Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1.	IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER
Product identifier	SW2- Rust Inhibitive Oil
Variants	
Product code(s)	SW2
Proper shipping name	PAINT
Recommended use	Wetting oil pre-treatment
Manufacture / Importer details	Permanent Painted Coatings Pty Ltd., Unit 1 / 4 Prosperity Parade WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102
Emergency phone numbers Free call Phone Fax Poisons Information Centre	Available Monday – Friday, 8:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m. 1800 738 383 07 5512 6600 07 5512 6697 131126 [available 24 hours]

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the hazardous chemical or mixture according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia

GHS Classification:

Flammable Liquids Category 3, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Category 2A, Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) Category 3, Aspiration Hazard Category 1.

Label elements

Aspiration Hazard Category 1.

Signal word Hazard statements DANGER

Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statements: Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. No smoking.
- P233 Keep container tightly closed.
- P240 Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P280 + P281 Wear protective gloves, eye protection/face protection and other personal protection as required.
 - P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
 - P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
 - P261 Avoid breathing fumes, mist, vapours or spray.
- 2022 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

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- P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use CO_2 , dry chemical or foam for extinction.
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
 - P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or Hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
 - P352 Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 - P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
 - P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 - P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
 - P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
 - P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Precautionary statements: Storage

- P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
 - P233 Keep container tightly closed.
 - P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary statements: Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local Regulations.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	Name	CAS	% [weight]
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	30-60
	Xylene	1330-20-7	10-<30
	Isopropanol	67-63-0	<10
	Ingredients not contributing to the classification	Proprietary	10-<30
	ingreatents not contributing to the classification	Topficialy	10 < 50

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first aid measures

Ingestion	Rinse mouth with plenty of water then provide liquid slowly and as much as the person can comfortably drink. If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, place person on their left side, tilt head back to maintain open airway and to prevent aspiration. Observe patient and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with fresh water. Continue rinsing for several minutes. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by holding the eyelids apart and away from the eye. Seek medical attention if pain persists or recurs. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin contact	Immediately flush skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with soap if available. Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if a rash develops.
Inhalation	Remove the person from the contaminated area and into fresh air. Allow them to rest and observe. Seek medical attention if breathing is difficult. Seek medical advice if symptoms persist.

SDS: SW2 First Aid facilities	Page 3 of 8 Safety shower and eye wash facilities.
Symptoms caused by exposure	Contact with skin or eyes causes irritation. Prolonged or repeated skin contact with the liquid may cause defatting of the skin which may lead to dermatitis. Inhalation of vapour or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Medical attention and special treatment	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5.	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
Suitable extinguishing	Carbon dioxide. Foam. Dry chemical powder.
media	For large fires – Water spray or fog.
Specific hazards	Flammable liquid and vapour. On combustion this product may emit toxic fumes and
	clouds of acrid smoke. Vapours are heavier than air and will accumulate. Vapours will
	form explosive concentrations with air. Vapours travel long distances and will flash
	back.
Special protective	Wear breathing apparatus plus chemical protective suit and gloves. DO NOT approach
equipment and	containers suspected of being hot. May be violently or explosively reactive.
precautions for fire	Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do
fighters	so, remove containers from path of fire.
8	
TT	
Hazchem code	3[Y]
SECTION 6.	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Personal precautions,	Eliminate all ignition sources. Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Avoid
protective equipment and	breathing vapour and avoid contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact by
emergency procedures	using protective equipment. Clean up spills immediately.
8 7	
Environmental	Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course or soil.
precautions	This product is toxic to the aquatic life. Dispose of material and containers as hazardous
precautions	waste.
	wuste.
Methods and materials for	Contain and soak up released material with fire-resistant absorbent such as sand, earth or
containment and clean up.	vermiculite. Cover drains to prevent material from entering waterways. Stop leak if
•	safe to do so. Using only spark-free shovels and explosion proof equipment collect
	absorbent material and seal in labelled drums for proper disposal. Dispose of in
	accordance with local, state and federal regulations.
	Seek assistance from emergency services for large spills. Evacuate unprotected
	personnel from the immediate vicinity. Contain released material then blanket the spill
	using foam (where available) to prevent the spread of vapour.
SECTION 7.	HANDLING AND STORAGE
Precautions for safe	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear personal protection equipment. Do
handling	not breathe vapours or spray mists. When handling, do not eat drink or smoke. Always
	wash hands with soap and water after handling. Observe proper occupational hygiene
	work practices. Wear a dust mask when sanding previous coatings to avoid breathing
	dust.
	Use only in a well-ventilated area. Use mechanical extraction to remove vapour where
	necessary. Avoid smoking, naked lights, heat and other ignition sources. Vapour may
	ignite on pumping or pouring due to static electricity. Do not use plastic buckets. Use
	spark free tools when handling.

SDS: SW2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities	containers are clearly	or drum in an approved y labelled and free from ore in a cool dry, well-v age with oxidisers.	n leaks. Keep contain	ers securely sealed
SECTION 8.	EXPOSURE	CONTROLS AN	D PERSONAL I	PROTECTION
Australian national exposure standards Component	No exposure standard has been established for this product. Exposed individuals are not reasonably expected to be warned, by smell, that an exposure standard is being exceeded. If the breathing zone concentration of ANY of the components listed below is exceeded then the individual is deemed to be over exposed. TWA STEL			
Xylene Isopropanol Solvent naphtha Peak limitations	ppm 80 400 - No peak limitations a	mg/m³ 350 983 790	ppm 150 500	mg/m³ 655 1230
Biological monitoring	Not required.	anocated.		
Engineering controls	conditions. Local ex maintain vapour leve	ted area. General exha haust ventilation may b els below the Lower Ex sure exists, wear an app	be required in special plosion Limit [LEL]	
Individual protection measu Eye and face protection	Wear safety glasses	al Protection Equipme or goggles. Avoid wea enses may concentrate	ring contact lenses. (Contact lenses pose a
Skin protection		ctive gloves, e.g. Nitril , rubber or polyethylen		
Protective clothing		ar antistatic clothing m bres. Wear safety footy		or of high-temperature-
Respiratory protection	the contamination.	The local concentration f personal protective ec	of material, quantity	
SECTION 0	DUVSICAT	AND CHEMICAL	DDADEDTIES	

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odour pH Vapour pressure Vapour density Boiling point Freezing/Melting point Flash Point Solubility Density UEL	Pale yellow liquid Aromatic Not Applicable 0.8 kPa 4.3 148 - 182°C Not established 38 - 47°C (Abel) Immiscible 0.902 7% 0.6%
LEL	0.6%
VOC	616.8 g/L

SDS: SW2

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Stable.
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable.
Conditions to avoid	Ignition sources. Presence of incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Flammable liquids should not be stored with:- Class 1 – Explosives Class 2 – Flammable gases Class 2.3 – Poisonous gases Class 4.2 – Spontaneously combustible substances Class 5.1 – Oxidising agents Class 5.2 – Organic peroxides Class 7 – Radioactive substances.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.
Hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information for this product is not available. Reference is made where possible to the individual constituents of the mixture.

Toxicology Data:

Ingredient Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD ₅₀ >2000mg/kg rat(oral) >2000mg/kg rabbit (dermal)	LC ₅₀ 5.2mg/L	Further Data Sensitisation: No STOT(RE): not expected Reproductive toxicity: No Mutagenicity: No
Xylene (mixed isomers)	>2000mg/kg rat(oral) >2000mg/kg rabbit (dermal)	> 20mg/L / 4hours, Rat	Irritation skin (rabbit): 500mg/24 hours. Carcinogenicity: No [IARC] Mutagenicity: No Reproductive toxicity: No Sensitisation: No
Isopropanol	>2000mg/kg rat(oral) >2000mg/kg rabbit (dermal)	> 20 mg/L / 8 hours, Rat	Carcinogenicity: No Mutagenicity: No Sensitisation: No

Acute Health Effects:

Swallowed: Expected to be of low to moderate toxicity: Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. May cause irritation to the mouth, throat, oesophagus, and stomach with nausea, abdominal discomfort, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Eye: Irritating to eyes causing tearing, stinging, blurred vision and redness.

Skin: May cause moderate skin irritation.

Inhaled: Harmful by inhalation. Inhalation of vapours may cause irritation to the respiratory system. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness, coma and even death.

SDS: SW2 **Chronic Health Effects:**

Repeat exposure to high doses of solvent vapours can affect the nervous system or may cause liver or kidney damage. Prolonged contact with the liquid may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Xylene is reported to have caused hearing loss in laboratory animals on exposure to high vapour concentrations; however, this effect has not yet been reported in humans.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION SECTION 12.

Toxic to the environment with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.

<u>Xvlene:</u>			
Ecotoxicity:	Fish:	Toxic 1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10mg/l	
	Aquatio	c Invertebrates:	
	•	Harmful: 10 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 100mg/l	
	Algae: Low toxicity: $LC/EC/IC50 > 100 mg/l$		
Mobility:	•	Floats on water, highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater.	
Persistence/degradability:		ty: Readily biodegradable. Oxidises by photo-chemical reactions in air.	
		Does not bioaccumulate significantly.	
Solvent naphth	a:		
Ecotoxicity:	Fish:	Toxic $1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10 mg/l$	
		c Invertebrates:	
	-	Toxic: $1 < LC/EC/IC50 <= 10 mg/l$	
	Algae:	Toxic: $1 < LC/EC/IC50 >= 10 mg/l$	
Mah:1:4	U	Abarda ta asil and has low mability. Electe an motor	

Algae: I oxic:	I < LC/EC/ICS0 >= 10mg/I
Mobility:	Absorbs to soil and has low mobility. Floats on water.
Persistence/degradability:	Readily biodegradable. Oxidises by photo-chemical reactions in air.
Bioaccumulation:	Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	 PRODUCT: Product/ Rinsates/ Spillage from packaging or equipment are not to be discharged to the environment. Organise disposal with recognised specialised hazardous waste operators. PACKAGING: Decontaminate the packaging by triple rinsing. Allow to dry then puncture/crush the package to render it incapable of holding other product. Offer for disposal to the local landfill or recycle steel containers via steel can recycling programs. Disposal of empty paint containers via domestic recycling programs may differ between local authorities. Check with your local Council first.
Special precautions for landfill or incineration	Incinerate dry, cured residue at an approved site.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number UN proper shipping name Class Subsidiary risk Marine pollutant Packing Group Special precautions for user	1263 PAINT 3 None No III Flammable. Keep dry. Keep separate from foodstuffs.
Hazchem code	3[Y]

Hazchem code

SDS: SW2 Page 7 of 8 SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION SUSMP: Poison Schedule: 5 AICS: The hazardous components listed in Section 3 of this SDS appear in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) database. NPI listed Chemicals: Xylene HVICL listed chemicals: Xylene, ethyl benzene, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, Isopropanol.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation: 01 January 2021

Literature references:

AICS Search page - NOHSC http://www.nicnas.gov.au/industry/aics/search.asp

SDS's for individual raw materials.

Safe Work Australia: Hazardous Substances Information System: Exposure Standards: <u>http://hsis.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/ExposureStandards</u> GHS Hazardous Substances list: <u>http://hsis.safeworkaustralia.gov.au/GHSInformation/GHS Hazardous Chemical Information List</u>

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). Third Revised Edition. United Nations. New York and Geneva, 2009.

Abbreviations:

ADG AICS GHS	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
HVICL	High Volume Industrial Chemicals List
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IPCS - CICAD	International Programme on Chemical Safety - Concise International Chemical Assessment Document
IPCS –EHC	International Programme on Chemical Safety – Environmental Health Criteria
NOHSC	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission
NPI	National Pollutions Inventory
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
CAS Number	Chemical Abstract Service registry number
LD_{50}	Median lethal dose
LC_{50}	Median lethal concentration.
TWA	Time weighted average
STEL	Short term exposure limit

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END OF SDS