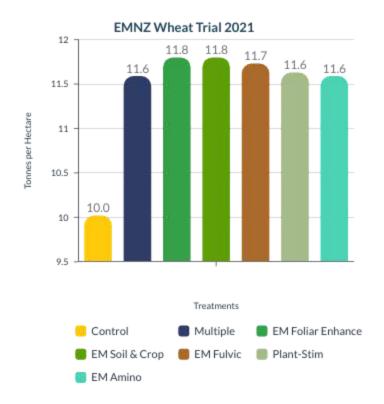
## Results - Wheat

## Peer-review International Wheat Trial - China

A long term trial (Cheng & Yingchun, 2012) over 11 Years conducted at China Agricultural University's Qu-Zhou experiment station found that the long-term application of EM compost gave the highest values for the measured parameters and the lowest values in the control plot. The application of EM in combination with compost significantly increased wheat straw biomass, grain yields, straw and grain nutrition compared with traditional compost and control treatment. Wheat straw biomass, grain yields, straw and grain nutrition were significantly higher in compost soils than in untreated soil. This study indicated that application of EM significantly increased the efficiency of organic nutrient sources.









## **EMNZ Wheat Trial**

This replicated field trial was designed to determine the effectiveness of EM treatment variations against competitor products and an untreated control on Wheat in Aylesbury. The results showed that EM based foliar products performed very well against a control treatment in addition EM based products generated significant profits over the control.

