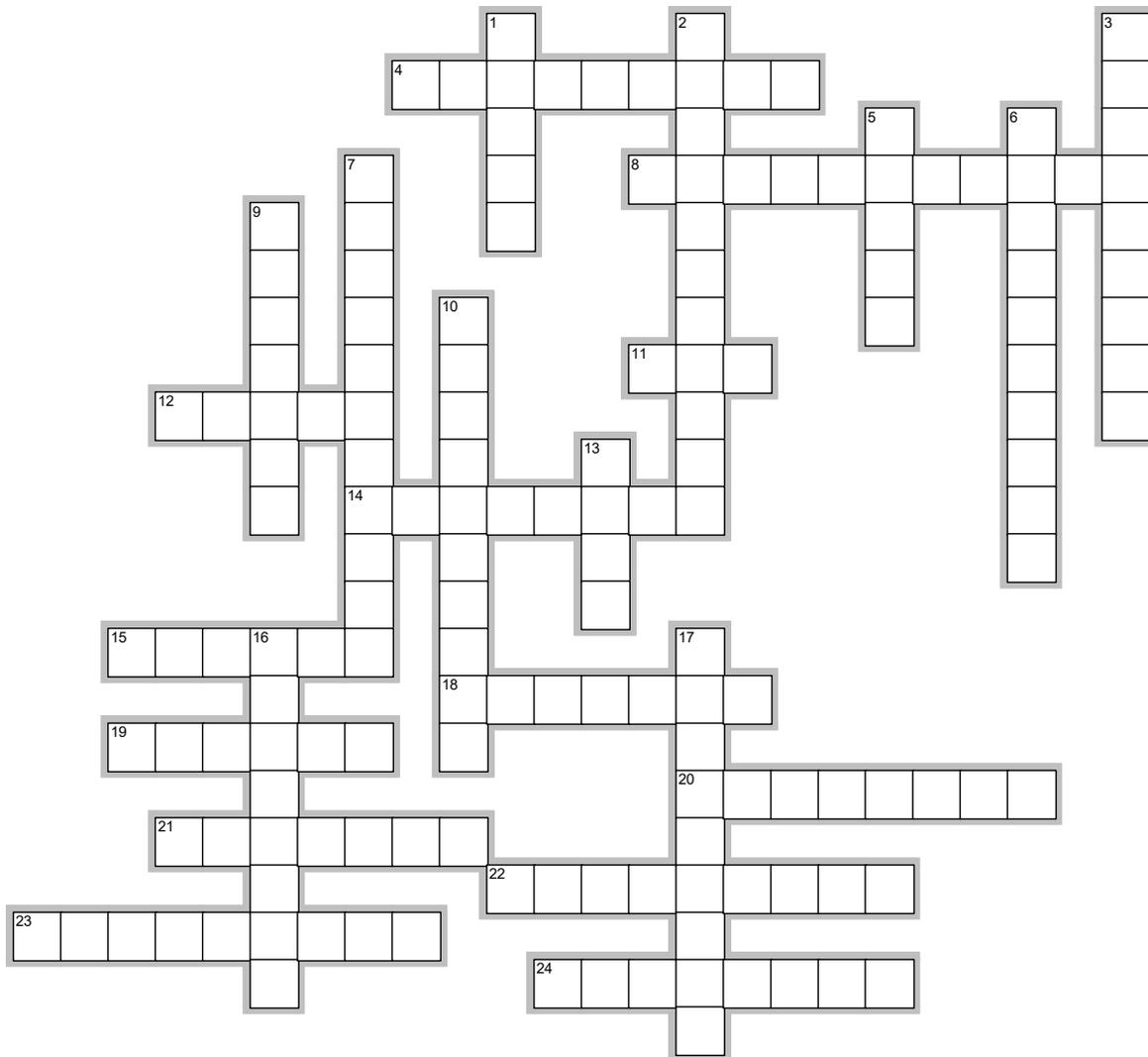


CARDIOVASCULAR 1



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CARDIOVASCULAR 1

Across

4. Atrioventricular valve.
8. Inner lining of the heart.
11. This segment of the wave (EKG) represents ventricular depolarization.
12. A great vessel.
14. Ventricular relaxation.
15. Separates the left and right sides of the heart.
18. Glands which secrete aldosterone.
19. This is the volume of blood that is ejected with each heart beat.
20. Lack of blood.
21. Causes vasoconstriction.
22. Closure of these vales forms the second heart sound.
23. An abnormal Q wave is indicative of previous myocardial damage to this heart structure.
24. Law which refers to the stretch of the myocardial fibers and the force of contraction.

Down

1. Larger and more muscular ventricle.
2. The release of this causes sympathetic stimulation of the myocardium.
3. These veins carry oxygenated blood.
5. This nerve mediates parasympathetic stimulation of the heart.
6. A branch of the left coronary artery.
7. Sac surrounding the heart.
9. In an electrophysiology study a catheter is inserted via this vein.
10. This node is the pacemaker of the heart.
13. The atrioventricular node is located at the center of this triangle in the right atrium.
16. A cardiac enzyme that is used to determine damage to myocardial cells.
17. The chordae tendeneae are anchored in these muscles of the ventricles.