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Navigating the mortgage market

Three useful ways a financial adviser can help you navigate a mortgage market that changes quickly.

Mortgage deals have a record low shelf life, and the market is changing quickly. If you're searching for a new mortgage, it can make it difficult to find a suitable deal for you. In a situation like this, a financial adviser can help.

The average mortgage shelf life is 15 days

The average shelf life of a mortgage deal fell to a record low of 12 days in July 2023. That is now back up to 15 days but this means deals are only available for a little longer than two weeks before lenders pull them off the market.

If you're searching the market for a mortgage, it can mean there's added pressure. A deal you believe could be right for you, but you want some time to think about, may not be available when you've made a decision.

The figures also show that the number of mortgages available is on the rise, so you have more choice. While this is good news, it can make finding a mortgage overwhelming.

Combined with interest rates, which have increased significantly in the last year, navigating the mortgage market to find a deal that suits your needs can be difficult. Here are three ways working with a mortgage adviser in today's market could be valuable.



Contact us to talk about your mortgage needs

We're here to help navigate the mortgage market. We'll work with you to understand your needs and help find a deal that's right for you. Please get in touch to arrange a meeting.

1. A mortgage adviser will help you understand the type of mortgage that's right for you

Whether you're a first-time buyer or are remortgaging your current home, understanding the type of mortgage that suits your needs can be difficult. Should you choose a variable- or fixed-rate option? What term should you choose, and how would it affect your repayments?

A mortgage adviser can help you get to grips with the different options and explain the pros and cons of each. Having a clear idea about the type of mortgage you need means you can narrow down the market and focus on the deals that make sense for you.

2. A mortgage adviser will keep track of interest rates

One of the reasons mortgage deals are being pulled from the market so quickly has been the increasing Bank of England Base Rate.

Average interest rates are falling there are still large differences in the market, and even a small change could affect your monthly repayments and overall cost of borrowing.

If you borrow £200,000 through a repayment mortgage over 25 years with an interest rate of 3%, your monthly repayment would be £948 and over the full term you'd pay more than £84,000 in interest. If the interest rate increased to 5%, your monthly repayments would rise to £1,170 and you'd pay more than £150,000 in interest over 25 years.

So, working with a mortgage adviser to potentially access a lower interest rate could save you money in the short and long term.

Remember, it's not just the interest rate that's important when taking out a mortgage. Other factors, such as the ability to make overpayments, may be just as crucial depending on your circumstances.

3. A mortgage adviser understands the criteria of each lender

One of the challenges of getting a mortgage is not only finding a deal that's right for you but understanding how likely a lender is to approve your application.

Each lender will set its own criteria, from how much they're willing to lend relative to your income to the level of risk they will take. With lots of different options, including some that aren't well-known, finding this information and relating it to your needs can be challenging and time-consuming.

A mortgage adviser will take the time to understand your circumstances and select lenders that are more likely to say "yes" to your application.

If your situation isn't straightforward – perhaps you're self-employed or have a poor credit score – a mortgage adviser could also identify specialist lenders to help you reach your home ownership goals.

Choosing the right lender for you means you can have more confidence when you submit your mortgage application.

YOUR HOME MAY BE REPOSSESSED IF YOU DO NOT KEEP UP REPAYMENTS ON A MORTGAGE OR OTHER LOANS SECURED ON IT.

Investment myths

Understanding investments can be daunting, and there are several myths that are likely to put you off if you are new to investing. In this blog, we'll debunk five misconceptions about investing. By unravelling these myths, you'll gain a clearer perspective on how to navigate the world of finance and make informed investment decisions.

You need to be wealthy

You can invest with less than you may think. Making small regular investments can provide more benefits than investing a lump sum. You can invest a small amount into the markets every month. One big benefit of investing a small regular sum is that, instead of saving your cash until you have a lump sum, you're putting your money to work straight away. Even with rising interest rates, leaving money sitting in a bank account can be less profitable than investing it in the market.

1 It's too much of a risk

With any type of investment, there is a risk of losing your money. It's all a balance between risk and reward, meaning the greater the risk, the greater the potential reward. If you understand the risks involved and the level of risk you're comfortable with, you'll be able to make an educated decision as to whether it's worthwhile.

2 You need to know the best time to buy

Most people think you need to invest when stocks are low and sell when they're high, but there are so many factors that can change the stock market, it's pretty much impossible to predict the outcome. The best thing to do is start investing as soon as you can for as long as you can. There may be fluctuation, some good and some bad, but the longer you're able to hold on to your investment, the more time you'll have to recover from any lows.

Your money will be inaccessible

It is true that the longer you keep your money invested, the more chance you have of making a return, however this doesn't have to mean your money is inaccessible. There are lots of investment options where you can access your money at any time. You should leave your investments untouched for them to have the most potential, but should a situation arise where you may need your funds, you will be able to access them.

5 You have to monitor your investments every day

Checking your investments every day can lead to risky decisions such as changing investments or withdrawing funds altogether. Investments usually span over a long period of time, so it's best not to make potentially harmful decisions based on short-term market performance. If you're opting for a low-risk investment, you won't need to check it often. It's recommended to monitor your investments every three months just to see how they're doing.

Get in touch

If you're interested in finding out more about how you could invest your money wisely, we're here to help.



What is critical illness cover?

Whether you need critical illness protection depends on your situation as well as any existing policies you might already have in place.

Critical illness insurance pays out a one-off, lump sum if you're diagnosed with a condition or disability that is covered by your policy. It can be offered when someone applies for life insurance – as extra coverage.

In a similar way to some life insurance plans, critical illness covers a set number of years. You can specify whether you want the payout to rise over the course of the term (so it keeps up with inflation) or the opposite – decreasing because your aim is to cover something specific like your mortgage.

If you're thinking about critical illness cover, it's important to speak to your financial adviser who can help you decide how much cover you'll need and how long the term should last.

What does critical illness cover?

Products vary depending on the provider. Certain illnesses are covered as standard by most insurers, including, cancer, heart attack, stroke, organ failure, multiple sclerosis, loss of arms or legs and Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease.

Some providers may allow you to add additional illnesses to your policy, which you'll pay more for. Your children could also be covered as part of your policy so it's worth asking your adviser about these options if it's something you're keen to have in place.

What does critical illness not cover?

Although a diagnosis of a critical illness can mark the start of a claim in some policies, others may only begin to offer protection once your illness hits a certain level of severity. For example, if you are diagnosed with cancer, payments may only begin when permanent symptoms have been officially diagnosed. Additionally, not all types of cancer are necessarily covered by critical illness protection.

It's important to work with your financial adviser when reviewing a policy and all the small print before you commit to make sure you are sufficiently covered – and aware of areas not included.

Pre-existing conditions

Just like the life insurance application process, critical illness protection requires you to disclose any pre-existing conditions. If you don't then your policy could be invalid.

Your adviser can search the market for a suitable plan, but you'll probably have to pay more in premiums and there will likely be some extra exclusions. The price you pay will vary, based on things like age, occupation, state of health, lifestyle and how much coverage you need and for how long.

Do you need critical illness cover?

There are things to consider if you're worried about being diagnosed with a critical illness and the impact on your income and ability to keep up with bills (which would not be covered by state benefits when you're unable to work).

Your adviser will help you look at the following areas:

- Your employer's coverage is there any paid leave for illness or disability and for how long?
- Do you have an existing life insurance policy and if so, does it have any illness coverage included?
- Could you consider income protection insurance as an alternative to critical illness?
- Do you have sufficient savings and investments you could use in place of critical illness cover?

If you want to proceed, it's important to work with your adviser to see how much protection you'll need. This means looking at your monthly outgoings and how much you and your family require to live comfortably. You might want to add in any potential costs from medical treatment you may need.

During these important decisions it's easy to lose track of the small details, which is why your adviser can help make the process easier for you and your family and give you some peace of mind

We can examine your needs and existing policies and then find you the right cover that protects your finances – and your family – should anything happen.