

SAFETY DATA SHEET

AMAZING GOOP MARINE F/E

Section 1. Identification **Product name** : AMAZING GOOP MARINE F/E **Product code** : 1000135AGMAR Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Identified uses Adhesive. Supplier's details : Eclectic Products, Inc. 1075 Arrowsmith Eugene, OR 97402 541-484-9621 **Responsible name** : Regulatory Affairs **Emergency telephone** : INFOTRAC number (with hours of 1-800-535-5053 001-352-323-3500 operation) 24 hours per day, 7 days per week. Section 2. Hazard identification : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 **Classification of the EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B** substance or mixture **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 GHS** label elements Hazard pictograms Signal word : Warning **Hazard statements** : Causes skin and eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. **Precautionary statements Prevention** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. Response P302 + P352 + P362+P364 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P332 + P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Storage : P405 - Store locked up.

Section 2. Hazard identification

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
tetrachloroethylene	≥60 - ≤72	127-18-4
Styrene, 1,3-butadiene polymer	≥10 - ≤30	9003-55-8

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

The actual concentration or concentration range is witheld as a trade secret.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms		

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Section 4. First-aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate r	nedical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It
	may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds carbonyl halides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

 For non-emergency personnel
 : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

 For emergency responders
 : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
tetrachloroethylene	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 15 min OEL: 678 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 170 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2016). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 685 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2013). STEL: 685 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 170 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 170 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Appropriate engineering controls	 If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
ndividual protection measure	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]
Color	: Clear.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 3.81
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 110°C (230°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: >110°C (>230°F) [D93]
Evaporation rate	: <1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non-flammable.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: 1.7 kPa (13 mm Hg) [room temperature]
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.37
Solubility	: Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 208.23 cm ² /s (20823 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product of	or its ingredier	ıts.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions	will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.		
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.		
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
tetrachloroethylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	20 mg/l 5000 mg/kg	4 hours -
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2629 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
tetrachloroethylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	162 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 810 milligrams	-
Styrene, 1,3-butadiene polymer	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Causes eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health ef	<u>cts</u>	
Not available.		
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	f
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2698.6 mg/kg
Dermal	5132.5 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	20.53 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
tetrachloroethylene	Acute EC50 200 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 504 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7500 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Instar	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elminius modestus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Jordanella floridae - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 1.77 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 500 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Larvae	21 days 32 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
tetrachloroethylene	2.53	49	low

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	1897	1897	1897	1897	1897
UN proper shipping name	Tetrachloroethylene mixture	Tetrachloroethylene mixture	Tetrachloroethylene mixture	Tetrachloroethylene mixture	Tetrachloroethylene mixture mixture
Transport hazard class(es)	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
Packing group	111	III	III	111	111
Environmental hazards	Yes.	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional inform	ation	1			
DOT Classificati	on : <u>Rep</u> ship RQ <u>Qua</u>	marine pollutant ma losive Limit and Lir senger Carrying Sh ortable quantity 14 ped in quantities less (reportable quantity) ited quantity Yes. Intity limitation Pas parks Limited quantity	mited Quantity Inde <u>ip Index</u> 60 1.42 lbs / 64.206 kg s than the product re transportation requir senger aircraft/rail: 6	ex 5 [12.381 gal / 46.866 portable quantity are rements.	L]. Package sizes not subject to the
ADR/RID		environmentally haz s of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	ardous substance m	ark is not required v	vhen transported in
IMDG	: The	marine pollutant ma marine pollutant ma		en transported in siz	zes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg
IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. <u>Quantity limitation</u> Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 30 kg. <u>Remarks</u> Eligible to be shipped ID8000 until 2020. See applicable regulations.					
Special precautio	upri	nsport within user's ght and secure. Ensu event of an accident	ure that persons tran	•	
Transport in bulk to Annex II of MAI the IBC Code	•	available.			

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI

- : The following components are listed: Tetrachloroethylene
- **CEPA** Toxic substances
- : The following components are listed: Tetrachloroethylene

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	Not determined.	
Canada	All components are listed or exempted	ed.
China	All components are listed or exempted	ed.
Europe	Not determined.	
Japan	Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	
Malaysia	Not determined.	
New Zealand	All components are listed or exempted	ed.
Philippines	All components are listed or exempted	ed.
Republic of Korea	All components are listed or exempted	ed.
Taiwan	Not determined.	
Thailand	Not determined.	
Turkey	Not determined.	
United States	All components are listed or exempted	ed.
Viet Nam	Not determined.	

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/18/2018
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

Section 16. Other information

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2		Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
References	: Not available.	

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.