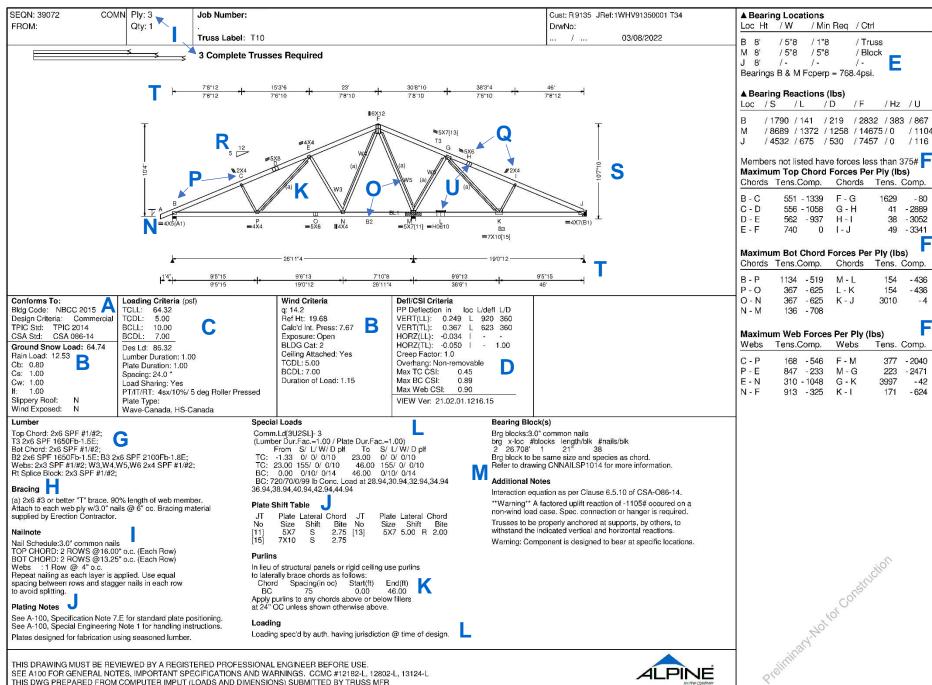


120 Travail Road Markham, ON L3S 2J1





Wind Criteria

Ref Ht: 19.68

BLDG Cat: 2

TCDL: 5.00

BCDL: 7.00

Exposure: Open

Calc'd Int. Press: 7.67

Ceiling Attached: Yes

Duration of Load: 1.15

q: 14.2

B2

A) Conforms To

Building Code, TPIC (Truss Plate Institute of Canada) and CSA O86 versions used for design. Component Design Criteria used (Residential, Commercial, Farm or Floor).

Conforms To:

Bldg Code: NBCC 2015

TPIC Std: TPIC 2014

CSA Std: CSA 086-14

Rain Load: 12.53

Cb: 0.80

Cs: 1.00

Cw: 1.00

If: 1.00

Ground Snow Load: 64.74

B1

Design Criteria: Commercial

B) Design Criteria

Roof Design: Commercial (Part 4), Residential (Part 9) & Farm Design **B1) Ground Snow Load**

Ground Snow Load (Ss) & Associated Rain Load (Sr), all in psf. Basic roof snow load factor (Cb), slope reduction factor (Cs), wind exposure factor (Cw), importance factor (If), and options for unobstructed Slippery Roof or Wind Exposed conditions.

B2) Wind Criteria

Includes wind design reference velocity pressure (q) in psf, design reference height (h) in ft. Calculated internal pressure² (pi) in psf. Building terrain Exposure condition (Open, Rough or Intermediate). Building Category (Cat. 1 = Closed, Cat. 2 = Partially Enclosed, Cat. 3 = Open). Ceiling Attached condition impacts top & bottom chord wind load distribution. Top & bottom chord dead loads in psf for wind design. Duration of Load Factor for lumber resistance adjustments for wind load cases.

Floor Design: Commercial (Part 4) Design B3) Floor Live Load & Vibration Criteria Ground Design floor live load. Vibration check results and vibration design assumptions.

PT/IT/RT: 4sx/10%/ 5 deg Roller Pressed Slippery Roof: Plate Type: Wind Exposed: Wave-Canada, HS-Canada

Loading Criteria (psf)

5.00

10.00

7.00

Lumber Duration: 1.00

Plate Duration: 1.00

Load Sharing: Yes

TCLL: 64.32

Des Ld: 86.32

Spacing: 24.0 '

TCDL:

BCLL:

BCDL:

Floor Design: Part 4

Roof Design: Part 4, Part 9 & Farm

Conforms To:	Loading Criteria (psf)	Vibration Criteria: Checked: Passes		
Bldg Code: NBCC 2015	TCLL: 40.00	Checked: Passes		
Design Criteria: Floor	TCDL: 20.00	Sub-Floor Material: OSB		
TPIC Std: TPIC 2014	BCLL: 0.00	Thickness: 0.750		
CSA Std: CSA 086-14	BCDL: 10.00	Connection: nailed and glued		
Cb: N/A B3 Cs: N/A Cw: N/A If: N/A Slippery Roof: N/A Wind Exposed: N/A Wind Exposed: 40.00	Des Ld: 70.00 Lumber Duration: 1.00 Plate Duration: 1.00 Spacing: 19.2 " Load Sharing: Yes PT/IT/RT: 2sx/ 5%/ 0 deg Roller Pressed Plate Type: Wave-Canada, HS-Canada	Gypsum Ceiling: 0.500 " Strapping: none Strap Spacing: 0.0 " Strongback Size: 2x8		

C) Loading Criteria

Chord Live Loads (TCLL² & BCLL), Dead Loads (TCDL & BCDL) and Total Design Load, all in psf. Load Duration Factors for lumber & plate resistance adjustments. On-center component spacing. Load Sharing for lumber system factor resistance adjustments. Plate placement tolerances for Translation (sixteenths of an inch), Ineffective Teeth (%) and Rotation (in degrees). Plate type(s).

D) Deflection / CSI Criteria

Panel Point (PP) deflection for the absolute maximum vertical & horizontal Live Load (LL) and Total Load (TL) deflections in inches, and the locations, the span/deflection (L/def) ratio & the permissible limits (L/D) used for the design. Dead Load Creep Factor used in the component analysis. Overhang design as either removable or non-removable. Maximum CSI (Combined Stress Index = combined maximum axial & bending stress with the associated component type) acting on a member. Software version number.



E) Bearings & Reactions

E1) Commercial (Part 4), Residential (Part 9) & Floor Design

Bearing location (Loc) specified by the joint label, bearing height (Ht), actual bearing width (W) and minimum required wall bearing width (Min Req) along the length of the truss in inches.

The element which controls the bearing design (Ctrl) is indicated as either Truss (for the truss), Support (for the specified support bearing material), Block (for a bearing block), or it is not specified in the case of a hanger or a nailed-bearing connection.

Fcperp is the specified strength in compression perpendicular to grain for the bearing material.

Bearing Reactions are in lbs (total of all plies):

- **S** = Maximum Unfactored **Snow** load portion of the vertical reaction²
- L = Maximum <u>Unfactored</u> **Live** load portion of the vertical reaction
- **D** = Maximum Unfactored **Dead** load portion of the vertical reaction
- F = Maximum Total Factored vertical reaction¹
- **Hz** = Maximum Factored **Horizontal** reaction¹
- **U** = Maximum Factored **Uplift** vertical reaction¹

E2) Farm Design

This is the same as described in E1) above, except:

- Ru = Maximum Total Unfactored vertical Reaction²
- **U** = Maximum <u>Factored</u> **Uplift** vertical reaction¹
- Rf = Maximum Total <u>Factored</u> vertical Reaction¹
- Hz = Maximum <u>Factored</u> Horizontal reaction¹

Part 4, Part 9 & Floor

▲ Bea	aring Lo	ocation	S			
Loc I	Ht / W	/ / /	∕lin Req	/ Ctrl		
B 8'	/ 5	'8 / 1	"8	/ Truss	6 E	4
M 8'	/ 5'	'8 /5		/ Block		I
J 8'	/ -	/ -		/ -		
Beari	ngs B &	M Fcpe	erp = 76	8.4psi.		
▲ Bea	aring Re	eaction	s (lbs)			
Loc	/ S	/ L	/ D	/ F	/ Hz	/ U
В	/ 1790	/ 141	/219	/ 2832	/ 383	/ 867
M	/ 8689	/ 1372	/ 1258	/ 14675	5/0	/ 1104
	1 4500	/ 675	1 500	17457	10	1440

Farm

		num Re / W		(lbs) / U	/ Rf	/ Hz
Q	8'	/ 5"8	/ 2476	/ 696	/ 2985	/ 327 F2
M	8'	/ 5"8				
R	8'	/ -	/ 1418	/ 398	/ 1708	3 / 0
Q	Brg	Wid = 5	.5 Mi	n Req	= 4.3 (8	Support)
M	Brg	Wid = 5	5.5 Mi	n Req	= -	
R	Brg	Wid = -	Mi	n Req	= =	
Be	arings	Q&M	Fcperp	= 507.	4psi.	



F) Maximum Member Reactions

Maximum Factored Tension (+) and Compression (-) forces¹ in lbs per ply for each top chord, bottom chord and web, where member forces exceed 375 lbs per ply.

G) Lumber

Size, Species, and Grade for each member used in the analysis.

H) Bracing

Web bracing requirements are noted and referenced by a letter in parenthesis on the component drawing.

I) Nailnote & Multiple Ply Trusses

The number of plies and the fastener lamination requirements for multiple ply trusses are indicated.

J) Plating Notes & Plate Shift Table

Plating specifications. Plate Shift Table indicates special plate placement requirements by joint number, plate size at the given joint, plate shift in inches and direction (L-Left, R-Right, S-Symmetrical, O-Outer edge or flush), and chord bite in inches.

K) Purlins

Purlin, structural panel and rigid ceiling requirements to laterally brace top and bottom chords.

L) Loading & Special Loads

The Special Loads summary shown on the Component Drawing is from the load case that results in the highest member CSI (refer to item D above for the definition of CSI).

L1) Commercial (Part 4), Residential (Part 9) & Floor Design

Loading conditions and a summary of Special Loads applied for the indicated load case. Special Loads are Unfactored² uniform (plf) and concentrated loads (lbs) for the Snow (S), Live (L), Wind (W) and Dead (D) load types applied. Companion load combination factors are applied for combinations with both snow and live loads applied. Load locations are specified horizontally from the left heel and are in feet.

L2) Farm Design

Special Loads are Total Unfactored² uniform (plf) and concentrated loads (lbs) for all loads applied. Load locations are specified horizontally from the left heel and are in feet.

Part 4, Part 9 & Floor

Special Loads Comm.Ld[3SL]- 1 (Lumber Dur.Fac.=1.00 / Plate Dur.Fac.=1.00) From S/ L/ W/ D plf To S/ L/ W/ D plf TC: -1.33 129/ 0/ 0/10 46.00 129/ 0/ 0/10 BC: 0.00 0/10/ 0/14 46.00 0/10/ 0/14 BC: 720/71/0/99 lb Conc. Load at 28.94,30.94,32.94,34.94

Farm

```
Special Loads L2
-----(Lumber Dur.Fac.=1.00 / Plate Dur.Fac.=1.00)
TC: From 114 plf at 0.00 to 114 plf at 0.04
TC: From 164 plf at 0.04 to 164 plf at 5.07
TC: From 114 plf at 5.07 to 114 plf at 16.45
TC: From 164 plf at 16.45 to 164 plf at 20.00
BC: From 14 plf at 0.00 to 14 plf at 20.00
BC: 100 lb Conc. Load at 10.04,14.87
```



M) Additional Notes & Other Notes

Important design notes, warnings, specifications and requirements as part of the truss component design. This also includes Bearing Block and Hanger notes.

N) Heel Height

The vertical measurement of the component from the bottom of the bottom chord to the top of the top chord at the outside edge of the heel.

O) Member Label

The member number (e.g. T# = Top Chord, B# = Bottom Chord, W# = Web) as specified by the member label in the Lumber note (refer to item G above).

P) Joint Label

All joints of the component are identified by a unique letter or double letter combination.

Q) Connector Plate

Size and orientation of connector plate. Orientation indicates direction of slots on connector.

R) Slope

The vertical rise in inches for every 12 inches of horizontal run.

S) Overall Component Height

The vertical dimension including the overhang of the component.

T) Component Span & Panel Dimensions

Horizontal measurements that provide both panel point dimensions and the running total of component span based on out-to-out dimensions of the top and bottom chord of the component.

U) Panel Splice

The location within top chord and/or bottom chord panels where two chord members are joined together by a connector plate.

Notes:

- ¹ Includes Importance Factor adjustments
- ² Importance Factor adjustments are not included in the load magnitude shown but are applied internally by the software based on the Importance Factor (If) indicated on the component drawing (refer to item B1 above).