# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1 – CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

<b>PRODUCT IDENTIFIER</b> Ca		Cal-Max		WHMIS CLASSIFICATION		D2-B (Eye and skin irritant)		
PRODUCT US	SE Plan	t fertilizer						
Manufacturers Name Greenstar I		Plant Products Inc.		Suppliers Name				
Street Address 9430 198 <sup>th</sup>		Street		Street Address				
City	Lan	gley	Province	BC	City		Province	
Postal Code	e V1M 3C8		Emergency Telephone	604-882-7686	Postal Code		mergency Felephone	
Date MSDS Prepared	August 20 2009		Prepared By	Greenstar Plant Products Inc.		s Inc. Pho	one Number	

#### SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Ingredients (Specific)	%	CAS	LD <sub>50</sub> of Ingredient (species and route)	LC <sub>50</sub> of Ingredient (specify species)
Calcium Chloride	5-10%	10035-04-8	LD <sub>50</sub> (Oral Rat) 1000 mg/kg	
Magnesium Nitrate	10-15%	13446-18-9	LD <sub>50</sub> (Oral Rat) 5440 mg/kg	
Calcium Nitrate	1-5%	13477-34-4	LD <sub>50</sub> (Oral Rat) 302 mg/kg	

#### **SECTION 3 – HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Route of Entry $\sqrt{}$  Skin contact $\sqrt{}$  Eye Contact $\sqrt{}$  Inhalation $\sqrt{}$  Ingestion

**Emergency Overview:** EYE & SKIN IRRITANT. DURING A FIRE TOXIC AND IRRITATING GASES MAY BE FORMED.

#### WHMIS Symbols:

#### EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE TO PRODUCT:

Eye Contact: Contact with eyes may cause irritation and possible burns to the eye.

**Skin Contact:** Single short exposures are expected to cause skin slight skin irritation. Inflammation may occur after a few hours of exposure especially on open or abraded skin.

Inhalation: May cause irritation if inhaled. During a fire, toxic and irritating gases may be formed (see emergency overview)

**Ingestion:** Ingestion of large amounts may cause gastrointestinal irritation characterized by abdominal cramps, nausea and vomiting and possible burning of the mouth, throat and esophagus. Ingestion may also cause headaches, laboured breathing, confusion, dizziness and shock. The product may also cause effects on the blood resulting in the formation of methaemoglobin, resulting in symptoms such as blue lips or fingernails and blue skin.

**EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE:** In rare cases repeated or prolonged contact with **calcium chloride** solutions has caused inflammation and tissue death of the underlying tissue a few hours after exposure. A pre-existing abrasion worsens effects. Repeated exposure to **magnesium nitrate** can cause headache, weakness and dizziness.

## **SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES**

Skin Contact: Thoroughly wash the affected area with mild soap and water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation occurs or persists. Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with a gentle but large stream of lukewarm for at least 15 minutes holding both the upper and lower eye lids open. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**Inhalation:** Move victim to fresh air. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and seek medical attention immediately. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If victim is alert and not convulsing, rinse mouth out and give  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 glass of water to dilute material and IMMEDIATELY contact a poison control centre. If vomiting occurs naturally have victim lean forward with head down to avoid breathing in vomit. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## **SECTION 5 – FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammable	Not flammable	ot flammable If yes, under what con			
Means of Extinction: Water, Fog, Foam, Dry Chemical, CO <sub>2</sub>					
Flashpoint (°C)	NAP	Upper Flammable	NAP	Lower Flammable Limit (% by volume)	NAP
and method		Limit (% by volume)			
Auto ignition	NAP	Explosion Data –	NAV	Explosion Data-Sensitivity to Static	NAV
Temperature (°C)		Sensitivity to Impact		Discharge	
Hazardous Combusti	on Products: During a fire	e, toxic gases such as hydr	ogen chlo	ride, chlorine, nitrogen oxide, calcium oxide, a	nd magnesium
oxide may be formed.					

Cal Max

## SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Leak and Spill Procedures: Cleanup personnel should wear personal protective equipment as necessary to prevent skin/eye contact. Place into suitable container for reclamation or disposal. Damp mop any residues.

## **SECTION 7 – HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Handling Procedures and Equipment: Do not handle unless safety precaution have been read and understood. Avoid eye and skin contact. Avoid inhalation of mists or vapours. Do not puncture, drag or slide container. Storage Requirements: Should be stored in a cool dry location

# SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits ACGIH TLV: Limits not established	os <b>HA</b>	<b>PFL</b> · Limits not	established				
	ACGIH TLV: Limits not established       OSHA PEL: Limits not established         Specific Engineering Controls:       General mechanical ventilation is adequate.						
Specific Engineering Controls: Of	eneral mechanica	ai ventilation is ac	iequale.				
Personal Protective Equipment	$\sqrt{\text{Gloves}}$	$\sqrt{\text{Respirator}}$	√ Eye	√ Footwear	$\sqrt{\text{Clothing}}$		
Hands wear: water resistant rubber type gloves (latex, nitrile, PVC). Respirator: wear- NIOSH approved filter cartridge, Eye – wear goggles, Foot-							
wear work boot/rubber boots, Clothing – Long sleeve and pants - no special clothing required.							

#### **SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Physical State: Liquid	Odour and Appearance: Odourless, light amber color liquid	Odour Threshold (ppm): Odourless
Specific Gravity: NAV	Vapour Density (air = 1): NAV	Vapour Pressure (mmHg): NAV
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b> NAV	<b>Boiling Point</b> (°C): NAV	Freezing Point (°C): NAV
<b>pH:</b> 4	Coefficient of Water/Oil Distribution:	Solubility in Water: Product is a solution

#### SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	Stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling conditions
Incompatibility with Other Substances:	Ammonia, hydrazine, reducing agents, strong acids and bases and alkyl esters.
Reactivity, and under what conditions?	Keep away from water/moisture, heat and incompatible materials.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Please see Section 5 - Hazardous combustion products.

#### SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Effects of Acute Exposure:**

Calcium Chloride:  $LD_{50}$  (oral, rat) 1000 mg / kg Calcium Nitrate:  $LD_{50}$  (oral, rat) 3900 mg / kg Magnesium Nitrate:  $LD_{50}$  (oral, rat) 5440 mg / kg

#### Calculated $LD_{50} = 7128 \text{ mg} / \text{kg} - 14124 \text{ mg} / \text{kg}$

Effects of Chronic Exposure: In rare cases repeated or prolonged contact with calcium chloride solutions has caused inflammation and tissue death of the underlying tissue a few hours after exposure. A pre-existing abrasion worsens effects. Repeated exposure to magnesium nitrate can cause headache, weakness and dizziness.

Irritancy of Product: Eye and skin irritant

Skin Sensitization: NAV	Respiratory Sensitization: NAV
Carcinogenicity – IARCL: None of the ingredients are listed	Carcinogenicity – ACGIH: None of the ingredients are listed
Reproductive Toxicity: Some evidence	Teratogenicity: Some evidence in rats
Embryotoxicity: NAV	Mutagenicity: No evidence
Name of Synergistic Products/Effects: NAV	

## **SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Ecotoxicity

Calcium Chloride: Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis - LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested

- Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity
  - LC50, bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus): 8,350 10,650 mg/L
- Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity
  - LC50, water flea Daphnia magna: 759 3,005 mg/L
  - Toxicity to Micro-organisms
    - EC50; activated sludge, respiration inhibition: > 1,000 mg/L

Calcium Nitrate: Relatively low toxicity for fish and aquatic animals. The LC50/96-hour values for fish are over 100 mg/l.

Magnesium Nitrate is a marine pollutant. Environmental fate not available.

# SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose of this product as an industrial fertilizer. Reclaim waste wherever possible. Dispose of unsalvageable waste as required by applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Contact a licensed waste disposal contractor for treatment and disposal services.

#### **SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

 Shipping Information

 TDG: Not regulated for transport
 DOT: Not regulated for transport

#### **SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION**

WHMIS Classification	OSHA
D2B (eye and skin irritation)	NAV
SERA	TSCA
NAV	NAV

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by CPR

#### **SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION**

As of the date of this document, the foregoing information is believed to be accurate and is provided in good faith to comply with applicable laws. However, no warranty or representation of law or fact, with respect to such information is intended or given.