SAFETY DATA SHEET

ZN-18

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : ZN-18

SDS-Identcode : 030G

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier : Bestolife Corporation
Address : 2126 Vanco Drive
Irving TX 75061,
Telephone : 855-243-9164/972-865-8961
Telefax : 214-631-3047
(24-hours/7 days)
E-mail address : www.bestolife.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Industrial use
Thread Compound (Pipe Dope) and Jacking grease for use in
Offshore industries
Mining, (without offshore industries)
Restrictions on use : Do not use on oxygen lines or in oxygen enriched atmos-
pheres.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR
1910.1200)
Eye irritation : Category 2A
Skin sensitization : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : !

Signal Word : Warning
Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of
the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protec-
tion.
**Response:**
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Disposal:**
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

**Other hazards**
None known.

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance / Mixture:** Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic</td>
<td>64742-52-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 20 - &lt; 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dolomite</td>
<td>16389-88-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>7782-42-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12-Hydroxy lithium stearate</td>
<td>7620-77-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calcium oxide</td>
<td>1305-78-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate)</td>
<td>57855-77-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>1314-13-2</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General advice:**
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled:**
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**In case of skin contact:**
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact:**
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed:
- If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.
- Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders:
- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:
- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media:
- None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Metal oxides
- Sulfur oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Technical measures**

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

**Advice on safe handling**

For outdoor use only
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

**Conditions for safe storage**

Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

**Materials to avoid**

Do not store with the following product types:
- Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Ingredients with workplace control parameters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic</td>
<td>64742-52-5</td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ST (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>20 Million particles per cubic foot</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolomite</td>
<td>16389-88-1</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ (Calcium carbonate)</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (Calcium carbonate)</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>7782-42-5</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance</td>
<td>ACGIH/NIOSH REL</td>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-Hydroxy lithium stearate</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide</td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>15 Million particles per cubic foot</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable dust)</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (respirable)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ / %SiO₂+2</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (respirable)</td>
<td>250 mppcf / %SiO₂+5</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³ (Silica)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc oxide</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Fumes)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ST (Fumes)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C (Dust)</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total dust)</td>
<td>15 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (respirable fraction)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Fumes)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Quartz
Engineering measures: Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Dust formation may be relevant in the processing of this product. In addition to substance-specific OELs, general limitations of concentrations of particulates in the air at workplaces have to be considered in workplace risk assessment. Relevant limits include: OSHA PEL for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated of 15 mg/m³ - total dust, 5 mg/m³ - respirable fraction; and ACGIH TWA for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified of 3 mg/m³ - respirable particles, 10 mg/m³ - inhalable particles.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Viscous semi-solid
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Color</strong></td>
<td>gray</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odor</strong></td>
<td>Petroleum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Odor Threshold</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>pH</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable (not an aqueous solution)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Melting point/freezing point</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Initial boiling point and boiling range</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flash point</strong></td>
<td>$\geq 392 , ^\circ F / \geq 200 , ^\circ C$ Method: ASTM D 92, Cleveland open cup Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Evaporation rate</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flammability (solid, gas)</strong></td>
<td>Not classified as a flammability hazard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Vapor pressure</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Relative vapor density</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Relative density</strong></td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Density</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Solubility(ies)</strong></td>
<td>Water solubility: negligible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Autoignition temperature</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Decomposition temperature</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Viscosity</strong></td>
<td>[\text{Not applicable}]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Viscosity, dynamic</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Viscosity, kinematic</strong></td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flow time</strong></td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Explosive properties</strong></td>
<td>Not explosive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

**Chemical stability:** Stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

**Conditions to avoid:** None known.

**Incompatible materials:** Oxidizing agents

**Hazardous decomposition products:** No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

- **Skin contact**
- **Ingestion**
- **Eye contact**

**Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:**

- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Acute inhalation toxicity:** LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Acute dermal toxicity:** LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Talc:**

- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Dolomite:**

- **Acute oral toxicity:** LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Graphite:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

**12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

**Calcium oxide:**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Acute inhalation toxicity: (Rat): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,500 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):**

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Quartz:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Zinc oxide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.7 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 h
  Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
  Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Talc:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Dolomite:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium oxide:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Zinc oxide:**
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Product:**
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

**Components:**

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Talc:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**Dolomite:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Graphite:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Calcium oxide:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Irreversible effects on the eye
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:
- **Species**: Rabbit
- **Result**: No eye irritation
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 405

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitization
- Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic**:
- **Test Type**: Buehler Test
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Talc**:
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Humans
- **Result**: negative

**Dolomite**:
- **Test Type**: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 429
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

**Graphite**:
- **Test Type**: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Result**: negative
12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:
- **Test Type**: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 429
- **Result**: negative

Calcium oxide:
- **Test Type**: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Mouse
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 429
- **Result**: negative
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):
- **Test Type**: Buehler Test
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Result**: positive
- **Remarks**: Based on data from similar materials
- **Assessment**: Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans

Zinc oxide:
- **Test Type**: Maximization Test
- **Routes of exposure**: Skin contact
- **Species**: Guinea pig
- **Method**: OECD Test Guideline 406
- **Result**: negative

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
- Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro**: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  - Result: negative
- **Genotoxicity in vivo**: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Talc:**
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Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Dolomite:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium oxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Zinc oxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Result: equivocal

Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Result: positive

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Petroleum distillates have been classified as not carcinogenic based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen.
# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## ZN-18

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15.0</td>
<td>11/02/2020</td>
<td>134644-00020</td>
<td>05/06/2020</td>
<td>05/27/2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Components:

### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Mouse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>78 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Talc:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Mouse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>inhalation (dust/mist/fume)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Calcium oxide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rat</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>104 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Quartz:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Humans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>inhalation (dust/mist/fume)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Carcinogenicity - Assessment:

Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies (inhalation)

### Zinc oxide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Mouse</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>Ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>1 Years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### IARC

Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans
(Silica dust, crystalline) 14808-60-7

### OSHA

OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen
Quartz 14808-60-7 (crystalline silica)

### NTP

Known to be human carcinogen
Quartz 14808-60-7 (Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size))
Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Talc:
Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Dolomite:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Calcium oxide:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

**Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):**

**Effects on fertility:** Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Effects on fetal development:** Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Zinc oxide:**

**Effects on fertility:** Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Effects on fetal development:** Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**STOT-single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Calcium oxide:**

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT-repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:**

Routes of exposure: Ingestion
Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.
Quartz:
- Routes of exposure: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Target Organs: Lungs
- Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Zinc oxide:
- Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: > 0.98 mg/l
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 28 Days
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Dolomite:
- Species: Mouse
- NOAEL: 1,300 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 28 Days
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: > 88 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days

Calcium oxide:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: >= 0.399 mg/l
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 90 Days
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 100 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 300 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 408
Quartz:
Species: Humans
LOAEL: 0.053 mg/m³
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Remarks: These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Zinc oxide:
Species: Rat, male
NOAEL: 0.0015 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 3 Months
Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC: > 1.93 mg/l
Exposure time: 10 min
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Talc:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 100,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
**Dolomite:**

**Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 16.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility. Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 16.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility. Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 14 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Graphite:**

**Toxicity to fish**: LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**NOELR** (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to microorganisms**: EC50: > 1,012.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

**12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:**

**Toxicity to fish**: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)</th>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms</th>
<th>Toxicity to microorganisms (Chronic toxicity)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide</td>
<td>NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>NOEC (Crangon crangon (shrimp)): &gt; 1 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>EC50: &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Toxicity to fish</td>
<td>LL50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 203 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td>EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): &gt; 10 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
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### SAFETY DATA SHEET

**ZN-18**

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<td>11/02/2020</td>
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<td>05/06/2020</td>
<td>05/27/2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Test substance:** Water Accommodated Fraction  
  **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 201  
  **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **EL10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** $> 1$ mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 72 h

- **Test substance:** Water Accommodated Fraction  
  **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 201  
  **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to microorganisms:**  
  **NOEC:** $> 100$ mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 3 h  
  **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 209  
  **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

#### Quartz:

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**

- **Acute aquatic toxicity:** No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- **Chronic aquatic toxicity:** No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

#### Zinc oxide:

- **Toxicity to fish:**  
  **LC50:** $> 0.1 - 1$ mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 96 h  
  **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:**  
  **ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** 0.136 mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 72 h  
  **NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):** $> 0.01 - 0.1$ mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 72 h  
  **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):**  
  **NOEC (Jordanella floridae (flagfish)):** $> 0.01 - 0.1$ mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 14 Weeks  
  **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):**  
  **NOEC (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)):** $> 0.01 - 0.1$ mg/l  
  **Exposure time:** 7 d  
  **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials
Persistence and degradability

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 2 - 4 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 78 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: > 6.6

Zinc oxide:

Bioaccumulation: Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 78 - 2,060

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.
SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Zinc, Zinc oxide)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR
UN/ID No. : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Zinc, Zinc oxide)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956
Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Zinc, Zinc oxide)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Zinc, Zinc oxide)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : CLASS 9
ERG Code : 171
Marine pollutant : yes (Zinc, Zinc oxide)
Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data
Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

**SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Component RQ (lbs)</th>
<th>Calculated product RQ (lbs)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Zinc</td>
<td>7440-66-6</td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>5711</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards**: Respiratory or skin sensitization, Serious eye damage or eye irritation

**SARA 313**: The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

- Zinc 7440-66-6 >= 10 - < 20 %
- Zinc oxide 1314-13-2 >= 1 - < 5 %

**US State Regulations**

**Pennsylvania Right To Know**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic 64742-52-5
- Talc 14807-96-6
- Zinc 7440-66-6
- Dolomite 16389-88-1
- Graphite 7782-42-5
- Calcium oxide 1305-78-8
- Quartz 14808-60-7
- Zinc oxide 1314-13-2
- Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate 15890-25-2

**California Prop. 65**

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

**California List of Hazardous Substances**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic 64742-52-5
- Talc 14807-96-6
- Zinc 7440-66-6
- Graphite 7782-42-5
- Calcium oxide 1305-78-8

**California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic 64742-52-5
- Talc 14807-96-6
- Graphite 7782-42-5
- Calcium oxide 1305-78-8
SAFETY DATA SHEET

ZN-18

Version 15.0

Revision Date: 11/02/2020

SDS Number: 134644-00020

Date of last issue: 05/06/2020

Date of first issue: 05/27/2015

Quartz 14808-60-7
Zinc oxide 1314-13-2

California Regulated Carcinogens

Quartz 14808-60-7

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

TSCA: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

AICS: All ingredients listed or exempt.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:

HEALTH 0
FLAMMABILITY 1
PHYSICAL HAZARD 1

HMIS® IV:

HEALTH 1/2
FLAMMABILITY 1
PHYSICAL HAZARD 0

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH: USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

NIOSH REL: USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA CARC: OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens

OSHA Z-1: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-3: USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA: 8-hour, time-weighted average

ACGIH / STEL: Short-term exposure limit

NIOSH REL / TWA: Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek

NIOSH REL / ST: STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday

NIOSH REL / C: Ceiling value not be exceeded at any time.
OSHA CARC / PEL : Permissible exposure limit (PEL)
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; EIC50 - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IESCC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RO - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative


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Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

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context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an
assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

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