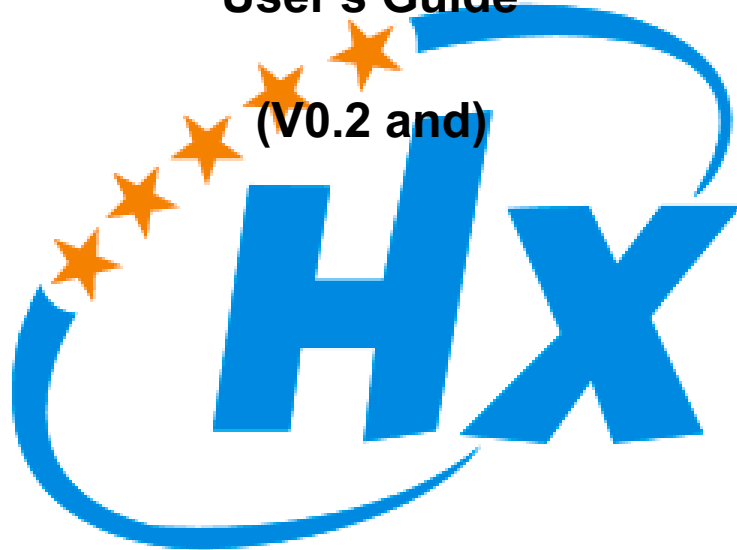


# **HX1230 liquid crystal display module**

## **User's Guide**

**(V0.2 and)**

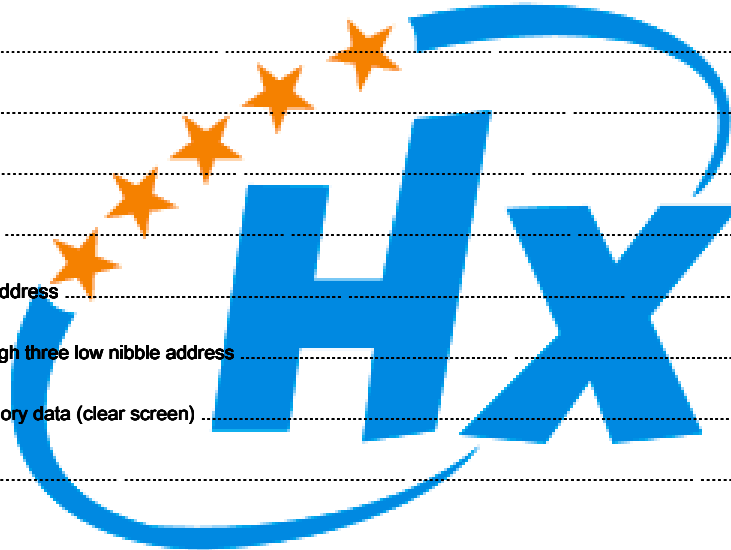


**Guangxi studios Technology Co., Ltd.**

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## 1 Outline

HX1230 The liquid crystal display module is a simple structure, compact monochrome dot-matrix display;

- Resolution 96, line 68
- Only need four IO can drive
- Single LED backlight, lower power consumption
- Maximum serial rate 4.0Mbps / s
- External RST (reset) pin input
- Voltage range: 2.7V ~ 5.0V
- Low power consumption for battery powered system
- Temperature range: -25 ~ 70 °C

## 2 Pin

Pin Function Module Description Table 1 Fig.

table 1 Pin Function Module Description

Pin Symbol		Function Description	Remark
1	RST	Module reset	Active Low
2	CE	Module Enable	Active Low
3	N / C	Suspended	
4	DIN	Serial Data	Data out pin
5	CLK	Serial Clock	Rising, DIN effective data
6	VCC	LCD power supply	3.3-5.0V
7	BL	Backlight Power	3.3-5.0V
8	GND	Ground	

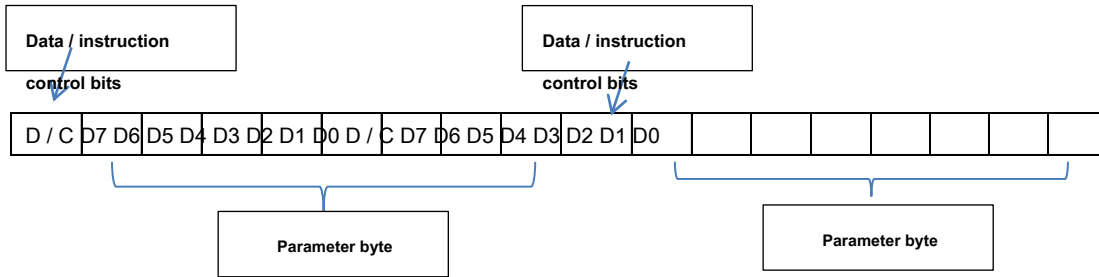
## 3 operating

### 3.1 Operation Timing

RST pin is used to reset the display module, the reset time is recommended 10ms ~ 100ms.

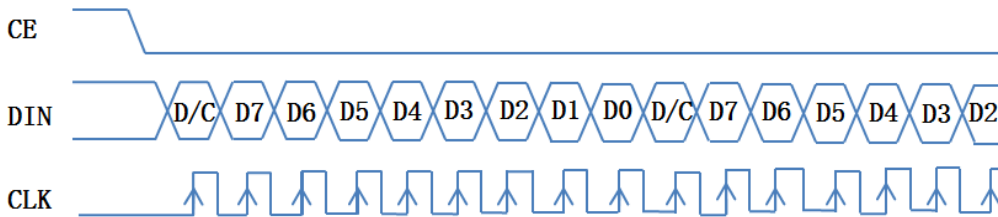
CE pin only valid serial data is low. Serial data pin DIN, the data format as shown in FIG.

Consists of a control bit D / C, add a parameter byte (high to low post) composed 9Bit format, when the D / C data / instruction control bit is 1, the data byte following the parameters; if D / C control bit is 0, the parameter is an instruction byte behind;



Map 1 Instruction format

Serial Clock CLK, when the rising edge of CLK, the data Din to be sampled.



Map 2 Timing

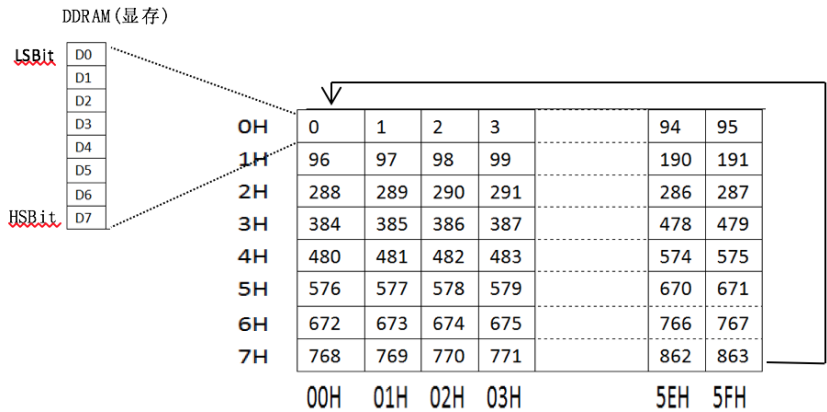
### 3.2 Instruction Set

HX1230 Instruction Set Table 2 Fig.

table 2 HX1230 Instruction Set

instruction	D / C	Command byte								description
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
An internal power supply is provided	0	0	1	0	W3	W2	W1	W0	When W are "1111", open; When W is "1000", closed;	
Contrast settings	0	1	0	0	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0 HX1230 model (not available);	
Set reverse video	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	When N / R When N / R is "0", the normal display; When N / R is "1", displayed in reverse;	
All set points 0		10		10		0	1	0	When the N / O if N / O is "0", to close the whole display; When the N / O is "1", opens the whole display;	
Set display switch	0	10		10		1	1	1	When the N / S when N / S is "0", the display is turned off; When N / S is "1", the display is opened;	
Set the DDRAM Y address	0	1	0	11		0	Y2	Y1	RAM addresses provided Y0 Y 0≤Y≤7	
Set the DDRAM low four X address 0		0	0	00		X3	X2	X1	X0 X address of RAM is provided 0≤Y≤95	
X address is set upper three bits 0 DDRAM		0	0	01		0	X6	X5	X4	
Setting scan start line 0		0	1	S5	S4	S3	S2	S1	Setting scan start line S0 S: 0≤Y≤63	
Write data	1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Writing data to the display D0 in RAM

### 3.3 DDRAM MAP (Memory map)



Map 3 HX1230 Memory Map

HX1230 display module DDRAM memory is an array of rows 9, 96, as shown in FIG. 3; 1 in each DDRAM write, the column address is automatically incremented point to the next byte DDRAM; 96 byte line when finished, will automatic row address plus one; when wrote the last line of the last one, it will automatically jump back row address 0, 0's.

currently using HX1230 display module , The modulus should be provided: a female code, reverse, row line;

### 3.4 Initialization process

#### 3.4.1. Reset

Connected to the power supply, and the internal registers DDRAM Contents undefined, must give RST A reset pulse signal. Reset time is recommended 10ms - 100ms .

#### 3.4.2 An internal power supply is provided

instruction	D / C	Command byte								description	
		D7	D6	D5	D4		D3	D2	D1		D0
Set an internal power source 0		0	0	1		0	W3	W2	W1	W0	when W are "1111", open; When W is "1000", closed;

#### 3.4.3 Set reverse video

instruction	D / C	Command byte								description
		D7	D6	D5	D4		D3	D2	D1	
Set reverse video	0	1	0	1	0	0		1	1	When N / R When N / R is "0", the normal display; When N / R is "1", displayed in reverse;

### 3.4.4 All set point display

instruction	D / C	Command byte								description
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Set all significant illustrates the point	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0		When the N / O if N / O is "0", to close the whole display; When the N / O is "1", opens the whole display;

### 3.4.5 Set display switch

instruction	D / C	Command byte								description
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Set display switch 0		10		10		1	1	1		When the N / S when N / S is "0", the display is turned off; When N / S is "1", the display is opened;

### 3.4.6 Setting scan start line

instruction	D / C	Command byte								description
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Setting scan play Starting line	0	0	1	S5	S4	S3	S2	S1		Setting scan start line S0 S: 0≤Y≤63

### 3.4.7 Set up DDRAM of Y address

instruction	D / C	Command byte								description
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Y address provided DDRAM 0		1	0	1	1	0	Y2	Y1		The RAM address Y0 of Y: 0≤Y≤7

### 3.4.8 Set up DDRAM of X High three low nibble address

instruction	D / C	Command byte								description
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Set the DDRAM low four X address 0		0	0	0	0	X3	X2	X1	X0	setting the X RAM Address:
X address is set upper three bits 0 DDRAM		0	0	0	1	0	X6	X5	X4	0≤Y≤95

### 3.4.9 Remove DDRAM Memory data (clear screen)

```

set_XY (0,0);      // Set coordinates.
for (i = 0; i <9; i ++){

    for (j = 0; j <96; j ++){

        write_LCD (0x00,1);}}
    
```

### 3.5 Routine

```

/ *****
Note: suitable for routine studios Technology Co., Ltd. Guangxi produced models HX1230 display module
wiring:
    RST -> P1.0 CE
    -> P1.1 DIN ->
    P1.2 CLK ->
    P1.3 BL -> P1.4
***** /

#include "stc12c5a60s2.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include "char_tab.h"

sbit HX_RST = P1 ^ 0;      // Define the reset pin
sbit HX_CE = P1 ^ 1;      // Definitions enable pin
sbit HX_DIN = P1 ^ 2;     // Defined data pins
sbit HX_CLK = P1 ^ 3;    // Defined clock pin
sbit HX_BL = P1 ^ 4;     // Defined backlight pin

void delay (unsigned int t);          // Delay function
void write_HX (char value, bit DC);   // to HX1230 Display Module Writes a command / data
DC = 0: instruction DC = 1: data
void initinal_HX (void);              // initialization HX1230 screen
void set_XY (unsigned char x, unsigned char y); // Positioning coordinates
void clr_HX (void);                   // Clear screen function
void Display_Picture (char * ch);     // Display image function
void english_display8x8 (char x, char y, char input); // Display a 8 * 8 English characters
void sping_english8x8 (char x, char y, char * ch); // To display a string 8x8 String
void display_betty_logo (int power);  // Display power
    
```

```

void english_display8x16 (char x, char y, char input);           // Display a 16 * 8 English characters
void sping_english8x16 (char x, char y, char * ch);           // To display a string 16x8 character of

/ *****
Function Name: Delay () Function
Description: program delay
***** /

void delay (unsigned int t) {

    unsigned int i, j; for (i =
    0; i <t; i ++){

        for (j = 0; j <1000; j ++);}

/ *****
Function Name: write_LCD (char value, bit DC) Description: to HX1230 display module Write
a byte instructions or data
***** /

void write_HX (char value, bit DC)           // Write a lcd Instruction / data DC = 0: instruction DC = 1: data
{
    int i;
    HX_CE = 0;           // Enable HX1230 Display Module Operations
    HX_DIN = DC;           // Instructions or data
    HX_CLK = 1;           // Generating a rising edge of the write control bit
    HX_CLK = 0;

    for (i = 0; i <8; i ++){           // Write a command or data byte
    {
        if (value & 0x80) {

            HX_DIN = 1;}

        else {

            HX_DIN = 0;}

        HX_CLK = 1; value =
        value << 1; HX_CLK = 0;}

    HX_CE = 1;           // Ban HX1230 The operation display module

```



```

}

/ *****

Function Name: initinal_LCD (void)

Function Description: Initializes control registers module HX1230

***** /

void initinal_HX (void)           // initialization lcd
{

    HX_CLK = 0;
    HX_RST = 0; delay
    (50); HX_RST = 1;
    HX_CE = 0; delay
    (1); HX_CE = 1;
    delay (1);

    write_HX (0x2f, 0);           // Set the internal power supply ( ON: 0x2f / OFF: 0x28 ), Internal power switch is turned on
    write_HX (0x90,0);           // Set contrast (not used)
    write_HX (0xa6,0);           // Set reverse display (normal: 0xa6 / Anti obvious: 0xa7 ), Normal display settings
    write_HX (0xa4,0);           // Setting all of the display point (closed: 0xA4 / ON: A5) , Close full display
    write_HX (0xaf, 0);           // Display setting switch (open: 0xAF / shut down: 0xAE) Open display
    write_HX (0x40,0);           // Setting scan start line, the scanning start line is provided 0
    write_HX (0xb0,0);           // Set up DDRAM of Y Address, set RAM of Y Address 0
    write_HX (0x10,0);           // Set up DDRAM of X High three addresses, RAM of X High three address is 0
    write_HX (0x00,0);           // Set up DDRAM of X The low four addresses, RAM of X The lower four bits of address 0
    clr_HX ();}

/ *****

Function Name: set_XY (unsigned char x, unsigned char y) Function

Description: Sets the coordinate memory DDRAM

***** /

void set_XY (unsigned char x, unsigned char y)           // Positioning coordinates
{
    write_HX (0xb0 + y, 0);           // Set up DDRAM of Y address
    write_HX (0x10 | ((x & 0x7f) >> 4), 0);           // Set up DDRAM of X High three addresses
    write_HX (0x0f & x, 0);           // Set up DDRAM of X The lower four bits of address
}

/ *****

Function name: void clr_HX (void)

```

```

Description: clear screen
***** /

void clr_HX (void)                // Clear screen function
{
    unsigned char i, j; set_XY (0,0); // Set
    coordinates.
    for (i = 0; i <9; i ++){

        for (j = 0; j <96; j ++){

            write_HX (0x00, 1);}}}

/ *****

Function name: void Display_Picture (char * ch)
Description: a display size of 96 * 68 pictures
***** /

void Display_Picture (char * ch)    // Display image function
{
    unsigned char i, j;

    set_XY (0,0); // Set coordinates.
    for (i = 0; i <9; i ++){

        for (j = 0; j <96; j ++){

            write_HX (*(ch + (i * 96) + j), 1);}}}

/ *****

Function Name: english_display8x8 (char x, char y, char input) Description:
English characters a display 8 * 8
***** /

void english_display8x8 (char x, char y, char input)    // Display a 8 * 8 English characters
{
    char i, * ch;
    ch = ENGLISH_tab8x8 + 8 * (input - 32); set_XY (x, y);
    for (i = 0; i <8; i ++)
```

```

    {
        write_HX (* (ch + i), 1);}}

/ *****

    Function Name: sping_english8x8 (char x, char y, char * ch) Function: a
    character string display English 8 * 8
    ***** /

void sping_english8x8 (char x, char y, char * ch)                // To display a string 8x8 String
{
    char i = 0;
    while (* (ch + i) != '\0') {

        english_display8x8 (x + 8 * i, y, * (ch + i)); i ++;}}

/ *****

    Function Name: display_betty_logo (int power)
    Description: displays battery icon
    ***** /

void display_betty_logo (int power)                            // Display power
{
    char i, volue = 0, Power_mark = 0x00; int k;

    set_XY (80,0); k =
    (0xff-power) / 36; for (i = 0; i
    <k; i ++){

        Power_mark |= 0x01 << i;}

    for (i = 0; i <10; i ++){

        volue = * (bettey_logo + i); if (i>= 2
        && i <9){

            if (Power_mark & 0x01 << (i-2)) {

                volue &= ~ 0x3c;}}

```

```

write_HX (value, 1);}}

/ *****
Function Name: english_display16x8 (char x, char y, char input) Function Description:
displaying a 8 * 16 English characters
***** /
void english_display8x16 (char x, char y, char input) // Display a 8 * 16 English characters
{
char i, * ch;
ch = ENGLISH_tab8x16 + 16 * (input - 32); set_XY (x, y);
for (i = 0; i <8; i++) {

write_HX (* (ch + i), 1);}

set_XY (x, y + 1); for (i =
0; i <8; i++) {

write_HX (* (ch + i + 8), 1);}

/ *****
Function Name: sping_english8x16 (char x, char y, char * ch) Description:
displaying a string of English 16 * 8
***** /
void sping_english8x16 (char x, char y, char * ch) // To display a string 8 * 16 character of
{
char i = 0;
while (* (ch + i) != '\0') {

english_display8x16 (x + 8 * i, y, *(ch + i)); i++;}}

/ *****
Function name: void chinese_display (char x, char y, char * ch) // display a Chinese character
Description: a display Chinese characters 16 *
***** /

```

```

void chinese_display (char x, char y, char * ch)           // Display a Chinese character
{
    char i; set_XY (x, y); for
    (i = 0; i <16; i ++){

        write_HX (* (ch + i), 1);}

    set_XY (x, y + 1); for (i =
    0; i <16; i ++){

        write_HX (* (ch + i + 16), 1);}}

/ *****
Function Name: void main (void)
Description: The main function
***** /
void main (void) {

    char PChar [30] = 0; int i
    = 0;

    initinal_HX ();           // initialization

    while (1) {

        Display_Picture (Tab_Logo);           // Display image function
        delay (1000);

        clr_HX ();           // Clear screen
        sping_english8x8 (0, 1, "abcdefghijkl");           // To display a string 8x8 character of
        sping_english8x16 (0,2, "abdcefg hijkl");
        chinese_display (0,4, tab_chinese);
        display_betty_logo (80);           // Display power
        sprintf (PChar, "Count:% d", i);
        sping_english8x8 (0, 6, PChar);           // To display a string 8x8 character of
        i ++;

        delay (1000);}}

```