CHILDHOOD APRAMIA

Childhood apraxia of speech (CAS) is a motor speech disorder that makes it hard for children to speak.

Children with the diagnosis of apraxia of speech generally have a good understanding of language and know what they want to say. However, they have difficulty learning or carrying out the complex movements that underlie speech.



APRAXIA'S SYMPTOMS ARE;

- Difficulty stringing syllables together in the appropriate order to make words, or inability to do so
- Minimal babbling during infancy
- Difficulty saying long or complex words
- Repeated attempts at pronunciation of words
- Speech inconsistencies, such as being able to say a sound or word properly at certain times but not others
- Seeming to grope or struggle to make words
- Excessive use of nonverbal forms of communication



A Child With Apraxia Of Speech (CAS), Does Not Overcome It

By Growing Up!

There are various treatment approaches used for apraxia.

A Speech Language Pathologist with experience evaluating and treating children with apraxia can test your child's speech and language.