

Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT) KA1224MPPT20A - KA1224MPPT40A Solar Charge Controller

User Manual





Model	KA1224MPPT20A	KA1224MPPT40A	
Battery voltage	12V/24V		
Max. solar panel voltage	100V(25℃), 90V(-25℃)		
Charging current	20A	40A	

Version: 1.04 The above information is subject to change without prior notice.

1. PRODUCT INTRODUCTION

- This product is designed to monitor the solar panels generated power and track the highest
 voltage and current values in real time. To give you the customer the advantage of charging
 your battery to its highest potential enabling the maximum power output possible from your
 battery.
- · Can be used on all types of solar panels.
- Product features an easy to read LCD display which allows you to check and adjust parameters by using the direction keys below the screen this also allows you to modify your controller to best suit your system.
- With built in self diagnostic and self fault detecting technology built into controller making it
 able to protect from damage caused by installation or system failures can be avoided at the
 greatest extent possible.

1.1 Exterior Interface

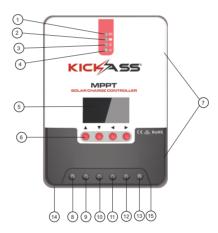


Fig. 1-1 Product appearance and interfaces

No.	Item	No.	Item
1	Charging indicator	10	Battery "+" interface
2	Battery indicator	11)	Battery "-" interface
3	Load indicator	12	Load "+" interface
4	Abnormality indicator	13	Load "-" interface
5	LCD screen	14)	External temperature sampling interface
6	Operating keys	15	RS232 communication interface
7	Installation hole		
8	Solar panel "+" interface		
9	Solar panel "-" interface		

2. INSTALLING CONTROLLER

- Take care when installing batteries, always wear correct safety equipment.
- · Keep terminals protected from foreign metal objects to ensure terminals don't short.
- · Make sure battery is sufficiently ventilated
- Keep battery away from open flames.
- Make sure battery is protected from direct sunlight, and rain/water intrusion.
- Loose connections or corrosion to the terminals can cause excessive heat which may melt wiring of installation.
- Always use insulated tools and keep hands dry when carrying out installation.
- Always follow the safety advice given by the battery manufacturer.
- · Connect the controllers earth terminal to ground.

2.1 Wiring Specifications

Wiring installation must comply with with national and local electrical specifications. The wiring specifications of the battery and loads must be selected correctly to the size of the maximum output current.

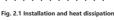
See table below for correct wiring specifications:

Model	Rated Charging Current	Rated Discharging Current	Maximum Battery Wire Diameter	Maximum Load Wire Diameter
KA1224MPPT20A	20A	20A	8AWG	8AWG
KA1224MPPT40A	40A	20A	8AWG	8AWG

2.2 Installation and Wiring

- Risk of explosion never install the controller and battery together in a sealed environment or any where that battery gas may accumulate.
- Solar panels connected in series will produce a high voltage always disconnect battery whilst connecting any wiring to controller.
- When installing controller make sure it is in a well ventilated area (see fig 2.1)







3. PRODUCT OPERATION AND DISPLAY

CHOOSING AN INSTALLATION SITE

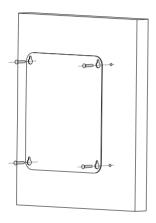
Keep controller away from direct sunlight or high temperatures.

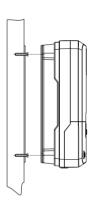
This will ensure that you get the maximum efficiency from your controller.

Make sure area is well ventilated and away from any moisture.

MOUNTING THE CONTROLLER

Using the template provided mark 4 holes on flat surface area intended for controller. Screw into flat surface and line up mounting holes on controller and hang controller.





BEFORE OPERATION

Make sure all connections are tight and secure and that all fuses and circuit breakers are ok.

If the LCD screen fails to turn on remove fuse from battery and check that all connections have been done correctly.

Once LCD screen turns on manually test that the load is switching on and off manually.



A When controller is charging always disconnect the load before disconnecting your battery. This will save you appliance from any possible damage.



⚠ Within 10 minutes after the controller stops charging, reversely connecting battery will result in damage to the controller.



A Never connect an inverter directly to the load side of the controller. Always connect your inverter directly to your battery.

3.1 LED Indicators

0#	PV array indicator Indicating the controller's current charging mode.		Indicating the controller's current charging mode.
BAT indicator Indicating the battery's current state.		Indicating the battery's current state.	
UCAD indicator Indicating the loads' On/ Off and state.		Indicating the loads' On/ Off and state.	
OA	$\overline{\mathbb{A}}$	ERROR indicator	Indicating whether the controller is functioning normally.

PV array indicator:

No.	Graph	Indicator state	Charging state
1	BULK	Steady on	MPPT charging
2	ACCEPTANCE	Slow flashing (a cycle of 2s with on and off each lasting for 1s)	Boost charging
3	FLOAT	Single flashing (a cycle of 2s with on and off lasting respectively for 0.1s and 1.9s)	Floating charging
4	EQUALIZE	Quick flashing (a cycle of 0.2s with on and off each lasting for 0.1s)	Equalizing charging
(5)	CURRENT-LIMITED	Double flashing (a cycle of 2s with on for 0.1s, off for 0.1s, on again for 0.1s, and off again for 1.7s)	Current-limited charging
6		Off	No charging

BAT indicator:

Indicator state	Battery state
Steady on	Normal battery voltage
Slow flashing (a cycle of 2s with on and off each lasting for 1s)	Battery over-discharged
Quick flashing(a cycle of 0.2s with on and off each lasting for 0.1s)	Battery over-voltage

DAD indicator:

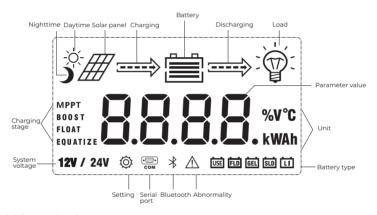
Indicator state	Battery state
Off	Load turned off
Quick flashing (a cycle of 0.2s with on and off each lasting for 0.1s)	Load overloaded/ short-circuited
Steady on	Load functioning normally

△ ERROR indicator:

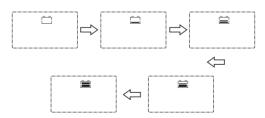
Indicator state	Battery state
Off	System operating normally
Steady on	System malfunctioning

3.2 Key Operations

	Up	Page up; increase the parameter value in setting	
	Down	Page down; decrease the parameter value in setting	
•	Return	Return to previous menu (exit without saving)	
	Set	Enter into sub-menu;set/ save Turn on/ off loads (in manual mode)	
3.3 [₋CD Startup	o and Main Interface	0000

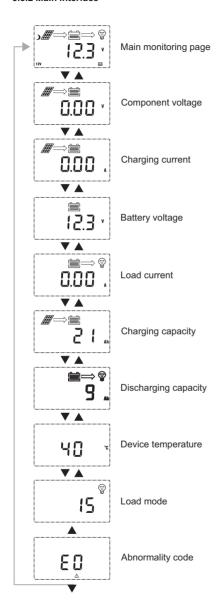


3.3.1 Startup interface



During startup, the 4 indicators will first flash successively, and after self-inspection, the LCD screen starts and displays the battery's voltage level which will be either a fixed voltage selected by

3.3.2 Main interface



3.4 Load Mode Setting Interface

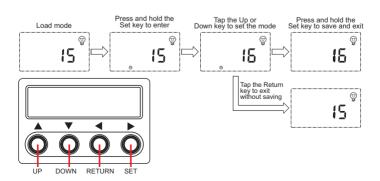
3.4.1 LOAD MODES INTRODUCTION

This controller has 5 load operating modes which will be described below:

NO.	MODE	DESCRIPTION
0	Solar light control (Night time day time load adjusting)	When no sunlight is present, after a time delay the controller will switch the load from solar to battery then when sunlight emerges the controller will switch the load back to run off the solar panel
1-14	Light control + time control 1-14 hours	When no sunlight is present, after a time delay the controller will switch the load from solar to battery. the load will be switched off after running for the desired time set
15	Manual Mode	In this mode the user can switch the load on and off manually using the control keys
16	Test Mode	This mode can be used for testing the load after installation
17	Normal On Mode	This mode allows the load to be on continuously 24 hours per day

3.4.2 LOAD MODE ADJUSTMENT

Press the set key until the load mode screen appears, then press and hold the set key to enter press the up and down key to desired setting then press and hold the set key to save and exit.



4. PRODUCT PROTECTION AND MAINTENANCE

Water Proof

Waterproof level: IP32

Input Power Limit Protection

When the solar panel exceeds the rated power the controller will limit the power of the solar panel to the rated power to prevent any excess current damaging the controller and enter into current-limited

Charging.

Battery reverse polarity protection if the battery is connected in reverse the controller will not turn on as to protect the controller from component damage.

Solar Input High Voltage Protection

If the solar panel array voltage is too high the controller will automatically shut down the panel input voltage.

Solar Input Short Circuit Protection

If the solar panel has short circuit the controller will stop working until the short is rectified then the controller will start working normally.

Solar Panel Reverse Connection

If the solar panel is reversely connected the controller will stay illuminated however there will be no power display going to the battery The controller will go back to normal operation once the wiring has been corrected.

Load Overpower Protection

When the load power exceeds the rated power value, the load will enter into delay protection.

Load Short Circuit Protection

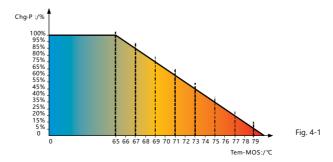
If the load is short circuited the controller will protect the load by shutting it down this can happen 5 times per day without affecting the controller users can also manually address this through accessing the abnormality codes on the system data analysis page.

Reverse Charging Protection At Night

This function will protect the battery from discharging through the solar panel at night

Over Temperature Protection

When the controller temperature exceeds the set value ,it will decrease the charging power or stop charging until the temperature has decreased, see the following diagram.



4.1 System Maintenance

To maintain the controllers performance it is recommended that the following maintenance be carried out.

- · Make sure there is enough air flow around and behind controller
- · Ensure cooling fins are free of dirt or debris.
- Check for any exposed wiring between solar panel and battery and also check the load if applicable.
- Check that indicators are working correctly and check for fault codes in data analysis page,repair faults if recorded
- · Check all terminal screws are tight and that there is no corrosion on terminals and wiring
- If the lightning arrestor has lost its efficiency replace with a new one in a timely manner.

4.2 Abnormality Display

No.	Error Display	Description	LED indication
1	EO	No abnormality	ERROR indicator off
2	E1	Battery over-discharge	BAT indicator flashing slowly ERROR indicator steady on
3	E2	System over-voltage	BAT indicator flashing quickly ERROR indicator steady on
4	E3	Battery under-voltage warning	ERROR indicator steady on
5	E4	Load short circuit	LOAD indicator flashing quickly ERROR indicator steady on
6	E5	Load overloaded	LOAD indicator flashing quickly ERROR indicator steady on
7	E6	Over-temperature inside controller	ERROR indicator steady on
8	E7	Battery over temperature	ERROR indicator steady on
9	E8	Photovoltaic component overloaded	ERROR indicator steady on
11	E10	Photovoltaic component over-voltage	ERROR indicator steady on
12	E13	Photovoltaic component reversely connected	ERROR indicator steady on
13	E15	Battery not connected or lithium battery feed protection	ERROR indicator steady on
14	E16	Battery over temperature (E7 and E16 are different in that charging and discharging have seperate upper limit protection temperature)	ERROR indicator steady on
15	E18	BMS over-current protection	ERROR indicator steady on
16	E20	Battery reverse polarity	ERROR indicator steady on

5. PRODUCT SPECIFICATION PARAMETERS

5.1 Electric Parameters

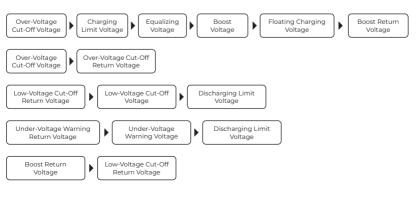
Parameter	Value		
Model	KA1224MPPT20A	KA1224MPPT40A	
System voltage	12V/24VAuto		
No-load loss	0.7 W t	o 1.2W	
Battery voltage	9V to	35V	
Max. solar input voltage	100V(25°C	C) 90V(-25°C)	
Max. power point voltage range	Battery Voltag	ge+2V to 75V	
Rated charging current	20A	40A	
Rated load current	20)A	
Max. capacitive load capacity	1000	00uF	
Max. photovoltaic system input power	260W/12V 520W/24V	550W/12V 1100W/24V	
Conversion efficiency	≤9	8%	
MPPT tracking efficiency	>9	9%	
Temperature compensation factor	-3mv/°C/2	V (default)	
Operating temperature	-35℃	to +45°C	
Protection degree	IP32		
Weight	1.4Kg 2Kg		
Communication method	RS232		
Altitude	≤ 3000m		
Product dimensions	210*151*59.5mm 238*173*72.5mm		

5.2 Battery Type Default Parameters (parameters set in monitor software)

PLEASE NOTE: you can access very basic user setup without bluetooth module but to access all will need the module or remote screen

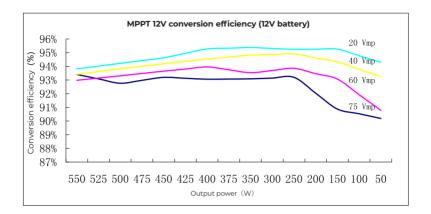
Parameters cross-reference table for different types of batteries					
Battery type setting	SLD	GEL	FLD	LI	USE
Battery type	Sealed lead-acid battery (AGM)	Gel lead-acid battery	Open lead-acid battery	Li Battery	User (self-customized)
Over-voltage cut-off voltage	16.0V	16.0V	16.0V		9~17V
Equalizing voltage	14.6V		14.8V		9~17V
Boost voltage	14.4V	14.2V	14.6V	14.4V	9~17V
Floating charging voltage	13.8V	13.8V	13.8V		9~17V
Boost return voltage	13.2V	13.2V	13.2V		9~17V
Low-voltage cut-off return voltage	12.6V	12.6V	12.6V	12.6V	9~17V
Under-voltage warning return voltage	12.2V	12.2V	12.2V		9~17V
Under-voltage warning voltage	12.0V	12.0V	12.0V	11.1V	9~17V
Low-voltage cut-off voltage	11.1V	11.1V	11.1V		9~17V
Discharging limit voltage	10.6V	10.6V	10.6V		9~17V
Over-discharge time delay	5s	5s	5s		1~30s
Equalizing charging duration	120 minutes		120 minutes		0∼600 minutes
Equalizing charging interval	30 days	0 days	30 days		0~250D (0 means the equalizing charging function is disabled)
Boost charging duration	120 minutes	120 minutes	120minutes		10∼600 minutes

When selecting User, the battery type is to be self-customized, and in this case, the default system voltage parameters are consistent with those of the sealed lead-acid battery. When modifying battery charging and discharging parameters, the following rule must be followed:

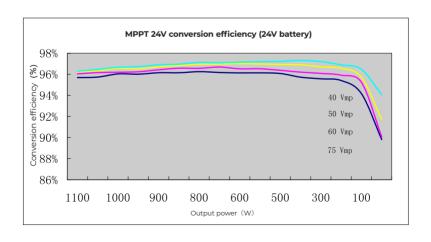


6. CONVERSION EFFICIENCY CURVE

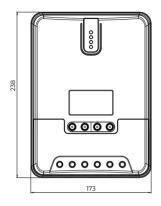
6.1 12V System Conversion Efficiency

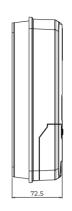


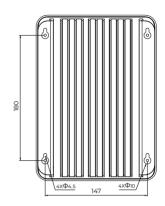
6.2 24V System Conversion Efficiency

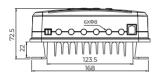


7. PRODUCT DIMENSIONS





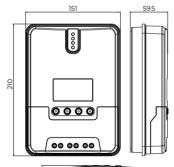


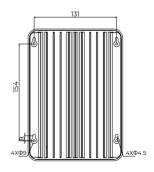


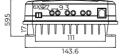
KA1224MPPT40A

Product dimensions: 238*173*72.5mm

Hole positions: 180*147mm Hole diameter: Φ3mm Applicable wire: max. 8 AWG







KA1224MPPT20A

Product dimensions: 210*151*59.5mm

Hole positions: 154*131mm Hole diameter: Φ3mm Applicable wire: max. 8 AWG