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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Opteon™ XP40 (R-449A) Refrigerant

SDS-Identcode : 130000133420

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Sub-

stance/Mixture

Refrigerant

Recommended restrictions

on use

Consumer use, For professional users only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Chemours Netherlands B.V.

Baanhoekweg 22

3313 LA Dordrecht Netherlands

Telephone : +31-(0)-78-630-1011

Telefax : +31-78-6163737

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS

: sds-support@chemours.com

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+(44)-870-8200418 (CHEMTREC - Recommended)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Gases under pressure, Liquefied gas H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if

heated.

# 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.





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Precautionary statements : Storage:

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated

place.

## 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects.

Rapid evaporation of the product may cause frostbite.

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane#	811-97-2 212-377-0 01-2119459374-33	Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280	25,7
2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene#	754-12-1 468-710-7 01-0000019665-61	Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280	25,3
Pentafluoroethane#	354-33-6 206-557-8 01-2119485636-25	Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280	24,7
Difluoromethane#	75-10-5 200-839-4 01-2119471312-47	Flam. Gas 1B; H221 Press. Gas Liquefied gas; H280	24,3

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#: Voluntarily-disclosed substance

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.





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When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

Protection of first-aiders : No special precautions are necessary for first aid responders.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected

area.

Get medical attention immediately.

In case of eye contact : Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Other symptoms potentially related to misuse or inhalation

abuse are

Cardiac sensitisation Anaesthetic effects Light-headedness

Dizziness confusion

Lack of coordination

Drowsiness Unconsciousness

Skin contact may provoke the following symptoms:

Irritation

Swelling of tissue

Itching
Discomfort
Redness

Eye contact may provoke the following symptoms

tearing Redness Discomfort

Risks : Gas reduces oxygen available for breathing.

Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns

and frostbite.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, cate-

cholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, that may be used in situations of emergency life support should be used with spe-

cial caution.





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# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Not applicable

Will not burn

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Not applicable Will not burn

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health. If the temperature rises there is danger of the vessels bursting

due to the high vapor pressure.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Hydrogen fluoride carbonyl fluoride Carbon oxides Fluorine compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary. Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Avoid skin contact with leaking liquid (danger of frostbite).

Ventilate the area.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Ventilate the area.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items





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employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to deter-

mine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Use a backflow

preventative device in piping. Close valve after each use and

when empty.

Local/Total ventilation Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling Avoid breathing gas.

> Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

Wear cold insulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection. Valve protection caps and valve outlet threaded plugs must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet

piped to use point.

Prevent backflow into the gas tank.

Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent haz-

ardous back flow into the cylinder.

Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder

to lower pressure (<3000 psig) piping or systems.

Close valve after each use and when empty. Do NOT change

or force fit connections.

Prevent the intrusion of water into the gas tank.

Never attempt to lift cylinder by its cap.

Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders.

Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide eye Hygiene measures

flushing systems and safety showers close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contami-

nated clothing before re-use.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Cylinders should be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Separate full containers from empty containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Avoid area where salt or other corrosive materials are present. Keep in properly labelled containers. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight. Store in





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accordance with the particular national regulations.

Advice on common storage : Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides Oxidizing agents Flammable liquids Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit

flammable gases

**Explosives** 

Very acutely toxic substances and mixtures Acutely toxic substances and mixtures Substances and mixtures with chronic toxicity

Storage period : > 10 yr

Recommended storage tem: :

perature

< 52 °C

Further information on stor-

age stability

The product has an indefinite shelf life when stored properly.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

# Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	13936 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2476 mg/m3
2,3,3,3- Tetrafluoropropene	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	950 mg/m3
Pentafluoroethane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	16444 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1753 mg/m3
Difluoromethane	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	7035 mg/m3
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	750 mg/m3





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## Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	Fresh water	0,1 mg/l
	Marine water	0,01 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	1 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,75 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Sewage treatment plant	73 mg/l
2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene	Fresh water	0,1 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	1 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	1,51 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Soil	1,49 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
	Marine water	0,01 mg/l
	Marine sediment	0,151 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
Pentafluoroethane	Fresh water	0,1 mg/l
	Freshwater - intermittent	1 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,6 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)
Difluoromethane	Fresh water	0,142 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	1,42 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,534 mg/kg dry
		weight (d.w.)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.

Face-shield

Equipment should conform to SSH EN 166

Hand protection

Material : Low temperature resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous substance and specific to place of work. For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change

gloves often!

Skin and body protection : Skin should be washed after contact.

Respiratory protection : If adequate local exhaust ventilation is not available or expo-

sure assessment demonstrates exposures outside the rec-





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ommended guidelines, use respiratory protection. Equipment should conform to SSH EN 14387

Filter type : Organic gas and low boiling vapour type (AX)

Protective measures : Wear cold insulating gloves/ face shield/ eye protection.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : Liquefied gas

Colour : clear

Odour : slight, ether-like

Odour Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

-46 °C

Flash point : Not applicable

Evaporation rate : > 1

(CCL4=1.0)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Will not burn

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

Upper flammability limit Method: ASTM E681

None.

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

Lower flammability limit

Method: ASTM E681

None.

Vapour pressure : 12.748 hPa (25 °C)

Relative vapour density : 3,07

(Air = 1.0)

Relative density : 1,10 (25 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable





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Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : Not applicable

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Particle size : Not applicable

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable if used as directed. Follow precautionary advice and avoid incompatible materials and conditions.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : This substance is not flammable in air at temperatures up to

100 °C (212 °F) at atmospheric pressure. However, mixtures of this substance with high concentrations of air at elevated pressure and/or temperature can become combustible in the presence of an ignition source. This substance can also become combustible in an oxygen enriched environment (oxygen concentrations greater than that in air). Whether a mixture containing this substance and air, or this substance in an oxygen enriched atmosphere become combustible depends on the inter-relationship of 1) the temperature 2) the pressure, and 3) the proportion of oxygen in the mixture. In general, this substance should not be allowed to exist with air above atmospheric pressure or at high temperatures; or in an oxygen enriched environment. For example this substance should NOT be mixed with air under pressure for leak testing or other

purposes.

Heat, flames and sparks.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Avoid impurities (e.g. rust, dust, ash), risk of decomposition.

Incompatible with acids and bases. Incompatible with oxidizing agents.

Oxygen Peroxides

peroxide compounds





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#### Powdered metals

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of:

Inhalation Skin contact

exposure

Eye contact

# **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

# **Components:**

#### 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 567000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 40000 ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Lowest observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 80000

ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): 334.000 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: gas

Symptoms: May cause cardiac arrhythmia.

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

## 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 405800 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 120000 ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Lowest observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): >





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120000 ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): > 559.509 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Pentafluoroethane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 800000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 75000 ppm

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): 368,159 mg/m3

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Difluoromethane:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 520000 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

No observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): 350000 ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Lowest observed adverse effect concentration (Dog): >

350000 ppm

Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Cardiac sensitisation threshold limit (Dog): > 735.000 mg/m3

Test atmosphere: gas

Remarks: Cardiac sensitisation

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Result : No skin irritation





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2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Result : No skin irritation

Difluoromethane:

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Result : No eye irritation

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Result : No eye irritation

Difluoromethane:

Result : No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Exposure routes : Skin contact Result : negative

Exposure routes : Inhalation Species : Rat Result : negative

Exposure routes : Inhalation Species : Humans Result : negative

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Exposure routes : Skin contact Result : negative

Difluoromethane:

Exposure routes : Skin contact Result : negative

Exposure routes : Inhalation





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Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: Unscheduled DNA synthesis (UDS) test with

mammalian liver cells in vivo

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 486

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: positive

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: In vivo mammalian alkaline comet assay

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 489

Result: negative





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Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Pentafluoroethane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Difluoromethane:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity- As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.



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#### **Components:**

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Difluoromethane:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

## Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

## 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Effects on fertility : Species: Mouse

**Application Route: Inhalation** 

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Prenatal development toxicity study (teratogenicity)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas)





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Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity, No effects on or via lactation

Pentafluoroethane:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapour)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Difluoromethane:

Effects on fertility : Species: Mouse

Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rabbit

Application Route: inhalation (gas) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Exposure routes : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less



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2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Exposure routes : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less

Difluoromethane:

Exposure routes : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 20000 ppmV/4h or less

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Exposure routes : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less.

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Exposure routes : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less.

Difluoromethane:

Exposure routes : inhalation (gas)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 250 ppmV/6h/d or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 50000 ppm LOAEL : >50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas)

Exposure time : 2 yr

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 50000 ppm
LOAEL : >50000 ppm
Application Route : inhalation (gas)
Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Pentafluoroethane:





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Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 50000 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Difluoromethane:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 49100 ppm LOAEL : > 49100 ppm Application Route : inhalation (gas) Exposure time : 13 Weeks

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

No aspiration toxicity classification

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Difluoromethane:

No aspiration toxicity classification

**SECTION 12: Ecological information** 

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 450 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.1

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 980 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, C.2

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (green algae): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 197 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h





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Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 75 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Pentafluoroethane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Difluoromethane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 1.507 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: ECOSAR (Ecological Structure Activity Relation-

ships)

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 652 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: ECOSAR (Ecological Structure Activity Relation-

ships)

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (green algae): 142 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: ECOSAR (Ecological Structure Activity Relation-

ships)





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12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Pentafluoroethane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 5 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Difluoromethane:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Components:** 

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1,06

2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 2 (25 °C)

Pentafluoroethane:

Partition coefficient: n- : Pow: 1,48

octanol/water Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

Difluoromethane:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0,714

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available





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#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Endocrine disrupting poten-

tial

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes

are not product specific, but application specific.

Waste codes should be assigned by the user, preferably in

discussion with the waste disposal authorities.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste han-

dling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty pressure vessels should be returned to the supplier. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

ADN : UN 1078
ADR : UN 1078
RID : UN 1078
IMDG : UN 1078
IATA : UN 1078

14.2 UN proper shipping name

**ADN** : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene)

**ADR** : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene)

RID : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.



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(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene)

**IMDG** : REFRIGERANT GAS, N.O.S.

(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene)

IATA : Refrigerant gas, n.o.s.

(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoropropene)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

 ADN
 : 2

 ADR
 : 2

 RID
 : 2

 IMDG
 : 2.2

 IATA
 : 2.2

14.4 Packing group

**ADN** 

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2A Hazard Identification Number : 20 Labels : 2.2

**ADR** 

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2A
Hazard Identification Number : 20
Labels : 2.2
Tunnel restriction code : (C/E)

**RID** 

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Classification Code : 2A
Hazard Identification Number : 20
Labels : 2.2 ((13))

**IMDG** 

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.2 EmS Code : F-C, S-V

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 200

aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation Labels : Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen- : 200

ger aircraft)

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation Labels : Non-flammable, non-toxic Gas

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous : no



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**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : no

RID

Environmentally hazardous : no

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : no

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Remarks : Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# Other regulations:

Decision of Council of Ministers No. 488 of 29.6.2016 "On the classification, packaging and labelling of chemicals"

Montreal Protocol : 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Pentafluoroethane Difluoromethane

## 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessments have been carried out for these substances.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information : Opteon™ and any associated logos are trademarks or copy-

rights of The Chemours Company FC, LLC.

Chemours™ and the Chemours Logo are trademarks of The

Chemours Company.

Before use read Chemours safety information.

For further information contact the local Chemours office or

nominated distributors.

Items where changes have been made to the previous version

are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical

lines.

**Full text of H-Statements** 

H221 : Flammable gas.

H280 : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

#### Full text of other abbreviations





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Flam. Gas : Flammable gases
Press. Gas : Gases under pressure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA -European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - Substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI -Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## **Further information**

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Classification of the mixture:

Classification procedure:

Press. Gas Liquefied gas H280 Based on product data or assessment

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.



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