

# Model Numbers

## STR-MX11000-48

### Inverter add-ons



#### Parallel connection kits

KMS-PARKITT-48

KMS-PARKIT-24

parallel kit is suitable for linking identical Strahl inverters in series or parallel.

#### Wi-Fi monitoring kit

IC-WIFI

Wi-Fi remote monitoring kit uses Wi-Fi connectivity to enable advanced remote monitoring of a Strahl hybrid inverter from any location in the world.

#### Wi-Fi mobile app module

IC-WIFI-2

Wi-Fi remote monitoring module uses Wi-Fi connectivity to enable advanced remote monitoring of an Strahl hybrid inverter from an Android or iOS mobile device.

#### RS-485 modbus card

IC-MODBUS

Modbus card enables communication between compatible Strahl inverters and the energy meter in a grid-tie system.

## SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

<b>MODEL</b>	<b>11KW</b>
<b>Input Voltage Waveform</b>	Sinusoidal (utility or generator)
<b>Nominal Input Voltage</b>	230Vac
<b>Low Loss Voltage</b>	170Vac±7V (UPS) 90Vac±7V (Appliances)
<b>Low Loss Return Voltage</b>	180Vac±7V (UPS); 100Vac±7V (Appliances)
<b>High Loss Voltage</b>	280Vac±7V
<b>High Loss Return Voltage</b>	270Vac±7V
<b>Max AC Input Voltage</b>	300Vac
<b>Max AC Input Current</b>	70A
<b>Nominal Input Frequency</b>	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)
<b>Low Loss Frequency</b>	40±1Hz
<b>Low Loss Return Frequency</b>	42±1Hz
<b>High Loss Frequency</b>	65±1Hz
<b>High Loss Return Frequency</b>	63±1Hz
<b>Output Short Circuit Protection</b>	Line mode: Circuit Breaker (70A) Battery mode: Electronic Circuits
<b>Efficiency (Line Mode)</b>	>95% ( Rated R load, battery full charged )
<b>Transfer Time</b>	10ms typical (UPS); 20ms typical (Appliances)
<b>Output power de-rating:</b> When AC input voltage under 170V the output power will be de-rated.	<p>The graph illustrates the relationship between Input Voltage and Output Power. The x-axis represents Input Voltage with marked values at 90V, 170V, and 280V. The y-axis represents Output Power with marked values at 50% Power and Rated Power. A step function shows that for input voltages between 90V and 170V, the output power is limited to 50% of its rated value. At 170V, the output power increases sharply to the rated level. For input voltages above 170V, the output power remains constant at the rated level.</p>

Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications

MODEL	<b>11KW</b>
<b>Rated Output Power</b>	11000W
<b>Output Voltage Waveform</b>	Pure Sine Wave
<b>Output Voltage Regulation</b>	230Vac±5%
<b>Output Frequency</b>	60Hz or 50Hz
<b>Peak Efficiency</b>	93%
<b>Overload Protection</b>	100ms@≥180% load; 5s@≥120% load; 10s@105%~120% load
<b>Surge Capacity</b>	2* rated power for 5 seconds
<b>Low DC Warning Voltage</b> @ load < 20%	46.0Vdc
@ 20% ≤ load < 50%	42.8Vdc
@ load ≥ 50%	40.4Vdc
<b>Low DC Warning Return Voltage</b> @ load < 20%	48.0Vdc
@ 20% ≤ load < 50%	44.8Vdc
@ load ≥ 50%	42.4Vdc
<b>Low DC Cut-off Voltage</b> @ load < 20%	44.0Vdc
@ 20% ≤ load < 50%	40.8Vdc
@ load ≥ 50%	38.4Vdc
<b>High DC Recovery Voltage</b>	61Vdc
<b>High DC Cut-off Voltage</b>	63Vdc
<b>DC Voltage Accuracy</b>	+/-0.3V@ no load
<b>THDV</b>	<5% for linear load,<10% for non-linear load @ nominal voltage
<b>DC Offset</b>	≤100mV
<b>Power Limitation</b> When battery voltage is lower than 55Vdc, output power will be derated. If connected load is higher than this derated power, the AC output voltage will decrease until the output power reduces to this derated power. The minimum AC output voltage is 220V.	

Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

<b>Utility Charging Mode</b>	
<b>MODEL</b>	<b>11KW</b>
<b>Charging Current (UPS)</b> @ Nominal Input Voltage	150A
<b>Bulk Charging Voltage</b>	Flooded Battery 58.4Vdc
	AGM / Gel Battery 56.4Vdc
<b>Floating Charging Voltage</b>	54Vdc
<b>Overcharge Protection</b>	63Vdc
<b>Charging Algorithm</b>	3-Step
<b>Charging Curve</b>	<p>The graph plots Battery Voltage (per cell) and Charging Current (%) against Time. It shows three distinct phases: Bulk (Constant Current), Absorption (Constant Voltage), and Maintenance (Floating). The absorption phase is a curve starting at approximately 2.43Vdc (2.35Vdc) and ending at 54Vdc. The maintenance phase is a horizontal line at 54Vdc. The current decreases from 100% during bulk to 50% during absorption, and then to 0% during maintenance. The time interval T0 is the duration of the bulk stage, and T1 is the duration of the absorption stage, with a minimum of 10 minutes and a maximum of 8 hours.</p>
<b>Solar Input</b>	
<b>MODEL</b>	<b>11KW</b>
<b>Rated Power</b>	11000W
<b>Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage</b>	500Vdc
<b>PV Array MPPT Voltage Range</b>	90Vdc~450Vdc
<b>Max. Input Current</b>	18A x 2
<b>Max. Charging Current</b>	150Amp
<b>Start-up Voltage</b>	80V +/- 5Vdc
<b>Power Limitation</b>	<p>The graph plots PV Current (A) against MPPT temperature (°C). It shows two levels of current: 18A and 9A. At temperatures below 75°C, the current is 18A. At temperatures between 75°C and 85°C, the current drops to 9A. At temperatures above 85°C, the current remains at 9A. A vertical dashed line marks 75°C, and a horizontal dashed line marks 9A.</p>

Table 4 General Specifications

MODEL	11KW
Safety Certification	CE
Operating Temperature Range	-10°C to 50°C
Storage temperature	-15°C~ 60°C
Humidity	5% to 95% Relative Humidity (Non-condensing)
Dimension (D*W*H), mm	147.4x 432.5 x 553.6
Net Weight, kg	18.4

Table 5 Parallel Specifications

<b>Max parallel numbers</b>	6
<b>Circulation Current under No Load Condition</b>	Max 2A
<b>Power Unbalance Ratio</b>	<5% @ 100% Load
<b>Parallel communication</b>	CAN
<b>Transfer time in parallel mode</b>	Max 50ms
<b>Parallel Kit</b>	YES

Note: Parallel feature will be disabled when only PV power is available.