

# MINITv2\_1

# MiniCHEM-Temp Process Monitor

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#### **Congratulations** !

Your new **miniCHEM-Temp** monitor is the latest in simple, reliable process monitoring instrumentation. With correct operation and maintenance, your **miniCHEM-Temp** will give you many years of reliable service.

The **miniCHEM-Temp** is a breeze to operate. This manual has been designed to help you get started, and also contains some handy application tips. If at any stage you require assistance, please contact either your local TPS representative or the TPS factory in Brisbane.

The manual is divided into the following sections:

#### 1. Table of Contents

Each major section of the handbook is clearly listed. Sub-sections have also been included to enable you to find the information you need at a glance.

#### 507637896. Introduction

The introduction has a diagram and explanation of the display and controls of the **miniCHEM-Temp**. It also contains a full listing of all of the items that you should have received with the unit. Please take the time to read this section, as it explains some of items that are mentioned in subsequent sections.

#### 507638232. Main Section

The main section of the handbook provides complete details of the **miniCHEM-Temp**, including operating modes, calibration, troubleshooting, specifications, and warranty terms.

#### 507637952. **Appendices**

Appendices containing background information and application notes are provided at the back of this manual.



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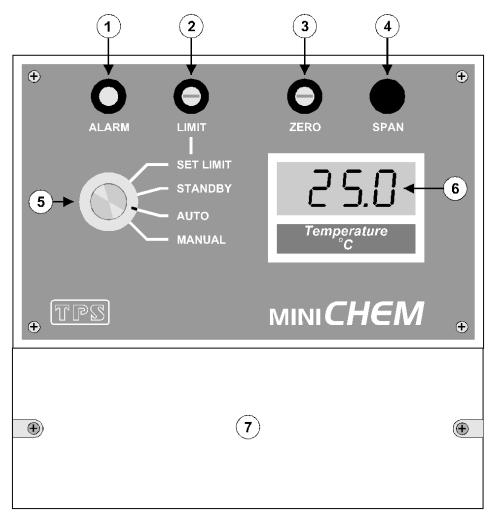


11.4 Drilling Template



## 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 miniCHEM-Temp Illustration





#### 1 Alarm LED

The Alarm LED provides visual indication of when the control limit has been exceeded. The control limit can be set for a "too high" or a "too low" alarm. See section 3.5.

#### 2 Limit Control

Adjust this control to the Temperature value at which the Alarm LED and (optional) relay output are activated. See section 3.5.

#### 3 Zero Calibrate Control

Adjust this control to calibrate the miniCHEM-Temp sensor. See section 4.1.

#### 4 Span

This control is not required for the **miniCHEM-Temp**.

#### 5 **Function Switch**

The Function Switch is used to select the mode of operation. See section 2.

#### 6 **Display Window**

The **miniCHEM-Temp** has a large, easy to read LCD display. The units of measurement are clearly shown in the window beneath the display.

#### 7 Terminal Cover

The terminal cover provides easy access to all of the connections, (optional) relay output fuse, configuration jumpers and user-adjustable trimmers. The cover is water resistant to IP65.



#### 1.2 Unpacking Information

Before using your new **miniCHEM-Temp**, please check that the following accessories have been included:

Part No

1. miniCHEM-Temp Process Monitor 114140507638680.miniCHEM-Temp Handbook130050

#### Options that may have been ordered with your miniCHEM-Temp:

Temperature Sensors...

 Dip type Temperature sensor, 5m 114200
 507638288. Screw-in type Temperature sensor, 5m 114201
 507638344. Adaptor to fit screw-in sensor into 40mm 111305 PVC Pipe



#### 1.3 Specifications

- Ranges 0 to 100.0 °C
- **Resolution** 0.1 °C
- Accuracy  $\pm 0.1 \text{ }^{\text{O}}\text{C}$
- Linearity  $\pm 0.1$  °C
- **Repeatability**  $\pm 0.1$  <sup>o</sup>C
- Ambient Drift <0.02% Span / <sup>o</sup>C
- **Long term drift** <0.1% per year
- Calibrate Range ±10 °C
- **Sensor** 4401 Silicon Transistor
- **Enclosure** Polycarbonate, waterproof to IP65
- Display 12.7 mm LCD
- **Control Output (optional)** Clean contact changeover relay, rated to 2A at 240V AC
- **Isolation** Galvanic isolation of sensor input
- Power 240V AC, 50/60Hz (120V AC optional) 12V DC also optional (Part No 130072)
- **Dimensions** 172 x 160 x 71 mm
- Mass Instrument only : Approx 800g Full Kit : Approx 1.2kg
- Operating Environment:<br/>HumidityTemperature<br/>0 to 95% R.H.:0 to 45 °C



#### 2. Operating Modes

The function switch is used to select the required mode. The four operating modes available are...

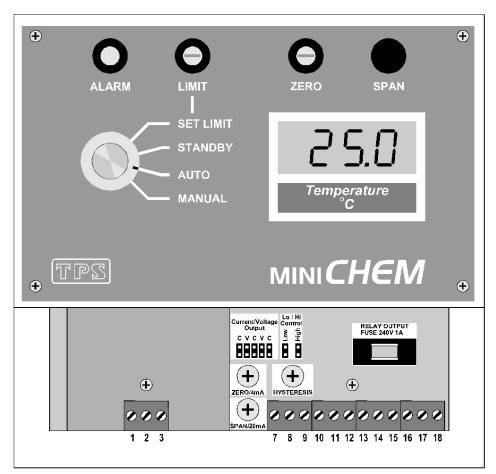
- 1. **SET LIMIT** : Switch to **SET LIMIT** when setting the Temperature value at which the Alarm LED and (optional) relay output are activated. The relay output is not operational in this mode. See section 3.5.
- 2. **STANDBY** : Switch to **STANDBY** to inhibit the Alarm LED and (optional) output relay action. Select this mode for calibration, or when automatic control is not required.
- 3. **AUTO** : Switch to **AUTO** to enable the Alarm LED and (optional) relay output. These will be activated when the Temperature is outside the limit value. See section 3.5.
- 4. **MANUAL** : Switch to **MANUAL** to manually activate the Temperature control device when the optional relay output is fitted. The relay output will be activated for as long as the **miniCHEM-Temp** is in this mode, regardless of the Temperature reading. See section 7.



## 3. Installation and Set-up

#### 3.1 Connection and Configuration Diagram

The diagram below is provided as a reference for the terminal connections, configuration jumpers and user-adjustable trimmers that are discussed throughout this section.





#### 3.2 Mounting the Enclosure

The miniCHEM-Temp can be wall-mounted with 2 screws. The two mounting points are located underneath the terminal cover, and are positioned so that they do not affect the waterproofing of the enclosure. The dimensions for the mounting screw centres are provided in last page of this manual which may be photocopied or removed for use as a drilling template. The enclosure can also be mounted to a DIN rail using the DIN rail mounting tabs built into the back of the enclosure.

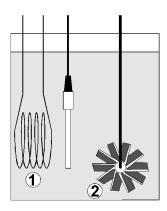
#### Mounting the Sensor 3.3

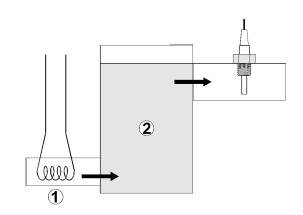
Mounting the sensor is a very important aspect of the installation, and is often done incorrectly. In automatic control situations, the sensor should always be mounted as close as possible to the control point (ie. heater or cooling tower etc.). This will cause the sensor to detect the change in Temperature immediately, and shut automatic control off until mixing has taken place. For in-line mounting, it is important that Temperature control is upstream. Additionally, the line can be run through a mixing chamber, such as a large drum, to ensure that the areas of varying temperatures have mixed in properly by the time the solution flows past the sensor. There must always be adequate flow of fresh sample past the sensor for accurate monitoring. The diagrams below show typical mounting arrangements for "dip" mounting and in-line mounting.

#### **Dip Mounting In-line Mounting**

- 1. Control point close to sensor. Injection point upstream from 1.
- 2. Continuous stirring.
  - and close to sensor. Mixing container after injection 2 and before sensor









#### 3.4 Terminal Connections

Note: The power connections detailed below are for normal mains power. Refer to section 11.1 for power wiring details when the 12V DC power option is fitted.

| Terminal | Connection                         | Colour                                   |
|----------|------------------------------------|--|
| No.      |                                    |  |
| 1        | Cable Shield                       | Shield/Braid. Usually covered with Green |
|          |                                    | sleeving.                                |
| 2        | Positive Temperature Signal        | Clear or White                           |
| 3        | Negative Temperature Signal        | Black                                    |
| 7        | +ve of current or voltage output   | Customer-defined                         |
| 8        | -ve of current or voltage output   | Customer-defined                         |
| 9        | No Connection                      |  |
| 10       | Normally Closed contact of         | Customer-defined                         |
|          | (optional) relay output            |  |
| 11       | Common contact of (optional) relay | Customer-defined                         |
|          | output                             |  |
| 12       | Normally Open contact of           | Customer-defined                         |
|          | (optional) relay output            |  |
| 13       | 240V AC Active input               | Brown (standard colour)                  |
| 14       | Duplicate 240V AC Active contact.  | Brown (standard colour)                  |
|          | See section 11.1.                  |  |
| 15       | 240V AC Earth input                | Green (standard colour)                  |
| 16       | Duplicate 240V AC Earth contact.   | Green (standard colour)                  |
|          | See section 11.1.                  |  |
| 17       | 240V AC Neutral input              | Blue (standard colour)                   |
| 18       | Duplicate 240V AC Neutral          | Blue (standard colour)                   |
|          | contact. See section 11.1.         |  |



#### 3.5 Setting the Control Limit

The control limit can be set over the full scale of the **miniCHEM-Temp**, as a "too high" or a "too low" trip point. The hysteresis around this set point can be also be adjusted, if necessary. See section 3.5.3 for an explanation of hysteresis.

#### 3.5.1 Setting the limit value

#### 1. Switch the miniCHEM-Temp to SET LIMIT.

- The control limit value is now displayed. Note that the Alarm LED and (optional) output relay are now disabled. The 4-20mA or 0-1V outputs are still active, and proportional to displayed value.
- 2. Adjust the **LIMIT** control until the display reads the desired trip point value.

#### 3.5.2 Setting the alarm/control direction

The control limit can be set as a "too high" or "too low" trip point using the **Lo/Hi Control** jumpers in the terminal area. The **miniCHEM-Temp** must be switched OFF before changing jumper settings.

The jumper settings for a "too low" trip point are...

The jumper settings for a "too high" trip point are...



#### 3.5.3 Adjusting the Hysteresis

The hysteresis is the Temperature range over which the alarm/control output remains switched on, once the trip point has been exceeded.

For example, if the limit is set to 25.0  $^{\circ}$ C, as a "too low" trip point, with a hysteresis of ±1.0  $^{\circ}$ C, the alarm/control output is switched ON when the reading goes to 24.0 (i.e. 25.0 - 1.0). The output is not switched OFF until the reading goes back up to 26.0 (i.e. 25.0 + 1.0).

The hysteresis stops the relay "chattering" around the set point, by providing a buffer between the points at which the output is switched ON and OFF. This feature can significantly increase the life of heaters, pumps etc.

The factory-set hysteresis is approximately  $\pm 1.0$  °C, as in the example above. The hysteresis can be increased to as high as  $\pm 4.0$  °C with the **HYSTERESIS** trimmer in the terminal area. Turning the **HYSTERESIS** clockwise increases the hysteresis and turning it anti-clockwise decreases the hysteresis.

# TPS DOES NOT recommend that this setting be altered, unless it is absolutely necessary.

The **HYSTERESIS** trimmer should only be adjusted a little at a time. The process being controlled should then be closely monitored over a time to ensure that the desired control is being achieved.



#### 3.6 Selecting Current or Voltage Output

The **Current/Voltage Output** jumpers in terminal section can be user-set for either 4 to 20mA or 0 to 1V DC output. The **miniCHEM-Temp** must be switched OFF before changing jumper settings.

The jumper settings for 4 to 20 mA output are:

The jumper settings for 0 to 1V DC output are:

Note that the spare jumper has been fitted to a spare **Current/Voltage Output** jumper pin. This is a safe place to keep it, in case the **miniCHEM-Temp** needs to be reset to current output in the future.

0 to 10V DC output is available as a factory fitted option. The jumper settings are the same as detailed above, but the 0 to 1V DC output will no longer be available.



#### 3.7 Calibrating the 4 to 20mA Output

The 4 to 20mA output of the **miniCHEM-Temp** is factory calibrated. However, TPS has provided calibration controls for the 4mA and 20mA points in case this requires adjustment in the field. Only a limited amount of adjustment is available, as the **miniCHEM-Temp** is designed for 4 to 20mA output for the full scale of the instrument.

#### Calibrating the 4 to 20mA output...

- 1. Connect a Digital Milliamp Meter between terminals 7 and 8.
- 2. Switch the miniCHEM-Temp to SET LIMIT.
- 3. Adjust the **LIMIT** control until the display reads 00.0.
- 4. Adjust the **ZERO/4mA** trimmer in the terminal area until the Digital Milliamp Meter reads 4 mA.
- 5. Adjust the **LIMIT** control until the display reads 100.0.
- 6. Adjust the **SPAN/20mA** trimmer in the terminal area until the Digital Milliamp Meter reads 20 mA.

In the event that the **LIMIT** control does not have sufficient adjustment to reach 00.0 or 100.0, calculate the expected output level and use this for calibration. Remember that the difference between 00.0 and 100.0 is to be made 16mA.



#### 4. Calibration

#### 4.1 Calibration Procedure

- 1. Switch the **miniCHEM-Temp** on.
- 507638792. Ensure that the Temperature sensor is correctly connected (see section 3.4).
- 507640360. Set the function switch to **STANDBY**, to ensure that the (optional) relay output is not activated accidentally.
- 507639408. Place the sensor into a beaker of room temperature water, alongside a good quality mercury thermometer. Stir the probe and the thermometer gently to ensure an even temperature throughout the beaker.
- 507639409. When the Temperature reading has stabilised, adjust the **ZERO** control until the **miniCHEM-Temp** displays the same temperature as the mercury thermometer.
- 507639410. The **miniCHEM-Temp** is now calibrated and ready for Temperature measurements.

#### 4.2 Calibration Notes

1. The **miniCHEM-Temp** does not need to be re-calibrated unless the Temperature sensor is replaced, unless the ZERO control is inadvertently adjusted.



#### 5. Process Monitoring

Once the **miniCHEM-Temp** has been installed, connected and calibrated, it can be used for continuous monitoring. To monitor the process, WITHOUT any control or alarm functions switch the function switch to **STANDBY**.

#### 6. Automatic Dosing

For Automatic Alarming or Control, switch the function switch to **AUTO** to enable the Alarm LED and the (optional) relay output. These will be switched ON while the Temperature exceeds the limit value, and will switch OFF once the Temperature is back within the limit.

#### 7. Manual Dosing

From time to time, a Temperature adjustment may be required even when the Temperature is within the limit value. To do this, simply switch the function switch to **MANUAL**, if the (optional) relay output is fitted.

**NOTE:** The output will be ON continuously while the function switch is set to **MANUAL**. It will not be switched OFF again until the switch is set back to one of the other modes.

#### 8. Fuse Replacement

If the current drain from any device connected to the output relay exceeds 1 Amp, the output protection fuse will blow.

To replace the fuse...

- 1. SWITCH THE miniCHEM-Temp OFF.
- 2. Pull out the black fuse carrier.
- 3. Replace the blown fuse
- 4. Push the fuse carrier with the new fuse back into place.

#### ALWAYS REPLACE THE FUSE WITH A 1 AMP, 240V FUSE. USING A FUSE WITH HIGHER CURRENT RATING MAY DAMAGE YOUR CONTROLLER, VOIDING THE WARRANTY.

Before switching the **miniCHEM-Temp** back to **AUTO** mode, ensure that the cause of the blown fuse has been eliminated.



If the current drain of the device connected to the relay output is greater than 1 Amp, an external contactor should be used. Please consult an electrical contractor or TPS for details.



## 9. Troubleshooting

## 9.1 Instrument Function Troubleshooting

| Symptom   | Possible Causes  | Remedy  |
|---|--|---|
| No display  | <ol> <li>Mains power input not<br/>switched on.</li> </ol>                                     | Switch power ON.  |
|   | 507639464. Mains<br>power input incorrectly<br>connected.                                      | Check connections (see section 3.4).  |
|   | 507640136. Instrument<br>is faulty.  | Return to TPS for repair.   |
| Alarm LED or<br>(optional) relay<br>output do not<br>operate when limit<br>is exceeded. | <ol> <li>Limit not set correctly for<br/>"too high" or "too low"<br/>alarm/control.</li> </ol> | Set the <b>Lo/Hi Output</b> jumpers correctly (see section 3.5.2).  |
|   | 507639296. Optional relay output not fitted.   | Return unit to factory to have<br>relay output fitted (part no<br>130342).  |
|   | 507639632. Hysteresis<br>too large.  | Check and adjust the <b>HYSTERESIS</b> trimmer (see section 3.5.3). If in doubt, set this to minimum level.   |
|   | 507640416. Fuse has blown.   | Check and replace fuse if<br>necessary (see section 8).<br>Return to TPS for repair.  |
|   | 507639744. Instrument is faulty.   | Å   |
| Incorrect analogue<br>output signal.  | 1. <b>Current/Voltage Output</b><br>jumpers incorrectly set for<br>required output.            | Check that the Current/Voltage<br>Output jumpers are correctly set<br>for 4-20mA or 0-1V, as per<br>requirements. Adjust if<br>necessary (see section 3.6). |
|   | 507639016. 4-20mA<br>loop resistance too high.   | Ensure loop resistance does not exceed 500 Ohms.  |
|   | 507640192. Load on<br>0-1V DC output is too low.   | Ensure load is 1000 Ohms minimum.   |
|   | 507639240. 4-20mA<br>output is not calibrated.   | Calibrate 4-20mA output (see section 3.7).  |
|   | 507640304. Instrument is faulty.   | Return to TPS for repair.   |



## 9.2 Temperature Troubleshooting

| Symptom  | Possible Causes  | Remedy   |
|--|--|--|
| Meter displays<br>"-1. " or large<br>negative reading<br>(eg. "-180.0"                       | <ol> <li>Sensor not connected or not<br/>connected correctly.</li> <li>507639128. Sensor is<br/>faulty.</li> </ol> | Check sensor connections<br>(section 3.4).<br>Replace sensor.  |
| Meter displays the<br>same Temperature<br>reading, regardless<br>of solution<br>temperature. | Meter is switched to " <b>SET</b><br>LIMIT".   | Switch meter to " <b>STANDBY</b> "<br>for process monitoring or<br>" <b>AUTO</b> " for monitoring plus<br>automatic control. |
| Temperature<br>inaccurate and<br>cannot be<br>calibrated.                                    | Faulty temperature sensor.   | Return sensor to factory for replace, or replace sensor.   |



#### 10. Warranty

TPS Pty. Ltd. guarantees all instruments and electrodes to be free from defects in material and workmanship when subjected to normal use and service. This guarantee is expressly limited to the servicing and/or adjustment of an instrument returned to the Factory, or Authorised Service Station, freight prepaid, within twelve (12) months from the date of delivery, and to the repairing, replacing, or adjusting of parts which upon inspection are found to be defective. Warranty period on electrodes is three (3) months.

There are no express or implied warranties which extend beyond the face hereof, and TPS Pty. Ltd. is not liable for any incidental or consequential damages arising from the use or misuse of this equipment, or from interpretation of information derived from the equipment.

Shipping damage is not covered by this warranty.

#### **PROCEDURE FOR SERVICE**

If you feel that this equipment is in need of repair, please re-read the manual. Sometimes, instruments are received for "repair" in perfect working order. This can occur where batteries simply require replacement or re-charging, or where the electrode simply requires cleaning or replacement.

TPS Pty. Ltd. has a fine reputation for prompt and efficient service. In just a few days, our factory service engineers and technicians will examine and repair your equipment to your full satisfaction.

#### **TO OBTAIN THIS SERVICE, PLEASE FOLLOW THIS PROCEDURE:**

Obtain a copy of the TPS Service form from the TPS website, tps.com.au. Complete the service form with your details and return the instrument AND ALL SENSORS to TPS freight pre-paid and insured in its original packing or suitable equivalent. INSIST on a proof of delivery receipt from the carrier for your protection in the case of shipping claims for transit loss or damage. It is your responsibility as the sender to ensure that TPS receives the unit.



Please check that the following is enclosed with your equipment:

- Your Name and daytime phone number.
- Your company name, ORDER number, and return street address.
- A description of the fault. (Please be SPECIFIC.)

(Note: "Please Repair" does NOT describe a fault.)

Your equipment will be repaired and returned to you by air express where possible.

For out-of-warranty units, a repair cost will be calculated from parts and labor costs. If payment is not received for the additional charges within 30 days, or if you decline to have the equipment repaired, the complete unit will be returned to you freight paid, not repaired. For full-account customers, the repair charges will be debited to your account.

- Always describe the fault in writing.
- Always return the sensors with the meter.



## 11. Appendices

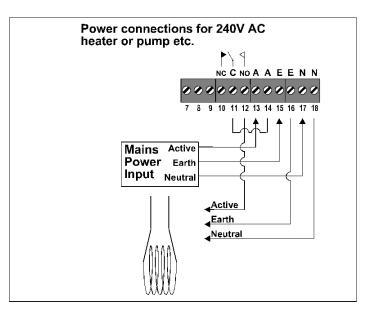
## 11.1 Terminal connections when 12V DC option is fitted

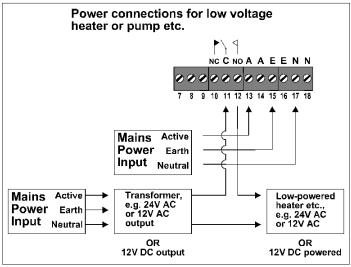
| Terminal<br>No. | Connection                         | Colour                |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1               | Cable Shield                       | Shield/Braid. Usually |
|                 |                                    | covered with Green    |
|                 |                                    | sleeving.             |
| 2               | Positive Temperature Signal        | Clear or White        |
| 3               | Negative Temperature Signal        | Black                 |
| 7               | +ve of current or voltage output   | Customer-defined      |
| 8               | -ve of current or voltage output   | Customer-defined      |
| 9               | No Connection                      |                       |
| 10              | Normally Closed contact of         | Customer-defined      |
|                 | (optional) relay output            |                       |
| 11              | Common contact of (optional) relay | Customer-defined      |
|                 | output                             |                       |
| 12              | Normally Open contact of           | Customer-defined      |
|                 | (optional) relay output            |                       |
| 13              | No connection for 12V DC version.  |                       |
| 14              | Negative of 12V DC Input           | Customer-defined      |
| 15              | No connection for 12V DC version.  |                       |
| 16              | No connection for 12V DC version.  |                       |
| 17              | No connection for 12V DC version.  |                       |
| 18              | Positive of 12V DC Input           | Customer-defined      |



**11.2** Relay Output Wiring Examples for mains powered unit The diagrams below provide some examples of wiring the (optional) relay output for standard mains powered miniCHEM-Temp units.



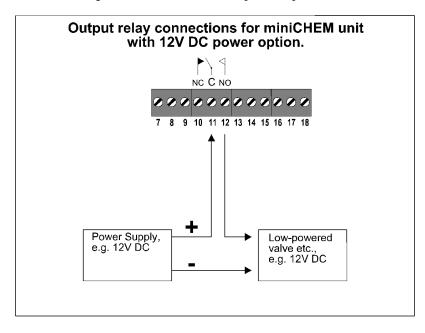






#### 11.3 Relay Output Wiring Examples for 12V DC powered units

The diagrams below provide some examples of wiring the (optional) relay output for **miniCHEM-Temp** units with the 12V DC power option.





#### 11.4 Drilling Template

The template below is for the two mounting positions for the **miniCHEM** enclosure. This template is actual size, and can be photocopied or removed as required.

