SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : COPR PLUS
SDS-Identcode : 377G

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier : Bestolife Corporation
Address : 2126 Vanco Drive
           Irving TX 75061,
Telephone : 855-243-9164/972-865-8961
Telefax : 214-631-3047
(24-hours/7 days)
E-mail address : www.bestolife.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Industrial use
                   Thread Compound (Pipe Dope) and Jacking grease for use in
                   Offshore industries
                   Mining. (without offshore industries)
Restrictions on use : Do not use on oxygen lines or in oxygen enriched atmos-pherases.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Eye irritation : Category 2A

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms :
Signal Word : Warning
Hazard Statements : H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear eye protection and face protection.
Response:
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

COPR PLUS

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic</td>
<td>64742-53-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>7782-42-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper metal powder</td>
<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide</td>
<td>1305-78-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolomite</td>
<td>16389-88-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during fire fighting:
- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:
- Carbon oxides
- Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:
- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:
- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:
- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:
- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures:
- See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Advice on safe handling:
- For outdoor use only
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment.
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic</td>
<td>64742-53-6</td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ST (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>7782-42-5</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>15 Million particles per cubic foot</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper metal powder</td>
<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td>TWA (Dust and mist)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Fumes)</td>
<td>0.2 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (dusts and mists)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Fumes)</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>20 Million particles per cubic foot</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide</td>
<td>1305-78-8</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolomite</td>
<td>16389-88-1</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ (Calcium carbonate)</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### COPR PLUS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10.0</td>
<td>11/04/2020</td>
<td>119985-00017</td>
<td>05/06/2020</td>
<td>05/19/2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>(Calcium carbonate)</th>
<th>TWA (Respirable dust)</th>
<th>TWA (respirable)</th>
<th>TWA (respirable)</th>
<th>TWA (respirable particulate matter)</th>
<th>TWA (Respirable dust)</th>
<th>PEL (respirable)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ /%SiO2+2</td>
<td>250 mppcf /%SiO2+5</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³ (Silica)</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³ (Silica)</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

**Quartz**

### Engineering measures

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Dust formation may be relevant in the processing of this product. In addition to substance-specific OELs, general limitations of concentrations of particulates in the air at workplaces have to be considered in workplace risk assessment. Relevant limits include: OSHA PEL for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated of 15 mg/m³ - total dust, 5 mg/m³ - respirable fraction; and ACGIH TWA for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified of 3 mg/m³ - respirable particles, 10 mg/m³ - inhalable particles.

### Personal protective equipment

**Respiratory protection**

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Hand protection**

**Material**

Chemical-resistant gloves

**Remarks**

Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective
gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment:
- Safety goggles

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential.
- Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Viscous semi-solid

Color: copper

Odor: Petroleum

Odor Threshold: No data available

pH: Not applicable (not an aqueous solution)

Melting point/freezing point: No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: No data available

Flash point: Not applicable

Evaporation rate: Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas): Not classified as a flammability hazard

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Vapor pressure: Not applicable

Relative vapor density: Not applicable

Relative density: 1.2

Density: No data available

Solubility(ies)
- Water solubility: negligible
SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: None known.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Graphite:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Copper metal powder:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.11 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Talc:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium oxide:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Acute inhalation toxicity: (Rat): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,500 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Dolomite:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Quartz:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Graphite:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Copper metal powder:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Talc:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Calcium oxide:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 404</td>
<td>Skin irritation</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Dolomite:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 404</td>
<td>No skin irritation</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes serious eye irritation.

**Product:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Components:**

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>No eye irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Graphite:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>No eye irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Copper metal powder:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>No eye irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Talc:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>No eye irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Calcium oxide:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Irreversible effects on the eye</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Dolomite:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>No eye irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials.
### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitization
Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic</td>
<td>Buehler Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 406</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>Local lymph node assay (LLNA)</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper metal powder</td>
<td>Maximization Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 406</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Humans</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>negative</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide</td>
<td>Local lymph node assay (LLNA)</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 429</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolomite</td>
<td>Local lymph node assay (LLNA)</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 429</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Germ cell mutagenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

- **Genotoxicity in vitro**
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  - Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**
  - Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  - Result: negative

Graphite:

- **Genotoxicity in vitro**
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
    - Result: negative

  - Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
    - Result: negative

  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
    - Result: negative

Copper metal powder:

- **Genotoxicity in vitro**
  - Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
    - Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
    - Result: negative

Talc:

- **Genotoxicity in vitro**
  - Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
    - Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo**
  - Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
    - Species: Rat
    - Application Route: Ingestion
    - Result: negative
Calcium oxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Dolomite:
Genotoxicity in vitro:
- Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Carcinogenicity - Assessment:
Petroleum distillates have been classified as not carcinogenic based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Skin contact
- Exposure time: 78 weeks
- Result: negative

Talc:
- Species: Mouse
- Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 2 Years
- Result: negative

Calcium oxide:
- Species: Rat
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 104 weeks
- Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Quartz:
Species: Humans
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Result: positive
Remarks: These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment:
Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies (inhalation)

IARC
Quartz (Silica dust, crystalline) 14808-60-7
Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

OSHA
Quartz (crystalline silica) 14808-60-7
OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen

NTP
Quartz (Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size)) 14808-60-7
Known to be human carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: negative

Graphite:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Copper metal powder:

- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Rabbit
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Talc:

- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Result: negative

Calcium oxide:

- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
  Result: negative

Dolomite:

- Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  Species: Rat
  Application Route: Ingestion
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Calcium oxide:
Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Quartz:
Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs : Lungs
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:
Species : Rabbit
NOAEL : 1.000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 4 Weeks
Method : OECD Test Guideline 410

Copper metal powder:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : >= 2 mg/m³
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 28 Days

Calcium oxide:
Species : Rat
NOAEL : >= 0.399 mg/l
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time : 90 Days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Dolomite:
Species : Mouse
NOAEL : 1,300 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 28 Days
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
**Quartz:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Humans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOAEL</td>
<td>0.053 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application Route</td>
<td>inhalation (dust/mist/fume)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity**

**Product:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 10,250 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 15,470 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 30,940 mg/l |
| Exposure time: 48 h |
| Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 |
| Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants</th>
<th>EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 70,100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 60,000 mg/l |
| Exposure time: 96 h |
| Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 |
| Remarks: Based on data from similar materials |

**Components:**

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to fish</th>
<th>LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): &gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test substance</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates</th>
<th>EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 10,000 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time</td>
<td>48 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test substance</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

- NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): >= 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

- NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
  Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms

- NOEC (Photobacterium phosphoreum): > 2.17 mg/l
  Exposure time: 4 d

Graphite:

- Toxicity to fish
  - LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
    Exposure time: 96 h
    Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates
  - EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
    Exposure time: 48 h
    Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
  - EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
    Exposure time: 72 h
    Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

- Toxicity to microorganisms
  - EC50: > 1,012.5 mg/l
    Exposure time: 3 h
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Copper metal powder:

- Toxicity to fish
  - LC50: > 10 - 100 µg/l
    Exposure time: 96 h

- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)
  - NOEC: > 1 - 10 µg/l

Talc:

- Toxicity to fish
  - LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 100,000 mg/l
    Exposure time: 24 h

Calcium oxide:

- Toxicity to fish
  - LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
    Exposure time: 96 h
    Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
- EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOEC (Crangon crangon (shrimp)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms:
- EC50: > 100 mg/l
  Exposure time: 3 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Dolomite:

Toxicity to fish:
- LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 16.6 mg/l
  Exposure time: 96 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
  Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:
- EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 16.6 mg/l
  Exposure time: 48 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
  Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
  Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:
- NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 14 mg/l
  Exposure time: 72 h
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Quartz:

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Acute aquatic toxicity: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
Persistence and degradability

**Product:**
Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Components:**

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:**
Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 2 - 8 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal methods**
Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**International Regulations**

**UNRTDG**
UN number : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper metal powder, Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate)
Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

**IATA-DGR**
UN/ID No. : UN 3077
Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Copper metal powder, Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate)
Class : 9
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Packing group: III
Labels: Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
Environmentally hazardous: yes

IMDG-Code
UN number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper metal powder, Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: 9
EmS Code: F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR
UN/ID/NA number: UN 3077
Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Copper metal powder, Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate)
Class: 9
Packing group: III
Labels: CLASS 9
ERG Code: 171
Marine pollutant: yes (Copper metal powder, Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate)
Remarks: Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters.

Special precautions for user
The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Component RQ (lbs)</th>
<th>Calculated product RQ (lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copper metal powder</td>
<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>46992</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity
This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards: Serious eye damage or eye irritation
SARA 313

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

- Copper metal powder 7440-50-8 >= 10 - < 20 %

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic 64742-53-6
- Decanoic acid, mixed esters with heptanoic acid, isovaleric acid, octanoic acid and pentaerythritol 68130-51-8
- Graphite 7782-42-5
- Copper metal powder 7440-50-8
- Talc 14807-96-6
- Calcium(2+) 12-hydroxyoctadecanoate 3159-62-4
- Calcium oxide 1305-78-8
- Quartz 14808-60-7
- Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate 15890-25-2

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic 64742-53-6
- Graphite 7782-42-5
- Copper metal powder 7440-50-8
- Talc 14807-96-6
- Calcium oxide 1305-78-8

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic 64742-53-6
- Graphite 7782-42-5
- Copper metal powder 7440-50-8
- Talc 14807-96-6
- Calcium oxide 1305-78-8
- Quartz 14808-60-7

California Regulated Carcinogens

- Quartz 14808-60-7

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- DSL: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
- TSCA: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.
- AICS: All ingredients listed or exempt.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
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Version 10.0
Revision Date: 11/04/2020
SDS Number: 119985-00017
Date of last issue: 05/06/2020
Date of first issue: 05/19/2015

NFPA 704:

HMIS® IV:

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA CARC : OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens
OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
NIOSH REL / ST : STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday
OSHA CARC / PEL : Permissible exposure limit (PEL)
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Pre-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Revision Date : 11/04/2020

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8