



# Central Power Solution

Power large scale horticulture

iHP, Lower Total Cost of Ownership (TCO)

The “Makes Sense” Architecture

# iHP LED Lighting Systems

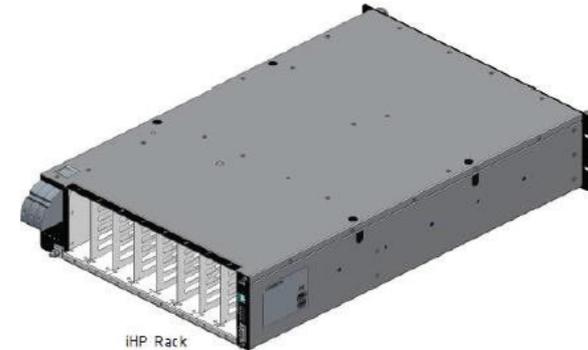
## - 12KW & 24KW Units

**Total Power:** Up to 24 KW  
**Input Voltage:** 180-264 Vac  
 342-528 Vac  
 Single Phase or  
 3-Phase  
**# of Outputs:** Up to 8



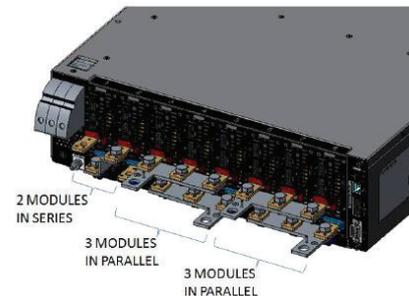
### Available Modules

Parameter	SL	SQ	ST	SW	S8	S1	S2	SA
Nominal O/P Voltage (V)	12.0	24.0	32.0	48.0	80.0	125.0	200.0	250
O/P Voltage Range (V)	0.6-14.4	1.2-28.8	1.6-38.4	2.4-57.6	4.0-96.0	6.25-150.0	10-240	12.5-300
Max Power (W)	2400	2880	2880	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000
O/P Current Range (A)	0-200	0-120	0-90	0-62.5	0-37.5	0-24	0-15	0-12

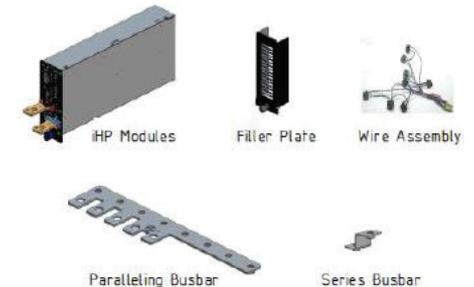


### SAFETY

- UL 60950-1 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition; EN60950-1; IEC60950-1/EN60950
- CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
- EN60601-1; IEC60601-1; IEC60601
- UL 60601-1 1<sup>st</sup> Edition; ANSI/AAMI ES60601-1 (2005 + C1:09 + A2:10) 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60601-1 (2008)
- CB Certificate and Report
- CE (LVD+RoHS), EN60950-1



Accessories can include  
 Parallel and Series bus bars



# iHP Configurable AC Inputs

1 Phase or 3 Phase / Low Line or High Line

*New  
For Canadian Market*

iHP12L1A	iHP12L3A	iHP12H3A	iHP24L3A	iHP24H3A	<b>iHP24C3A</b>
220/240 1P	208/240 3P	380/480 3P	208/240 3P	380/480 3P	<b>600 3P+N</b>

iHP AC Input Configurations

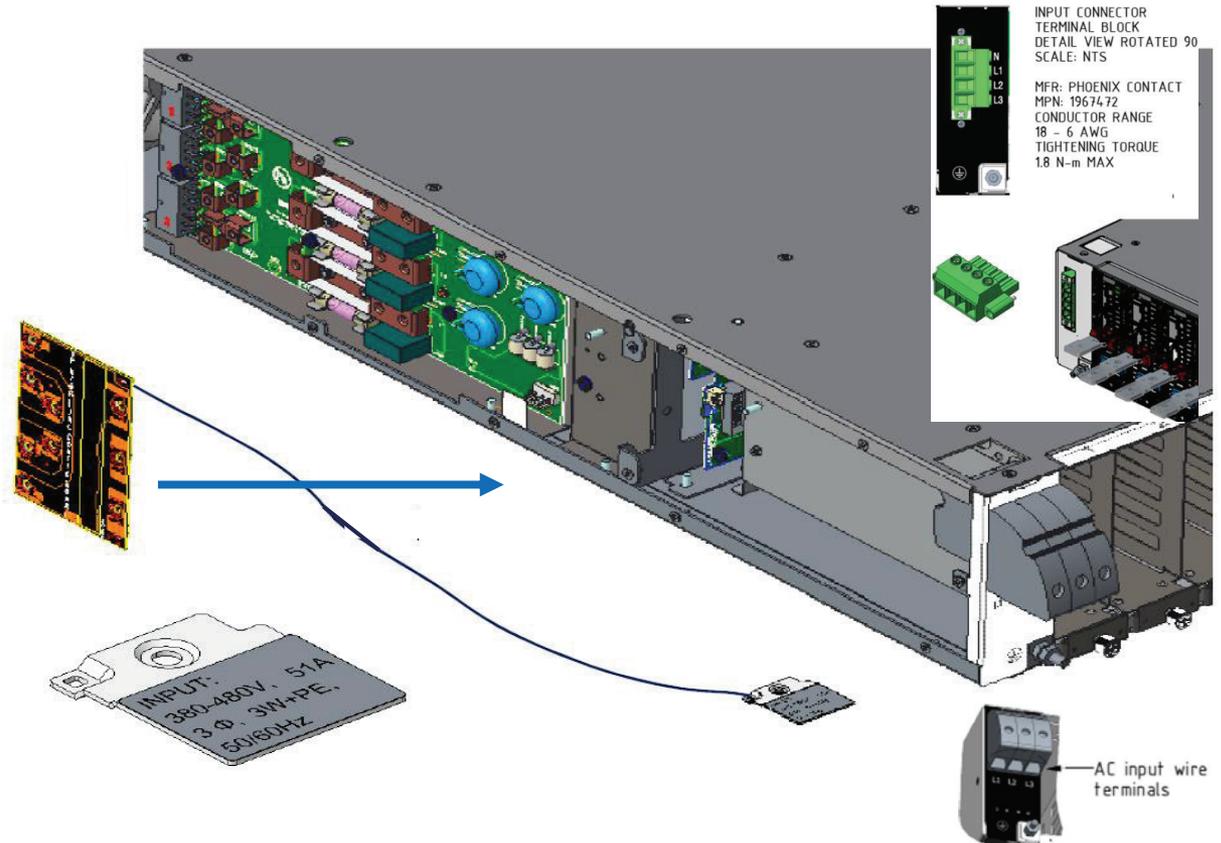
iHP AC Input Configurations

Fixed AC Input

VARs or Installers can easily configure the iHP AC inputs between 1 Phase or 3 Phase, Low Line or High Line in the field by simply changing to a different AC Config board within the iHP Chassis.

## AC Input Config Board Options

- 1 Phase LL – 73-778-002
- 3 Phase LL – 73-778-001
- 3 Phase HL – 73-778-016



# Centralized Remote DC Power System

## Low Voltage Vs. High Voltage Architecture

200 Feet of Wire =>  
 Voltage Drop =  $55.6A \times 0.039 \text{ ohms} = 2.2VDC$   
 Power Losses =  $I^2 \times R =$   
**121 Watts**

**1/0 Gauge** 150 Amps  
 Service entrance and feeder wire

**3 Gauge** 100 Amps  
 Service entrance feeder wire

**6 Gauge** 55 Amps  
 Feeder and large appliance wire

**8 Gauge** 40 Amps

200 Feet of Wire =>  
 Voltage Drop =  $12A \times 0.51 \text{ ohms} = 6.1V$   
 Power Losses =  $I^2 \times R =$   
**72Watts**

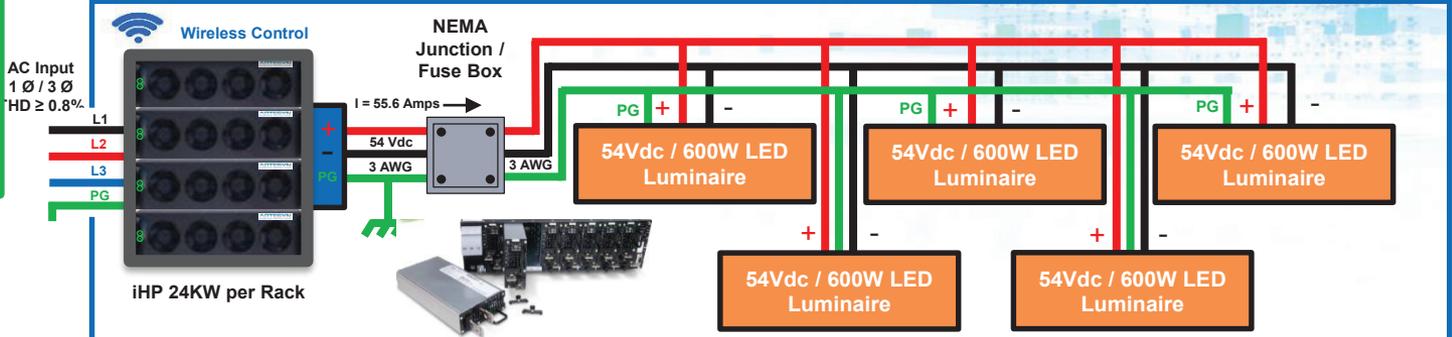
**14 Gauge** 15 Amps  
 General lighting receptacle circuit

Low Voltage  
 losses = **49 Watt**  
 = **166 BTU/HR**

**54VDC**  
**\$0.99/Foot**

**250VDC**  
**\$0.09/Foot**

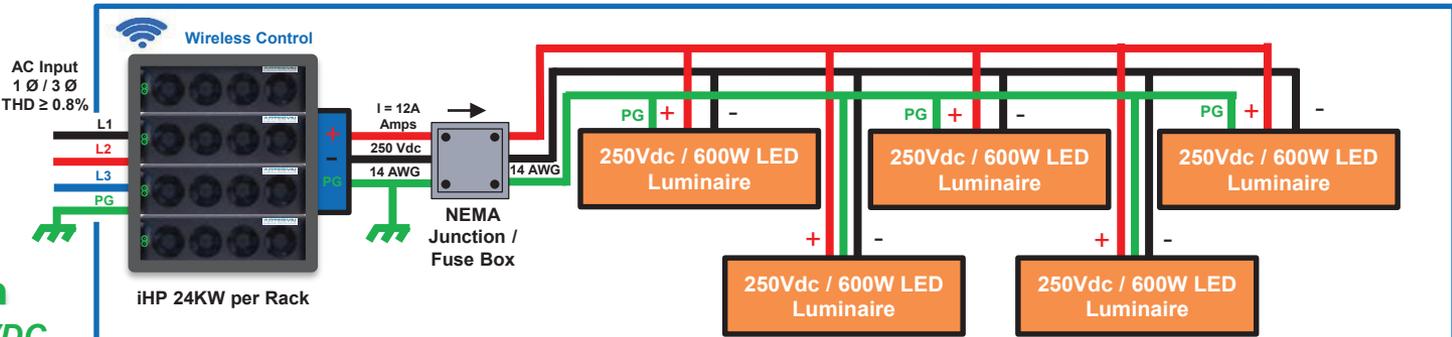
### Wiring Diagram for a 3000W, 54Vdc LED Grow Light String in Parallel Configuration



Example shown above is just (1) of the (8) iHP 3KW modules set at 54Vdc & 55A constant current:

- The iHP Remote Power Source is located outside of the grow area to eliminate the added heat source from the LED drivers, lowering cooling and energy costs.
- Higher DC output voltages reduces the wire gauge size and cuts down on the installation costs.
- Faults in parallel configuration will not shut down all the luminaires connected on the same power rail.

### Wiring Diagram for a 3000W, 250Vdc LED Grow Light String in Parallel Configuration



Example shown above is just (1) of the (8) iHP & (2) 3KW modules set at 250Vdc & 12A constant current:

- The iHP Remote Power Source is located outside of the grow area to eliminate the added heat source from the LED drivers, lowering cooling and energy costs.
- Higher DC output voltages reduces the wire gauge size and cuts down on the installation costs.
- Faults in parallel configuration will not shut down all the luminaires connected on the same power rail.

# Centralized Remote DC Power System

Standard Lower Voltage 54Vdc LED Grow Lights with High Voltage DC Architecture

200 Feet of Wire =>  
 Voltage Drop =  $55.6A \times 0.039 \text{ ohms} = 2.2VDC$   
 Power Losses =  $I^2 \times R =$   
**121 Watts**

1/0 Gauge 150 Amps  
 Service entrance and feeder wire

3 Gauge 100 Amps  
 Service entrance feeder wire  
**54VDC**  
**\$0.99/Foot**

6 Gauge 55 Amps  
 Feeder and large appliance wire

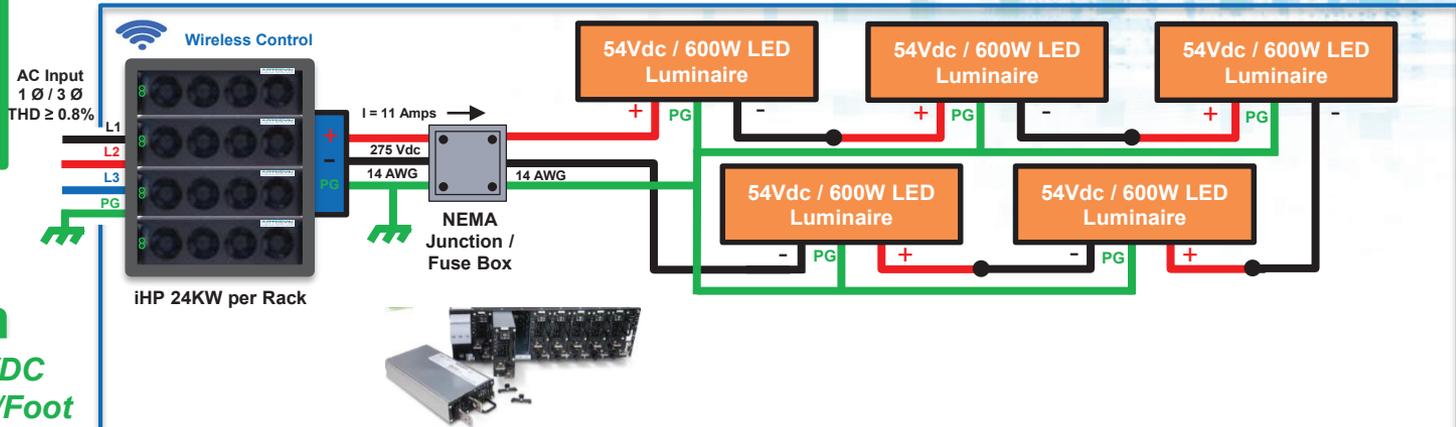
8 Gauge 40 Amps

200 Feet of Wire =>  
 Voltage Drop =  $12A \times 0.51 \text{ ohms} = 6.1V$   
 Power Losses =  $I^2 \times R =$   
**72Watts**

14 Gauge 15 Amps  
 General lighting receptacle circuit  
**270VDC**  
**\$0.09/Foot**

Low Voltage  
 losses = **49 Watt**  
 = **166 BTU/HR**

## Wiring Diagram for 54Vdc LED Grow Light String in Serial Configuration with 270Vdc Bus



Example shown above is just one of the eight iHP 3KW modules set at 270Vdc & 11A constant current:

- The iHP Remote Power Source is located outside of the grow area to eliminate the **added heat source from the LED drivers**, lowering cooling and energy costs.
- Higher DC output voltages **reduces the wire gauge size** and cuts down on the installation costs.
- Faults in serial configuration could shut down all the luminaires connected in the same serial loop.

# Why we need to stop this..... HEAT

## Power Losses for 40 - 600W LED Drivers

Typical Efficiency for LED Drivers = 95%

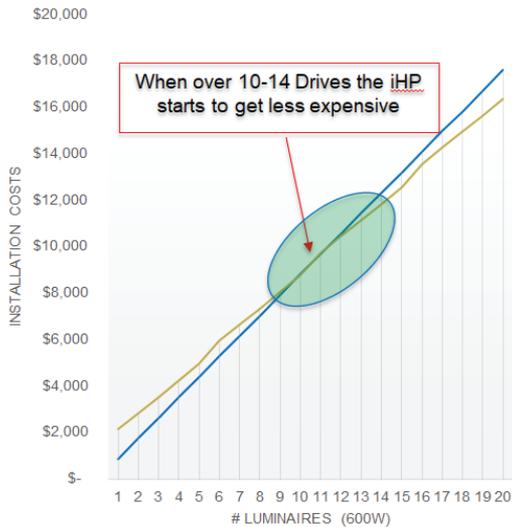
$600W \times 0.05 = 30W$  per driver

$30W \times 40$  drivers = **1200W** of heat

4,100 BTU / Hour

-added Heat Within the Grow Area

Case study to follow:



**600W Drivers**

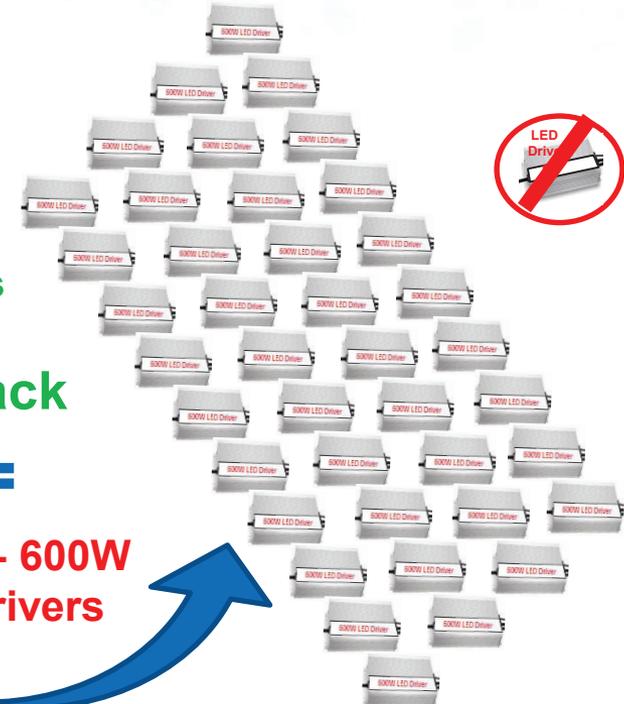


**1 module = 5- 600W drives**



**1 Rack**

**=  
40 - 600W  
Drivers**

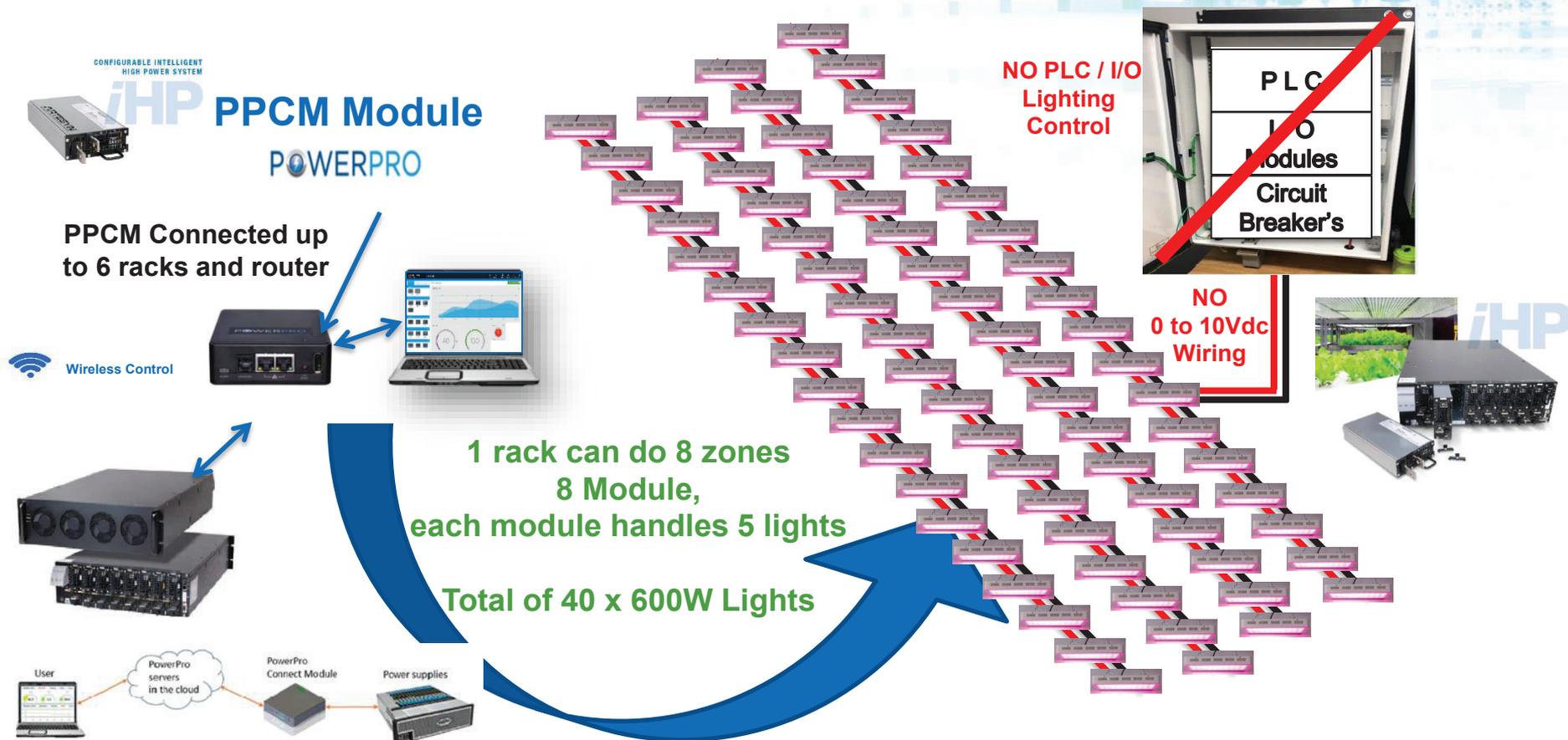


**One (1) iHP 24KW Rack, replaces Forty (40) 600 Watt LED drivers**

**- Reducing the LED light fixture heat contribution within the indoor Grow Area by 4,100 BTU / Hours.**

# Included Benefit.... Free lighting controls .....

Smart Power: Lighting Control (On-Off, Dimming and Programed Lighting Schedule)



One (1) PPCM Module, Can Provide Lighting Control (On-Off, Dimming and Programed Lighting Schedule) for 240, 600W LED Grow Lights. **Eliminating the 0 to 10Vdc Wiring and Expensive Programmable Logic Controller & Input / Output Lighting Control System.**

# iHP Digital-Off line & on Web Based Control

- Using PPCM module to control Dashboards/GUI

## Example of various Dashboards

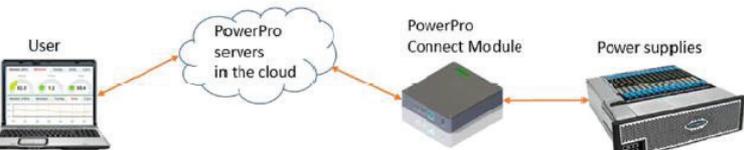


Figure 1 - "Online Mode" Connection Diagram

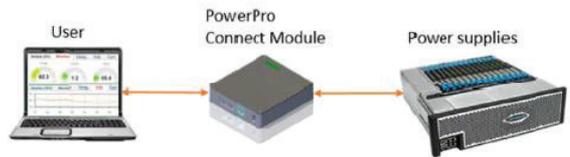
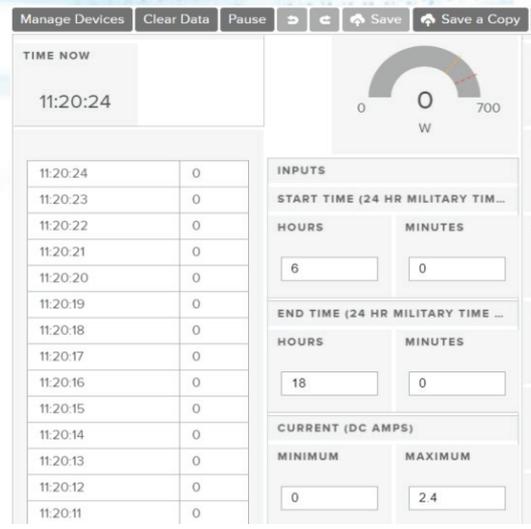
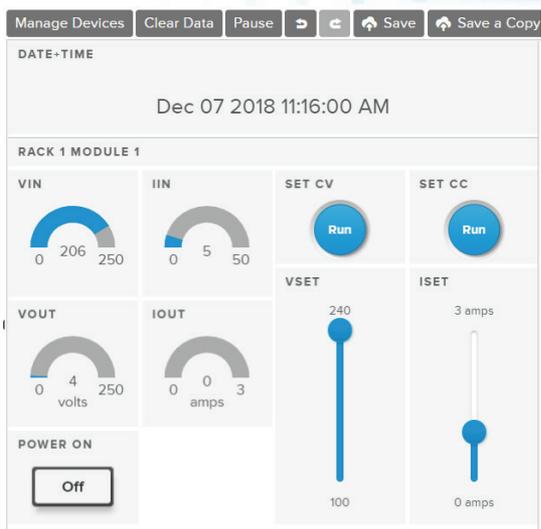
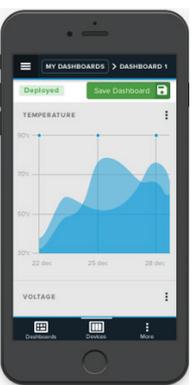


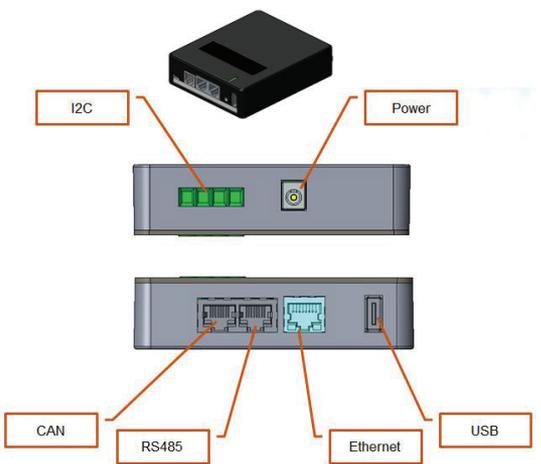
Figure 2 - "Offline Mode" Connection Diagram



## Design your own dashboard and control via mobile device



## Supports various interfaces



# iHP Analog Control

J1 Pin No.	Signal Name	Signal Type	Functions
1	0-10VEXT_VPROG	Input	Use to control the output voltage by applying 0 to 10V to this pin. This pin will function when the module is configured to Analog Voltage Source.
2	0-5VEXT_VPROG	Input	Use to control the output voltage by applying 0 to 5V to this pin. This pin will function when the module is configured to Analog Voltage Source.
3	0-10VEXT_IPROG	Input	Use to control the output current by applying 0 to 10V to this pin. This pin will function when the module is configured to Analog Current Source.
4	0-5VEXT_IPROG	Input	Use to control the output current by applying 0 to 5V to this pin. This pin will function when the module is configured to Analog Current Source.
5	Dummy Pin		
6	Dummy Pin		
7	SYS_M_INHIBIT	Input	Signal to Inhibit the module
8	SYS_RTN		Ground reference for J1 signals.
9	SYS_M_ENABLE#	Input	Signal to Enable the module
10	SYS_M_FAULT#	Output	Signal to notify user that Fault occurred.

J2 Pin No.	Signal Name	Signal Type	Functions
1	V_SNS+	Input	Signal use for module positive remote sense
2	D_RTN		Ground reference for IMON or VMON signals
3	EXT_ISENSE+	Input	Input for external resistor shunt for external current sensing application.
4	D_RTN		Ground reference for ISHARE signal
5	IMON	Output	Analog signal to report the output current in scaled value (0-10V)
6	Dummy Pin		
7	D_RTN		Ground reference for IMON or VMON signals
8	V_SNS-	Input	Signal use for module negative remote sense
9	EXT_ISENSE-	Input	Input for external resistor shunt for external current sensing application
10	ISHARE	Output	Signal for active current sharing
11	VMON	Output	Analog signal to report the output voltage in scaled value (0-10V)
12	Dummy Pin		

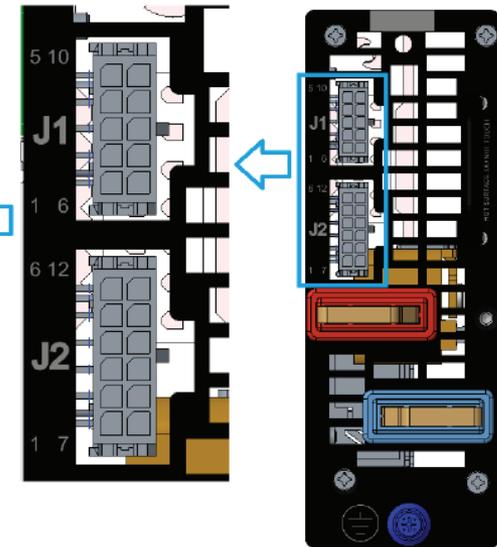


## J1 Signal

Pin#	Signal	Signal	Pin#
5	Dummy Net	SYS_M_FAULT#	10
4	0-5VEXT_IPROG	SYS_M_ENABLE#	9
3	0-10VEXT_IPROG	SYS_RTN	8
2	0-5VEXT_VPROG	SYS_M_INHIBIT	7
1	0-10VEXT_VPROG	Dummy Net	6

## J2 Signal

Pin#	Signal	Signal	Pin#
6	Dummy Net	Dummy Net	12
5	IMON	VMON	11
4	D_RTN	ISHARE	10
3	EXT_ISENSE+	EXT_ISENSE-	9
2	D_RTN	V_SNS-	8
1	V_SNS+	D_RTN	7



Example using 0-5V control.  
Both for controlling the voltage and/or current

0-5VEXT_IPROG	Corresponding Output Current	0-5VEXT_VPROG	Corresponding Output Voltage
0V	0% Nominal Output Current	0V – 0.21V	5% Nominal Output Voltage
1.25V	25% Nominal Output Current	1.25V	30% Nominal Output Voltage
2.5V	50% Nominal Output Current	2.5V	60% Nominal Output Voltage
3.75V	75% Nominal Output Current	3.75V	90% Nominal Output Voltage
5V	Nominal Output Current	4.166V	100% Nominal Output Voltage
		5V	120% Nominal Output Voltage

# Centralized Remote DC Power System

for ANY LED GROW LIGHT Installations

NO PLC / I/O  
Lighting Control



Simple 3 Wire (14AWG) Power &  
Lighting Control to Each Light  
NEMA Junction / Fuse Box

iHP Remote Power  
Wireless Control  
Cloud Base or LAN



Indoor Grow 250VDC BUS

Greenhouse

Vertical Farming



Versatile Input  
180Vac to 600Vac  
1 phase / 3 phase  
THD  $\leq$  0.80%



PPCM



Programmable  
DC Outputs  
12Vdc to 1,000Vdc

Wireless Control  
Digital – Cloud / LAN  
Analog – 0 to 10V  
Compatible with ALL  
Control Systems

Junction / Fuse Box

LED  
Strips



# Typical iHP Centralized Distributed 250VDC Installation for an Indoor Grow Facility



# Traditional AC Distribution with LED Drivers

Versus

# Centralized iHP Hi- Voltage DC Distribution

*Real case study for current customer*



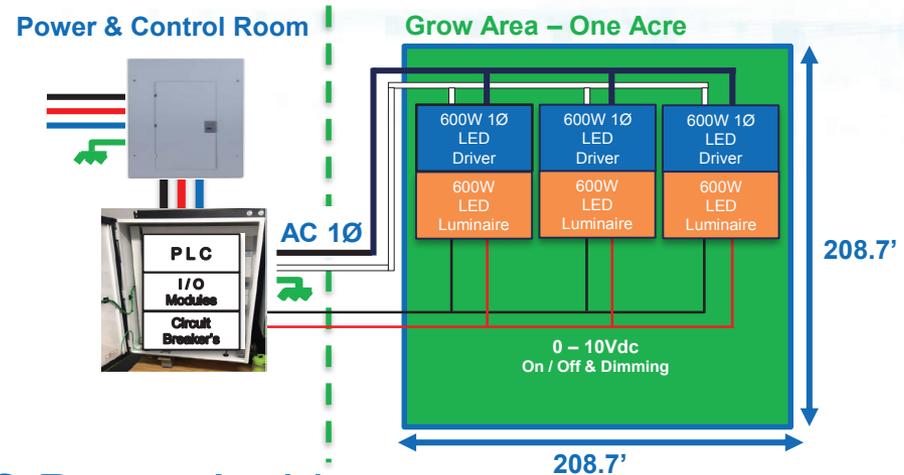
# Case Study - One Acre of Indoor Grow Area



## Traditional AC Power Distribution with LED Drivers

### Current State

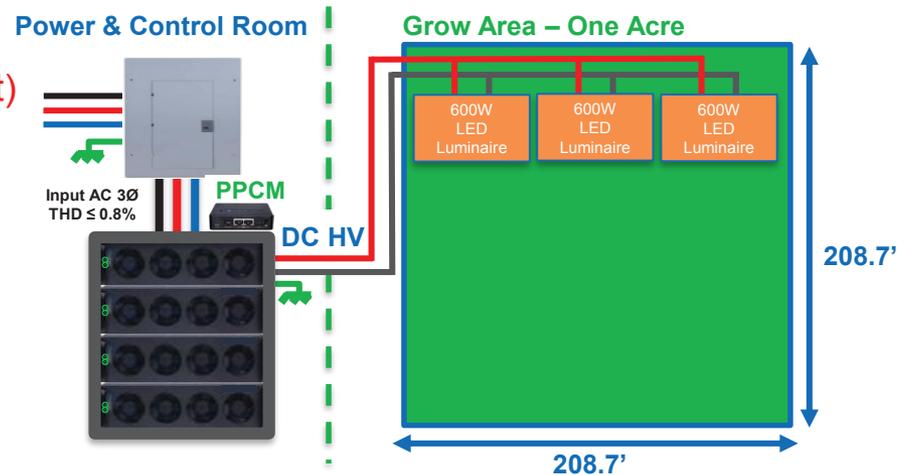
Versus



## Centralized Remote High Voltage DC Power Architecture

### Future State

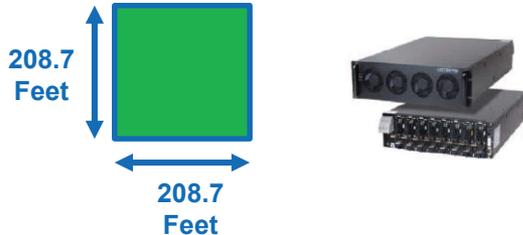
- Eliminate all of the 1Ø LED Drivers (added heat)
- Eliminate all of the Output Circuit Breakers
- Eliminate all the Input / Output Control Modules
- Eliminate the two wire (copper) going to each LED Driver for on/off & dimming control.
- Simplified Installation with iHP that Significantly Lowers the Labor & Installation Costs.



# Power System Assumptions

## iHP High Voltage DC Remote Power System

- Indoor Grow Area = One (1) Acre / 43,560 feet<sup>2</sup>

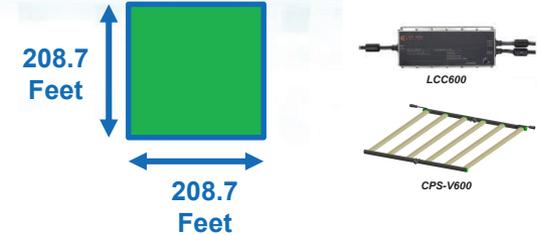


- 600W LED Grow Lights with **NO LED Driver**
  - LED Grow Lights Installed inside Grow Area, iHP DC Power System Installed Outside of the Grow Area
  - Number of LED Grow Lights Per Acre  
**1,763 LED Grow Lights**
  - Total System Output Power = 600W x 1,763 Lights  
**1,057,800 Watts**

- Per iHP 24KW Rack = **44 Racks**
- Input Voltage = 480Vac 3Ø, PF 0.98, THD ≤ 0.8%
  - Output Voltage = 250Vdc
  - Constant Power = 24,000 Watts

## Traditional AC Power Distribution with LED Drivers

- Indoor Grow Area = One (1) Acre / 43,560 feet<sup>2</sup>



- 600W LED Grow Lights **WITH LED Driver**
  - LED Grow Lights with Driver Installed inside Grow Area
  - Number of LED Grow Lights Per Acre  
**1,763 LED Grow Lights**
  - Total System Output Power = 600W x 1,763 Lights  
**1,057,800 Watts**

- Per LED Driver = **1,763 Drivers**
- Input Voltage = 480Vac 1Ø, PF 0.93, THD < 16%
  - Output Voltage = 116Vdc
  - Constant Power = 600 Watts

# Capital Expense - Lights and Controls

## iHP High Voltage DC Remote Power System

- **Power Conversion**
  - Artesyn iHP 24KW / 250Vdc Power Rack
  - Part Number – iHP24H3A-SA(8)-GS
    - Chassis – (1) 24KW High Line Chassis
    - Modules – (8) 250Vdc Modules
  - Budgetary Unit Price = \$5,500.00
  - Total Power System Price = 44 Racks x \$5,500.00
- \$242,000.00**
- **Lighting Control Software / Hardware**
  - Artesyn PowerPro Connect Module (PPCM)
  - Part Number – 73-778-000
    - PPCMs – (8) PPCM Modules
    - Lighting Control Software – Digital Scheduler
  - Unit Price - \$120.00
  - Total Control System Price = 8 PPCMs x \$120.00
- \$960.00**
- **Additional (0 to 10Vdc) Control Wiring & Labor Costs**
  - iHP has both Analog and Digital Control
    - With Digital Control (Dimming to Off)
    - NO two wire Control Wiring is Required
- \$0.00**

CapEx  
is 35% less  
cost

**Total Capital Expense = \$242,960.00 / \$0.23 per Watt**

## Traditional AC Power Distribution with LED Drivers

- **Power Conversion**
  - 600W Constant Power LED Driver
    - Wide 1Ø Input Range
    - 0 to 10Vdc (Dimming to Off)
    - 96% Efficiency
    - One Driver Per LED Grow Light
  - Estimated Unit Price = \$97.50
  - Total Power System Price = 1,763 Drivers x \$97.50
- \$171,892.50**
- **Lighting Control Software / Hardware**
  - Control Hardware / Software **for 1,763 Lights**
    - Programmable Logic Controller
    - Input / Output Modules
    - Control Software / Display
  - Estimated Unit Price = \$180,000.00
  - Total Control System Price = \$180,000.00
- \$180,000.00**
- **Additional (0 to 10Vdc) Control Wiring & Labor Costs**
  - Two wire cable = 0.30/ft. x 10,000 ft. = \$3,000.00
  - Labor cost = 80 hrs. x \$250.00 = \$20,000.00
  - Estimated Wire & Labor Cost =
- \$23,000.00**

**Total Capital Expense = \$374,892.50 / \$0.35 per Watt**

# Capital Expense

## - Additional Air Conditioning Required for Indoor & Vertical Farming

### iHP High Voltage DC Remote Power System

- **Additional AC Required within the Indoor Grow Area**
- iHP High Voltage DC Remote Power System Resides Outside of the Grow Area and **DOES NOT ADD** any Additional Heat to Indoor Grow or Vertical Farming Applications.
- iHP Power Losses within the Grow Area  
**0.00 BTUs / Hour**
- Additional AC Cooling Capacity Required within Indoor Grow or Vertical Farming Applications  
**0 Tons**
- Additional Cost for Cooling Capacity  
**\$0.00**
- **Operating Temperature - 0°C to +50°C at 100% Load**
- Air Cooled

**ENERGY  
SAVING  
of 5%**

### Traditional AC Power Distribution with LED Drivers

- **Additional AC Required within the indoor Grow Area**
- **Power Losses within the Grow Area**
  - LED Driver Efficiency = 95%
  - $600 \text{ Watts} \times 0.05 = 30 \text{ Watt of Heat Per Driver}$
  - $30 \text{ Watts} \times 1,763 \text{ LED Drivers} = \mathbf{52,890 \text{ Watts}}$
  - $1 \text{ Watt} = 3.4121 \text{ BTU / Hour}$
  - $\mathbf{52,890 \text{ Watts}} \times 3.4121 =$   
**180,466 BTUs / Hour**
  - $12,000 \text{ BTU / Hour} = 1 \text{ Ton of Cooling Capacity}$
  - Additional AC Cooling Capacity  
 $144,375 / 12,000 =$   
**15 Tons + AC**
  - Additional Cost for 12 Tons of AC + Labor =  
**\$16,500.00**

# Operating Expense for Input Saving

## Lighting Energy Costs Only (Does not include HVAC)

### iHP High Voltage DC Remote Power System

- Total Power Draw

**1,057,800 Watts**

- o iHP Efficiency = 93.5%
- o Power Factor = 0.98
- o **Total Harmonic Distortion = 0.8%**
- o Real Power KW = 1,131.34 KW
- o Reactive Power KVAR = 238.96 KVAR
- o **Apparent Power KVA = 1,156.30 KVA**

- Energy Cost Per Hour (Operation)

\$ per KW / KVA hour

- Tier 1 = \$0.10 / kWh => **\$115.63 kWh**
- Tier 2 = \$0.18 / kWh => \$208.13 kWh
- High Usage = \$0.23 / kWh => \$265.95 kWh

- Energy Cost Per Year (Operation) – 60% Usage

- \$115.63 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = **\$1.01M**
- \$208.13 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = \$1.82M
- \$265.95 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = \$2.33M

Capital Expense ROI ≤

**2.2 Years**

**ENERGY  
SAVING  
of 10%**

Annual Operating Expense =  
Energy Cost @ \$0.10 / kWh

**\$1.01M / Year**

### Traditional AC Power Distribution with LED Drivers

- Total Power Draw

**1,057,800 Watts**

- o LED Driver Efficiency = 95%
- o Power Factor = 0.93
- o **Total Harmonic Distortion = 16%**
- o Real Power KW = 1,169.15 KW
- o Reactive Power KVAR = 631.64 KVAR
- o **Apparent Power KVA = 1,280.15 KVA**

- Energy Cost Per Hour (Operation)

\$ per KW / KVA hour

- Tier 1 = \$0.10 / kWh => **\$128.02 kWh**
- Tier 2 = \$0.18 / kWh => **\$230.43 kWh**
- High Usage = \$0.23 / kWh => **\$294.43 kWh**

- Energy Cost Per Year (Operation) – 60 Usage

- \$128.02 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = **\$1.12 M**
- \$230.43 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = **\$2.02 M**
- \$294.43 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = **\$2.58 M**

Additional Energy Cost Per Year

**\$110K+**

Total Operating Expense =  
Energy Cost @ \$0.10 / kWh

**\$1.12M / Year**

# Operating Expense for Input Saving

## Lighting Energy Costs Only (includes HVAC)

### iHP High Voltage DC Remote Power System

#### ▪ Total Power Draw

**1,057,800 Watts**

- iHP Efficiency = 93.5%
- Power Factor = 0.98
- Total Harmonic Distortion = **0.8%**
- Real Power KW = 1,131.34 KW
- Reactive Power KVAR = 238.96 KVAR
- **Apparent Power KVA = 1,156.30 KVA**

#### ▪ Energy Cost Per Hour (Operation)

##### \$ per KW / KVA hour

- Tier 1 = **\$0.10 / kWh => \$115.63 kWh**
- Tier 2 = **\$0.18 / kWh => \$208.13 kWh**
- High Usage = **\$0.23 / kWh => \$265.95 kWh**

#### ▪ Energy Cost Per Year (Operation) – 60% Usage

- **\$115.63 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = \$1.01M**
- **\$208.13 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = \$1.82M**
- **\$265.95 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = \$2.33M**

**Capital Expense ROI ≤**

**1.6 Years**

**ENERGY  
SAVING  
of 15%**

**Annual Operating Expense = \$1.01M / Year**  
Energy Cost @ \$0.10 / kWh

### Traditional AC Power Distribution with LED Drivers

#### ▪ Total Power Draw

**1,057,800 W + 52,890 W = 1,110,690 W**

- LED Driver Efficiency = 95%
- Power Factor = 0.93
- Total Harmonic Distortion = **16%**
- Real Power KW = 1,113.47 KW
- Reactive Power KVAR = 663.22 KVAR
- **Apparent Power KVA = 1344.16KVA**

#### ▪ Energy Cost Per Hour (Operation)

##### \$ per KW / KVA hour

- Tier 1 = **\$0.10 / kWh => \$132.42 kWh**
- Tier 2 = **\$0.18 / kWh => \$241.95 kWh**
- High Usage = **\$0.23 / kWh => \$309.17 kWh**

#### ▪ Energy Cost Per Year (Operation) – 60 Usage

- **\$132.42 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = \$1.16M**
- **\$241.95 kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = \$2.12 M**
- **\$309.17 kWh x kWh x 14,600 hours x 0.6 = \$2.71 M**

**Additional Energy Cost Per Year at \$0.10 / kWh**

**\$150K+**

**Total Operating Expense = \$1.16M / Year**  
Energy Cost @ \$0.10 / kWh

# Centralized Power

## The “Makes Sense” Architecture for Horticulture

- **Removes LED Driver Heat from Grow Area:**  
Saves 5% energy on HVAC per one acre
- **Reduced Input Energy:** High Efficient 3Ø, low THD  $\leq 0.8\%$  Centralized Power Conversion Vs. Traditional 1Ø LED Drivers with a THD  $> 12\%$   
Saves 10% on the input energy per one acre (THD  $\leq 0.8\%$  vs. THD  $> 16\%$ )



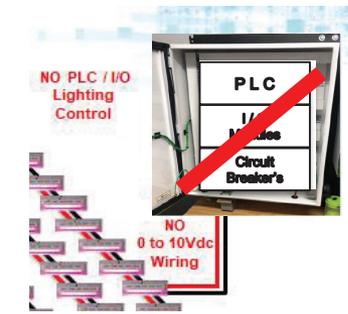
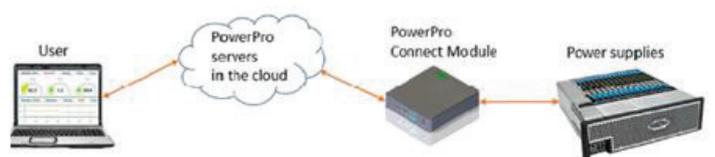
- **Use High Voltage DC Distribution:** Higher DC voltage Reduces Current and Copper Costs and have Less Overall System Losses. With 352 Zone at 49W loss per = 17,248  
Saves 1.6% using 250Vdc vs. 54Vdc

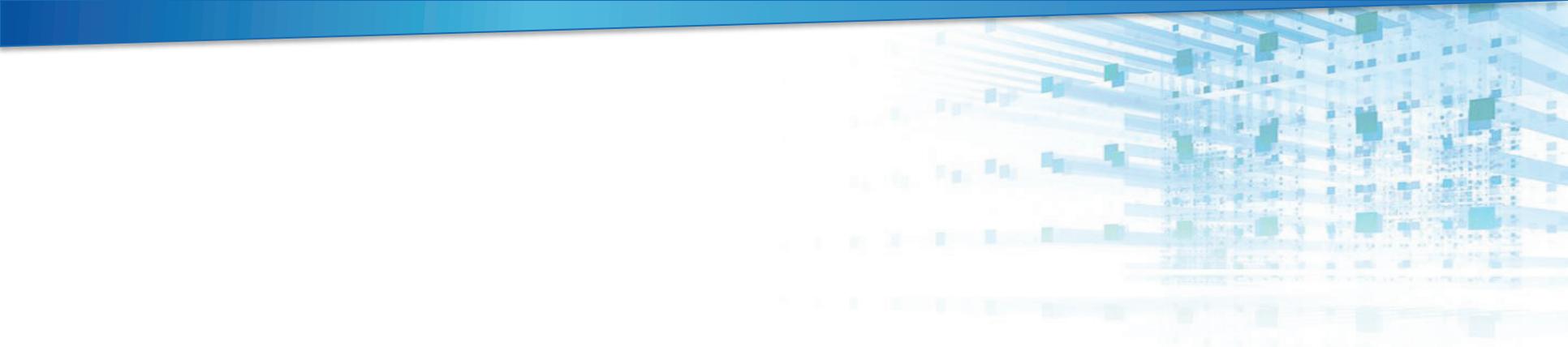
- **3KW Scalability with Complete Dimming and Scheduling Control** that can drive both VEG and Flower rooms from one power & control system  
Saves power by dimming



Light Source	Watts	Dimmability	Dimming Limit
High Pressure Sodium	100 – 500	Requires special ballast	50%
LED	43 – 170	Yes	10%

- **Eliminates Expensive PLC & I/O:** Lighting Control Systems  
Saves power - no power for the PLC needed





# Thank You For Your Time



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