★★ SET 10



Written by Jan Polkinghorne. Illustrated by Trent Lambert.



### Learning to read

SPELD SA Phonic Books support the teaching of reading by using a structured synthetic phonics approach. They are designed to build on the pre-reading skills of oral language and phonological awareness needed for reading success. The books support the learning of letter-sounds and blending in a sequential phonic order, helping students to develop their independent decoding skills. The books also contain limited high frequency words that need to be taught before reading the book. The questions and activities focus on increasing a student's vocabulary and fluency and encourage the student to make deeper connections with the author's message.

### Showdown (153 words)

#### Before reading the book, use the practice page to:

#### 1. Revise the alternative spellings for sounds

#### 2. Teach the blending of letter-sounds in regular words

The student points to each letter or combination of letters, saying the sound they represent. Swipe left to right under the letters, saying the sounds quickly and smoothly together to read the word. e.g. s-ur-p-r-i-se is 'surprise'; a-pp-l-au-d is 'applaud'.

During single word practice, check that the student understands the meaning of the word. If the student is having difficulty hearing the word when blending:

- repeat the sounds more than once in succession to help the student 'hear' the word
- model stretching the sounds together without pauses, e.g. nnnniiiiiip, is 'nip'
- use letter tiles and push them together while saying the sounds.

#### 3. Teach the high frequency words

Tell the student the words and determine any 'tricky' parts by breaking up the word into its sounds. Many high frequency words will be able to be sounded out later as the student learns more sounds and how they are written.

### Reading tips

A combination of letters can represent a sound, such as in boat (b-oa-t), song (s-o-ng), fern (f-er-n), shout (sh-ou-t), or night (n-igh-t).

A sound can be written as different letters or letter combinations, such as the sound /ai/ in 'rain', 'play', 'make', the sound /ee/ in 'sleep', 'heat', 'happy' and the sound /ou/ in 'shout' and 'brown'.

A letter or letter combination can also represent different sounds, such as <ow> in 'how' and 'grow' or <y> in 'yellow','try' and 'mystery'.

Words can contain split vowel digraphs, such as in 'make', 'eve', 'bite', 'note' and 'tune'.

The suffix (ed) can represent the sound /d/ as in 'rubbed', /t/ as in 'packed' and /id/ as in 'landed'.

Words can contain schwa vowel sounds. The schwa is pronounced as an /uh/ sound, such as in, 'Nana', 'butter', 'across', 'the'. Explore with the student which part of the word has the schwa sound by breaking the word into its sounds. Take note of how the schwa sound is spelt.

# **Practice page**

Set 10 includes words with alternate spellings for the sounds /oa/, /ou/, /er/, /ue/, /oo/ and /or/.

### Practise blending sounds in words

ow /oa/	show	Crows	slow
ow /ou/	down	Power	crowd
ir /er/	third		
ur /er/	surprise	turn	
ew /ue/	new		
au /or/	applaud		
al /or/	ball		
Revision	lead	seconds	streak

## Practise high frequency words

to	of	the	was	could	two
give		what		half	minutes
qua	rter	last		score	wasn't

### Vocabulary

The words on this page can be used to help the student's comprehension before, during or after reading the book. Link the meanings of words with what the student already knows, show examples or have students act out the words.

**showdown** - a contest or conflict to settle a long-standing

argument; a derby game in Australian Rules football between South Australian teams The Adelaide Crows

and Port Adelaide Power.

- the town people were excited about the game

applauded - clapped to encourage or praise

versus - the opposing teams

fired up - when a player is very keen to start the game

winning streak - when a team has won several games in a row

**a nail-biter** - (slang) a very close finish to a match

## Help with syllable

com/plete/ly pow/er app/laud/ed sur/prise

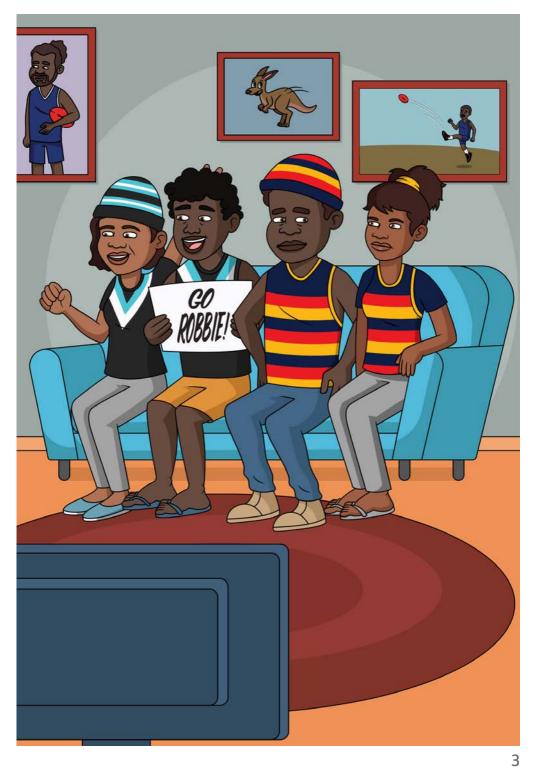




The town buzzed. It was Showdown time again — Crows versus Power, May 2018. The Port Power home crowd applauded their players as the game started.

The first half was slow and boring but the second half was like a completely new game. Port Power fired up and cut the Crows' 21-point lead. Then Robbie Gray kicked two goals to give Power the lead at the end of the third quarter.





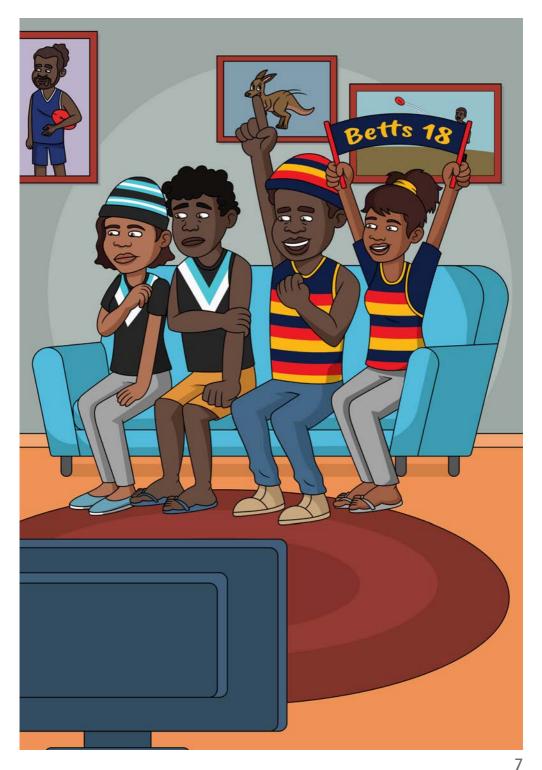
In the last quarter, Crows had all of the ball, but they could not score. With three minutes to go, Power seemed like the winners. But it wasn't over yet!





Crows kicked three quick goals to turn the game around. With 42 seconds on the clock, Crows now looked set to win! What a nail-biter!







A surprise twist saw Power player, Steven Motlop, kick the winning goal. Power fans went crazy! The win ended the Crows' five-game winning streak over Port Power.

## From blending to fluency

To develop fluency, the student needs to re-read the same book multiple times. Students might initially sound out every word and re-read every sentence but, with practice, blending will become more automatic. The fluency chart can be used to develop automaticity of blending by providing single word blending practice.

While reading the book, the student:

- blends the sounds of each unknown word in the sentence
- identifies and reads high frequency words
- re-reads the sentence from the beginning
- discusses the meaning of the sentence

When finished, the student needs to re-read the whole book and practise reading the same book until they can read at a steady pace with minimal sounding out.

### Making connections - questions and discussion

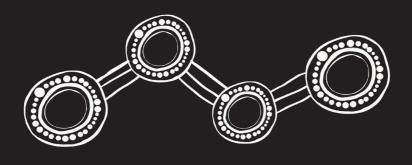
After the student has read the book, or the relevant page, ask them one or more of the following questions and discuss:

- 1. Which team won? Who kicked the winning goal?
- 2. Which team had won the last five Showdowns before this one?
- 3. How many quarters are in a football game?
  Can you fold a piece of paper into 4 equal parts?
- 4. Find these phrases in the story and read them again: 'all of the ball', 'looked set to win' and 'fired up'. Discuss the meaning of the phrases.
- 5. Can you show how the Power fans might have celebrated at the end of the game when they 'went crazy'?



# Fluency chart

now	new	May	they
show	nail	ball	goal
lead	turn	crowd	game
slow	point	third	biter
Power	kicked	Crows	crazy
buzzed	surprise	streak	applaud



#### Cover artwork by Elizabeth Close

Elizabeth Close is an Anangu woman from the Pitjantjatjara and Yankunytjatjara language groups in the APY Lands in outback South Australia. She was born in Adelaide and spent much of her upbringing in remote communities, learning her language and receiving cultural education.

'This artwork represents the literacy and numeracy learning journey, and the path towards independent learning. The circles represent the collaborative learning and supports around children with specific learning difficulties, including children, schools, families, SPELD SA and others.' Elizabeth Close, Artist.

#### About this series

The SPELD SA Phonic Book Series complements the teaching of reading and writing using a structured synthetic phonics approach. SPELD SA aims to help Aboriginal students engage with phonic books by having characters, content and settings that reflect Aboriginal communities. In developing this series, SPELD SA has consulted with people who live and work in the Anangu, Pitjantjatjara Yankunytjatjara (APY) Lands. We understand that the content, settings and characters may not reflect all Aboriginal people and their experiences but hope that Aboriginal students learning to read can find some familiarity in and connection with these books in their literacy journey.

Each set of books introduces a group of sounds for students to blend to read words. The books with a single star icon on the front cover contain a lower word count and less high frequency words. The books with two stars contain a higher word count, a greater number of high frequency words and/or more complex word structure. Please consider your student's ability when choosing a book for them to read. For a comprehensive explanation of the structure of the series, please refer to the SPELD SA website.

#### **Acknowledgments**

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SPELD SA is grateful for the contributions of volunteers for: consultation and project development; writing texts, comprehension questions, charts and games; illustrating, photography and graphic design; character development and cultural advice; speech and language advice. This is a wide community project, with talents, expertise and knowledge being shared for a common purpose – to improve literacy. Thank you all.

Book design by Tricia Smith Design, compilation and additional design by Janet Stone.

SPELD SA Phonic Books follow the sequence of letter-sounds used in the Jolly Phonics synthetic phonics program. The books can be used with other phonics programs.

Set 1 s, a, t, p, i, n

Set 2 c, k, ck, e, h, r, m, d

Set 3 **g, o, u, l, f, b** 

Set 4 ai, j, oa, ie, ee, or

Set 5 **z, w, ng, v, oo** (book), **oo** (room)

Set 6 y, x, sh, ch, th (think), th (that)

Set 7 qu, ou, oi, ue, er, ar

Set 8 y (sunny), a (apron), a-e (cake), e (female), e-e (eve), i (silent), i-e (kite), o (open), o-e (home), u (student), u-e (tune)

Set 9 **ay** (play), **ey** (they), **oy** (toy), **y** (mystery), **ea** (dream), **ie** (chief), **y** (dry), **igh** (night)

Set 10 oe (toe), ow (rainbow), ow (now), ir (bird), ur (turn), ew (few), au (launch), aw (paw), al (talk)



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