

## 3010® ULTRA

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 07.05.2018
1.12	01.10.2018	141189-00012	Date of first issue: 27.05.2015

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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : 3010® ULTRA

SDS-Identcode : 379G

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-  
stance/Mixture : Industrial use, Thread Compound (Pipe Dope) and Jacking  
grease for use in Offshore industries, Mining, (without offshore  
industries)

Recommended restrictions  
on use : Do not use on oxygen lines or in oxygen enriched atmos-  
pheres.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Bestolife Corporation INTERTEK FRANCE  
2777 N. Stemmons Frwy 27400 HEUDEBOUVILLE  
DALLAS, TX 75207, FRANCE

Telephone : 855-243-9164/972-865-8961 +33 385 991270

Telefax : 214-631-3047 +33 385 991288

E-mail address of person  
responsible for the SDS : [www.bestolife.com/christian.gimenez@intertek.com/if.reach@intertek.com](http://www.bestolife.com/christian.gimenez@intertek.com/if.reach@intertek.com)

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: +(44)-870-8200418; Interntnl: +1-703-527-3887 NHS Drct: +44 0845 4647  
(Medical only)

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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### **Additional Labelling**

EUH210 Safety data sheet available on request.

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according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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### 2.3 Other hazards

None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Quartz	14808-60-7 238-878-4	STOT RE 1; H372	>= 1 - < 10
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59). :			
Boric acid	10043-35-3 233-139-2 005-007-00-2 01-2119486683-25	Repr. 1B; H360FD	>= 0.3 - < 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Protection of first-aiders : No special precautions are necessary for first aid responders.
- If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.  
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- In case of skin contact : Wash with water and soap as a precaution.  
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.  
Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.  
Get medical attention if symptoms occur.  
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Treatment : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

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Alcohol-resistant foam  
Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)  
Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting : Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon oxides  
Metal oxides  
Silicon oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing methods : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.  
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.  
Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.  
Evacuate area.

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## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.  
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.  
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.  
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.  
Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.  
Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

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### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.
- Advice on safe handling : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment  
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.
- Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.
- Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:  
Strong oxidizing agents

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Specific use(s) : No data available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Graphite	7782-42-5	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne			

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	material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used</p>			
Talc	14807-96-6	TWA (Respirable dust)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	GB EH40
Further information	<p>For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, Talc is defined as the mineral talc together with other hydrous phyllosilicates including chlorite and carbonate materials which occur with it, but excluding amphibole asbestos and crystalline silica., The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m<sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material</p>			

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	are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			
Quartz	14808-60-7	TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Silica)	GB EH40
Further information	For the purposes of these limits, respirable dust and inhalable dust are those fractions of airborne dust which will be collected when sampling is undertaken in accordance with the methods described in MDHS14/3 General methods for sampling and gravimetric analysis of respirable and inhalable dust, The COSHH definition of a substance hazardous to health includes dust of any kind when present at a concentration in air equal to or greater than 10 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of inhalable dust or 4 mg.m <sup>-3</sup> 8-hour TWA of respirable dust. This means that any dust will be subject to COSHH if people are exposed above these levels. Some dusts have been assigned specific WELs and exposure to these must comply with the appropriate limit., Most industrial dusts contain particles of a wide range of sizes. The behaviour, deposition and fate of any particular particle after entry into the human respiratory system and the body response that it elicits, depend on the nature and size of the particle. HSE distinguishes two size fractions for limit-setting purposes termed 'inhalable' and 'respirable'. Inhalable dust approximates to the fraction of airborne material that enters the nose and mouth during breathing and is therefore available for deposition in the respiratory tract. Respirable dust approximates to the fraction that penetrates to the gas exchange region of the lung. Fuller definitions and explanatory material are given in MDHS14/3., Where dusts contain components that have their own assigned WEL, all the relevant limits should be complied with., Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used			

**These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.**

Quartz

### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Graphite	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	0.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	813 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	1.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Calcium(2+) 12-hydroxyoctadecanoate	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term local effects	0.172 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term local effects	0.086 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Boric acid	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	392 mg/kg bw/day
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	8.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Ingestion	Acute systemic effects	0.98 mg/kg bw/day

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	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	0.98 mg/kg bw/day
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	4.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	196 mg/kg bw/day

### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	Oral (Secondary Poisoning)	9.33 mg/kg food
Calcium(2+) 12-hydroxyoctadecanoate	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l
	Marine water	0.01 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	1 mg/l
Boric acid	Fresh water	2.9 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	13.7 mg/l
	Marine water	2.9 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	10 mg/l
	Soil	5.7 mg/kg dry weight (d.w.)

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Engineering measures

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:  
Safety glasses

Hand protection  
Remarks : Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Skin and body protection : Skin should be washed after contact.

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines.

Filter type : Combined particulates and organic vapour type (A-P)

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Viscous semi-solid

Colour : black

Odour : Petroleum

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : Not applicable (not an aqueous solution)

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range : 208 °C  
Method: ASTM D 2887  
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

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Flash point : > 150 °C  
Method: Cleveland open cup  
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

Evaporation rate : < 1

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not classified as a flammability hazard

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit : No data available

Vapour pressure : Not applicable

Relative vapour density : Not applicable

Relative density : 1.3

Density : No data available

Solubility(ies)  
Water solubility : negligible  
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable  
Auto-ignition temperature : 407 °C  
Method: ASTM E 659

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity  
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available  
Viscosity, kinematic : 18.17 cSt (40 °C)  
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic  
1.817 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (40 °C)  
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic

Flow time : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

### 9.2 Other information

Molecular weight : No data available

Particle size : No data available



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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : None known.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure : Skin contact  
Ingestion  
Eye contact

##### Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

##### Components:

##### **Quartz:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

##### **Boric acid:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,450 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 2.03 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

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### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

##### **Boric acid:**

Species : Rabbit  
Result : No skin irritation

### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

##### **Boric acid:**

Species : Rabbit  
Result : No eye irritation

### **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

#### **Skin sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

##### **Boric acid:**

Test Type : Buehler Test  
Exposure routes : Skin contact  
Species : Guinea pig  
Method : OECD Test Guideline 406  
Result : negative

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

##### **Boric acid:**

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)  
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test  
Result: equivocal

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro  
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)  
Species: Mouse  
Application Route: Ingestion

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Result: negative

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Product:**

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Petroleum distillates have been classified as not carcinogenic based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

#### **Components:**

##### **Quartz:**

Species : Humans  
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Result : positive  
Remarks : IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)  
These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

##### **Boric acid:**

Species : Mouse  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 103 weeks  
Result : negative

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

##### **Boric acid:**

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study  
Species: Rat  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: positive

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development  
Species: Rabbit  
Application Route: Ingestion  
Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on animal experiments.

### **STOT - single exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

### **STOT - repeated exposure**

Not classified based on available information.

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### Components:

#### **Quartz:**

Exposure routes : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Target Organs : Lungs  
Assessment : Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.

### **Repeated dose toxicity**

#### Components:

#### **Quartz:**

Species : Humans  
LOAEL : 0.053 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)  
Remarks : These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

#### **Boric acid:**

Species : Rat  
NOAEL : 100 mg/kg  
LOAEL : 334 mg/kg  
Application Route : Ingestion  
Exposure time : 2 yr

### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### **12.1 Toxicity**

#### Components:

#### **Quartz:**

#### **Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Acute aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility  
Chronic aquatic toxicity : No toxicity at the limit of solubility

#### **Boric acid:**

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 74 mg/l  
Exposure time: 96 h  
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 102 mg/l  
Exposure time: 48 h  
Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 52.4 mg/l

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Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 17.5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 72 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10 : 35.4 mg/l  
Exposure time: 3 h  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 6.4 mg/l  
Exposure time: 34 d  
Species: Danio rerio (zebra fish)  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC: 10.8 mg/l  
Exposure time: 21 d  
Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### Components:

#### **Boric acid:**

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)  
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): <= 3.2  
Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.09

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not relevant

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.  
According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.  
Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

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ding site for recycling or disposal.  
Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.  
Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death.  
If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59) : Boric acid  
REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV) : Not applicable  
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer : Not applicable  
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants : Not applicable  
Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals : Not applicable  
REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) : Not applicable  
Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.  
Not applicable

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

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TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

AICS : All ingredients listed or exempt.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

#### Full text of H-Statements

H360FD : May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.  
H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Repr. : Reproductive toxicity  
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure  
GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits  
GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



## 3010® ULTRA

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 07.05.2018
1.12	01.10.2018	141189-00012	Date of first issue: 27.05.2015

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es; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Further information

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agency, <http://echa.europa.eu/>

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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