## Blum 170 Degree Back-to-Back/Partial Overlay Hinge

REVEAL \& OVERLAY TABLES


When a door swings, it needs a certain amount of clearance at both ends of the door so that anything close (ie. another door or a side panel) does not interfere with the opening door. This clearance gap is called the reveal.

For overlay doors, the minimum reveal is important only if the door is close to something (ie door or wall). The reveal is the gap between the edge of the door and the second door or wall, as seen in the image to the right.


The table below shows the reveal between two back-to-back doors based on bore distance and cabinet side wall thickness. The bore distance is the distance from the edge of the door to the edge of the cup that is drilled in the back of the door (see page two of this document for further information).

When doing replacements, you will need to measure your current cabinet side wall thickness and bore distance to see what reveal you will get with this setup. If doing a new installation, start by determining what reveal you want between your doors. Use the chart to then determine how thick your side wall thickness and bore distance needs to be.

New installation example: If you want a Omm reveal, you would most easily attain that by using a 19 mm side wall thickness and an 8 mm bore distance. Alternatively , you could also use a 16 mm side wall thickness with a 6 mm bore distance. This standard gives you a 1 mm reveal that can be adjusted down to 0 mm (as these hinges offer +-2 mm in adjustment).

BACK-TO-BACK REVEAL


| APPOXIMATE |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| CONVERSION |  |
| CHART |  |
| 3 mm | $1 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 4 mm | $5 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 5 mm | $3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 5.5 mm | $7 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 6 mm | $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 7 mm | $9 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 8 mm | $5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 9 mm | $11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 9.5 mm | $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 10 mm | $13 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 11 mm | $7 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 12 mm | $15 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 13 mm | $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 13.5 mm | $17 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 14 mm | $9 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 15 mm | $19 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 16 mm | $5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 17 mm | $11 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 18 mm | $23 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 19 mm | $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 20 mm | $25 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 20.5 mm | $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 21 mm | $27 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 22 mm | $7 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 23 mm | $29 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 24 mm | $15 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 25.4 mm | $1 "$ |
| 26 mm | $1-1 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 27 mm | $1-1 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 28 mm | $1-3 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 29 mm | $1-1 / 18^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 30 mm | $1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 31 mm | $1-7 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 32 mm | $1-1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ |
| 33 mm | $1-5 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
|  | $1-11 / 32^{\prime \prime}$ |
|  | $1-3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ |

## Blum 170 Degree Back-to-Back/Partial Overlay Hinge

REVEAL \& OVERLAY TABLES


While half cranked European hinges are most commonly used in back-to-back installations, they can also be used for single doors with a small (aka partial) overlay. Use the table below to determine if this hinge will work for you, depending on your bore distance. Note that these hinges are adjustable +-2 mm after installation. The true overlay dimension is in the middle of this listed range (e.g. 2.5 mm to 6.5 mm is a 4.5 mm overlay dimension before adjustment).

OVERLAY TABLE

|  |  | BORE DISTANCE |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3мm | 4Mm | 5Mm | 6Mm | 7Mm | 8мм |
|  | 2.5мм то 6.5 mm | Omm Plate (SKU 652296) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3.5мм то 7.5мм |  | Omm Plate (SKU 652296) |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4.5мм то 8.5мм |  |  | Omm Plate <br> (SKU 652296) |  |  |  |
|  | 5.5мм то 9.5мм |  |  |  | Omm Plate <br> (SKU 652296) |  |  |
|  | 6.5mm то 10.5 mm |  |  |  |  | Omm Plate (SKU 652296) |  |
|  | 7.5mm to 11.5 Mm |  |  |  |  |  | Omm Plate (SKU 652296) |



Bore distance (also commonly referred to as the "tab") is how far the hole in the back of your door is drilled from the edge of the door. It is important to get an accurate bore distance measurement to make sure your doors sit in the proper position for both replacements and new installations. The diagrams below can be used to help further understand the back-toback installation in general, as well as more specific dimensions such as reveal and bore distance.

BACK-TO-BACK INSTALLATION
(TOP-DOWN VIEW)


BORE HOLE PATTERN
(BACKSIDE OF DOOR)


| APPOXIMATE |
| :---: | :---: |
| CONVERSION |
| CHART |

