

Part No. 12515Z (Aerosol)

Print Date: 10/03/2023 Revision Date: 10/03/2023 Supersedes Date: 4/27/2016 Issue Date: 7/10/2012 Version: 4.0 (EN)-US

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SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier 1.1

: Eastwood Internal Fame Coating **Product Name**

Supplier Product Numbers : 12515Z

1.2 **Other Means of Identification**

Other Identifiers : Not Available

Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Recommended Use : Rust preventative **Restrictions on Use** : None Identified

1.4 **Supplier Details**

Phone Number

Website

Company Name Address

States

800-343-9353

www.eastwood.com

Permanent Painted Coatings Unit 1 / 4 Prosperity Parade

WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102

02 9999 0122

1.5 24 hr Emergency Phone Number

Emergency Number : 800-424-9300 ChemTrec

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classific	2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture				
Flam. Aerosol 1	H222	Physical Hazards	Flammable aerosol Category 1		
Press. Gas (Diss.)	H280	Physical Hazards	Gases under pressure Dissolved gas		
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Health Hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2		
Repr. 2	H361	Health Hazards	Reproductive toxicity Category 2		
Stot Se 3	Н336	Health Hazards	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3		
Stot Re 2	H373	Health Hazards	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2		
Aquatic Acute 2	H401	Environmental Hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2		
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Environmental Hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1		

Supplier Details

The Easthill Group, Inc./The Eastwood Company

263 Shoemaker Road, Pottstown, PA 19464 - United

Label Elements

Hazard Pictograms









Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H222 : Extremely flammable aerosol H280 : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

> H319 : Causes serious eye irritation H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child H361

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

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H401 : Toxic to aquatic life

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements P202 : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 : Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 : Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P260 : Do not breathe spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P271 : Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

: Avoid release to the environment. P273

: Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P280 P304+P340

: If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338

: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 : Collect spillage.

P403 : Store in a well-ventilated place.

Permanent Painted Coatings Unit 1 / 4 Prosperity Parade

02 0000 0122

: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose NARPHDE QUPEs exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. P410+P412

: Dispose of contents/container to local regulations P501

Other Hazards Which Do Not Result In Classification 2.3

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified : None Identified.

2.4 **Unknown acute toxicity**

54.34% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral) 58.54% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Dermal)

28.54% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Inhalation (Vapours))

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance / Mixture

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

3.2 Composition

Substance name	CAS Number	% wt*	Classification
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	30 - 60	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280
Acetone	67-64-1	10 - 30	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Zinc Phosphate	7779-90-0	1 - 5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
N-Hexane	110-54-3	1-5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

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Substance name	CAS Number	% wt*	Classification
Toluene	108-88-3	1-5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Methyl N-Propyl Ketone	107-87-9	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Methyl Acetate	79-20-9	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	1 - 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 manent Painted Coatings 1 1 4 Prosperity Parade
Dimethyl Carbonate	616-38-6	1 - 5 WA	RRTHENMOLOUD 2, H225
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha	64742-95-6		Flam: ប្រិក្ម. 3, H226 ១១៨៩គ្រ- ½2x. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 3, H402

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First-Aid Measures

General Measures : If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Skin Contact : Wash skin with plenty of water.

Eye Contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

 ${\it rinsing.}\ {\it If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.}$

Ingestion : Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

First-Aid Responder Protection : Wear adequate personal protective equipment based on the nature and severity of the emergency.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms of Exposure : Eye Irritation, Nose Irritation, Throat Irritation, Lassitude (Weakness), Dermatitis, Central Nervous System

Depression, Confusion, Resipratory Irritation, Skin Irritation, Headache, Dizziness, Nausea, Narcosis, Drowsiness, Optical Nerve Damage, Cough, Chest Tightness, Chemical Pneumonitis (Aspiration Liquid),

Numbness, Mucous Membrane.

 Delayed Effects
 : No known delayed effects.

 Immediate Effects
 : No known immediate effects.

Chronic Effects : Because of defatting properties, repeated skin contact can cause skin damage such as chap, dermatitis,

inflammation and the formation of eczema.

 Target Organs
 : Central Nervous System, Eyes, Liver, Peripheral Nervous System, Reproductive System, Respiratory System,

Skin, Kidneys.

4.3 Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Notes to Physician : Treat symptomatically.

Specific Treatments/Antidotes : No Information Available.

Medical Conditions Aggravated : May aggravate personnel with pre-existing disorders associated with any of the Target Organs.

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media

Extinguishing Media : Water, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, universal aqueous film forming foam.

Unsuitable Media : Water jet.

5.2 Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products : Decomposition products may include: oxides of carbon, smoke, vapors. See also Section 10.6.

Specific Hazards During Firefighting : Extremely flammable. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur which may result in container

bursting. Vapors heavier than air may spread along the ground and travel to an ignition source.

5.3 Special Protective Actions for Fire-Fighters

Firefighting Instructions : Use water spray to cool fire exposed aerosol containers, as contents can rupture violently from heat

developed pressure.

Protection during Firefighting : Firemen should wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face-piece operated in positive pressure

mode.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

For Non-Emergency Personnel : No action should be taken involving any personnel without suitable treining. Daspat toughor walk through spill. Remove

ignition sources and provide adequate ventilation only if it is safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel : Use personal protection as recommended in Section 8. Observe precautions provided for non-emergency

personnel above.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

Environmental Precautions : Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches, and waterways. Minimize use of water to prevent environmental

contamination.

6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Containment Procedures : Product is an aerosol, therefore spills and leaks are unlikely. In case of rupture, released content may be

contained with oil/solvent absorbent pads, socks, and/or absorbents.

Cleanup Procedures: Spills from aerosol cans are unlikely and are generally of small volume. Large spills are therefore not
normally considered a problem. In case of actual rupture, avoid breathing vapors and ventilate area well.

Remove sources of ignition and use non-sparking equipment. Soak up material with inert absorbent and place in safety containers for proper disposal.

Other Information : Aerosol products represent a limited hazard and will not spill or leak unless ruptured. In case of rupture

contents are generally evacuated from the can rapidly. Area should be ventilated immediately and continuous ventilation provided until all fumes and vapors have been removed. Aerosol cans should never be

incinerated or burned.

Prohibited Materials : Combustible absorbent material such as sawdust. Use of equipment that may cause sparking.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

General Handling Precautions : KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Avoid breathing of vapors.

Do not incinerate (burn) containers. Always replace overcap when not in use. Avoid use around open flames

or other sources of ignition. Exposure to heat or prolonged exposure to sun may cause can to burst.

Hygiene Recommendations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating or smoking areas.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Requirements : Storage of individual cans should be done in an area below 55°C (120°F), and away from heat sources.

Ensure can is in a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet

Ensure can is in a secure place to prevent knocking over and accidental rupture. For storage of pallet quantities, compliance with NFPA 30B (Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products) is recommended.

Incompatibilities : Segregate storage away from materials indicated in Section 10.

NFPA 30B Classification : This product is classified as a Level 2 Aerosol per NFPA 30B

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SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Dimethyl Ether (115-10-6)			
AIHA	WEEL TWA (ppm)		1000 ppm
Manufacturer Recommended	Recommended PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm (Dupont AEL,	
Acetone (67-64-1)			
ACGIH	ACCILI TIMA (ma/m³)		250 nnm
	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)		250 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)		500 ppm 2400 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)		
OSHA	, , , ,		1000 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)		2500 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)		250 ppm 1200 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3) California PEL (TWA) (ppm)		
California	, , , , , ,		500 ppm
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)		1780 mg/m³
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	Permanent Painte	750 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	Unit 1 / 4 Prosperi	ty Parade 25 mg/l
Biological Exposure Index	Acetone in urine, End of shift (Ns)	WARRIEWOOD	² 25 mg/I
N-Hexane (110-54-3)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	02 9999 0122	50 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)		1800 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)		500 ppm
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)		1100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)		180 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)		50 ppm
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)		180 mg/m³
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)		50 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	2,5-Hexanedion in urine (without hydrolosis), End of shift at er	nd of workweek	0.4 mg/l
Toluene (108-88-3)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)		20 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIT TWA (mg/m²) ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m²)	, J. ,	
OSHA			
OSHA	, , , , , ,	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 2 OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm) 3	
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	, , , ,	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)		500 ppm 100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)		150 ppm
	, ,,,,,		
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3) California PEL (TWA) (ppm)		37 mg/m³ 10 ppm
California California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm) California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)		560 mg/m³
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)		150 ppm
California	California PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)		500 ppm
Biological Exposure Index	Toluene in blood, Prior to last shift of workweek		0.02 mg/l
Biological Exposure Index	Toluene in urine, End of shift Consol in urine (with hydrolysis) End of shift (D)		0.03 mg/l
Biological Exposure Index	o-Cresol in urine (with hydrolysis), End of shift (B)		0.3 mg/g creatinine
Methyl N-Propyl Ketone (107-87-9			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)		200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	250 ppm	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³) 700 mg/m³		
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 200 ppm		
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	1500 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)		150 ppm
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)		200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)		250 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)		610 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) 200 ppm		

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Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)			
NIOSH	US IDLH (ppm)	3100 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	610 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	760 mg/m³	
NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm	
California	California PEL (TWA) (mg/m3)	610 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
California	California PEL (STEL) (mg/m3)	760 mg/m³	
California	California PEL (STEL) (ppm)	250 ppm	

8.2 **Exposure Controls**

Engineering Measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. General ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. Local exhaust ventilation or an enclosed handling system may be necessary to control air contamination below that of the lowest OEL from the table above.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye / Face Protection

: Safety glasses with side shields are recommended as a minimum for any type of industrial chemical handling. Where eye contact with this material could occur, chemical splash proof goggles are recommended.

Hand Protection

Remarks

: Chemical-resistant gloves, tested according to ASTMF903-\$17.Permanent Painted Coatings

: Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending Unit of the WARRIEWOOD

hazardous substance and specific to the place of work.

NSW 2102

Skin and Body Protection

: For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. When prolonged or repeated contact could occur, use protective clothing impervious 2014 ingredients listed in Section 2

Respiratory Protection

: An approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed occupational exposure limits.

Compliance

: If needed, compliance with OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134 is necessary.

Other Protective Equipment

Environmental Exposure Controls

: Safety showers and eye-wash stations should be available in the workplace near where the material will be

: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Physical Properties			
Boiling Point	> 55.60 °C	Melting / Freezing Point	> -114.00 °C
Flash Point, Liquid	> -27.00 °C	Flash Point, Propellant	-42.00 °C
Explosive Limits	LEL: 0.80 UEL: 24.50 vol %	Autoignition Temperature, Liquid	225.00 °C
Flammability	Extremely Flammable Aerosol	Density	0.897 g/cm³
Molecular Weight	Not Available	Weight	7.485 lbs/gal
Vapor Pressure	Not Available	рН	Not Available
Vapor Density	Not Available	Evaporation Rate (nBAc=1)	Not Available
Viscosity	Not Available	Partition Coefficient (Log Pow)	Not Available
Odor Threshold	Not Available	Refractive Index	Not Available
Physical State	Pressurized Product	Heat Of Combustion	8744.09 BTU/lb
Appearance / Color	Green	Water Solubility	Not Available
Odor	Paint-like	Decomposition Temperature	Not Available

9.2 Environmental Properties			
Percent Volatile	71.46 % wt	VOC Regulatory	542.53 g/L (4.53 lbs/gal)
Percent VOC	43.70 % wt	VOC Actual	392.03 g/L (3.27 lbs/gal)
Percent HAP	3.38 % wt	HAP Content	30.32 g/L (0.25 lbs/gal)
Global Warming Potential	0.48 GWP	Maximum Incremental Reactivity	0.8720 g O3/g
Ozone Depletion Potential	0.00 ODP		

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity is available for this products or its ingredients.

10.2 **Chemical Stability**

Chemical Stability : This product is stable.

10.3 **Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**

Hazardous Reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions are not expected to occur.

10.4 **Conditions to Avoid**

Conditions to Avoid : Electrostatic Discharge, Other Ignition Sources, Temperatures above 140°F (60°C), Hot Surfaces, Heat,

Flames, Sparks.

10.5 **Incompatible Materials**

Materials to Avoid : Strong Oxidizing Agents, Strong Reducing Agents, Bromine Pentafluoride, Strong Acids, Potassium t-Butoxide, Bases, Hydrogen Peroxide, Chlorosulfuric Acid, Chlorine, Potassium Chlorate, Dinitrogen Tetroxide, Chlorine

Hazardous Decomposition Products 10.6

: Oxides of carbon, Aldehydes, Formaldehyde, Methanol, Aceti NSW 2102 Thermal Decomposition

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1	Information of	an Tavicalac	TICAL ETTACTS
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Dimethyl Ether (CAS: 115-10-6 / EC: 204-065-8)				
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	164000 ppm/4h (RTECS)			
Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1 / FC: 200-662-2)				

LD50 Oral (Rat)		5800 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)
	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	20000 mg/kg (IUCLID)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)		76 mg/l/4h (GESTIS Substance Database)

N Hayana	/CAC. 110 EA 2	/ EC: 203-777-6)
iv-nexarie	(CAS: 110-54-3	/ EC: 2U3-///-0)

LD50 Oral (Rat)	29700 mg/kg (RTECS)
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 3350 mg/kg body weight (ChemInfo)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	38500 ppm/4h (ChemInfo)

4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (CAS: 98-56-6 / EC: 202-681-1)

LD50 Oral (Rat)	13000 mg/kg (Hazardous Substances Data Bank)	
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	3300 mg/kg (Sigma-Aldrich)	
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	33 mg/l/4h (Hazardous Substances Data Bank)	

Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha (CAS: 64742-95-6 / EC: 265-199-0)

ı	LD50 Oral (Rat)	8400 mg/kg (RTECS)
ı	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 3160 mg/kg (ChemInfo)
ı	LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	3670 ppm/4h (Lit.)

Toluene (CAS: 108-88-3 / EC: 203-625-9)

l	LD50 Oral (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (Lit.)
l	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	12124 mg/kg (IUCLID)
l	LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 20 mg/l/4h (Lit.)

Zinc Phosphate (CAS: 7779-90-0 / EC: 231-944-3)

LD50 Oral (Rat) > 5000 mg/kg body weight (ChemInfo)

Methyl N-Propyl Ketone (CAS: 107-87-9 / EC: 203-528-1)

LD50 Oral (Rat)	3020 mg/kg (ChemInfo)
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	6500 mg/kg (RTECS)
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 25.5 mg/l/4h (Sigma-Aldrich)

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LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	2000 ppm/4h (Cheminfo)			
EC30 Illidiation (Nat)	2000 ppiny in (Chemingo)			
Methyl Acetate (CAS: 79-20-9 / EC: 201-185-2)				
LD50 Oral (Rat)	6970 mg/kg (Lit.) > 5000 mg/kg (RTECS) > 49.28 mg/l/4h (External SDS)			
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)				
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)				
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	16000 - 32000 (ChemInfo)			
Dimethyl Carbonate (CAS: 616-38-6 / EC: 210-478-4)				
LD50 Oral (Rat)	13000 mg/kg (RTECS)	13000 mg/kg (RTECS)		
LD50 Dermal (Rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg (RTECS)			
LC50 Inhalation (Rat)	> 140 mg/l/4h (IUCLID)			
Routes Of Exposure	: Eye Contact, Ingestion, Skin Contact, Inhalation, Skin Absorption.			
Moutes of Exposure	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	50. pt. 5		
•	: See Section 4.2	50.p		
•	,			
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic	,			
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure	: See Section 4.2	Permanent Painted Coatings		
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure Skin Corrosion/Irritation	: See Section 4.2 : Not classified			
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure Skin Corrosion/Irritation Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	: See Section 4.2: Not classified: Causes serious eye irritation.	Permanent Painted Coatings Unit 1 / 4 Prosperity Parade		
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure Skin Corrosion/Irritation Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	 : See Section 4.2 : Not classified : Causes serious eye irritation. : Not classified 	Permanent Painted Coatings Unit 1 / 4 Prosperity Parade WARRIEWOOD		
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure Skin Corrosion/Irritation Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity Reproductive Toxicity	 : See Section 4.2 : Not classified : Causes serious eye irritation. : Not classified : Not classified : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. 	Permanent Painted Coatings Unit 1 / 4 Prosperity Parade WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102		
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure Skin Corrosion/Irritation Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity Reproductive Toxicity STOT-Single Exposure	 : See Section 4.2 : Not classified : Causes serious eye irritation. : Not classified : Not classified : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. 	Permanent Painted Coatings Unit 1 / 4 Prosperity Parade WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102 02 9999 0122		
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure Skin Corrosion/Irritation Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity Reproductive Toxicity STOT-Single Exposure STOT-Repeated Exposure	 : See Section 4.2 : Not classified : Causes serious eye irritation. : Not classified : Not classified : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or rep 	Permanent Painted Coatings Unit 1 / 4 Prosperity Parade WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102 02 9999 0122		
Delayed and Immediate Effects and Also Chronic Effects from Short and Long Term Exposure Skin Corrosion/Irritation Eye Damage/Irritation Respiratory or Skin Sensitization Germ Cell Mutagenicity Reproductive Toxicity STOT-Single Exposure	 : See Section 4.2 : Not classified : Causes serious eye irritation. : Not classified : Not classified : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. 	Permanent Painted Coatings Unit 1 / 4 Prosperity Parade WARRIEWOOD NSW 2102 02 9999 0122		

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Log Koc

12.1 Ecotoxicity and Ecological Properties				
Dimethyl Ether (115-10-6)				
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability 7% / 28 days.			
Log Pow	0.1 (Experimental value; 0.07; QSAR; KOWWIN; 25 °C)			
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).			
Acetone (67-64-1)				
LC50 Fish	5540 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr			
LC50 Fish	8300 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h			
EC50 Daphnia	8800 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr			
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability 90% / 28 days.			
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	1.43 g O₂/g substance			
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1.92 g O₂/g substance			
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	2.2 g O₂/g substance			
BCF Fish	0.69			
BCF Other Aquatic Organisms	3			
Log Pow	-0.24			
n-Hexane (110-54-3)				
LC50 Fish	2.5 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h			
EC50 Daphnia	3878 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr			
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	3.52 g O ₂ /g substance			
BCF Fish	501.187 (BCF; Other; Pimephales promelas)			
Log Pow	3.9			
Bioacculative Potential Potential Potential for bioaccumulation (500 ≤ BCF ≤ 5000).				

2.17

known carcinogen in a concentration greater than 0.1% by weight.

Part No. 12515Z (Aerosol)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

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4-Chlorobenzotrifluoride (98-56-6)					
LC50 Fish	5.6 mg/l Bluegill Sunfish - 96h				
LC50 Fish	13.5 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 24hr				
EC50 Daphnia	3.68 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)				
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability in water: no data available.				
Log Pow	3.6				
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).				
Light Aromatic Solvent Naphtha (64742-95-6					
LC50 Fish	18 mg/l (LC50)				
EC50 Daphnia	21 mg/l (EC50)				
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water.				
Log Pow	> 3				
Log Fow	73				
Toluene (108-88-3)					
LC50 Fish	5.8 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr				
LC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	10 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr				
EC50 Daphnia	6 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr				
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for absorption in soil.				
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	2.15 g O₂/g substance				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	2.52 g O₂/g substance				
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	3.13 g O₂/g substance				
Biodegration	86 % 28 Days				
Log Pow	2.73 (Experimental Value)				
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).				
Log Koc	2.15				
Zinc Phosphate (7779-90-0)					
LC50 Fish	0.09 mg/l Rainbow Trout - 96hr				
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable				
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	Not applicable				
BCF Other Aquatic Organisms	116 - 60960 (BCF; 21 days; Gammarus sp.; Semi-static system; Salt water; Read-across)				
Bioacculative Potential	High potential for bioaccumulation (BCF > 5000).				
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone (107-87-9)					
LC50 Fish	1240 mg/l Fathead Minnow - 96h				
EC50 Daphnia	> 110 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr				
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	> 150 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr				
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability 70% / 28 days.				
BCF Other Aquatic Organisms	3				
Log Pow	0.91 (Test data)				
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).				
Log Koc	Koc,74; Estimated value; log Koc; 1.87; Estimated value				
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)					
, , ,	250, 250 mg// 7shan Fish OCha				
LC50 Fish	250 - 350 mg/l Zebra Fish - 96hr				
EC50 Daphnia	1026.7 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr				
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	> 120 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr				
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	6100 mg/l Bacteria - 30min				
Persistence and Degradibility	Readily biodegradable in water. Inherently biodegradable. Highly mobile in soil.				
Chemical Oxygen Demand	1511.8 mg/g				
Theoretical Oxygen Demand	1510 mg/g				
Biodegration	70 % 28 Days				
BCF Fish	<1 (BCF)				
Log Pow	0.18				
Bioacculative Potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).				
Log Koc	0.68				
Dimethyl Carbonate (616-38-6)					
LC50 Fish > 100 mg/l Zebra Fish - 96hr					
	1000 mg/l Golden Orfe - 96hr				
LC50 Fish EC50 Daphnia	> 100 mg/l Water Flea - 48hr				

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Dimethyl Carbonate (616-38-6)		
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms	> 100 mg/l Green Algae - 72hr	
Persistence and Degradibility	Biodegradability 86% / 28 days.	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	756 mg/g	
Log Pow	0.23	
Bioacculative Potential	Not bioaccumulative.	
Log Koc	0.917	

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal : Characteristics and waste stream classification can change with product use and location. It is the

responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment, and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. All waste must be disposed of in

compliance with the respective national, federal, state, and/or local regulations.

 Waste Disposal Of Packaging
 : In the United States, an aerosol container that does not contain a significant amount of liquid would meet

the definition of scrap metal (40 CFR 261.1(c)(6)), and would be exempt from RCRA regulation under 40 CFR 261.6(a)(3)(iv) if it is to be recycled. If containers are to be disposed of (not recycled) it must be managed

None

None

under all applicable RCRA and state regulations.

Landfill Precautions : Not Available.

Incineration Precautions : ** DO NOT INCINERATE ** CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE **.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number		DOT (USA)	IATA (AIR)	IMDG (OCEAN)
UN Number	:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name DOT (USA) IATA (AIR) IMDG (OCEAN)

UN Proper Shipping Name : Aerosols, Limited Quantity Aerosols, Flammable, Limited Aerosols, Limited Quantity

Quantity

Aerosols, Limited Quantity

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es) DOT (USA) IATA (AIR) IMDG (OCEAN)

Transport Hazard Class(es) : 2.1 2.1 2.1
Labels : None 2.1 dammable gas None

EmS Code : Not Applicable Not Applicable F-D, S-U

14.4 Packing Group DOT (USA) IATA (AIR) IMDG (OCEAN)

14.5 Environmental Hazards DOT (USA) IATA (AIR) IMDG (OCEAN)

Marine Pollutant : No No No

None

14.6 Special Precautions

Limited Quantity

Packing Group

Precautions : None Identified

14.7 Transport in Bulk

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied

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SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Federal Regulations

SARA Section 313

: Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

, , ,		
n-Hexane	CAS-No. 110-54-3	1 - 5%
1,2,4-Trimethyl Benzene	CAS-No. 95-63-6	< 1%
Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	< 1%
Cumene	CAS-No. 98-82-8	< 1%
Toluene	CAS-No. 108-88-3	1 - 5%

TSCA Section 12(b)

: This product or mixture is not known to contain a chemical or chemicals subject to the export notification requirements of section 12(b) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and 40 CFR Part 707, subpart D

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

: Chemical(s) subject to reporting requirements of Section 102 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) if released to the environment at or above the reportable quantity

Acetone	CAS-No. 67-64-1	5000 lb
n-Hexane	CAS-No. 110-54-3	5000 lb
Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	100 lb
Cumene	CAS-No. 98-82-8	5000 lb
Toluene	CAS-No. 108-88-3	1000 lb

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes TSCA Inventory (United States)

- : Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard.
- : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory exemption.

15.2 State Regulations

California Proposition 65

: This product contains chemcials known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Cumene (98-82-8)	Cancer	Yes	0.033 %
Toluene (108-88-3)	Developmental Toxicity	Yes	2.8442 %
n-Hexane (110-54-3)	Reproductive Toxicity, Male	Yes	3.87 %
Toluene (108-88-3)	No significance risk level (NSRL)	7000 μg/day	

State Right-to-Know Lists

 $: \ \, \textit{The following chemical(s) appear on one or more state RTK (\textit{Right to Know}) lists as indicated} \\$

Dimethyl Ether (115-10-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
<u> </u>	, 3
Acetone (67-64-1)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
n-Hexane (110-54-3)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
1,2,4-Trimethyl Benzene (95-63-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Xylene (1330-20-7)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Cumene (98-82-8)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
, ,	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Toluene (108-88-3)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
,	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone (107-87-9)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Methyl Acetate (79-20-9)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Dimethyl Carbonate (616-38-6)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Ethanol (64-17-5)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Stoddard Solvent (8052-41-3)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

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SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Indication of changes

:

Section	Changed item	Change
1	Supersedes	Added
1	SDS US Regulation reference	Added
1	Revision date	Modified
1	Date of issue	Modified
2.1	GHS-US classification	Modified
2.2	Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	Modified
2.2	Hazard statements (GHS-US)	Modified
3	Composition/Information on ingredients	Modified
4	Symptoms/effects after eye contact	Modified
4	Symptoms/effects	Added
4.1	First-aid measures after eye contact	Modified
7.2	NFPA 30B Classification	Modified
8.2	Compliance	Added
8.2	Remarks	Added
8.2	Hand Protection	Added
8.2	Environmental Exposure Controls	Added
8.2	Respiratory Protection	Added
9	Explosive properties	Added
9	Relative vapor density at 20 °C	Added
9	Appearance	Added
9	Flash point	Modified
9	Explosive limits (vol %)	Modified
9	Boiling point	Modified
9	Specific gravity / density	Modified
9	Melting point	Modified
10	Conditions to avoid	Modified
12.1	Ecology - general	Modified
14	User Precautions	Added
14	EmS Code (Column 15 in IMDG Book 2)	Added
15	Select the Appropriate Proposition 65 Notice	Modified

Full Text of H-Statements

H Code	H Phrase
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Disclaimer of Liability

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