	SLOVENIJA	O	UTERUS CANCER		Y	N	R
172	D	1975	M	SLOVENIJA	O	GLIOBLASTOMA MULTIFORME		Y	N	R
173		1951	F	SLOVENIJA	O			Y	N	R
174	D	1964	F	SLOVENIJA	N	MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS		Y	N	R
175	D	1974	M	SLOVENIJA	O	CHOLANGIOCARCINOMA		Y	N	R
176	D	1970	F	BIH	O	BREAST CANCER		Y	N	R
177		1947	F	SERBIA	O	UTERUS CANCER		Y	N	R
178	D	2013	F	SERBIA	O	DEZMOPLASTICNO NODULARNI MEDULUBLASTOM		Y	N	R
179		2013	M	SWEDEN	N	UNKNOWN		Y	N	R
180	D	1941	M	ITALY	O	ADENOCARCINOMA LUNGS		Y	N	R
181		1961	F	SERBIA	O	CARCINOMA VULVAE		Y	N	R
182		1974	M	SERBIA	O	MELANOMA		Y	N	R
183	D	2008	M	SERBIA	N	DRAWETT		Y	N	R
184	D	2003	M	SLOVENIJA	N	EPILEPSY		Y	N	R
185		1952	M	SERBIA	O	CA SQUAMOCELLULARE LUNGS		Y	N	R
186	D	1981	F	SLOVENIJA	A		89	Y	N	R
187		1951	F	SERBIA	O		8	Y	N	R
188	D	1977	F	SLOVENIJA	O		9	Y	N	R
189	D	1948	M	MAKEDONIJA	O	LIVER CANCER		Y	N	R
190	D	1946	M	CROATIA	O	PROSTATE CANCER		Y	N	R
191	D	1946	F	SLOVENIJA	O	BREAST CANCER		Y	N	R
192		2006	M	BIH	O	ALL		Y	N	R
193	D		F	SLOVENIJA	O	BREAST CANCER		Y	N	R
194	D	1952	M	SLOVENIJA	O	PROSTATE CANCER		Y	N	R
195		1952	M	SLOVENIJA	O	COLON CANCER		Y	N	R
196	N	1943	M	SLOVENIJA	O	PROSTATE CANCER		Y	N	R
197	D	1946	F	CROATIA	O	LEIOMIOSARKOMA		Y	N	R
198	D	1956	F	SLOVENIJA	O	PANKREAS CANCER		Y	N	R
199	D	1966	F	SLOVENIJA	O	CLL		Y	N	R
200	D	2012	M	SLOVENIJA	N	CEREBRAL PALSY		Y	N	R
201	D	1971	F	SLOVENIJA	O	GLIOBLASTOMA MULTIFORME		Y	N	R
202	D	1972	F	SLOVENIJA	O			Y	N	R
203	D		M	SERBIA	O	RECTAL CANCER		Y	N	R
204	D	1952	M	SERBIA	O	PROSTATE CANCER - ADENOMA		Y	N	R
205	D	1951	M	SLOVENIJA	O	LIVER CANCER		Y	N	R
206	D	1948	M	SLOVENIJA	O	LUNG CANCER		Y	N	R
207	D		M	SLOVENIJA	O	AMIOLIDOSYS		Y	N	R

Cannabis use (even long term use) is not harmful to health of a mentally healthy adult human.

Overdose is **not** harmful
however
very uncomfortable.

Keep in mind that cannabis is a wonderful medicine, but it is no panaceum and therefore it:

1. does not cure every time
2. does not cure everyone
3. does not cure every disease
4. does not cure every stage of the disease

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Božidar Radišič