# **TRAINING & RACING FUEL GUIDE**



SFuels.®
Go Longer.





# WHAT IS IT?

"racing outcomes are highly linked to **TRAINING SPECIFICITY.**As coaches and athletes, we target specific training methods to the nature (intensity, duration etc.)of our targeted competition.

RIGHT FUEL RIGHT TIME model matches SPECIFIC FUELING to your SPECIFIC TRAINING (intensity, duration etc.) to optimize metabolic adaptions for an athletes targeted competition.

RECOVERY	AEROBIC	7	THRESHOLD	V02
ZONE 1	ZONE 2	ZONE 3	ZONE 4	ZONE 5

PROTEINS | KETONE

**FATTY ACIDS** 

FATTY-ACIDS | CARBOHYDRATES





# WHY?

Research has shown, that for endurance sports, Fat-oxidation efficiency is a key determinant factor of performance outcomes. The Right Fuel Right Time  $^{\text{m}}$  method is designed with three key benefits in mind – for the endurance athlete -



Finish Stronger
Preserve Glycogen – Efficiently Burn Fat

Reduce Gut Distress
Rapid Carbohydrate Gut Transit

Athlete's lab data has shown us how trainable metabolic flexibility is – delivering dramatic gains in fat-oxidation, glycogen retention and subsequent performance improvements -

#### ATHLETE - CASE STUDY PRE - BEFORE Metabolic Cross-over CHO ox (%) Fat ox (%) 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 Fat-Ox Rate Energy Contribution (%) 0.53gr/min@ 135 watts @200 watts, 70% of energy, is from carbs 100 200 250 300 Power (W)



Fat-Ox Rate 1.8gr/min@ >300 watts

@300 watts, 80% of energy, is from fat



# WHAT TO EXPECT

In both Ironman triathlon (26) and UCI Tour Cycling (27) athlete studies, high fat-oxidation rates have shown to be one of the few correlations to performance.

Analyses of over 430 studies(1) on athlete's substrate (Fat/Carb) oxidation, has shown that the most influential factors effecting substrate (fuel) oxidation outcomes are, exercise duration (and intensity), dietary fat intake (during and outside of exercise) and sex.

## CARBOHYDRATE CENTRIC FUELING

The four major issues confronting high, or exclusive use of free-sugar carbohydrate based fueling includes:

- BLUNTED AEROBIC DEVELOPMENT: Spiking of blood glucose and insulin, blunts fat oxidation(1) driving greater dependency on carbohydrates for fuel. Additionally, consistent use fructose in fueling formulas, has shown to suppress glucose transporter proteins (Glut4) and fat-transporters(CD36), limiting efficient carbohydrate and fatty acid flow into muscle cells, and blunting the training effect of aerobic exercise (2, 4).
- RISK OF BONK/CRASH: Weak fat-oxidation efficiency, causing over-dependence on carbohydrate intake, exposing the athlete to swinging energy levels, heightened lactate production all of which raises the risk of bonking/crashing/hitting the wall.
- 3. GUT/GI DISTRESS: In longer-duration exercise, heat and higher carb/fructose consumption (>60gram/hour) has been associated with GI distress, with symptoms of bloating, belching, diarrhea and vomiting. Fructose (and sucrose) has the additional negative side-effect of disrupting the GI/Gut membrane integrity, raising systemic inflammation. (5, 6, 7)
  - **CHRONIC INFLAMMATION:** The longer-term adoption of prolonger higher blood sugar levels has consistently shown to be associated with more chronic inflammatory based diseases including cardiovascular disease, diabetes and rheumatic diseases. (8,9, 11, 12, 13)

## **RIGHT FUEL RIGHT TIME**

Fat oxidation efficiency is a key tenant to build resilient energy systems, spared muscle glycogen, lowered lactate production and mitigated Gut/GI distress.

- (including during training) intake of quality fats and timed carbohydrate/protein, begins to shift and train the muscles to become less reliant on carbohydrate as fuel. Lipolytic enzymes, substrate transporters and aerobic capacity can be trained (like muscles) through diet, fuel choices and exercise (14), with lab results showing cases of 2-3 times improvement in fat oxidation efficiency. By using fat, glycogen can be better preserved, lactate production and perceived exertion reduced.
- FUEL SUBSTRATE RESILIENCE: By restrictive and timed use of fuel-substrates, caffeine and l-carnitine research is showing enhanced utilization of different substrates at different intensities. Specifically, a train-low carbohydrate approach in aerobic/zone 2 workouts, and a higher carbohydrate use for threshold/anaerobic-zone 4-5 workouts (15). By training both fat and carbohydrate oxidation efficiency, the endurance athlete can better preserve glycogen stores, access energy from fat and carbohydrates providing resilience to minimize risks of bonking/crashing and Gut/Gl distress from free-sugar over-consumption.
- MITOCHONDRIA & MUSCLE SYNTHESIS: Researchers (16) conclude that train-low (carbohydrate), and higher leucine (17) approaches can best trigger exercise induced mitochondrial biogenesis, and muscle protein synthesis.



# **RESULTS**

# PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT PERFORMANCE PROJECTS

From 2018-2023, SFuels partnered with several professional and age-group athletes during the core R&D of the SFuels product formulations and product portfolio.

During this product development period the following performance results were achieved -

Kona Ironman® AG World Champion & Course Record

100Mile Treadmill World Record

**USATF 100 Mile Road Championship** 

**Olympic Triathlon Medalist** 

**XTERRA World Championship** 

Superleague Series Champ. WTC Series Lead

Ironman® AG World
Champion & Course (Utah) Record

1<sup>st</sup> Ironman AG Athlete under 8 Hours



SFuels.



# HOW?

KEEP IT SIMPLE – Watch the quick video on how to use SFuels fuels at different training-racing intensities – before, during and after your workouts.

The Guide also covers, links to athlete results, including -

- Dr. Dan Plews Kona Age-Group course record Holder,
- Matt Kerr Utah Age-Group Ironman course record Holder,
- Zach Bitter 100 Mile World Record Breaker



**SFuels Revival Shake Drink** 

# RIGHT TIME





## 1/2 Marathon | Marathon | Ultra-Marathon

SFuels Race + Drink: 30Gr/Hr Carbs





2 Serves per Soft-flask



SFuels Race + Drink: 45Gr/Hr Carbs





3 Serves per Soft-flask

## Olympic Distance Triathlon

SFuels Race + Drink: 30Gr/Hr Carbs





2 Serves per Bike Bottle







SFuels Race + Gel Powder:

60Gr/Hr Carbs

2 Serves per Soft-flask

## Ironman® | 70.3 Ironman®

SFuels Race + Drink: BIKE 45Gr/Hr Carbs





Concentrate 2 Serves/Hr x Hrs on Bike



BIKE

SFuels Race + Gel Powder: 60Gr/Hr Carb





Concentrate 3 Serves/Hr x Hrs on Bike

## RUN

**SFuels Race + Gel Powder:** 60Gr/Hr Carbs





2 Serves per SFuels Bullet



# RIGHT TIME



'The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutritional advice. (†Daily Value (DV) not established.

Other Ingredients: Coconut Oil, Collagen Peptides (Hydrolyzed Beef), Natural Flavors, Himalayan Rock Salt, Citric Acid, Malic Acid, Monk Fruit Extract.





TEXTURE

Water like. Thin and light.





## FLAVORS

Coconut-Lime. Strawberry Lemonade Pomegranate-Acai. Fruit-Punch

#### **Fuel and Fat Oxidation Training**

Select MCTs (medium chain triglycerides) provide caloric fuel (vs. free sugars, carbohydrates) without the insulin response (blunts fat oxidation) thereby supporting greater dependency fatty acid lipolysis, transport and oxidation.

The MCT forms used in SFuels TRAIN are C8 & C10 which has shown to be the most rapid assimilation and oxidation forms, in traversing cell membranes most efficiently – due to the lower carbon chain size.

#### **Electrolyte Balance**

Higher dose sodium and potassium, are warranted as supplementation to offsetting electrolyte loss noted in lower-carbohydrate diets.

Additionally, repetitive long-duration training sessions and blocks places further strain on sodium and potassium reserves.



# Simultaneous Fat/Carb Oxidation and Gut Distress Mitigation

No inclusion of added sugar, sucrose, fructose, glucose, maltodextrins, syrups, or sugar alcohols

Avoidance of simple free-sugars, mitigates the risk of triggering insulin, which would have an antilipolytic (anti fat oxidation) impact. This issue is most prominent in the first 30-60 minutes of exercise where Glut-4 transporters are still moving to the muscle cell edge, to open glucose channels. Once these channels are opened, the muscle cell can receive and oxidize carbohydrates without insulin, and since without insulin, fat and carbohydrate can be simultaneously oxidized.

The avoidance of sugar-alcohols, and the lowered use of carbohydrate sources, dramatically reduces the risk of gut membrane and microbiome derangement and associated gut/Gl distress symptoms, commonly seen in endurance racing/training.

# SFuels.

uels.

# RACE+ DRINK

# RIGHT TIME



OTHER INGREDIENTS: Highly Branched Cyclic Dextrin, Coconut Oil, Collagen Peptides (Hydrolyzed Beef), Natural Flavors, Himalayan Rock Salt, Citric Aodi, Turmeric Powder (for color), Beet Root Powder (for color), Monk Fruit Extract.

CONTAINS: COCONUT. Although this product may not contain one or all of the following, this product is manufactured in a facility that handles milk, soy, egg, tree nuts, fish, crustaceans/shellfish, and wheat products.

MADE IN THE USA USING INGREDIENTS SOURCED WORLDWIDE



I MIX WITH Cold water.

SWEETNESS Mild

FLAVORS
Coconut-Lime. Cherry.
Fruit Punch. Strawberry-Lemonade

#### Efficient Carbohydrate Digestion Assimilation and Mitigated Gut Distress

Race+ starch (HBCD) has been predigested with enzymes creating a high molecular weight, highly branched carbohydrate for rapid transit through the stomach. Researchers have highlighted HBCD having 30% faster rise of blood glucose, when compared to a glucose-only fluid.

No sucrose, fructose, maltodextrin or sugar-alcohols are used to avoid Gut/GI irritation and distress.

Race+ avoids the use of fructose to mitigate the risk of interfering with GLUT-4 (glucose) muscle-cell transporters.

Race+ includes Glutamine to further support fuel-oxidative (energy) supply to muscles, and mitigate exercise heat-triggered gut membrane permeability and subsequent higher inflammatory loads.



# High Caloric Load & Improved Carbohydrate Absorption

Race+ increases overall caloric fuel load (9cals/gram) through using C8 and C10 MCTs which are rapidly absorbed-oxidized, even in high-intensity workloads.

MCTs improve the speed and rate of carbohydrate absorption.

#### **Electrolyte Balance**

Race+ includes supplementation of Calcium and Potassium, and higher race-level dosages of Sodium.

Additionally, Race+ uses a specific Glycinate form of Magnesium to enable higher dosage with no Gut-GI irritation (common to other Magnesium forms).

## **SUGGESTED USAGE**

SFuels Technical
Development Team
Copywrite © SFuels LLC, 2023.

SFuels.

# RACE+ GEL

# RIGHT TIM



OTHER INGREDIENTS: Highly Branched Cyclic Dentrin.
Coconut Oil, Collagen Peptides (Hydrolyzed Beef), Natural
Flavors, Himalayan Rock Salt, Citric Acid, Beet Root Powder
(for color), Xanthan Gum, Turmeric Powder (for color),
Monla fruit Extract.

CONTAINS: COCONUT. Although this product may not contain one or all of the following, this product is manufactured in a facility that handles milk, soy, egg, tree nuts, fish, crustaceans/shellfish, and wheat products.







**SWEETNESS** 



#### **Efficient Carbohydrate Digestion** Assimilation and Mitigated Gut **Distress**

Race+ starch (HBCD) has been predigested with enzymes creating a branched carbohydrate for rapid transit through the stomach.
Researchers have highlighted HBCD having 30% faster rise of blood glucose, when compared to a glucose-only fluid.

No sucrose, fructose, maltodextrin or sugar-alcohols are used to avoid Gut/GI irritation and distress.

Race+ avoids the use of fructose to mitigate the risk of interfering with GLUT-4 (glucose) muscle-cell

Race+ includes Glutamine to further support fuel-oxidative (energy) exercise heat-triggered gut subsequent higher inflammatory loads.



Race+ increases overall caloric fuel load (9cals/gram) through using C8 and C10 MCTs which are rapidly absorbed-oxidized, in low and highintensity workloads.

MCTs improve the speed and rate of carbohydrate absorption.



#### Electrolyte Balance

Calcium and Potassium, and higher race-level dosages of Sodium.

Glycinate form of Magnesium to enable higher dosage with no Gut-GI irritation (common to other Magnesium

#### SUGGESTED USAGE

SFuels Technical

SFuels.

# **PRIMED**

# RIGHT TIME



**Supplement Facts:** Servings: 1 **Serving Size:** 1 **Packet (3.4g)**, Amount per serving: Vitamin B3 (as niacinamide) 16mg NE (100%DV\*), Vitamin B6 (as pyridoxine hydrochloride) 17mg (1000% DV\*), Vitamin B12 (as methylcobalamin) 24mcg (1000% DV\*).

L-Taurine 1,000mg (\*\*), N-Acetyl L-Carnitine Hydrochloride 1,000mg (\*\*), Natural Caffeine (from Green Tea (Camellia Sinensis)(leaf)) 80mg (\*\*)

\*Percent Daily Value (%DV) based on a 2000 calorie diet.

\*\* Daily value not established.



#### EXTURE

Water like (when mixed with water)

## MIX WITH

SFuels TRAIN. SFuels Race+ Or with water, or fruit-smoothies



WEETNESS
Mild Sweet

FLAVOR

# Acetyl-L Carnitine 1000mg

Dosed at 2-3gr/day, L-Carnitine can be loaded into the muscle to support higher-fat oxidation by shuttling long/medium chain fatty acids into the mitochondria for oxidation, while also facilitating the removal of fax-oxidation metabolites from mitochondria.

L-Carnitine can also help to retrain inefficient mitochondria fat-ox metabolism, due to fructose over-consumption.

#### Taurine 1000mg

Studies show Taurine supplementation can reduce time to exhaustion from exercise.

## B3/B6/B12

Key B-vitamins are essential in the process of extracting energy from consumed food substrates.

#### Increase Fat Oxidation 80mg Measured Caffeine Dose

Delivering a predictable fat-oxidation improvement is achieved is SFuels PRIMED, by delivering a controlled measured dose of caffeine per serve of 80mg.

Taken at 2.5-3mg/Kg body weight, the green tea extracted caffeine raises both fat oxidation, and increases ketogenesis from the medium chain triglycerides.

Caffeine has shown to also raise cognitive functions, including Vigor (confidence), assertiveness, mood and reduce Rate of Perceived Exertion in high intensity exercise.

Sugar or sugar alcohols are avoided in SFuels PRIMED to mitigate insulin trigged blunting of fat oxidation.

# SFUELS, On LAMPHING THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

# DOSAGE

# **Training Fat-Oxidation**

Mitochondrial/Substrate Retraining

1 Sachet Pre-Workout Or Start of Workout

## RACING

**Boosted Fat-Oxidation | Lowered RPE** 

1 Sachet 60mins Pre-Race 2 Sachets in 1st 90nins of Race

# SFuels.

SFuels Technical
Development Team
Copywrite © SFuels LLC. 2023

# RIGHT TIME

## **Supplement Facts**

Serving Size 36g (1 Scoop) Servings Per Container About 25

Amount P	er Serving	%DV**
Calories	90	
Total Fat	1g	1%
Saturated Fat	1g	5%
Sodium (from Sodium Beta- hydroxybutyrate)	1220mg	53%
Total Carbohydrates	2g	1%
Dietary Fiber	1g	4%
Total Sugars	<1g	
Protein	19g	
Calcium	120mg	10%
Iron	1.1mg	6%
Potassium (from Potassium Gluconate)	70mg	2%
L-Glutamine	5g	†
Sodium BHB (Beta- hydroxybutyrate)	6g	†

cent Daily Values (%DV) are based on a 2,000 calorie diet.

Endurance Recovery Supplement Chocolate

Chocolate

State Chocolate

DELAY EDPLIMENT - Net Wr. 1-94(br (899g) - A

SFuels.



†Daily Value (DV) not established.







Reducing leucine (protein) muscle oxidation, from high volume endurance exercise by raising levels of B- hydroxybutyrate (BHB) ketones.

Improve muscle-torque (power), lower delayed onset muscle soreness and inflammation, through high dose L-Glutamine supplementation. Reduce, exercise heat-triggered damage to the gut membrane, by rapid membrane repair, through L-Glutamine.

Replenish lowered sodium levels, commonly seen in low-carb endurance athletes.



Using highest quality whey protein isolate, to improve lean-body mass, to reduce the damaging effects of high-volume eccentric muscle contractions (running, cycling etc.) resulting in a decline of muscle strength and possible micro-tear muscle damage.

Whey protein has also been highlighted for improving immune response, and blunting cortisol responses from training stress.

Eliminating sugar triggered insulin spikes, stalled fat-oxidation and heightened inflammatory markers through avoiding the use of sucrose, glucose, fructose, maltodextrins.

Maintain favorable gut bacteria, by avoiding the use of all sugar alcohols like sucralose, that have shown to disrupt the gut microbiome.

SFuels.

# LIFE BARS

# RIGHT TIME

#### **Nutrition** Facts

Amount Per Serving	% Daily Value*	
Total Fat 11g	14%	
Saturated Fat 2g	10%	
Trans Fat 0g		
Cholesterol 5mg	2%	
Sodium 65mg	3%	

Amount Fer Serving	To Daily Value
Total Carbohydrates 13g	5%
Dietary Fiber 11g	39%
Total Sugars 1g	
Includes 1g Added Sugars	2%
Sugar Alcohol 0g	
Protein 15g	
ron 0 6mg 4% • Potassium 70	ma 2%

Calories 180 Vitamin D 0mcg 0% • Calcium 110mg 8%

"The % Daily Value (DV) tolls you how much a nutrient in a serving of bod contributes to a daily det 2,000 calories a day is used bit general nutrition advice.

INGREDIENTS: Protein Blend (Whey Protein Isolate, Milk Protein Isolate, Surflower Lecithin), Almond Butter, Non-GMO Prebiotic Corn Fiber, Non-GMO Soluble Tapioca Fiber, Organic Cacao Nibs, Surflower Lot, Chicory Root Fiber, Surflower Lecithin, Organic Vanilla Extract, Natural Flavors, Sao Sais, Stevia, Potssaium Sorbate, ConTAINS: Milk, Tree Nuts (Almonds).

May contain traces of Peanuts, Egg, Soy, Wheat and other Tree Nuts. May contain shell and/or pit fragments.

Nutrition	
Facts	

Calories 180 Vitamin D 0mcg 0% • Calcium 100mg 8%

Amount Per Serving	% Daily Value
Total Fat 11g	14%
Saturated Fat 2g	10%
Trans Fat Og	
Cholesterol 5mg	2%
Sodium 65mg	3%

Amount Per Serving	% Daily Value*
Total Carbohydrates 15g	5%
Dietary Fiber 11g	39%
Total Sugars 2g	
Includes 0g Added Sugars	0%
Sugar Alcohol 0g	
Protein 13g	
Iron 0.7mg 4% • Potassium 7	0mg 2%

"The % Daily value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of bod contributes to a daily det 2,000 cateries a day is used for general nutrition advoc.

INGREDIENTS: Protein Blend (Whey Protein Isolate, Milk Protein Isolate, Sunflower Lecithin), Almond Butter, Non-GMO Prebiotic Corn Fiber, Non-GMO Soluble Tapioca Fiber, Sunflower Oil, Chicory Roof Fiber, Organic Cacao Nbs, Blueberries, Organic Cocca, Sunflower Lecithin, Organic Vanilla Extract, Natural Flavors, Sac Satt, Strevia, Potassium Sorbate, CORTANIS: Milk, Tere Nuts (Almonds), May contain traces of Peanuts, Egg, Soy, Wheat and other Tree Nuts. May contain shell and/or pit fragments.













## Dave Scott

#### **High-Satiety Food** without the Carbs.

SFuels LIFE - Endurance Bars use a proprietary blended mixture of various Whey protein isolates, resistant starches and fat to provide a slow-digesting, high-satiety snack.

Quality low-allergenic Whey protein isolates provide complete BCAA support for micro muscle tissue repair.

undergo minimal assimilation through the digestive process, thereby minimizing increased blood-sugar levels, while helping to support gut health and production/assimilation of healthy Short Chain Fatty



#### No High-Heat Baking for **Retained Nutrient Values**

SFuels LIFE Endurance Bars are not nutrient levels in heat sensitive fats, oils and flavonoid rich ingredients like

#### No Sugar, or sugar Alcohols Added.

NO added sugar/sucrose, dextrose, dried fruits,

SFuels LIFE Endurance bars use no sugar alcohols like Maltitol, which research increasingly highlights interfere with the gut

#### SUGGESTED USAGE

Take ½ to bar upto an our before training sessions, or take 1 bar within 30mins post workout/training session.

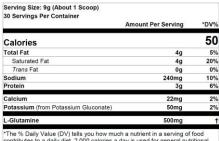


# SFuels.

# **TRANSFORM**



Transform every-day high-carb meals, snacks and drinks to low-carb high-fat, foods to minimize heightened-sustained blood glucose and insulin levels.



\*The % Daily Value (DV) tells you how much a nutrient in a serving of food contributes to a daily diet. 2,000 calories a day is used for general nutritional advice. †Daily Value (DV) not established.

Other Ingredients: Coconut Oil, Collagen Peptides (Hydrolyzed Beef), Himalayan Rock Salt, Monk Fruit Extract.



**FLAVOR** 

**Enhances Flavor** 



**MIX WITH** Food/Drink Recipes

**SWEETNESS** Mild Sweet / Salty.

#### Replace Calories - Quality Fat

SFuels LIFE - TRANSFORM which can be added to every-day foods - including breakfasts, snacks, drinks and meals. With quality fat added to meals and recipes, carbohydrate ingredients – like grains, starches, sugars, sweeteners, syrups can be replaced.

SFuels LIFE - TRANSFORM uses the C8 (and C10) form of MCTs which is digested and then transported rapidly into the muscle cell mitochondria efficiently – similarly to carbohydrates.

to SFuels LIFE - TRANSFORM to mitigate insulin stimulation.

SFuels LIFE - TRANSFORM avoids the use of artificial sweeteners and sugar alcohols. SFuels LIFE -TRANSFORM uses natural monk fruit to provide a non-carbohydrate



#### **Rebalanced Electrolytes**

SFuels LIFE - TRANSFORM is formulated with added sodium and potassium for supplementing foods-recipes that it is added to.

#### **Gut Membrane Health**

rapid repair of gut membrane integrity, the gut into the systemic circulation,



# SFuels.

# REFERENCES



- Jeffrey A Rothschild, Andrew E Kilding, Daniel J Plews. What Should I Eat before Exercise? Pre-Exercise Nutrition and the Response to Endurance Exercise: Current Prospective and Future Directions. Nutrients. 2020 Nov.
- Natalia Gomes Gonçalves, Stephanie Heffer Cavaletti, Carlos Augusto
  Pasqualucci, Milton Arruda Martins, Chin Jia Lin. Fructose ingestion impairs
  expression of genes involved in skeletal muscle's adaptive response to aerobic
  exercise. Genes Nutr. 2017 Dec
- Veeraj Goyaram, Tertius A Kohn, Edward O Ojuka. Suppression of the GLUT4 adaptive response to exercise in fructose-fed rats. Am J Physiol Endocrinol Metab. 2014 Feb
- K-A Lê, D Faeh, R Stettler, C Debard, E Loizon, H Vidal, C Boesch, E Ravussin, L Tappy. Effects of four-week high-fructose diet on gene expression in skeletal muscle of healthy men. Diabetes Metab. 2008 Feb
- Young-Eun Cho, Do-Kyun Kim, Wonhyo Seo, Bin Gao, Seong-Ho Yoo, Byoung-Joon Song. Fructose Promotes Leaky Gut, Endotoxemia, and Liver Fibrosis Through Ethanol-Inducible Cytochrome P450-2E1-Mediated Oxidative and Nitrative Stress. Hepatology. 2021 Jun
- 6. R J S Costa, R M J Snipe, C M Kitic, P R Gibson. Systematic review: exercise-induced gastrointestinal syndrome-implications for health and intestinal disease. Aliment Pharmacol Ther. 2017 Aug
- 7. Nicole Vargas, Frank Marino. Heat stress, gastrointestinal permeability and interleukin-6 signaling Implications for exercise performance and fatigue. Temperature (Austin). 2016 Apr
- 8. Elizabeth L.M. Barr, Paul Z. Zimmet, Timothy A. Welborn, Damien Jolley, Dianna J. Magliano, David W. Dunstan et al. Risk of Cardiovascular and All-Cause Mortality in Individuals With Diabetes Mellitus, Impaired Fasting Glucose, and Impaired Glucose Tolerance. Circulation. 2007 Jun.
- 9. Hui Pi, Haotong Zhou, Huan Jin, Yaogui Ning, Youlian Wang. Abnormal Glucose Metabolism in Rheumatoid Arthritis. Biomed Res Int. 2017 Apr.
- 10. Plews. D, Phillips. L. Coaches and Athletes Metabolic Flexibility Support Program. <a href="https://youtu.be/LOV3d3p7Aws">https://youtu.be/LOV3d3p7Aws</a> 2019 Jul.
- 11. Allison Clark, Núria Mach. Exercise-induced stress behavior, gut-microbiotabrain axis and diet: a systematic review for athletes. J Int Soc Sports Nutr. 2016 Nov.
- 12. Reetta Satokari. High Intake of Sugar and the Balance between Pro- and Anti-Inflammatory Gut Bacteria. Nutrients. 2020 May.
- 13. Yong Wang, Wentao Qi, Ge Song, Shaojie Pang, Zhenzhen Peng, Yong Li, Panli Wang. High-Fructose Diet Increases Inflammatory Cytokines and Alters Gut Microbiota Composition in Rats. 2020 Nov.
- 14. Daniel Plews. Right Fuel, Right Time Carbohydrate Manipulation to Make Every Session Count! Endure.IQ. 2022 August.
- 15. Laurie-Anne Marquet, Jeanick Brisswalter, Julien Louis, Eve Tiollier, Louise M Burke, John A Hawley, Christophe Hausswirth. Enhanced Endurance Performance by Periodization of Carbohydrate Intake: "Sleep Low" Strategy. Med Sci Sports Exercise. 2016 Apr
- 16. Samuel G. Impey, Kelly M. Hammond, Sam O. Shepherd, Adam P. Sharples, Claire Stewart, Marie Limb, Kenneth Smith, Andrew Philp, Stewart Jeromson, D. Lee Hamilton, Graeme L. Close, James P. Morton. Fuel for the work required: a practical approach to amalgamating train-low paradigms for endurance athletes. Physiological Reports. 2016 May



# REFERENCES



- 15. Samuel G Impey, Kelly M Hammond, Robert Naughton, Carl Langan-Evans, Sam O Shepherd, Adam P Sharples, Jessica Cegielski, Kenneth Smith, Stewart Jeromson, David L Hamilton, Graeme L Close, James P Morton. Whey Protein Augments Leucinemia and Postexercise p70S6K1 Activity Compared With a Hydrolyzed Collagen Blend When in Recovery From Training With Low Carbohydrate Availability. Int J Sport Nutr Exerc Metab. 2018 Nov
- 16. Fushiki T et al. Swimming endurance capacity of mice is increased by chronic consumption of medium-chain triglycerides. J Nutr. 1995 Mar
- 17. Wang Y et al. Medium Chain Triglycerides enhances exercise endurance through the increased mitochondrial biogenesis and metabolism. PLoS One. 2018 Feb
- 18. Van Zyl C G et al. Effects of medium-chain triglyceride ingestion on fuel metabolism and cycling performance. J Appl Physiol (1985) 1996 Jun
- 19. A. Yu. Lyudinina, G. E. Ivankova & E. R. Bojko . Priority use of medium-chain fatty acids during high-intensity exercise in cross-country skiers. Journal of the International Society of Sports Nutrition. 2018 Dec
- 20. J P DeLany, M Delaney Windhauser, C M Champagne, G A Bray. Differential oxidation of individual dietary fatty acids in humans. Am J Clin Nutr. 2000 Oct
- 21. E J Beckers, A E Jeukendrup, F Brouns, A J Wagenmakers, W H Saris. Gastric emptying of carbohydrate--medium chain triglyceride suspensions at rest. Int J Sports Med. 1992 Nov
- 22. Andrew J Murray, Nicholas S Knight, Sarah E Little, Lowri E Cochlin, Mary Clements, Kieran Clarke. Dietary long-chain, but not medium-chain, triglycerides impair exercise performance and uncouple cardiac mitochondria in rats. 2011 Aug
- 23. Andrew J Murray, Nicholas S Knight, Lowri E Cochlin, Sara McAleese, Robert M J Deacon, J Nicholas P Rawlins, Kieran Clarke. Deterioration of physical performance and cognitive function in rats with short-term high-fat feeding. FASEB J. 2009 Dec
- 24. Daniel Collado-Mateo, Ana Myriam Lavín-Pérez, Eugenio Merellano-Navarro, and Juan Del Coso. Effect of Acute Caffeine Intake on the Fat Oxidation Rate during Exercise: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis. Nutrients. 2020 Dec
- 25. Jeffrey A. Rothschild, Andrew E. Kilding, Sophie C. Broome, Tom Stewart, John B. Cronin, Daniel J. Plews. Pre-Exercise Carbohydrate or Protein Ingestion Influences Substrate Oxidation but Not Performance or Hunger Compared with Cycling in the Fasted State. Nutrients. 2021 Apr
- Jacob Frandsen, Stine Dahl Vest, Steen Larsen, Flemming Dela, Jørn W Helge. Maximal Fat Oxidation is Related to Performance in an Ironman Triathlon, International Journal of Sports Medicine. 2017 Nov
- Travis Nemkov Francesca Cendali, Davide Stefanoni, Janel L Martinez, Kirk C Hansen, Iñigo San-Millán, Angelo D'Alessandro. Metabolic Signatures of Performance in Elite World Tour Professional Cyclists. Sports Medicine (Auckland, NZ). 2023 Aug



# PRODUCT USAGE GUIDE





HARD-COPY PROVIDED
WITH EVERY ORDER

# VIDEO - WALK THROUGH (click here)



Right Fuel, Right Time – Carbohydrate Manipulation to Make Every Session Count!

lug 31, 2022



.....

What is carbohydrate periodization?

## **CLICK ON THIS ARTICLE**

Dr. Dan Plews blog on research and pro athlete lab test data of improved fat-oxidation efficiency, through the Right Fuel Right Time method.



ENDURE IQ



SFuels Technical Development Team Copywrite © SFuels LLC. 2023