

1. Identification**Product identifier** Gas Samples Mixture-601**Other means of identification****Item** M-PP9M2**Recommended use** For Laboratory Use Only**Recommended restrictions** None known.**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information****Manufacturer****Company name** Chem Service, Inc.
Address 660 Tower Lane
West Chester, PA 19380
United States**Telephone** Toll Free 800-452-9994
Direct 610-692-3026**Website** www.chemservice.com**E-mail** info@chemservice.com**Emergency phone number** Chemtrec US 800-424-9300
Chemtrec outside US +1 703-527-3887**2. Hazard(s) identification**

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 3
	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 3
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements**Signal word** Danger**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.**Precautionary statement****Prevention**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor. Specific treatment (see this label). Rinse mouth. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.
Supplemental information	0.02% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 0.1% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 99.98% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 99.96% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Methanol		67-56-1	>98
Chloroethane		75-00-3	0.02
Dichlorodifluoromethane		75-71-8	0.02
Methyl bromide		74-83-9	0.02
Methyl chloride		74-87-3	0.02
Trichlorofluoromethane		75-69-4	0.02
Vinyl chloride		75-01-4	0.02

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO ₂). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Fully encapsulating, vapor protective clothing should be worn for spills and leaks with no fire. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
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**Conditions for safe storage,
including any incompatibilities**

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Avoid spark promoters. Eliminate sources of ignition. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Refrigeration recommended. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits****US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Components	Type	Value
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)	STEL	5 ppm
	TWA	1 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	PEL	2600 mg/m3
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8)	PEL	1000 ppm
		4950 mg/m3
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	PEL	1000 ppm
		260 mg/m3
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	Ceiling	200 ppm
		80 mg/m3
Trichlorofluoromethane (CAS 75-69-4)	PEL	20 ppm
		5600 mg/m3
		1000 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)	Ceiling	200 ppm
	TWA	100 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	TWA	100 ppm
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8)	TWA	1000 ppm
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	250 ppm
	TWA	200 ppm
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	TWA	1 ppm
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)	STEL	100 ppm
	TWA	50 ppm
Trichlorofluoromethane (CAS 75-69-4)	Ceiling	1000 ppm
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)	TWA	1 ppm

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8)	TWA	4950 mg/m3
		1000 ppm
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	325 mg/m3
		250 ppm
		260 mg/m3
	TWA	200 ppm
		5600 mg/m3
		1000 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
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Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*
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* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Skin designation applies.
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Wear eye/face protection. Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
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Skin protection

Hand protection	Wear protective gloves.
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Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
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Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
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Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
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General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
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Form	Liquid
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Color	Not available.
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Odor	Not available.
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Odor threshold	Not available.
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pH	Not available.
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Melting point/freezing point	-144.04 °F (-97.8 °C) estimated
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Initial boiling point and boiling range	148.46 °F (64.7 °C) estimated
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Flash point	53.6 °F (12.0 °C) estimated
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Evaporation rate	Not available.
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Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
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Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%)	7.3 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	169.3 hPa estimated
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	867.2 °F (464 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.787047 g/cm3 estimated
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Percent volatile	99.9 % estimated
Specific gravity	0.79 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	99.9 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Toxic if swallowed.
Inhalation	Toxic by inhalation. May cause damage to organs by inhalation.
Skin contact	Toxic in contact with skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
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Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Toxic by inhalation. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.
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Components	Species	Test Results
Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	> 19000 ppm, 4 Hours
	Rat	> 19000 ppm, 4 Hours
		152 mg/l, 2 Hours

Components	Species	Test Results
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8)		
Acute		
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 1 g/kg
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Mouse	79.43 mg/l, 134 Minutes
	Rat	> 115.9 mg/l, 4 Hours
		64000 ppm, 4 Hours
		82.1 mg/l, 6 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Monkey	6000 mg/kg
	Mouse	7300 mg/kg
	Pig	> 5000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	14.4 g/kg
	Rat	5628 mg/kg
<i>Other</i>		
LD50	Guinea pig	3556 mg/kg
	Hamster	8555 mg/kg
	Mouse	4100 mg/kg
	Rabbit	1826 mg/kg
	Rat	2131 mg/kg
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rat	135 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC100	Rat	0.63 mg/l, 6 Hours
LC50	Mouse	4.68 mg/l, 1 Hours
		1.54 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	302 ppm, 8 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	104 mg/kg
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	-	6300 mg/m3
	Mouse	6300 mg/m3, 7 Hours
		3000 ppm, 4 Hours
		2200 ppm, 6 Hours
		6.3 mg/l, 7 Hours
		4.6 mg/l, 6 Hours
	Rat	73600 ppm, 30 Minutes
		5133 ppm, 1 Hours
		2700 ppm, 4 Hours
		5.3 mg/l, 4 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	1800 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Trichlorofluoromethane (CAS 75-69-4)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Hamster	571 mg/l, 4 Hours
	Mouse	10000 mg/l, 30 Minutes
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	3725 mg/kg
<i>Other</i>		
LD50	Mouse	1743 mg/kg
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)		
Acute		
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Guinea pig	595 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Mouse	294 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rabbit	595 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rat	390 mg/l, 2 Hours
	Rodent	293 mg/m3, 2 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 500 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4) Cancer

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Causes damage to organs.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not available.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.

Components	Species	Test Results
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours

Components		Species	Test Results
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Guppy (Poecilia reticulata)	0.0008 mg/l, 96 hours
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Inland silverside (Menidia beryllina)	270 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Chloroethane	1.43
Dichlorodifluoromethane	2.16
Methanol	-0.77
Methyl bromide	1.19
Methyl chloride	0.91
Trichlorofluoromethane	2.53

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8)	U075
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	U154
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	U029
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)	U045
Trichlorofluoromethane (CAS 75-69-4)	U121
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)	U043

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1230
UN proper shipping name	Methanol, solution, MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP2
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242

IATA

UN number	UN1230
UN proper shipping name	Methanol solution
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	6.1(PGI, II)
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.

IMDG

UN number	UN1230
UN proper shipping name	METHANOL SOLUTION, MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	6.1(PGI, II)
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-E, S-D
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

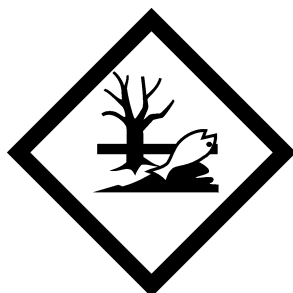
DOT



IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	Listed.
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8)	Listed.
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed.
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	Listed.
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)	Listed.
Trichlorofluoromethane (CAS 75-69-4)	Listed.
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9) 1000 LBS

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)
Cancer
Central nervous system
Liver
Blood
Flammability

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
Methyl bromide	74-83-9	1000	1000 lbs		

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Methanol	67-56-1	>98

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)
Trichlorofluoromethane (CAS 75-69-4)
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3) 500 LBS
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8) 500 LBS

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	500 LBS
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	500 LBS
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)	500 LBS
Trichlorofluoromethane (CAS 75-69-4)	500 LBS
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)	500 LBS

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)
Trichlorofluoromethane (CAS 75-69-4)
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)
Dichlorodifluoromethane (CAS 75-71-8)
Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)
Trichlorofluoromethane (CAS 75-69-4)
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Chloroethane (CAS 75-00-3)	Listed: July 1, 1990
Vinyl chloride (CAS 75-01-4)	Listed: February 27, 1987

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Methanol (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed: March 16, 2012
Methyl bromide (CAS 74-83-9)	Listed: January 1, 1993
Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)	Listed: March 10, 2000

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Methyl chloride (CAS 74-87-3)	Listed: August 7, 2009
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International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 10-02-2014
Version # 01
NFPA ratings Health: 2
Flammability: 3
Instability: 0

Disclaimer

The above information is believed to be correct on the date it was last revised and must not be considered all inclusive. The information has been obtained only by a search of available literature and is only a guide for handling the chemicals. OSHA regulations require that if other hazards become evident, an upgraded SDS must be made available to the employee within three months. RESPONSIBILITY for updates lies with the employer and not with CHEM SERVICE, Inc.

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