SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : COPR 99 PUMPABLE
SDS-Identcode : 509G

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier : Bestolife Corporation
Address : 2126 Vanco Drive
Irving TX 75061,
Telephone : 855-243-9164/972-865-8961
Telefax : 214-631-3047
(24-hours/7 days)
E-mail address : www.bestolife.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Industrial use
Thread Compound (Pipe Dope) and Jacking grease for use in
Offshore industries
Mining, (without offshore industries)
Restrictions on use : Do not use on oxygen lines or in oxygen enriched atmos-
pheres.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)
Eye irritation : Category 2A
Skin sensitization : Category 1

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : ![Warning]
Signal Word : Warning
Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protec-
tion.
Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration (% w/w)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic</td>
<td>64742-52-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 30 - &lt; 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>7782-42-5</td>
<td>&gt;= 10 - &lt; 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper metal powder</td>
<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 5 - &lt; 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolomite</td>
<td>16389-88-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-Hydroxy lithium stearate</td>
<td>7620-77-1</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide</td>
<td>1305-78-8</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate)</td>
<td>57855-77-3</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>&gt;= 1 - &lt; 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice
In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

If inhaled
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact
In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact
In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Get medical attention.

If swallowed: If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray
Alcohol-resistant foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Specific hazards during fire-fighting: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides
Metal oxides
Fluorine compounds
Sulfur oxides

Specific extinguishing methods: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Use personal protective equipment.
Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding
SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures: See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Advice on safe handling:
- For outdoor use only
- Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
- Do not swallow.
- Do not get in eyes.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
- Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage:
- Keep in properly labeled containers.
- Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid:
- Do not store with the following product types:
  - Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic</td>
<td>64742-52-5</td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>OSHA Z-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>ST (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>20 Million particles per cubic foot</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>7782-42-5</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³</td>
<td>NIOSH REL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>15 Million particles per cubic</td>
<td>OSHA Z-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>Exposure Limit</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>-----</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copper metal powder</td>
<td>TWA (Dust and mist)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Fumes)</td>
<td>0.2 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Dust)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (dusts and mists)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Fumes)</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³ (Copper)</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dolomite</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ (Calcium carbonate)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (total)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ (Calcium carbonate)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-Hydroxy lithium stearate</td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable dust)</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (respirable)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³ / %SiO2+2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (respirable)</td>
<td>250 mppcf / %SiO2+5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³ (Silica)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable dust)</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³ (Silica)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PEL (respirable)</td>
<td>0.05 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

**Engineering measures:** Minimize workplace exposure concentrations. Dust formation may be relevant in the processing of this product. In addition to substance-specific OELs, general limitations of concentrations of particulates in the air at workplaces have to be considered in workplace risk assessment. Relevant limits include: OSHA PEL for
Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated of 15 mg/m³ - total dust, 5 mg/m³ - respirable fraction; and ACGIH TWA for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified of 3 mg/m³ - respirable particles, 10 mg/m³ - inhalable particles.

Personal protective equipment
Respiratory protection: General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves
Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment: Safety goggles

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Viscous semi-solid
Color: copper
Odor: Petroleum
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH : Not applicable (not an aqueous solution)
Melting point/freezing point : No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available
Flash point : Not applicable
Evaporation rate : Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available
Vapor pressure : Not applicable
Relative vapor density : Not applicable
Relative density : 1.2
Density : No data available
Solubility(ies)
Water solubility : negligible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable
Autoignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable
Flow time : No data available
Explosive properties : Not explosive
Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight : No data available
Particle size : No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
SAFETY DATA SHEET
COPR 99 PUMPABLE

Version 12.0
Revision Date: 11/06/2020
SDS Number: 119978-00021
Date of last issue: 05/06/2020
Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.
Conditions to avoid: None known.
Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Talc:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Graphite:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 2 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Copper metal powder:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,500 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 5.11 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Dolomite:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 3 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Calcium oxide:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Acute inhalation toxicity: (Rat): > 5 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,500 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Quartz:
Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Talc:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation

Graphite:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Copper metal powder:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation

Dolomite:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Calcium oxide:
Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):
Species: Rabbit
Result: Skin irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
Causes serious eye irritation.

Product:
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Talc:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

Graphite:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Copper metal powder:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Dolomite:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
### SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### COPR 99 PUMPABLE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>SDS Number</th>
<th>Date of last issue</th>
<th>Date of first issue</th>
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<td>12.0</td>
<td>11/06/2020</td>
<td>119978-00021</td>
<td>05/06/2020</td>
<td>05/18/2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Calcium oxide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Method</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Irreversible effects on the eye</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 405</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization**

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory sensitization**

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Buehler Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>negative</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Talc:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Humans</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Graphite:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Local lymph node assay (LLNA)</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Copper metal powder:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximization Test</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 406</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Dolomite:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Routes of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Local lymph node assay (LLNA)</td>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Mouse</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 429</td>
<td>negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:**
- **Test Type:** Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Routes of exposure:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 429
- **Result:** negative

**Calcium oxide:**
- **Test Type:** Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- **Routes of exposure:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Mouse
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 429
- **Result:** negative
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):**
- **Test Type:** Buehler Test
- **Routes of exposure:** Skin contact
- **Species:** Guinea pig
- **Result:** positive
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

**Assessment:**
Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro:** Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo:** Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative
  Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Talc:**
- **Genotoxicity in vitro:** Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: negative

- **Genotoxicity in vivo:** Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Species: Rat
**Application Route:** Ingestion  
**Result:** negative

**Graphite:**  
**Genotoxicity in vitro**  
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Result: negative  
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476  
Result: negative  
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
Result: negative

**Copper metal powder:**  
**Genotoxicity in vitro**  
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Result: negative  
Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Dolomite:**  
**Genotoxicity in vitro**  
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium oxide:**  
**Genotoxicity in vitro**  
Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471  
Result: negative  
Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials  
Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476  
Result: negative  
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):**
### Genotoxicity in vitro
- **Test Type:** Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
- **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 471
- **Result:** negative
- **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Test Type:** In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 476
  - **Result:** negative
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

- **Test Type:** Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  - **Method:** OECD Test Guideline 473
  - **Result:** negative
  - **Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

**Product:**
- **Carcinogenicity - Assessment:** Petroleum distillates have been classified as not carcinogenic based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

### Components:

| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: | 
|---|---|
| **Species** | Mouse |
| **Application Route** | Skin contact |
| **Exposure time** | 78 weeks |
| **Method** | OECD Test Guideline 451 |
| **Result** | negative |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Talc:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Species</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Result</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Calcium oxide:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Species</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exposure time</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Result</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Remarks</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quartz:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Species</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Application Route</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Result</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Remarks</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Carcinogenicity - Assessment

- **IARC**
  - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans
  - Quartz (Silica dust, crystalline)
  - Code: 14808-60-7

- **OSHA**
  - OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen
  - Quartz (crystalline silica)
  - Code: 14808-60-7

- **NTP**
  - Known to be human carcinogen
  - Quartz (Silica, Crystalline (Respirable Size))
  - Code: 14808-60-7

## Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

## Components:

### Talc:

- **Effects on fetal development**
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative

### Graphite:

- **Effects on fertility**
  - Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative

- **Effects on fetal development**
  - Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative

### Copper metal powder:

- **Effects on fertility**
  - Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Effects on fetal development**
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Rabbit
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Result: negative
**Dolomite:**

- **Effects on fertility**
  - Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Effects on fetal development**
  - Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium oxide:**

- **Effects on fertility**
  - Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Effects on fetal development**
  - Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
  - Species: Mouse
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
  - Result: negative

**Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):**

- **Effects on fertility**
  - Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

- **Effects on fetal development**
  - Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
  - Species: Rat
  - Application Route: Ingestion
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
  - Result: negative
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**STOT-single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Calcium oxide:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:
Routes of exposure: Ingestion
Assessment: No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Quartz:
Routes of exposure: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Lungs
Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 0.98 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 28 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Copper metal powder:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 2 mg/m³
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 28 Days

Dolomite:
Species: Mouse
NOAEL: 1,300 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 28 Days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:
Species: Rat
NOAEL: > 88 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Calcium oxide:

Species: Rat
NOAEL: >= 0.399 mg/l
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):

Species: Rat
NOAEL: 100 mg/kg
LOAEL: 300 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 90 Days
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Quartz:

Species: Humans
LOAEL: 0.053 mg/m³
Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Remarks: These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Aspiration toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 1,064,120 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 16,410 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 110,268 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
### Components:

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:**

**Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 10,000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**: NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 10 mg/l
- Exposure time: 21 d
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Toxicity to microorganisms**: NOEC: > 1.93 mg/l
- Exposure time: 10 min
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Talc:**

**Toxicity to fish**: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 100,000 mg/l
- Exposure time: 24 h

**Graphite:**

**Toxicity to fish**: LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 96 h
- Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 48 h
- Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**: EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
- Exposure time: 72 h
- Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50: > 1,012.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Copper metal powder:
Toxicity to fish: LC50: > 10 - 100 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC: > 1 - 10 µg/l

Dolomite:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 16.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 16.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 14 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:
Toxicity to fish: LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Calcium oxide:
Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC (Crangon crangon (shrimp)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 14 d
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms

EC50: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):

Toxicity to fish

LL50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EL10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity): NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.2 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms: NOEC: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 209 Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Quartz:

Ecotoxicology Assessment
Acute aquatic toxicity: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
Chronic aquatic toxicity: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Persistence and degradability

Product:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic:
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 2 - 4 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

12-Hydroxy lithium stearate:
Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 78 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):
Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):
Partition coefficient: n- log Pow: > 6.6
Mobility in soil
No data available
Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

- Waste from residues: Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

**UNRTDG**
- UN number: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper metal powder)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 9

**IATA-DGR**
- UN/ID No.: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Copper metal powder)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: Miscellaneous
- Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 956
- Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 956
- Environmentally hazardous: yes

**IMDG-Code**
- UN number: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Copper metal powder)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: 9
- EmS Code: F-A, S-F
- Marine pollutant: yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.
Domestic regulation

**49 CFR**
- UN/ID/NA number: UN 3077
- Proper shipping name: Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (Copper metal powder)
- Class: 9
- Packing group: III
- Labels: CLASS 9
- ERG Code: 171
- Marine pollutant: yes (Copper metal powder)
- Remarks: Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 liters.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Component RQ (lbs)</th>
<th>Calculated product RQ (lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copper metal powder</td>
<td>7440-50-8</td>
<td>5000</td>
<td>83056</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

**SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity**

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

**SARA 311/312 Hazards**

- Respiratory or skin sensitization
- Serious eye damage or eye irritation

**SARA 313**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

- Copper metal powder 7440-50-8 >= 5 - < 10 %

**US State Regulations**

**Pennsylvania Right To Know**

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic 64742-52-5
- Decanoic acid, mixed esters with heptanoic acid, isovaleric acid, octanoic acid and pentaerythritol 68130-51-8
- Talc 14807-96-6
- Graphite 7782-42-5
- Copper metal powder 7440-50-8
- Polytetrafluoroethylene 9002-84-0
- Dolomite 16389-88-1
- Calcium oxide 1305-78-8
- Quartz 14808-60-7
California Prop. 65
WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Quartz, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic
- Talc
- Graphite
- Copper metal powder
- Calcium oxide

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

- Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic
- Talc
- Graphite
- Copper metal powder
- Calcium oxide
- Quartz

California Regulated Carcinogens

- Quartz

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

- DSL: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
- TSCA: All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.
- AICS: All ingredients listed or exempt.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information
Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA CARC : OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens
OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour workday during a 40-hour workweek
NIOSH REL / ST : STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday
OSHA CARC / PEL : Permissible exposure limit (PEL)
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Pre-
SAFETY DATA SHEET

COPR 99 PUMPABLE

Version 12.0
Revision Date: 11/06/2020
SDS Number: 119978-00021
Date of last issue: 05/06/2020
Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

SOURCES OF KEY DATA USED TO COMPARE THE MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET:

Revision Date: 11/06/2020

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user’s end product, if applicable.

US / Z8