ASSEMBLY PROCESS:



ELECTRIC WIND POWER CAR

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Experimental principle:

Principle of action and reaction: when an object A exerts an action force on an object B, the object B must also exert a reaction force on the object A. The force of action and reaction are equal and opposite, acting on the same line. According to the prototype model of air reaction force, the electric wind car can run farther and faster. Because it uses air reaction force to provide energy and the frame of the vehicle is light. When the power is switched on, the battery provides electricity to the motor. And the motor rotates and drives the fan blade to rotate, blowing the wind backwards. The reaction force of the wind makes the car move forward.

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1.Wood parts 2.Wood parts 3.Battery case 4.Blade 5.Double side tape 6.Rubber for wheels 7.Axles 8.Wheels 9.Motor



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Warning.

CHOKING HAZARD-Small Parts. Not for children under 3 years. It must be accompanied by a parent or teacher while assembling.