SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : 2010® NM ULTRA
Other means of identification : No data available
SDS-Identcode : 380G

Manufacturer or supplier’s details
Company name of supplier : Bestolife Corporation
Address : 2126 Vanco Drive
Irving TX 75061,
Telephone : 855-243-9164/972-865-8961
Telefax : 214-631-3047
E-mail address : www.bestolife.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Recommended use : Industrial use
Thread Compound (Pipe Dope) and Jacking grease for use in
Offshore industries
Mining, (without offshore industries)
Restrictions on use : Do not use on oxygen lines or in oxygen enriched atmos-
pheres.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations
Eye irritation : Category 2A
Skin sensitization : Sub-category 1B

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms : !
Signal Word : Warning
Hazard Statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary Statements : Prevention:
P261 Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of
the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protec-

Response:
**SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**Chemical name** | **CAS-No.** | **Concentration (% w/w)**
--- | --- | ---
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic | 64742-53-6 | >= 10 - < 30 *
Graphite | 7782-42-5 | >= 10 - < 30 *
Talc | 14807-96-6 | >= 5 - < 10 *
Calcium oxide | 1305-78-8 | >= 1 - < 5 *
Quartz | 14808-60-7 | >= 1 - < 5 *
Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate) | 57855-77-3 | >= 1 - < 5 *

*Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret*

**SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

**General advice**

In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately. When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

**If inhaled**

If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**In case of skin contact**

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

**In case of eye contact**

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Get medical attention.

**If swallowed**

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders:

- First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection, and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician:

- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:

- Water spray
- Alcohol-resistant foam
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Dry chemical

 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

- None known.

Specific hazards during firefighting:

- Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products:

- Carbon oxides
- Fluorine compounds
- Metal oxides
- Sulfur oxides

Specific extinguishing methods:

- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so.
- Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

- In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

- Use personal protective equipment.
- Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal protective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions:

- Avoid release to the environment.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

- Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
- Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.
- Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Advice on safe handling : For outdoor use only
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors or spray.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure assessment
Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.
Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:
Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Value type (Form of exposure)</th>
<th>Control parameters / Permissible concentration</th>
<th>Basis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic</td>
<td>64742-53-6</td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEL (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STEV (Mist)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Mist)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>7782-42-5</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talc</td>
<td>14807-96-6</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA QC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA AB OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulates)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>CA BC OEL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable fraction)</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulate matter)</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable particulates)</td>
<td>TWA (Respirable dust)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calcium oxide</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quartz</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td>0.025 mg/m³</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

### Quartz

**Engineering measures**
- Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.
- Dust formation may be relevant in the processing of this product. In addition to substance-specific OELs, general limitations of concentrations of particulates in the air at workplaces have to be considered in workplace risk assessment. Relevant limits include: OSHA PEL for Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated of 15 mg/m³ - total dust, 5 mg/m³ - respirable fraction; and ACGIH TWA for Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified of 3 mg/m³ - respirable particles, 10 mg/m³ - inhalable particles.

**Personal protective equipment**

**Respiratory protection**
- If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or exposure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the recommended guidelines, use respiratory protection.
- Filter type: Combined particulates and organic vapor type
Material: Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection: Wear the following personal protective equipment:
Safety goggles

Skin and body protection: Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure potential. Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures: If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Viscous semi-solid
Color: black
Odor: Petroleum
Odor Threshold: No data available
pH: Not applicable (not an aqueous solution)
Melting point/freezing point: No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range: 208 °C
Method: ASTM D 2887
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic
Flash point: 150 °C
Method: ASTM D 92, Cleveland open cup
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic
Evaporation rate: < 1
Flammability (solid, gas): Not classified as a flammability hazard
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available
### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reactivity</td>
<td>Not classified as a reactivity hazard.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical stability</td>
<td>Stable under normal conditions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Possibility of hazardous reactions</td>
<td>Can react with strong oxidizing agents.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions to avoid</td>
<td>None known.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incompatible materials</td>
<td>Oxidizing agents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous decomposition products</td>
<td>No hazardous decomposition products are known.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin contact
Ingestion
Eye contact

Acute toxicity
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: LC50 (Rat): > 5.53 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

- **Acute dermal toxicity**: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

**Graphite:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 423
  - Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: LC50 (Rat): > 2 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

**Talc:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Calcium oxide:**

- **Acute oral toxicity**: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

- **Acute inhalation toxicity**: (Rat): > 5 mg/l
  - Exposure time: 4 h
  - Test atmosphere: dust/mist
  - Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
  - Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
## Acute dermal toxicity

**LD50 (Rabbit):** > 2,500 mg/kg  
**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 402  
**Assessment:** The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity  
**Remarks:** Based on data from similar materials

### Quartz:

**Acute oral toxicity:**  
**LD50 (Rat):** > 5,000 mg/kg

### Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):

- **Acute oral toxicity:**  
  **LD50 (Rat):** > 5,000 mg/kg
- **Acute dermal toxicity:**  
  **LD50 (Rabbit):** > 5,000 mg/kg

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

### Components:

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>No skin irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Graphite:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>No skin irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Talc:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>No skin irritation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Calcium oxide:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Method</td>
<td>OECD Test Guideline 404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Skin irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Result</td>
<td>Skin irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks</td>
<td>Based on data from similar materials</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

### Components:

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Rabbit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Result: No eye irritation

**Graphite:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**Talc:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: No eye irritation

**Calcium oxide:**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

**Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylphenalenesulphonate):**
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Skin sensitization**
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not classified based on available information.

**Components:**

**Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:**
Test Type: Buehler Test
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Guinea pig
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: negative

**Graphite:**
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

**Talc:**
Routes of exposure: Skin contact
Species: Humans
Result: negative
Calcium oxide:
- Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Mouse
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
- Result: negative
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):
- Test Type: Buehler Test
- Routes of exposure: Skin contact
- Species: Guinea pig
- Result: positive
- Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Assessment:
- Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity
- Not classified based on available information

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative
- Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo cytogenetic assay)
  Species: Mouse
  Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
  Result: negative

Graphite:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
  Result: negative
- Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
  Result: negative
- Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
  Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
  Result: negative

Talc:
- Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)
  Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo: Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Calcium oxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):
Genotoxicity in vitro: Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity
Not classified based on available information.

Product:
Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Petroleum distillates have been classified as not carcinogenic based on DMSO extract content < 3% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note L).

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 78 weeks
Result: negative
Talc:
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Exposure time: 2 Years
Result: Negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Calcium oxide:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 104 weeks
Result: Negative
Remarks: These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Quartz:
Species: Humans
Application Route: Inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Result: Positive
Remarks: These substances are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment:
Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies (inhalation)

Reproductive toxicity:
Not classified based on available information.

Components:
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:
Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: Negative

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Skin contact
Result: Negative

Graphite:
Effects on fertility:
Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: Negative

Effects on fetal development:
Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
SAFETY DATA SHEET

2010® NM ULTRA

Version: 5.0
Revision Date: 11/06/2020
SDS Number: 117392-00017
Date of last issue: 05/06/2020
Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative

Talc:
Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Result: negative

Calcium oxide:
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Embryo-fetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: negative

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):
Effects on fertility: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development: Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test
Species: Rat
Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 422
Result: negative
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure
Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Calcium oxide:
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure
Not classified based on available information.
Components:

Quartz:
- Routes of exposure: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Target Organs: Lungs
- Assessment: Shown to produce significant health effects in animals at concentrations of 0.02 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:
- Species: Rabbit
- NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg
- Application Route: Skin contact
- Exposure time: 4 Weeks
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 410

Calcium oxide:
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: >= 0.399 mg/l
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Exposure time: 90 Days
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Quartz:
- Species: Humans
- LOAEL: 0.053 mg/m³
- Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
- Remarks: These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkylnaphthalenesulphonate):
- Species: Rat
- NOAEL: 100 mg/kg
- LOAEL: 300 mg/kg
- Application Route: Ingestion
- Exposure time: 90 Days
- Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

Aspiration toxicity
- Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:
**Toxicity to fish**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow))</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 96 h

**Test substance:**

- Water Accommodated Fraction

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea))</td>
<td>&gt; 10,000 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 48 h

**Test substance:**

- Water Accommodated Fraction

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))</td>
<td>&gt;= 100 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 72 h

**Test substance:**

- Water Accommodated Fraction

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea))</td>
<td>10 mg/l</td>
<td>21 d</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 21 d

**Test substance:**

- Water Accommodated Fraction

**Toxicity to microorganisms**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOEC (Photobacterium phosphoreum)</td>
<td>&gt; 2.17 mg/l</td>
<td>4 d</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 4 d

**Graphite:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish))</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 96 h

**Test substance:**

- Water Accommodated Fraction

**Method:**

- OECD Test Guideline 203

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea))</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>48 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 48 h

**Test substance:**

- Water Accommodated Fraction

**Method:**

- OECD Test Guideline 202

**Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 72 h

**Test substance:**

- Water Accommodated Fraction

**Method:**

- OECD Test Guideline 201

**NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)):**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>72 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 72 h

**Test substance:**

- Water Accommodated Fraction

**Method:**

- OECD Test Guideline 201

**Toxicity to microorganisms**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>&gt; 1,012.5 mg/l</td>
<td>3 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 3 h

**Method:**

- OECD Test Guideline 209

**Talc:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish))</td>
<td>&gt; 100,000 mg/l</td>
<td>24 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 24 h

**Calcium oxide:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Toxicity</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
<th>Exposure Time</th>
<th>Test Substance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout))</td>
<td>&gt; 100 mg/l</td>
<td>96 h</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exposure time:**

- 96 h
### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea))</th>
<th>&gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))</th>
<th>&gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remarks: Based on data from similar materials</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NOEC (Crangon crangon (shrimp))</th>
<th>&gt; 1 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>14 d</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Toxicity to microorganisms

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EC50</th>
<th>&gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>3 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Quartz:

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**

- **Acute aquatic toxicity**: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.
- **Chronic aquatic toxicity**: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

### Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):**

#### Toxicity to fish

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LL50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp))</th>
<th>&gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>96 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test substance:</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea))</th>
<th>&gt; 100 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>48 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test substance:</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae))</th>
<th>&gt; 10 mg/l</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure time:</td>
<td>72 h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Test substance:</td>
<td>Water Accommodated Fraction</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EL10 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms:

NOEC: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic:

Biodegradability:
Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 2 - 8 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):

Biodegradability:
Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Calcium bis(di C8-C10, branched, C9 rich, alkynaphthalenesulphonate):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water
log Pow: > 6.6

Mobility in soil
No data available

Other adverse effects
No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods
Waste from residues:
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated packaging:
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.
Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR
Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code
Not regulated as a dangerous good

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

TDG
Not regulated as a dangerous good

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

AICS : All ingredients listed or exempt.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
CA BC OEL : Canada. British Columbia OEL
CA ON OEL : Ontario Table of Occupational Exposure Limits made under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.
CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit
SAFETY DATA SHEET

2010® NM ULTRA

Version: 5.0  
Revision Date: 11/06/2020  
SDS Number: 117392-00017  
Date of last issue: 05/06/2020  
Date of first issue: 05/18/2015

CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average  
CA ON OEL / TWA : Time-Weighted Average Limit (TWA)  
CA QC OEL / TWA EV : Time-weighted average exposure value  
CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AIIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50% of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transport of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System


Revision Date: 11/06/2020  
Date format: mm/dd/yyyy

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific
context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

CA / Z8