## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Softwood Lye US

Section 1. Identification

#### **GHS** product identifier : Softwood Lye US **Product code** : 4020 Product type : Liquid. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Identified uses** Treatment of wood Indoor use **Supplier's details** : WOCA USA 2670 North Berkeley Lake Road, Suite 7 Duluth, Georgia 30096 USA Tel: +1 800 242 8160 info@wocadenmark.com **Emergency telephone** : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours per day / 7 days per week) number (with hours of operation) Section 2. Hazards identification **OSHA/HCS** status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). **Classification of the** : CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 substance or mixture SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 **GHS** label elements **Hazard pictograms** Signal word : Danger **Hazard statements** May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. **Precautionary statements** : Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep only in **Prevention** original packaging. Wash thoroughly after handling. : Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air Response and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. : Store locked up. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Storage **Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Hazards not otherwise None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 6 October 2022

classified

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## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Calcium hydroxide	≤10	1305-62-0
sodium hydroxide	≤5	1310-73-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

	eary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
<u>Most important symp</u>	toms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/	<u>symptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.

## Section 4. First aid measures

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
: No specific treatment.
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	<u>tiv</u>	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from acids. Keep away from metals. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Calcium hydroxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
sodium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022). C: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

CEIL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	<ul> <li>If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.</li> </ul>
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>Ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: White
Odor	: Faint odor.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 13 to 14
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.

products

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Flash point	:		Closed cup			Open cup		
	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Metho	a °C	°F	Method	
	octamethylcyclotetrasiloxa	ine 56	132.8					
	(2-methoxymethylethox propanol	(y) 75	167	ISO 1523	;			
	propylidynetrimethanol	172	341.6					
Evaporation rate	: Not available.		_ <b>!</b>					
Flammability	: Not available.							
ower and upper explosion mit/flammability limit	: Not available.							
/apor pressure	:	Vapo	r Press	ure at 20°	C Va	Vapor pressure at 50°C		
	Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Metho	d mm Hg	kPa	Method	
	water	23.8	3.2		<b>v</b>			
	octamethylcyclotetrasiloxa		0.13					
Polativo vanor doncity	propylidynetrimethanol Not available.	0	0	-				
elative vapor density elative density	Not available.							
ensity	: 1.07 to 1.1 g/cm <sup>3</sup>							
Solubility in water	: Not available.							
Partition coefficient: n-								
octanol/water	: Not applicable.							
Auto-ignition temperature	: Ingredient name		°C	c	°F	Method		
	(2-methoxymethyletho	oxy)propanol	207	4	04.6	EU A.15		
	Cellulose, 2-hydroxye	Cellulose, 2-hydroxyethyl ether 380 716			16			
	octamethylcyclotetras	loxane	384 to	387 7	23.2 to 728.6	ASTM E 65	9	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.					1		
/iscosity	: Not available.							
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.							
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size	: Not applicable.							
Section 10. Stabilit	y and reactiv	vity						
Reactivity	: No specific test dat	ta related to	o reactiv	rity availab	le for this p	roduct or i	ts ingredient	
Chemical stability	: The product is stat	ole.						
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal cond	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.						
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.	No specific data.						
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incomp acids metals							
Hazardous decomposition	: Under normal cond	litions of st	orage ai	nd use, ha	izardous de	compositio	on products	

not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Calcium hydroxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	7340 mg/kg	-

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Conclusion/Summary Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Calcium hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 ug	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 %	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 %	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

_		
S	ki	n
0	<b>N</b>	

: Causes severe burns.

Eyes

#### : Causes serious eye damage.

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

#### Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### Acute toxicity estimates

**Fertility effects** 

•	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)		(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Calcium hydroxide	7340	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Calcium hydroxide	Acute LC50 33884.4 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Clarias gariepinus - Fingerling	96 hours
sodium hydroxide	Acute EC50 40.38 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 <180 mg/l Acute LC50 125 ppm Fresh water	Fish Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **Disposal methods**
- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1824	UN1824	UN1824	UN1824	UN1824
UN proper shipping name	Sodium hydroxide solution	SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	HIDROXIDO DE SODIO EN SOLUCION	SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION	Sodium hydroxide solution
Transport hazard class(es)	8 Concestr	8	8	8	8
Packing group	П	П	П	П	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

DOT Classification	<ul> <li>Reportable quantity 20500.3 lbs / 9307.2 kg [2266.1 gal / 8578 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. Limited quantity Yes.</li> <li>Packaging instruction Exceptions: 154. Non-bulk: 202. Bulk: 242. Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: 1 L. Cargo aircraft: 30 L. Special provisions B2, IB2, N34, T7, TP2</li> </ul>
TDG Classification	<ul> <li>Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8).</li> <li><u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 1</li> <li><u>Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index</u> 1</li> </ul>
IMDG	: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-B

Section 14. Transp	ort information
ΙΑΤΑ	: <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: 851. Cargo Aircraft Only: 30 L. Packaging instructions: 855. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 0.5 L. Packaging instructions: Y840. <u>Special provisions</u> A3, A803
Special precautions for user	: <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TS	SCA 4(a) final test i	rules: octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane
	т	SCA 8(a) PAIR: (2-n	nethoxymethylethoxy)propanol; octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane
	т	SCA 8(a) CDR Exer	npt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	CI	ean Water Act (CW	/A) 311: sodium hydroxide
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: No	ot listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: No	ot listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: No	ot listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: No	ot listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: No	ot listed	
<u>SARA 302/304</u>			
Composition/information	<u>on ing</u>	<u>redients</u>	
No products were found.			
SARA 304 RQ	: No	ot applicable.	
SARA 311/312			
Classification	SKI	RROSIVE TO META N CORROSION - C RIOUS EYE DAMA(	Category 1
Composition/information	<u>on ing</u>	redients	
Name		%	Classification

Name	%	Classification	
Calcium hydroxide	≤10	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	
sodium hydroxide	≤5	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; SODIUM HYDROXIDE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE</li> </ul>
New York	: The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; SODIUM HYDROXIDE; TITANIUM DIOXIDE</li> </ul>

## Section 15. Regulatory information

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Pennsylvania
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: The following components are listed: CALCIUM HYDROXIDE; SODIUM HYDROXIDE; TITANIUM OXIDE

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

•		Maximum acceptable dosage level
Titanium dioxide	_	-

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Ingredient name Not listed.

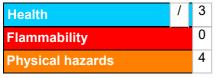
#### Inventory list

Canada	: All components a
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federa
United States	: All components a

- All components are listed or exempted.
- **Russian Federation inventory**: Not determined.
- : All components are active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

#### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

revision

Classification		Justification	
CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1		On basis of test data On basis of test data On basis of test data	
<u>History</u>			
Date of printing	: 6 October 2022		
Date of issue/Date of	: 6 October 2022		

## Section 16. Other information

Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.