

Jumpin' Numbers 11 thru 30

Volume 2

Handmotions

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Using Music and Movement to Reach Your K-1 English Language Learners

Presented By Heidi Butkus

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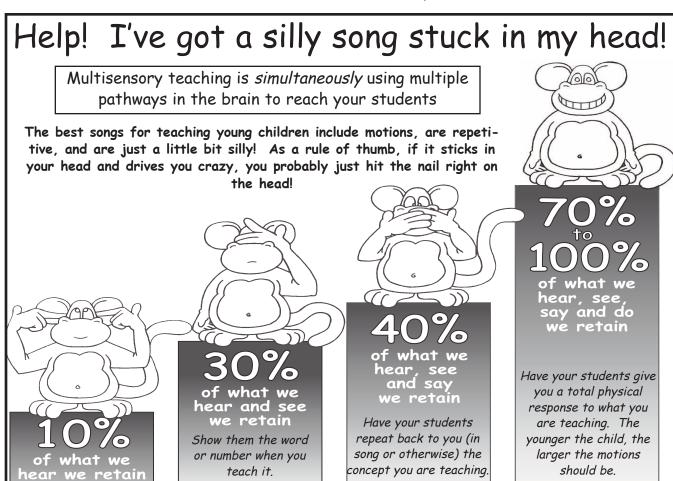
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The methods suggested in this presentation are supported by brain research and are also consistent with "best practices" recommended by the Learning Disability Association, the Council for Exceptional Children, the International Dyslexia Association, and other respected organizations. I took the principals that worked for language arts and applied them to math instruction, and this is what I got!

I found that the methods that work consistently well take advantage of *simultaneous* multisensory teaching techniques. This is simultaneous multisensory teaching in a nutshell:

The more senses involved all at once, the better you retain information.



Why is does this work? If one pathway to the brain is blocked, (as in a learning disability) there are other alternatives or paths to take in information.

Why use special education techniques to help children who are merely learning English as their second language? Because if you use techniques designed to get past a learning disability, you will very likely be able to teach them the content no matter what! Simply over-compensate for the lack of English language skills by using techniques designed for students with learning disabilities. Then you can be fairly sure that if it is possible for them to learn, they WILL learn! Then add as much language into it as possible!

Teaching Ideas to Build Numeral Recognition and Number Concepts

- * You can make games out of the Jumpin' Numbers and Shapes flashcards by putting them into any kind of numeral recognition game, such as Bingo. The HeidiSongs Resource CD has these images saved in both jpeg and pdf formats, so they can be used as clip art. To play "Bang!": The dealer gives each child a card, one at a time. The child tries to identify the card. There is no penalty for not knowing the answer. If a child receives a "Bang!" card, then he or she gets all of the children's cards at the table. When the dealer's cards run out, the child with the most cards is the winner.
- * Print various numerals on paper plates with a marker. Have children place the correct number of counters on each plate. Work on one number at a time, adding more as the children master each number.
- * Make a "Number Gadget!" Get some cardboard, and put some numbers cut out of sandpaper on it. Then put that quantity of stickers on the back of it. Add a grommit for a shoe lace on the corner of the card board. Have children string the correct number of beads onto the sting so that it matches the numeral.
- * Building Number Concepts: Use Ten Frames and Counters
 Download ten frames free at www.heidisongs.com. Have the children look at the ten
 frames and try to copy that number into a modified egg carton that has just ten
 spaces- five on each side. Or, get the CounTEN Sorting Cartons at
 http://www.etacuisenaire.com. Ice cube trays with ten spaces also work great.
 Sometimes these can be found at the 99 cent store. Change the objects with the
 seasons or the units of study, or change them with the holidays. We use small sea
 animals, zoo animals, insects, Chirstmas counters, Valentine's Day counters, cereal, etc.

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- * The Ten Frame Game: Shuffle the ten frame cards face down and have a child draw one. He should then tell you how many it shows, and show you that many fingers. Then he should build the number in the carton. Every time they complete one, I let them put a rubber stamp on an index card.
- * Building Number Concepts: The Number Tree
 The children draw a Ten Frame and count the dots. Then they color or paint in the apple on the tree.
- * Build Number Towers with unifix cubes. Have children stand them up on end in order so that they build a gradually growing tower. (From Developing Number Concepts Using Unifix Cubes by Kathy Richardson)
- * Build addition concepts by starting with "one more than." One more than three is four, etc. Also, just having them build trains of a certain number many times is good practice!
- * Use a permanent marker to write numbers on unifix cubes separated by color. Then have the children practice putting them in order. Keep them on hand so that children may practice whenever they finish their work.
- * Sing the number song and then have children build that number with base ten blocks to help build number concepts, writing the numeral above the blocks.







All Heidisongs products also available on DVD to show visual aids and to help demonstrate the kinesthetic movements which activate the muscle memory required by some children to help them remember. Makes learning fast, fun and easy as they sing along to the music for a true multi-sensory learning experience!

Order Online @ www.HeidiSongs.com

Additional resources available at www.heidisongs.com

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More Information:

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(Sounds like "The Fox Hunt")

Hold one finger up on both hands, moving hands back and forth





Eleven, eleven, eleven,

Show one finger on one hand, and then one finger on both hands





A one, a one,

Hold palms out to show that you are done



I'm done!

(Sounds like "Taps")

First show one finger on one hand





Then show one finger on one hand and two fingers on the other to show number 12

First a one, then a two,

Keep fingers showing number 12 as before, but flap arms in time to the music.



That's a twelve,

Keep fingers showing number 12 as before, but flap arms in time to the music.



That's a twelve,

Keep fingers showing number 12 as before, but flap arms in time to the music.



That's a twelve!

(Sounds like "Shave and a Hair Cut- Two Bits")

First show one finger on one hand





Then show three fingers on the other hand at the same time to show 13

One and a three that's

Clap hands two times in time to the music



Thirteen!

Shake hips in time to the music



Bum ba da bum bum-

Clap, clap!

Clap hands two times in time to the music



Thirteen!

(Sounds like "Little Brown Jug")

First show one finger on one hand





Put both hands on head to show bunny ears

First a one, then a four,

Crouch low and jump with hands like bunny ears







Fourteen rabbits on the floor!

First show one finger on one hand





Put both hands on head to show bunny ears

First a one, then a four,

Jump towards the door with hands like bunny ears







Fourteen hoppin' out the door!

(Sounds like "Goodbye")

Show five fingers on one hand and one finger on the other





Number fifteen,

Show five fingers on one hand and one finger on the other





Number fifteen,

Wave hands overhead back and forth







Hey, hey, hey,

Show five fingers on one hand and one finger on the other





One then five!

(Sounds like "The Bear Went Over the Mountain")

Show one finger on one hand





Scratch the air like a cat on the word six

A one and a six is a sixteen,

Show one finger on one hand





Scratch the air like a cat on the word six

A one and a six is a sixteen,

Show one finger on one hand

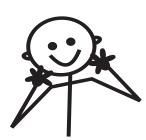




Scratch the air like a cat on the word six

A one and a six is a sixteen,

Open palms and frame your face to show how pretty you are and wiggle fingers



My little sweet sixteen!

(Sounds like "The Chicken Dance")

Fingers to Thumb Motion with hands

Make a "quack, quack" motion with hands, as in the Chicken Dance



First you make a number one,

Flap arms like a chicken



Then a seven after that,

Shake your "tail" in time to the music



That's a number seventeen!

Clap hands in time to the music









(Clap, clap, clap, clap!)

(Repeat sequence four times)

(All of the movements in this song are the same as in the traditional Chicken Dance)

(Sounds like "Chiapanecas - Mexican Folk Song")

Wave hands back and forth in front of your chest





Clap twice on the word, "18"

First make a one, then an 8 - 18!

Wave hands back and forth in front of your chest



Wave Hands



Clap twice on the word, "18"

First make a one, then an 8 - 18!

Wave hands back and forth in front of your chest





Clap twice on the word, "18"

First make a one, then an 8 - 18!

Wave hands back and forth in front of your chest



Wave Hands



Clap twice on the word, "18"

First make a one, then an 8 - 18!

(Sounds like "Alouette")

Pat your legs in time with the music!

Pat legs in time to the music



Number nineteen,

First show one finger on one hand





Cup hands behind ears to show a bear's ears each time you say "nine"

One and then a nine means

Pat your legs in time with the music!

Pat legs in time to the music



Number nineteen,

First show one finger on one hand





Cup hands behind ears to show a bear's ears each time you say "nine"

One and then a nine!

(Sounds like "The Snake Charmer")

Crouch down low and rise up like a snake, twisting and swaying with palms together





Number 20 goes first a two and then zero!

Crouch down low and rise up like a snake, twisting and swaying with palms together

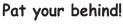




Number 20 goes first a two and then zero!

Shake finger as in warning







Point to your behind in time to the music

Better watch out for the 20, or he'll bite your little bunty!

Crouch down low and rise up like a snake, twisting and swaying with palms together

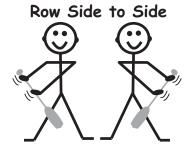




Number 20 goes first a two and then zero!

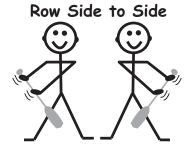
(Sounds like "Row, Row, Row Your Boat")

Make a boat rowing motion with your hands in time to the music



Number twenty-one!

Make a boat rowing motion with your hands in time to the music



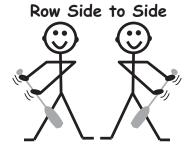
Two and then a one.

Roll your hands in time to the music



Merrily, merrily, merrily,

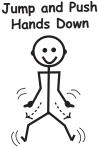
Make a boat rowing motion with your hands in time to the music



Number twenty-one!

(Sounds like "La Raspa")

Bounce up and down to the music while pushing hands down.





Jump and clap two times

It's number twenty-two! (Clap, clap)

Bounce up and down to the music while pushing hands down.



Jump and Push



Jump and clap two times

A two and another two! (Clap, clap)

Bounce up and down to the music while pushing hands down.





Jump and clap two times

It's number twenty-two! (Clap, clap)

Bounce up and down to the music while pushing hands down.





Jump and clap two times

A two and another two! (Clap, clap)

(Repeat)

(Sounds like "Bingo")

Flap arms like wings on the word, "two"



There is a number with a two

Jump like a kangaroo on the word "three"



And after that a three!

Clap five times just like in the song "Bingo"







Number 23! Number 23! Number 23!

Shake finger as in "I told you so!"



It's such an easy number!

(Sounds like "Pop Goes the Weasel")

Put hands on thighs and bounce to the music



Twenty-four is easy to do.

Crouch down lower. Put hands on knees and bounce to the music



First you make a two.

Crouch all the way down and place hands on the floor. Bounce to the music



After that you make number four.

Jump up on the word "Pop!" and throw your hands in the air as if you "blasted off"



Pop! Twenty-four!

(Sounds like "The Farmer In the Dell")

Flap arms like wings on the word, "two"



Well, first you make a two,

Place hand on temple, and "salute" on the word "five"



And then you make a five,

Wave hands back and forth in front of you in time to the music





Hi ho the dairy-o,

Flap arms like wings on the word, "two"





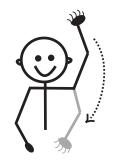
Place hand on temple, and "salute" on the word "five"

It's number 25!

Number 26 (Sounds like "The Limbo Rock")

Flap arms like wings on the word, "two"





Scratch the air like a cat on the word six

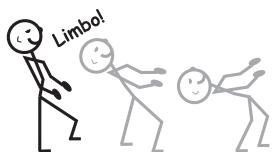
First a two and then a six-

Turn around fast on the word six



That's a number twenty-six! (Repeat first two lines)

Lean backwards and pretend to go under a limbo stick



Jack be nimble, Jack be quick! Jack go under limbo stick!

Flap arms like wings on the word, "two", then scratch the air like a cat on the word six







Turn around fast on the word six

First a two and then a six-That's a number twenty-six!

(Traditional melody)

Shake your hands in front of you from side to side





Well first a two, and then a seven now,

Shake your hands in front of you from side to side





Two and then a seven now,

Shake your hands in front of you from side to side





Two and then a seven now,

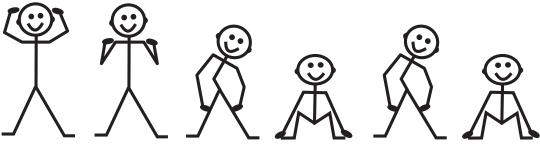
Do the twist



Make twenty-seven today!

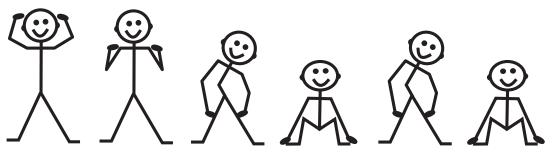
(Sounds like "Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes")

Touch your head, then shoulders, knees and toes. Touch your knees and toes again.



First a two and then an eight, then an eight!

Touch your head, then shoulders, knees and toes. Touch your knees and toes again.



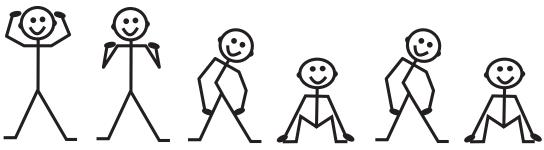
First a two and then an eight, then an eight!

Shake finger as in "I told you so!"



That's how we make number twenty-eight!

Touch your head, then shoulders, knees and toes. Touch your knees and toes again.

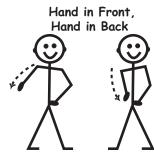


First a two and then an eight, then an eight!

(The hand motions to this song are the same as "Head, Shoulders, Knees, and Toes")

(Sounds like "The Hokey Pokey")

Put your hand in front of you



Put your hand behind you

Well, first you make a two, and then you make a nine,

Put your hand in front of you





Shake your hands in front of you

And when you write it down, that's a number twenty-nine!

Turn around in a circle, while waving hands back and forth as in the "Hokey Pokey"



You listen to your teacher and you know you're doing fine!

Do the twist, clap your hands twice and jump in the air with hand up







That's number twenty-nine!

(The hand motions to this song are the same as "The Hokey Pokey")

(Sounds like "The Conga")

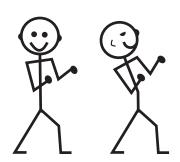
Walk forward, swinging arms



Throw head back on last syllable of "thirty"

Let's all make a thirty!

Walk forward, swinging arms



Throw head back on last syllable of "thirty"

Let's all make a thirty! (Repeat first two lines)

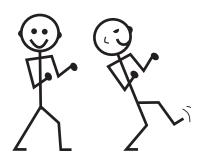
Walk forward, swinging arms



Throw head back on last syllable of "zero"

Three, then zero!

Walk forward, swinging arms



Throw head back on last syllable of "zero"

Three, then zero! (Repeat first two lines)