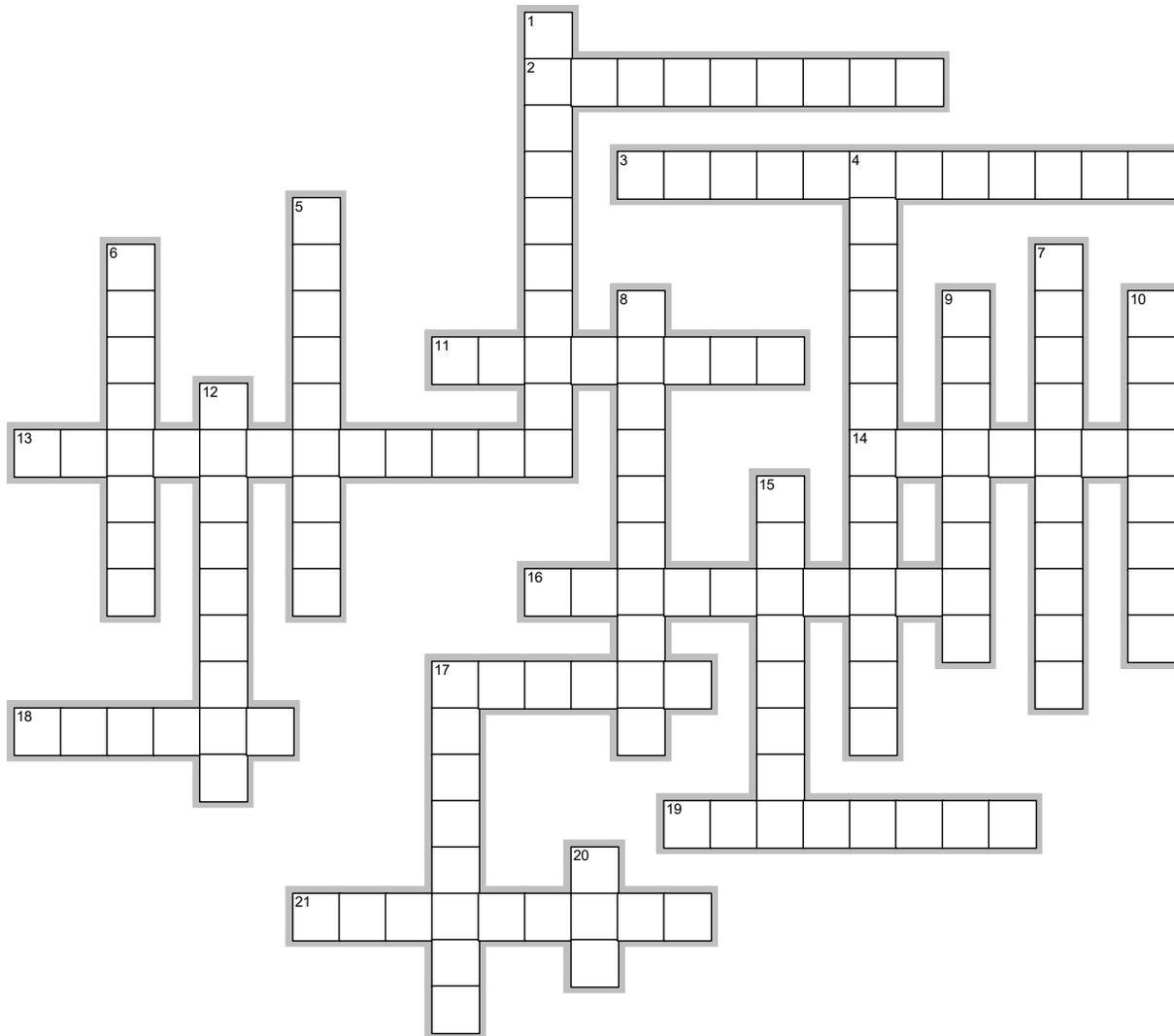


ANTEPARTAL 1



EclipseCrossword.com

WORD BANK

CERVIX
ESTROGEN
HEMOGLOBIN
LUTEAL
PHYSIOLOGICAL
PROGESTERONE

CHADWICK
FALLOPIAN
LEOPOLD
MENSTRUAL
PITUITARY
UMBILICAL

CHLOASMA
GYNECOID
LEUCORRHEA
MYOMETRIUM
PLACENTA

EFFLEURAGE
HCG
LORDOSIS
OXYTOCIN
PLATYPelloID

ANTEPARTAL 1

Across

2. Fertilization usually occurs in the distal third of this tube.
3. This pelvis is flat, is wide transversely and is short anteroposteriorly.
11. Functions for the removal of waste products from the fetus.
13. High circulating levels of estrogen and this hormone inhibit follicle stimulating hormone.
14. Maneuver that is a positive physical sign of pregnancy.
16. Thick middle layer of muscles in the wall of the uterus.
17. Goodell's sign refers to the softening of this structure due to increased vascularity.
18. Phase in the ovarian cycle.
19. Considered the most favorable pelvis for successful birthing.
21. Vein that carries oxygenated blood to the fetus.

Down

1. Circular massage of the abdomen during contractions.
4. Type of anemia that occurs during pregnancy due to an increase in plasma exceeding the increase in red blood cells.
5. Anterior portion of this gland releases FSH and LH.
6. Produced by the posterior pituitary and is responsible for uterine contractions.
7. Thin colorless vaginal discharge that can occur throughout pregnancy.
8. True anemia occurs when this is 10 and below and hematocrit is 33 and below.
9. Mask of pregnancy.
10. Increased lumbosacral curvature.
12. This cycle ranges between 20 - 45 days in the female.
15. Stimulates the growth of the duct tissues of the breasts.
17. This sign is a bluish coloration of the mucous membranes of the vulva, vagina and cervix.
20. The presence of this in the maternal urine gives a positive pregnancy test.