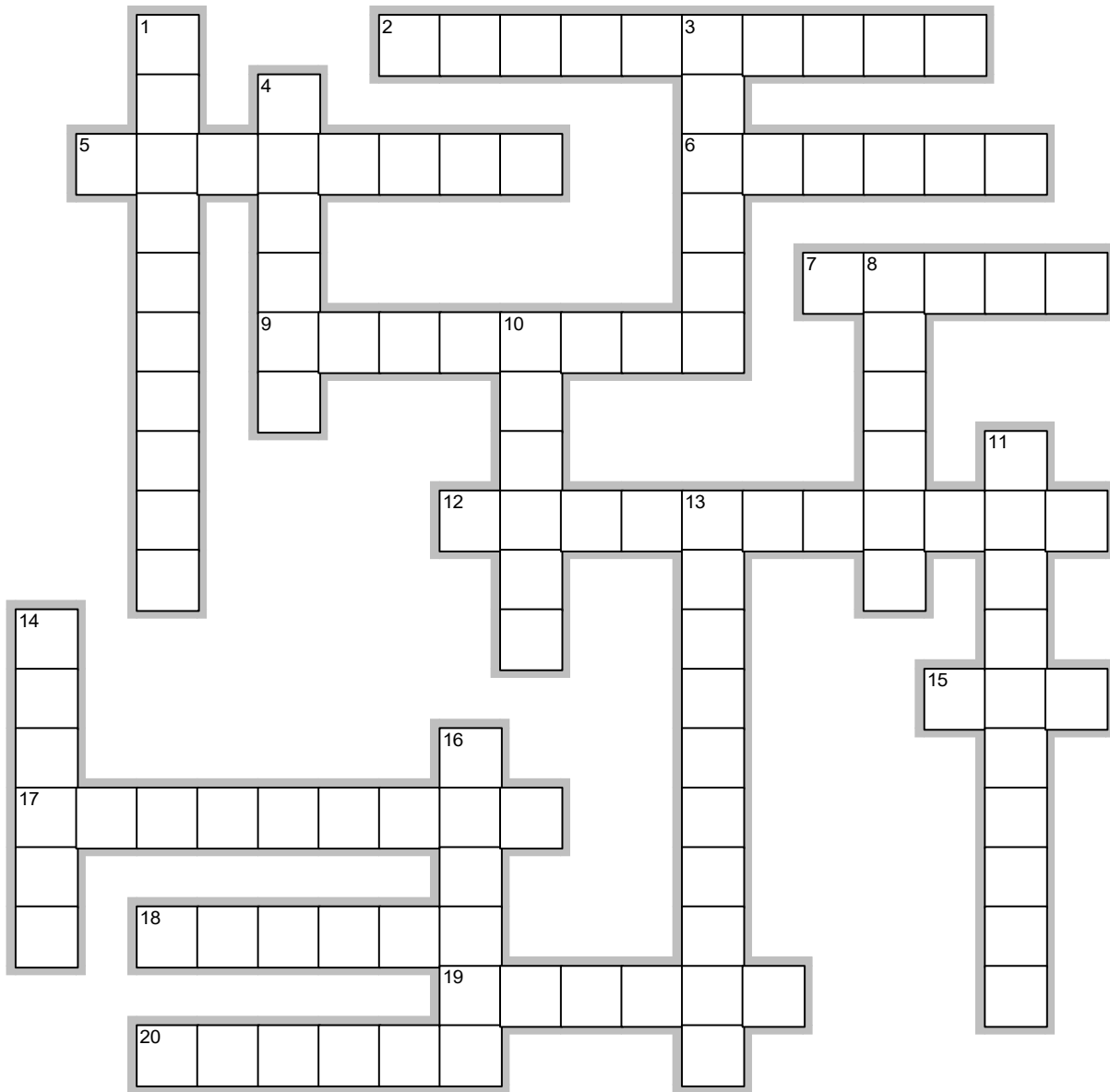


MUSCULOSKELETAL CARE 1



EclipseCrossword.com

WORD BANK

GONIOMETER
AVULSION
SPRAIN
MEDIAN
COMMUNUTED

MENISCUS
CREPITATION
THIRTY
TIBIAL
INCOMPLETE

DISTAL
SIX
CALLUS
LENGTH
RADIAL

ULNAR
INFECTION
GREENSTICK
SPIRAL
JOINTS

MUSCULOSKELETAL CARE 1

Across

2. Used to check the range of motion.
5. The McMurray's test is used when injury to this is suspected.
6. The most important aspect of assessment for the client with a fracture is frequent monitoring of the neurovascular status _____ to the fracture site.
7. This nerve is checked by spreading the fingers and resisting pressure.
9. Occurs when the tendon is pulled away from the bone.
12. A sign of a fracture.
15. The approximate number of weeks it takes for a young health adult bone to heal.
17. Open reduction external fixation is quick but there is potential for this to occur at the screw sites.
18. Develops from stretching or tearing ligaments by forceful movement beyond the normal range.
19. The application of ice to an injury site should not exceed this time in minutes.
20. Loosely woven cartilage and bone matrix which forms within 6 - 21 days of an injury / fracture.

Down

1. This type of fracture occurs when the bone is bent and breaks on the outer arc of the bend. It is more often seen in children.
3. This nerve is checked by having the client grasp the nurse's hand and noting the grasping strength.
4. This nerve is checked by flexing the foot downward.
8. Reduction restores the bone's normal alignment, position and _____.
10. One type of fracture that is considered to be stable.
11. Fracture where the bone is broken in several places and is often seen in crushing injuries.
13. Type of fracture wherein only one side of the bone is broken.
14. This nerve is checked by moving the thumb towards the palm and back to the neutral position.
16. A physical musculoskeletal assessment includes posture, gait, range of motion and the palpation of these.