

National Optical & Scientific Instruments Inc. 6508 Tri-County Parkway Schertz, Texas 78154 Phone (210) 590-9010 Fax (210) 590-1104

INSTRUCTIONS FOR

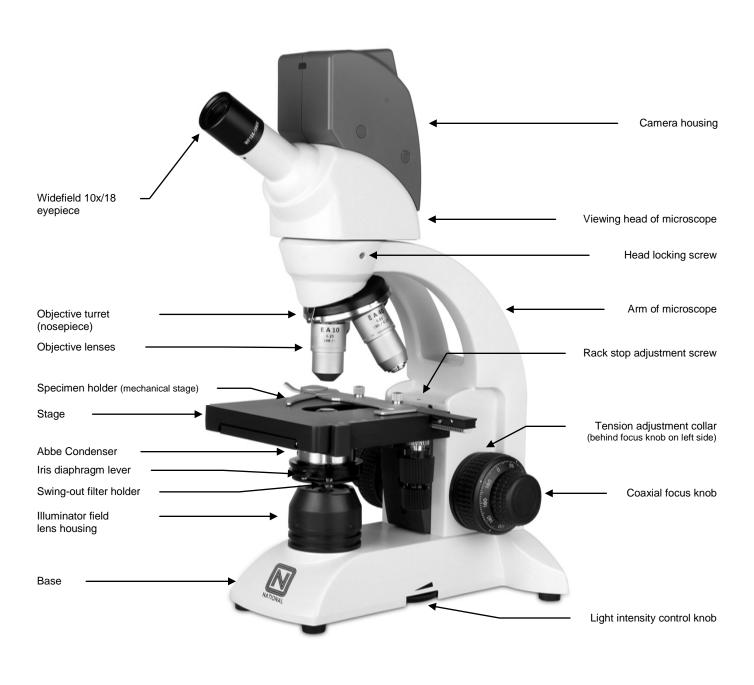
MODEL DCX-213-RLED MODEL DCX-214-RLED

COMPOUND BIOLOGICAL MICROSCOPE WITH WIFI CAMERA

(Manual for microscope and WiFi camera operation only)

<u>Microscope serial number</u>: This number is on a label located under the base of the microscope. It is the number under which your warranty is registered.







For optimum viewing satisfaction, follow these simple procedures. Nomenclature used to describe components and controls can be identified by referring to the diagram at left.

UNPACKING

The microscope and accessories have been carefully packed to assure they reach you in the best possible condition. Examine packing material before you discard it. **Retain the styrofoam container in case you need to transport, store, or return the microscope for service.** If it becomes necessary to ship the microscope for any reason, pack it in the styrofoam container, and then pack the styrofoam in another corrugated shipping container for optimum protection. Use of the styrofoam alone will not provide adequate protection in transit, and will void your warranty.

Always handle and move microscope by securely holding the arm of microscope. Avoid touching any of the lens surfaces while handling the microscope. Dust, dirt, or fingerprints can damage the delicate lens surfaces or adversely affect image quality.

Model DCX-213/214-RLED: Stand with head, one WF10x eyepiece, 4x, 10x, 40x and 100x objectives (100x on DCX-214-RLED only), condenser, recharger, specimen holder, dustcover, 2mm "L" hex wrench (for rack stop adjustment), 0.90mm "L" hex key wrench (for eyepiece socket set screw and for lamp replacement), USB cord, USB power adapter (5V), and calibration slide.

MOTICONNECT APP DOWNLOAD

- In preparation for using the DCX-213/214-RLED, you may wish to download and install the free MotiConnect app.
 The MotiConnect app can be downloaded from either the Google Play Store or Apple App Store, depending on
 whether you are using an Android or Apple device.
- 2. Instructions for the MotiConnect app can be found within the application through help button. Further instruction available from Motic and National Optical YouTube pages online.
- 3. Your WiFi camera also has built in software, which is accessible by typing in the cameras IP address in your web browser. These instructions are covered in WiFi Camera Operation section of this manual.
- 4. If you would like to connect the WiFi camera to a wireless enabled laptop or computer, go to the National Optical website. On the website, you will need to register your product first and then you will be able to download the Motic Images software. Instructions on connecting to your wireless enabled laptop or desktop are covered in the Wifi Camera Operation section of this manual.

DESCRIPTION OF COMPONENTS

- 1. EYEPIECES (ocular lens) Lens closest to the eye, magnifies the primary image formed by the objective lens. One eyepiece is equipped with a "pointer" that rotates as the eyepiece is turned and one eyepiece without pointer.
- 2. OBJECTIVE TURRET (nosepiece) Revolving turret which holds objective lenses, permits changes of magnification by rotating different powered objective lenses into optical path.
- 3. OBJECTIVE LENS Lens closest to the object being viewed, forms first magnified image of the specimen.
- 4. MECHANICAL STAGE Permits precise, mechanical manipulation of the specimen slide.
- 5. STAGE Platform of the microscope where the specimen slide is placed.
- 6. CONDENSER LENS 1.25 N.A. Abbe condenser lens positioned under center of stage, condenses light rays from substage illumination and fills the back lens element of objective lens to improve image resolution.
- 7. IRIS DIAPHRAGM Iris opening is controlled by lever, designed to help achieve optimum resolution of the objective lens. Larger apertures used for higher magnifications, and smaller apertures used for lower magnifications. Iris is protected by a frosted glass covering.
- 8. FILTER HOLDER Attached to bottom of iris diaphragm with swing out built in neutral filter. Swing out filter should be removed from optical path when using 40x and 100x objective lens.
- SAFETY RACK STOP When properly adjusted, controls maximum upward travel of stage. Prevents higher power
 objectives from breaking specimen slides, prevents damage to objective lenses. This stop has been pre-adjusted at
 the factory.

- 10. FOCUSING KNOBS Coaxial focusing system combines both the coarse and fine focus knobs on same shaft located on each side of arm. Raise or lower stage to bring specimen into focus.
- 11. ILLUMINATION Built-in substage electric LED illuminator provides constant, reliable, pre-focusing illumination equal to a 20 watt tungsten bulb. Powered by 3 rechargeable AA nickel metal hydride batteries, no power outlet or electrical cord are needed.
- 12. CAMERA HOUSING Built-in WiFi camera with USB port on back for powering camera only.

ASSEMBLY

1. Eyepieces:

Remove the dust caps from eyepiece tubes. Using .90mm "L" hex wrench, loosen silver colored hex socket screw, located approx. 2.5mm from top edge of tube. On tube with diopter adjustment, loosen only the silver colored hex socket set screw located approx. 2.5 mm below top of tube. Insert eyepieces and tighten silver colored hex socket set screws.

2. Specimen holder:

Rotate coarse focusing knob to move stage platform to its lowest position. Remove two knurled screws from mechanical stage platform. Place specimen holder on stage and using the two knurled locking screws, attach specimen holder to mechanical stage

OPERATION

- 1. Place microscope directly in front of you in a manner which permits you to comfortably look into the eyepiece. Note that the head of microscope rotates 360°, permitting you to operate the microscope from the front or from the back, whichever is most convenient for you. It also permits convenient sharing of microscope by more than one user, by simply rotating head, without needing to move entire microscope.
- 2. Assure that light is available for illuminating the specimen.
 - a. Your microscope has special LED illumination that is powered by 3 rechargeable AA nickel metal hydride batteries (supplied). These batteries may be recharged, as required, using the recharger (supplied). Each set of batteries may be recharged approximately 500 times before replacing, and each charge will provide up to 50 hours of microscope operation. The LED component (bulb) will last for up to 50,000 hours before replacement is required.

WARNING

DO NOT USE regular AA alkaline batteries. Use of other than rechargeable AA nickel metal hydride batteries could result in batteries exploding during recharge. ONLY USE THE SUPPLIED SWITCHING BATTERY RECHARGER WITH AUTOMATIC "TRICKLE CHARGE".

b. It is recommended that you charge the batteries before initial use and after prolonged storage as the batteries may have discharged. Plug output cord from battery charger into DC recharging socket located on back of microscope base. Your automatic switching recharger operates on 100 to 240 volts AC 50/60 Hz. Plug recharger into your AC wall outlet. Battery recharger is also equipped with an automatic "trickle charge" feature, the red LED indicator lamp located on recharger will be illuminated when batteries are receiving maximum charge. After batteries are charged, the red LED indicator lamp will turn to green and charger automatically switches to "trickle charge". The charger can be left plugged in, but for safety reasons it is a good idea to disconnect the charger from the AC wall outlet and the output cord from recharging socket after 12 hours. Batteries and charger may feel warm when charging, and unplugging the recharger is a safety precaution.

Note that your microscope can be used during recharging. Simply turn "on/off" switch on back of microscope base to "on" position and proceed as follows.

- 3. Interpupillary adjustment of head: Look through the eyepieces and move the eyepiece holder tubes by rotating them on their axis. When a full field of view is observed through both tubes, and images blend into one, interpupillary distance is corrected for your eyes. Check the interpupillary scale and note index reading for future reference, in case other users will be changing this adjustment from time to time. Each person may have to adjust interpupillary distance to receive the same image.
- 4. Rotate coarse focus knobs to move stage down (away) from objective lens as far as possible.

- 5. Position the objective turret until the 4x (smallest) objective lens "clicks" into position in the optical path. Note that each time you change from one objective lens to another you should turn the turret until you hear the "click", which indicates that the lens is properly indexed in the optical path.
- 6. Swing moveable finger on slide holder outward. Place specimen slide (cover slip up) on top of stage surface against fixed side of slide holder. Slowly release moveable finger until it makes contact with specimen slide.
- 7. Turn rheostat (dimmer) control in direction to reduce illumination brightness to about mid-point. Normally, brightness will need to be reduced as magnification is reduced, and increased as magnification is increased. Experiment with this adjustment until optimum resolution and contrast of specimen is obtained.
- Locate lever beneath stage that controls the iris diaphragm. Move lever until iris diaphragm is about half open.
 Normally, aperture of iris should become smaller for lower magnifications and larger for higher magnifications.
 Experiment with this setting until optimum resolution and contrast of specimen is obtained.
- 9. While looking through the eyepiece, rotate coarse focusing knobs until specimen comes into focus. If image does not appear in field of view, move specimen slide slightly until image appears in field of view.
- 10. Adjust fine focus controls until specimen is in sharp focus.
- 11. Changing magnification.
 - a. Magnification is changed by rotating objective turret until a different objective lens is moved into optical path. Always turn turret until you hear the "click", indicating that lens is properly indexed. Otherwise, you will not be able to see anything when looking through the microscope.

Objective Specifications

| Objective | N.A. | Color Code Ring | Field of View | Working Distance | Magnification with WF10X eyepiece |
|----------------------|------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Din 4X | 0.10 | Red | 4.5mm | 18.5mm | 40X |
| Din 10X | 0.25 | Yellow | 1.8mm | 6.4mm | 100X |
| Din 40X retractable | 0.65 | Blue | 0.45mm | 0.5mm | 400X |
| Din 100x retractable | 1.25 | White | 0.18mm | 0.06mm | 1000X |

- b. Also note that each objective has a color ring, which permits you to instruct changes in magnification by referring to an easily observed color rather than to a number.
- c. The microscope has been parfocalled at the factory, which allows easy change from one magnification to another, requiring little or no adjustment of the fine focus knobs.
- d. As magnification is increased, the field of view (area of specimen seen through the microscope) will decrease. That is why it is easier to find the specific area of interest on the specimen by starting with the lowest 4x objective lens, before increasing magnification with the higher power objective lens.
- e. NOTE: Care must be taken when rotating the 40x and 100x objective lenses into place. These lenses have a spring retractable mechanism, which retracts slightly into its housing if the front of the lens, strikes the specimen slide. With fine focus adjustment at mid-range, the rack stop has been adjusted at the factory to assure the 40x and 100x lens will clear the thickness of a normal specimen slide and cover slip. However, if the rack stop has been improperly adjusted, or if using a thicker than normal slide or cover slip, moving the 40x and 100x lenses too quickly or carelessly could cause damage to the front lens element or to the slide.
- f. In order to obtain maximum resolution of the 100x oil immersion lens, it is necessary to apply immersion oil between the cover glass of slide and front lens of the objective. Use a very small amount of immersion oil. All air bubbles must be removed from between lens and slide by gently rotating nosepiece back and forth.

When you are finished viewing, all parts that come in contact with oil must be cleaned. Failure to do so could permanently damage the 100x immersion objective lens.

Do not let the front lens element of the 40x objective lens come into contact with a wet slide surface, as prolonged contact with any moisture could damage the lens. If lens is exposed to moisture, promptly wipe with soft tissue to remove moisture.

WIFI CAMERA OPERATION

1. Powering the WiFi camera

- a. The built-in WiFi camera is powered through the USB port located behind the camera housing of the microscope. Supplied with your microscope is a USB (5V) wall plug power adapter and USB cable. First plug the adapter into the A/C wall power outlet. Then insert the flat end of the USB cord into the adapter and the other square end into the USB port behind the camera housing.
- b. As power is being established, you will notice a blue LED flashing, located in front of the camera housing. Once the blue LED remains solid, the WiFi camera is ready to be used.

2. Connecting to Android or Apple device

- a. The built-in WiFi camera in this unit performs much like a wireless router. You will first need to locate the wireless signal with your Android or Apple device. This is usually done through the settings feature of your device (please refer to your devices manual for further instructions). Once you have located the signal (usually labeled MC-WiFi....), you will need to connect using the default password of 12345678. This cannot be changed except by the factory. Any attempt to do so will render your WiFi camera inoperable and will void your warranty.
- b. Once the connection has been established, you can begin using the WiFi camera through the MotiConnect App (automatic) or through your web browser, using the following address: http://192.168.1.151:8080.
- c. For further help and instructions on using MotiConnect, please visit both the Motic and National Optical YouTube pages.

3. Connecting to wireless enabled laptop or desktop

- a. You will first need to locate the wireless signal, the same way you would connect to any wireless router or signal. Once you have located the signal (usually labeled MC-WiFi-...), you will need to connect using the default password of 12345678. This cannot be changed except by the factory. Any attempt to do so will render your WiFi camera inoperable and will void your warranty.
- b. Once connected, open your Motic Images software. If you are using a Windows based system, click on the capture button. This will open the Live Imaging Module. Locate the Video Device box. You will notice that by default the Moticam X is selected. Click on the Open button and the software will enable the camera. If you are using an Apple based system, click on File at the top of the Motic Images tool bar. Select Capture or New and then Live Video, to enable the camera. Instructions on the Motic Images software are covered within the software under Help. You may also visit both the Motic and National Optical YouTube pages.

MAINTENANCE

WARNING: For your own safety, make certain that battery recharger is unplugged and removed from microscope jack before maintaining your microscope.

1. OPTICAL MAINTENANCE

Do not attempt to disassemble any lens components. Consult a microscope service technician when any repairs not covered by instructions are needed.

Prior to cleaning any lens surface, brush dust or dirt off lens surfaces using a camel hair brush. Or use air to blow dust and lint off surfaces. Use of compressed air in a can, available at any computer supply store, is a good source of clean air.

Do not remove eyepieces or objective lenses to clean. Clean only the outer lens surface. Breath on lens to dampen surface, then wipe with lens paper or tissue or use a cotton swab moistened with distilled water. Wipe lenses with a circular motion, applying as little pressure as possible. Avoid wiping dry lens surface as lenses are scratched easily. If excessive dirt or grease gets on lens surfaces, a small amount of Windex can be used on a cotton swab or lens tissue. To clean objective lenses, do not remove objectives from microscope. Clean front lens element only, following same procedure.

NOTE: Fingerprints or other matter on the front lens element of the objective lens is the single most common reason that you will have difficulty in focusing the microscope. Before having costly servicing done, or before returning to National for "warranty repair", make certain to examine the front lens element with a magnifying glass or eye loupe for the presence of such contaminants. If a microscope is returned to National for warranty repair, and it is determined that such contaminants are the problem, this is not covered under warranty and National will submit a cost estimate for cleaning.

2. MECHANICAL MAINTENANCE

a. The rack stop screw has been pre-adjusted at the factory and should not require re-adjustment. However, if you do attempt re-adjustment, note the following procedure.

Using a 2mm "L" type hex key wrench, loosen rack stop hex socket set screw by rotating in a counterclockwise direction. With fine focus adjustment at mid-range, focus on a standard slide until sharp image is obtained. Rotate rack stop screw in clockwise direction until tight

b. Coarse focus tension adjustment prevents the stage from drifting down from its own weight and causing the image to move out of focus. This has been adjusted at the factory, but over the course of time it may loosen and cause the stage of the microscope to slip downward on the focusing block.

With stage facing you, the tension adjustment collar is located between arm and coarse focus knob on left side of microscope. Turn collar counter-clockwise to tighten tension, clockwise to loosen tension.

NOTE: It is recommended that you leave the tension as loose as possible for ease of focusing, yet not so loose that it permits the stage of microscope to drift downward from its own weight and cause the microscope to "drift" out of focus.

c. Metal parts: Use a clean, damp cloth to remove dust or dirt from metal parts, followed by a dry cloth.

3. ELECTRICAL MAINTENANCE

The extent of electrical maintenance, by other than a qualified technician, should be LED replacement, battery recharging and battery replacement. Before maintenance, be sure that recharger is not connected to microscope.

a. Recharging batteries:

Plug output cord from battery charger into DC recharging socket located on back of microscope base. Your automatic switching recharger operates on 100 to 240 volts AC 50/60 Hz, plug recharger into your AC wall outlet. The red LED indicator lamp located on recharger will be illuminated when batteries are receiving maximum charge. After batteries are charged, the red LED indicator lamp will turn to green and charger automatically switches to "trickle charge". The charger can be left plugged in, but for safety reasons it is a good idea to disconnect the charger from the AC wall outlet and the output cord from recharging socket after 12 hours. Batteries and charger may feel warm when charging, and unplugging the recharger is a safety precaution.

You may operate the microscope light even while it is being recharged. Simply flip light switch to "on" position and continue using microscope while the recharger is fully engaged.

b. Replacing batteries:

Your microscope includes 3 rechargeable AA nickel metal hydride batteries. These may be recharged up to 500 times, but if you observe that a recharge is providing significantly less than 40 hours of operation. It is probably time to replace to batteries.

IMPORTANT WARNING: DO NOT USE REGULAR ALKALINE BATTERIES IN THIS MICROSCOPE. ANY ATTEMPT TO RECHARGE ALKALINE TYPE BATTERIES COULD RESULT IN BATTERIES EXPLODING.

Gently lay microscope on its side or back. Observe small door in center of microscope bottom base. Loosen slotted screw on door and open. Battery case is mounted on inside of door. Using small Phillips screwdriver, carefully remove Phillips screw that holds battery case together. Slide lid of case straight out to remove and expose batteries. Remove all 3 batteries and replace with new rechargeable AA nickel metal hydride batteries, making certain to insert with correct polarity according to markings on battery holder. Replace lid, close and secure door.

Follow instructions on new battery packaging to determine if they are already charged, or if they should be charged before initial use. If recharging is required, follow directions in "3.a" above.

c. Replacing LED element:

An LED "bulb" will last up to 50,000 hours, so you don't have to do this exercise very often.

To open the illuminator field lens housing, use hex wrench supplied with your microscope to loosen the two hex screws on side of lens housing. Remove lens housing to expose LED "bulb." Remove bulb by grasping the plastic base of bulb and gently pulling straight up. Insert new LED "bulb", replace lens housing and tighten hex screws to secure lens housing in place.

TROUBLESHOOTING

| PROBLEM | REASON FOR PROBLEM | SOLUTION | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Light fails to operate. | Batteries fully discharged. | Recharge batteries. | | | |
| | Rheostat control not turned far enough. | Turn rheostat to increase light intensity. | | | |
| | Light switch in 'off' position. | Turn light switch on. | | | |
| | LED "bulb" burned out. | Replace LED "bulb". | | | |
| Image does not remain in focus | Stage of microscope drops from its own weight. | Adjust tension control. | | | |
| Image will not focus | Rack stop not set at proper position. | Adjust rack stop. | | | |
| | Slide upside down. | Place slide on stage with cover slip up. | | | |
| | Slide cover slip too thick. | Use 0.17mm thick cover slip (No.1 cover slip) | | | |
| Poor resolution (image not sharp) | Objective lenses dirty. | Clean objective lenses. | | | |
| | Eyepiece lens dirty. | Clean eyepiece lenses. | | | |
| | Too much light. | Adjust diaphragm. | | | |
| Spots in field of view. | Eyepiece or condenser lens dirty. | Clean lens. *** | | | |
| | Specimen slide dirty. | Clean slide. | | | |
| No WiFi signal | No power to the camera. | Make sure blue LED is solid | | | |
| | | Make sure camera power adapter is plugged in. | | | |
| | | Make sure the USB plug is seated properly in the head and power adapter. | | | |
| Cannot connect to WiFi camera | Password entered incorrectly. | Default Password: 12345678. | | | |
| | IP address entered incorrectly. | Default IP: 192.168.1.151:8080. | | | |
| ***Spots in field of view can also result from dirt on inside of eyepiece. It is recommended that you have | | | | | |

service technician clean inside of lens.

OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES AND PARTS:

#760-045 DIN 60xR objective lens, N.A. 0.90

Replacement LED light #800-001

Replacement auto-cut off recharger for rechargeable LED microscope Dustcover, 16" tall x 13", heavy vinyl with stitched seams. #802-003

#951

WARRANTY

Please see our website, www.nationaloptical.com, for complete warranty details and exclusions.