

Information on the performance characteristics of our kits can be found at *www.epa.gov/etv/verifications/-verification-index.html*, or call ITS at 803-329-9712 for a copy of the ETV verification report. The use of the ETV<sup>®</sup> Name or Logo does not imply approval or certification of this product nor does it make any explicit or implied warranties or guarantees as to product performance.



# ABOUT KIT # 481298:



Part Number: 481298, 300 Tests

This test detects total inorganic Arsenic (As+3 and As+5)

This Arsenic Test Kit provides a safe, simple, and reliable way to test for Arsenic from 0 to 1000µg/L (up to 5000µg/L when using 1/5 dilution method). Follow the instructions carefully to get reliable results. All components are supplied in the kit except for a timer and thermometer. This test tolerates up to 2 mg/L Hydrogen Sulfide without interference. No interference was found for this test kit for Antimony up to 0.5mg/L. No interference from Iron or Sulfate was found. It is recommended that the water sample be  $22^{\circ}$ C to  $28^{\circ}$ C ( $72^{\circ}$ F). The color chart was standardized at  $25^{\circ}$ C ( $77^{\circ}$ F). For best results, record the temperature at which the sample was run. Use all reagents and test strips within the allowed shelf life as marked on each container.

## Kit Components:

- · 2 Reaction Bottles, clear PVC, with 10ml (lower) and 50ml (upper) lines
- · 2 White Caps, with white turret, for holding test strip
- 3 Plastic Spoons (one large pink spoon- 1.25cc for First Reagent; one smaller red spoon- 0.15cc for Second Reagent; and one smaller white spoon 0.15cc for Third Reagent)
- 1 Large Bottle of First Reagent (395 gm)
- 1 Bottle of Second Reagent (78 gm)
- 1 Bottle of Third Reagent (140 gm)
- 3 Bottles of Arsenic Test Strips (300 total) with waterproof color chart label Caution: Each test strip pad contains about 1mg Mercuric Bromide (HgBr,)
- This Instruction Booklet
- Plastic Bag for Used Test Strips (Not pictured)
- · 2 Yellow Caps for mixing
- · Plastic Case for Components

#### Options:

- Thermometer mercury free (US \$3.99 each sold separately, Order # 481196-T)
- Stopwatch (US \$14.99 each sold separately, Order # 481660)

### About the Patented Reaction (Modified Gutzeit method):

Inorganic Arsenic compounds in the water sample are converted to Arsine (AsH<sub>3</sub>) gas by the reaction of Zinc Dust and Tartaric Acid. Ferrous and Nickel salts have been added to accelerate this reaction. The Arsine reacts with the Mercuric Bromide on the test strip to form mixed Mercury halogens (such as AsH<sub>2</sub>HgBr) that appear with a color change from white to yellow or brown. Potassium Peroxymonosulfate (second reagent) is added to oxidize Hydrogen Sulfide to Sulfate.

**PRECAUTIONS:** Hydrogen gas and Arsine gas are generated during the reaction. Work in a well-ventilated area away from fire and other sources of ignition. All reagents are unsuitable for human consumption and must be kept away from children and pets.

### US Patent # 6696300

# **BEST ACCURACY & TROUBLESHOOTING**

- 1. <u>Perform a "practice run" of the test to familiarize yourself</u> with all of the procedures and color matching to ensure accurate testing results. To gain confidence in using this test kit for unknown samples, it is highly recommended that you use the kit on a sample with a known inorganic Arsenic concentration, or with a sample that has been prepared using an Arsenic standard. Run the test in duplicate for better accuracy.
- <u>Run the test within 24 hours of collecting a fresh water sample</u>. The water sample must not be
  preserved with Nitric Acid or any other preservation method as it will interfere with the test results. The
  water sample should also not contain any significant amount of buffers. If you are planning to send a
  duplicate sample for ICP laboratory verification, follow preservation requirements for that sample only.
- 3. Best test results are obtained when the water and room temperature are 22° 28°C (72° 82°F). The color chart is calibrated at 25°C/77°F. Cold and Warm water will cause low readings resulting in a false low reading. When the water is cold, make sure to warm the water sample to proper range prior to testing (using a microwave is acceptable). If the water temperature is above 28°C your result may read low (accelerator chemistry reacts too fast). Consideration must also be made for the air temperature when running the test.
- 4. <u>Wash the reaction bottle with clean tap water before and after each test</u>. When the reagents are allowed to sit in the bottle after the test, Reagent 3 may begin to adhere to the bottle of the bottle and will require more advanced cleaning with a bottlebrush.
- 5. <u>Careful color matching for best result</u>. As reflected in the color chart, the border color differs from the inside color of the test strip, this is normal. In some cases, an exact color match will not be available. Do not estimate a value not on the color chart. First, identify the color block closest to the pad color. It is customary to add a plus (+) or a minus (-) to the recorded result; if the pad color is darker than the color block report the result as "color block value" (+) or if the pad color is lighter report the result "color block value" (-). For example, the pad color is slightly lighter than the 10 color block. Record Result as 10- (ppb)

Problem	Possible Causes/Solutions		
Low or no color development on reaction pad after 10 minute reaction time.	<ol> <li>Incorrect temperature sample. Proper range 22°C-28°C (72°F-82°F)</li> <li>The strip may not have been inserted correctly (see image 6). Run test again.</li> <li>Correct amount of reagents may not have been added. Run test again.</li> <li>The reaction cap may have been loose. Run test again.</li> <li>The sample may contain organic arsenic or the arsenic is bound. Kit only tests for soluble inorganic arsenic.</li> <li>Interference due to elevated nitrate, nitrite, or Lead in water sample.</li> <li>Test strip pad is very wet, which inhibits colorimetric reaction. Moist pad at end of test is normal.</li> </ol>		
Color on the pad suggests more arsenic is present than expecte OR Pad is darker than color chart.	<ol> <li>Possible interference, check for sulfide. If hydrogen sulfide is confirmed, allow sample to sit at room temperature, exposed to airfor up to 8 hours (typically 50% of the hydrogen sulfide gas is dissipated every 8 hours).</li> <li>Dilute sample 1:5 and run test again to bring results within range (see NOTE on page 4).</li> </ol>		
Little or no Hydrogen gas bubbles occur after Reagent 3 addition.	<ol> <li>Addition of Reagent 1 could have been omitted, run test again.</li> <li>Excess oil and grease will hinder or suppress rate of gassing, dilute sample and run test again.</li> <li>Strong acid may be present in sample as a preservative or from sample source because of where and how the sample was collected. Strong acids interfere with test.</li> <li>pH of water sample is too alkali.</li> </ol>		

6. <u>Do not use components from other kits</u>. Interchanging components will result in inaccurate results since each kit since the test kits are calibrated with all components.

WARNING: Hydrogen and Arsine gases are generated during the test. Work in a well-ventilated area away from open flames and other sources of ignition. Review the Material Safety Data Sheet before handling any chemicals.

# **TEST PROCEDURE:**



#### Part Number: 481298, 300 Tests

## FOLLOW CAREFULLY FOR BEST RESULTS.

verify the temperature of the sample.

2	To the Reaction Bottle, slowly add the water sample to the upper marked line on the bottle (50 mL).					
3	Add 1 level pink spoon of First Reagent to the Reaction Bottle. Cap securely with the yellow cap and shake vigorously, with bottle upright, for <b>15 seconds</b> .					
4	Uncap the Reaction Bottle and add 1 level red spoon of the Second Reagent. Recap securely with the yellow cap and shake vigorously, with bottle upright, for <b>15 seconds</b> . <b>NOTE:</b> To minimize $H_2S$ interference, allow the sample to sit for <b>2 minutes</b> before performing Step 5.					
5	Uncap the Reaction Bottle and add 1 level white spoon of Third Reagent. Cap securely with yellow cap and shake vigorously with bottle upright for <b>5 seconds</b> .					
6	Immediately uncap and recap securely using the white turret cap. Turret cap must be dry. $\!$					
7	<ul> <li>Remove one Arsenic test strip from its bottle (immediately recap the test strip bottle). Insert the test strip into the turret as illustrated in Figure A: <ul> <li>a) Position the strip so that the test pad and red line are facing the back of the white cap (see Figure 1).</li> <li>b) Insert the strip into the turret until the red line is even with the top of the turret, and now close (flip down) the turret. This will hold the test strip in place.</li> <li>c) Allow the reaction to occur in an undisturbed, well-ventilated area.</li> <li>(NOTE: the test strip must be inserted and oriented correctly, and to the correct depth, in order for the results to be accurate).</li> </ul> </li> </ul>					
8	Wait 10 minutes.					

1 For best results, the water temperature should be 22°C to 28°C (72°F to 82°F). Use a thermometer to

- After the 10 minute wait (no longer than 12 minutes), pull up the turret and carefully remove the test strip (do not let it fall into the bottle liquid). Use the Arsenic Test Kit Color Chart label to match the test strip pad color within the next 30 seconds (colors oxidize when exposed to light). For best color matching, use natural daylight, but not direct sunlight.
- 10 Record your results.

Figure A

CAUTION

Test should be erformed in vell-ventilated

area.

## \*(Mercuric Bromide strips (Arsenic test strips) will not react with arsine gas if they are wet!)

- NOTE: For best accuracy above 500µg/L dilute the sample 1 to 5 and repeat the test as follows: fill the reaction bottle to the bottom line with the sample to be tested. Add arsenic-free water to the top line (50mL) of the bottle and then run steps 2 to 9. Multiply the result by 5 to determine the actual arsenic value and record your result.
- ATTENTION: After testing is completed, pour the reacted liquid down a drain not used for food preparation, and flush well with water. Rinse the bottle, yellow cap, and white turret cap with clean water. Shake off excess water from the caps: it is important that the White Turret Caps are dry before the next test. Store used test strips in a plastic bag marked "Used Mercuric Bromide (HgBr.) Test Strips". Keep used test strips away from children and pets, and dispose according to local environmental regulations.

WARNING: Hydrogen and Arsine gases are generated during the test. Work in a well-ventilated area away from open flames and other sources of ignition. Review the Material Safety Data Sheet before handling any chemicals.



SDS 1 <u>Safety Data Sheet</u>	SDS 2 <u>Safety Data Sheet</u>		
Section 1 Product and Company Information	Section 1 Product and Company Information		
Product Name: First Reagent Product Number: 481298-D	Product Name: Second Reagent Product Number: 481298-E		
Recommended use: Used to detect arsenic in water	Recommended use: Used to detect arsenic in water		
Restricted use: Not applicable	Restricted use: Not applicable		
Mfg. name: Industrial Test Systems, Inc.	Mfg. name: Industrial Test Systems, Inc.		
Mfg. address: 1875 Langston Street. Rock Hill, SC	Mfg. address: 1875 Langston Street. Rock Hill, SC		
Emergency Telephone (poison control): 1-800-222-1222	Emergency Telephone (poison control): 1-800-222-1222		
wig. relephone: 1-803-329-9712	Mrg. relephone: 1-803-329-9712		
Section 2 Hazard Identification	Section 2 Hazard Identification		
Hazard(s): Not hazardous: food grade tartaric acid, less than 1% of other ingredients.	Hazard(s): DANGEH: CORHOSIVE: Causes skin and eye damage. May be fatal if		
Required labeling: Not applicable	swallowed. Initiation to hose and throat.		
	Required labeling: N/A		
Section 3 Composition/Information on Ingredients	Section 3 Composition/information on ingredients Percent: Potassium Percey/monosulfate CAS: 10059-23-8 TSCA#: N/A		
Reagent CAS TSCA# RTECS# % Hazard	RECS# N/A %: 43 Hazard N/A		
L-Tartaric Acid 87-69-4 N/A N/A 98.9 Food grade, N/A	Reagent: Potassium Bisulfate CAS: 7646-93-7 TSCA#: N/A BTECS#: N/A		
Section 4 First-Aid Measures	%: 23 Hazard: N/A		
Contact Area First-aid	Reagent: Potassium Sulfate CAS: 7778-80-5 TSCA#: N/A RTECS#: N/A		
Eves Flush with large amounts of cold water for 15 minutes. Call a	%: 29 Hazard: N/A		
physician immediately.	Reagent: Potassium Peroxydisulfate CAS: 7727-21-1 TSCA#: N/A RTECS#:		
Skin Rinse with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Remove	N/A %: 3 Hazard: N/A		
contaminated clothing.	Reagent: Magnesium Carbonale CAS: 546-93-0 ISCA#: N/A RIECS#: N/A		
Ingestion If swallowed, wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting.			
Call a physician.	Section 4 First-Aid Measures		
Innalation If innaled, remove person to fresh air source. Gall a physician.	Contact Area First-aid		
wost likely effect initiation of skin and hose.	Eyes Flush with large amounts of cold water for 15 minutes.		
Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures	contaminated clothing		
Extinguishing media: Use that which is appropriate for the surrounding fire.	Ingestion If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Drink 1-2 glasses of		
Explosion Hazard: Not flammable or combustible.	water to dilute the stomach contents. Do not give water to the		
Flash Point: N/A Special fire fighting procedures: N/A	victim if they are unconscious. Call a physician immediately.		
	Inhalation If inhaled, remove person to fresh air source. If breathing is		
Section 6 Accidental Release Measures	still difficult, have a trained person administer oxygen. If not		
Sweep up and dispose in normal trash. Do not breathe dust. Wash hands.	breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a physician		
	immediately.		
Section / Handling and Storage	Most likely effect irritation		
product Wash hands after use Keen away from children and nots Keen container	Extinguishing media: Water Explosion Hazard: Not flammable or combustible		
tightly closed. Use in well ventilated area. Handle carefully to limit dust	Will release oxygen when heated acidic mist may be present Flash Point: N/A		
	Special fire fighting procedures: N/A		
Section 8 Exposures Controls/Personal Protection	Section 6 Accidental Belease Measures		
OSHA Permissible Limits: No data	Sweep up and dispose in normal trash. Do not breathe dust. Wash hands.		
Engineering controls: Adequate ventilation. Use dust mask if there is a large spill.	Section 7 Handling and Storage		
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Use PPE appropriate for the surroundings.	Use standard hydienic practices (no eating, drinking, or smoking) around the		
draplate from optoring the ave. Ensure on evolution Use eye protection to prevent	product. Wash hands after use. Keep away from children and pets. Keep		
diopiets nom entening the eye. Ensure an eyewash station is available.	container tightly closed. Mixing with compounds containing halides or active		
Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties	halogens can cause release of the respective halogen in the presence of		
Appearance: White, granular free-flowing solid Melting/Freezing point: N/A	moisture. Mixing with cyanides can cause release of hydrogen gas. Mixing with		
Decomposition temperature: No data Upper/Lower flammability limit: No data	neavy metal saits such as those of cobait, nickel, copper, or manganese can		
Solubility: Water soluble Viscosity: N/A Odor: odorless	cause decomposition with release of oxygen and heat.		
Initial boiling point/range: N/A Vapor Pressure: Not volatile	Section 8 Exposures Controls/Personal Protection		
Flash point: No data Odor threshold: N/A Evaporation rate: N/A	USHA Permissible Limits: No data Engineering controls: Adequate		
Partition coefficient: N/A Relative density: No data	For the surroundings Other: Use PPE appropriate for the surroundings Other: Use		
Auto-ignition temperature: No data	gloves to prevent contact irritation. Use eve protection to prevent droplets from		
······································	entering the eye. Ensure an eyewash station is available.		
Section 10 Stability and Reactivity	Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties		
Product is stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.	Appearance: White, granular free-flowing solid Melting/Freezing point: N/A		
Reacts with zinc, silver, and/or aluminum in the presence of water or moisture to	Decomposition temperature: No data Upper/Lower flammability limit: No data		
rapidiy release explosive hydrogen gas.	Solubility: N/A Viscosity: N/A Odor: odorless Initial boiling point/range:		
Section 11 Tovicological Information	N/A Vapor Pressure: Not volatile Flash point: No data Odor threshold: N/A		
No data. Do not breathe dust	Evaporation rate: N/A Vapor density: N/A Flammability: flammable		
	pH: 2.3 (1% In water) Partition coefficient: N/A Relative density: 1.1 – 1.4		
Section 12 Ecological Information			
Data not available.	Section 10 Stability and Reactivity		
	Product is stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymenzation will not		
Section 13 Disposal Considerations	moisture to rapidly release explosive bydrogen gas		
Dispose in normal trash. Do not breathe dust. At no time should First Reagent,	Contine 11 Towing larger lafer making		
Second Reagent, and Third Reagent be mixed together in dry (powder) form!	Acute Effects:		
Section 14 Transport Considerations	• Skin Absorption: >11 000 mg/kg (rabbits)		
Not applicable - material is not hazardous	• Oral LD <sub>so</sub> : 2,000 mg/kg (rats)		
	<ul> <li>Inhalation LC<sub>so</sub>: &gt;5 mg/L (rats) (4 hour)</li> </ul>		
Section 15 Regulatory Information	Section 12 Ecological Information		
The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be	Data not available.		
all-inclusive and shall be used ONLY as a guide. Keep away from children and pets.	Section 13 Disposal Considerations		
Store in a dry, cool place. Keep container tightly closed.	Dispose in normal trash. Do not breathe dust. At no time should First Beagent		
Section 16 Other Information	Second Reagent, and Third Reagent be mixed together in dry (powder) form!		
Prenarer: H B	Section 14 Transport Considerations		
Date Prepared: 5-3-17	Not applicable - material is not hazardous		
Supersedes Revision: 10-10-16	Contion 15 Degulatory Information		
Disclaimer: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is accurate to the best of our	The above information is believed to be correct but does not ourport to be		
knowledge. It is designed only as a guidance for safe use, handling, storage, and	all-inclusive and shall be used ONLY as a quide. Keep away from children and		
disposal. This information is not considered to be a warranty or a quality	pets. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep container tightly closed.		
specification.	Section 16 Other Information		

Preparer: H. R. Date Prepared: 5-3-17 Supersedes Revision: 12-16-15 Disclaimer: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is accurate to the best of our knowledge. It is designed only as a guidance for safe use, handling, storage, and disposal. This information is not considered to be a warranty or a quality specification.

#### SDS 3 <u>Safety Data Sheet</u>

Section 1 Product and Company Information	Section 1		
Product Name: Third Reagent Product Number: 491909-E	Product Nan		
Recommended use: Used to detect argenic in water	Recommend		
Destricted use: Not applicable	Restricted		
Mfa name: Industrial Test Systems Inc.	Mfg parts		
Ming address: 1975 Langston Street Deck Hill SC	Mig. name: II		
mig. autress. 1075 Langston Street. nock fill, SU	Emorroaness		
Energency relephone (poison control): 1-800-222-1222	Emergency I		
Mtg. Ielephone: 1-803-329-9712			
Section 2 Hazard Identification	Section 2		
Hazard(s): TOXIC: May be fatal if swallowed. IRRITANT: Irritation to nose and throat.	Hazard(s): Pa		
Required labeling: Not applicable	Required lab		
Section 3 Composition/Information on Ingredients	Section 3		
Reagent CAS TSCA# RTECS# % Hazard	Reagent: Me		
Zinc 7440-66-6 N/A N/A >99 Toxic. irritant	RTECS#: OV		
Section 4 Einst Aid Measures	Contion (		
Contact Area Eirst-aid	Contact Arrest		
Contact Area First-ald	Contact Area		
Eyes Flush with large amounts of cold water for 15 minutes. Call a	Eyes		
Physician Immediately.	SKIN		
Skin Wash with soap and water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated			
ciotning.	Ingestion		
ingestion If swallowed, wash out mouth with water. If a large amount is	Inheletion		
swallowed, call a physician.	Innalation		
Antidote: Calcium disodium edetate/dextrose, intravenous;			
Calcium disodium edetate/procaine, intramuscular	WOST likely e		
Innaiauon IT Innaied, remove person to fresh air source. Call a physician.	Section 5		
WOST IKELY ETTECT ITTITATION OF SKIN and NOSE.	Extinguishin		
Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures	Explosion H		
Extinguishing media: Dry chemical, sand, lime, soda ash.	Special fire f		
Explosion Hazard: Very fine dust may form explosive mixtures with air.	Section 6		
Flash Point: N/A Special fire fighting procedures: Do not use water or foam	Sweep up stri		
Section 6 Accidental Release Measures	strips per loca		
Do not touch spilled material, Avoid heat, flames, sparks, and other sources of	Section 7		
ignition, Remove sources of ignition, Collect material into suitable, loosely covered	Use standard		
container for disposal. Do not get water directly on material.	product, Was		
Cention 7 Handling and Changes	container tich		
Secuon / Handling and Storage	Continue C		
use stanuard nyglenic practices (no eating, drinking, or smoking) around the	Section 8		
product, wash hands after use. Keep away from children and pets. Keep container	OSHA Permi		
ugnity closed. Use in well ventilated area. Handle carefully to limit dust. Store in a	Personal Pro		
cooi, dry piace.	surroundings		
Section 8 Exposures Controls/Personal Protection	io prevent dro		
OSHA Permissible Limits: N/A	Section 9		
Engineering controls: Adequate ventilation. Use dust mask if there is a large spill.	Appearance		
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Use PPE appropriate for the surroundings.			
Other: Use gloves to prevent contact irritation. Use eye protection to prevent			
droplets from entering the eye. Ensure an eyewash station is available.	N/A Vapor F		
Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties	Evaporation		
Appearance: Gravish, powdery solid Melting/Freezing point: 420°C/N/A	pH: N/A Par		
Decomposition temperature: No data Upper/Lower flammability limit: No data	Auto-ignition		
Solubility: reacts Viscosity: N/A Odor: odorless	Section 10		
Initial boiling point/range: N/A Vapor Pressure: 1mmHq @ 487°C	Product is sta		
Flash point: No data Odor threshold: N/A Evaporation rate: N/A	wear full prote		
Vapor density: N/A Flammability: flammable pH: N/A	fires involving		
Partition coefficient: N/A Relative density: 7.14	Section 11		
Auto-ignition temperature: No data	Each strip		
Section 10 Stability and Reactivity	minimal boss		
Product is stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymorization will not accur	handlod oarei		
Finally divided nowder may react with water. Keep away from acide, bacco, metale	han labolod "		
ovidizers reducing agents combustible materials	and regulator		
Oxidizero, reducing dgents, compustible materials.	anu regulator		
Section 11 Toxicological Information	Section 12		
Eye Contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation or injury to the surface of the	Data not avai		
eye, with discomfort, reddening, and tearing. Direct contact may cause serious	Section 13		
corneal burns.	Dispose of th		
Skin Contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation and mild dermatitis.	Section 14		
Ingestion: Large oral doses may cause gastrointestinal distress with stomach	Not applicable		
cramps, dehydration, electrolyte imbalance, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting,	not applicable		
hematemesis, diarrhea, lethargy, immune system effects, fever, dizziness, tightness	Section 15		
in the throat, shock, collapse, renal failure, and death.	This strip is c		
Section 12 Ecological Information	"Article mean		
Data not available.	formed to a s		
Section 13 Disposal Considerations	tunction(s) de		
Dispose in normal trash. Do not breathe dust. At no time should First Descent	use; and (iii) v		
Second Reagent, and Third Reagent be mixed together in dry (powder) form	very small qu		
occond neagent, and mind neagent be mixed together in dry (powder) loffi!	determined u		
Section 14 Transport Considerations	hazard or hea		
Not applicable - packaged as part of a reagent set.	A Safety Data		
Section 15 Regulatory Information	courtesy.		
The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be	Section 16		
all-inclusive and shall be used ONLY as a guide. Keep away from children and pets.	Broperer !!		
Store in a dry, cool place. Keep container tightly closed.	Discloimor: 7		
Section 16 Other Information	our knowlod		
Drenarer: H D	and dispose!		
Date Prepared: 10-10-16	anu uisposal.		
Date Frepared: 10-10-10 Supercodes Devision: 10-16-15	specification.		
Supersedes Revision: 12-16-15			
Disclamate: The intermetion in this Potety (1995)			

Disclaimer: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is accurate to the best of or knowledge. It is designed only as a guidance for safe use, handling, storage, and disposal. This information is not considered to be a warranty or a quality specification. This company shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

#### SDS 4 <u>Safety Data Sheet</u>

	Section 1 Product and Company Information
	Product Name: Arsenic Quick Strip Product Number: 481298-G
	Restricted use: Not applicable
	Mfg. name: Industrial Test Systems, Inc.
	Emergency Telephone (poison control): 1-800-222-1222
	Mfg. Telephone: 1-803-329-9712
at	Section 2 Hazard Identification Hazard(s): Pad contains Mercury
	Required labeling: N/A
	Section 3 Composition/Information on Ingredients
	Reagent: Mercuric Bromide CAS: 7789-47-1 ISCA#: N/A RTECS#: OV7415000 %: Approx. 1mg Hazard: Oral LD <sub>ex</sub> (rat) 40mg/kg
	Section 4 First-Aid Measures
	Contact Area First-aid
ted	Skin Rinse with large amounts of water for 2 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing.
	Ingestion Rinse mouth with water. As a precaution, call a physician or Poison Control
	Inhalation Evacuate to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen and
	seek medical advice. Most likely effect Irritation
	Section 5 Fire Fighting Measures
	Explosion Hazard: None found Flash Point: N/A
	Special fire fighting procedures: N/A
am	Section 6 Accidental Release Measures Sweep up strips and put into a plastic bag labeled "Used Test Strips." Dispose of used
	strips per local environmental and regulatory requirements. Wash hands after use.
.	Section 7 Handling and Storage
	product. Wash hands after use. Keep away from children and pets. Keep container tightly closed.
	Section 8 Exposures Controls/Personal Protection
r	OSHA Permissible Limits: N/A Engineering controls: N/A Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Use PPE appropriate for the
	surroundings. Other: Use gloves to prevent contact irritation. Use eye protection
	to prevent droplets from entering the eye. Ensure an eyewash station is available.
iII.	Appearance: Off-white pad on plastic handle Melting/Freezing point: N/A
gs.	Decomposition temperature: No data Upper/Lower flammability limit: No data
	N/A Vapor Pressure: N/A Flash point: No data Odor threshold: N/A
	Evaporation rate: N/A Vapor density: N/A Flammability: flammable
ta	Auto-ignition temperature: No data
	Section 10 Stability and Reactivity
	Product is stable. Hazardous polymerization will not occur. Firefighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus when fighting
	fires involving plastic and PVC materials.
	Section 11 Toxicological Information
	minimal because of the low exposure. Material, however, is toxic and should be
ur.	handled carefully to minimize exposure. Place all used test strips into a plastic
,	and regulatory requirements. Wash hands after use.
	Section 12 Ecological Information
	Section 13 Disposal Considerations
	Dispose of the test strips according to regulatory requirements.
	Section 14 Transport Considerations Not applicable - the strips are not hazardous
ss	Section 15 Regulatory Information
	"Article means a manufactured item other than a fluid or particle: (i) which is
	formed to a specific shape or design during manufacture; (ii) which has end use
	use; and (iii) which under normal conditions of use does not release more than
	very small quantities, e.g., minute or trace amounts of a hazardous chemical (as determined under paragraph (d) of this section), and does not pose a physical
	hazard or health risk to employees".
	A Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is not required for articles. This SDS is provided as a
	Section 16 Other Information
ts.	Preparer: H. R. Date Prepared: 5-3-17 Supersedes Revision: 9-21-16
	Disclaimer: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is accurate to the best of our knowledge. It is designed only as a guidance for safe use, handling, storage.
	and disposal. This information is not considered to be a warranty or a quality

Our products are compliant with all 49CFR and IATA rules and regulations.

7

# LETTER FROM THE KIT INVENTOR

Thank you for purchasing our U.S. Patented Arsenic Econo Quick<sup>™</sup> Kit. Our company has trademarked the kits Quick<sup>™</sup> because of the short 14 minute time for analysis.

The Drinking Water standard of the US EPA and the World Health Organization (WHO) allows a maximum contaminant level of 10 ppb ( $\mu$ g/L) for Arsenic. The old US EPA level of 50 ppb ( $\mu$ g/L) remains as the maximum contaminant level for many countries in the world.

For several years, Industrial Test Systems, Inc. (ITS) committed to a major research and development effort to provide better and safer arsenic test kits. For these efforts US Patent# 6696300 was granted for the acceleration of arsenic detection through the addition of iron and nickel salts. This innovation permits arsenic field tests to be completed in less time. The test was made safer by using tartaric acid, instead of liquid acids, for the reduction of inorganic arsenic (As\*<sup>3</sup>/As\*<sup>5</sup>) to arsine gas. The Quick™ II series of kits use a modified turret/aperture cap, allowing detection of arsenic below 5ppb (µg//L). The reduction reactions utilized in all kits are as follows:

 $Zn + 2H^+ \rightarrow Zn^{+2} + H_2$  (gas) and  $As_4O_6 + 12 Zn + 24H^+ \rightarrow 4AsH_3$ (gas) + 12  $Zn^{+2} + 6H_2O$  (pH 1.6)

The analysis is performed in a closed reaction bottle (plastic) with an appropriate volume of sample (50 to 500 ml). After the 10 minute reduction reaction, the mercuric bromide strip or testing pad is removed and matched to the color chart or color analyzed by the Quick<sup>™</sup> Arsenic Scan instrument. A light yellow to brown color change indicates that arsenic is present. The color intensity is proportionately related to the concentration of arsenic in the sample. NOTE: ITS test kits detect free inorganic arsenic only. ICP-MS methods detect inorganic and organic arsenic. If organic arsenic is present, ITS kit results can be expected to give lower values when compared to ICP-MS results.

# Inorganic Arsenic Kits Available:

US Patent # 6696300

PRODUCT NAME (PART NUMBER)	OPTIMUM RANGE* ppb (µg/L)	TYPICAL COLOR CHART DETECTION LEVELS ppb (μg/L)	TYPICAL ACCURACY** USING QUICK™ ARSENIC SCAN	# OF TESTS
Arsenic Quick™ (481396)	10 to 200	0, 5, 10, 20, 60, 100, 300, 500, >500, >>500	+/-18 ppb or +/-30%	100
Arsenic Quick™ II (481303)	3 to 20	<1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 13, 20, 25, 30, 40, >50, >80, >120, >160	+/-1.2 ppb or +/-16%	50
Arsenic Low Range Quick™ II <b>(481301)</b>	1 to 10	<0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, >20, >30, >50	+/-0.8 ppb or +/-14%	50
Arsenic Ultra-Low Quick™ II <b>(481300)</b>	0.5 to 6	0,0.3,0.7, 1.0, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13, 20, >20	+/-0.4 ppb or +/-12%	25
Quick™ Arsenic Scan Instrument (481305)	—	0.01 to >1.00 color density ppb (µg/L) (as low as 0.2 ppb (µg/L) arsenic)	(see above)	-

Information on the performance characteristics of Quick<sup>™</sup> can be found at www.epa.gov/etv. The use of the ETV® Name or Logo does not imply approval or certification of this product nor does it make any explicit or implied warranties or guarantees as to product performance.

\*\* As with any test, actual results will fail within a range around the actual value. The Typical Accuracy listed is from data generated by a technician in our lab using the Quick<sup>™</sup> Arsenic Scan instrument measuring interference-free aqueous arsenic standards. Kit expected accuracy is the larger of the two values listed. (Example using Quick<sup>™</sup>: If the mean is 40 ppb, then the typical accuracy is +/-18 ppb which is larger than +/-12 ppb (40 ppb X 30%)).

Where precision is important, ITS recommends that you run the water sample in duplicate since the typical color matching is within one color block. For best precision consider the purchase of our Quick<sup>™</sup> Arsenic Scan instrument. This unit is ideal for use with all test kits. Please contact our sales department at 803-329-9712 for more information or to order the Quick<sup>™</sup> Arsenic Scan instrument.

Typical shelf life of kits is over 12 months when stored in a cool, dry place away from direct sunlight. The kit includes First Reagent (Tartaric acid with iron and nickel salts); Second Reagent (MPS, an oxidizer); Third Reagent (zinc dust); and mercuric bromide strips, which contain about 1mg mercury per strip. After use, the strips should be discarded according to local environmental regulations. Valuable safety information about the kit is in the MSDS literature. As a safeguard to minimize the operator's exposure to arsine and hydrogen gas, please run all tests in a well-ventilated area away from open flames and other sources of ignition. Arsine gas is highly toxic; this precaution becomes more urgent if the water sample has high arsenic levels.

Cordially yours,

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